SUMMARY per R. M. S. Australia.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 13,170. SYDNEY, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1880. PRICE 2d.

Births.

ANDERSON.—June 8, at Glenmore Road, Paddington, the wife of C. T. Anderson, of a son.

CARUGATI.—June 5, at her residence 202, William-street, the wife of Charles Carugati, of a son.

DEVLIN.—June 15, at Wellbank, Concord, Mrs. A. A. Devlin, of a son.

EMANUEL.—June 13, at her residence, Nulli Secundus, Forest Lodge, Mrs. L. C. Emanuel, of a daughter.

FULLERTON.—June 13, at her residence, Bourke-street, Dubbo, the wife of George Fullerton, Commissioner of Crown Lands, of a son.

GILLIES.—June 7, at Noumea, New Caledonia, the wife of John Gillies, of a son.

GRIMES.—May 27, at her residence, 86, Cleveland-street, Darlington, the wife of T. A. Grimes, of a daughter.

ROBINSON.—June 14, at her residence, the Bank of New South Wales, Braidwood, the wife of Charles C. Robinson, of a son.

SLATYER.—June 15, at Westwood, Glebe Point, the wife of Thomas Slatyer, Queensland, of a son.

Marriages.

BELLAMY—ROBINSON.—June 13, at Roxburgh Cottage, Young, by the Rev. George Grimm, George, youngest son of George Bellamy, Esq., of Hire Perry, Young, to Sarah Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Edward Robinson, of Brighton-street, Petersham.

DANIELS—FRYER.—June 10, at the residence of Captain Webb, Druitt Town, near Sydney, by the Rev. William West, Allen Robert Daniels, Thames Ditton, England, to Elizabeth Frances (Fanny) Fryer, of Auckland, New Zealand, formerly of Sittingbourn, Kent, England.

GREGSON—HUGHES.—June 5, at St. Paul's, Burwood, by the Rev. Richard King, George Charles Knight, fourth son of Henry Gregson, Esq., Lowlynn, Northumberland, England, to Charlotte Louise, daughter of the late George Hughes Hughes, Esq., Middleton Hall, of same county.

HOOKE—SYKES.—May 7, at Surry Hills, by the Rev. Thomas Gainsford, Henry Hooke, second son of the late Alfred Hooke, of Sydney, to Elizabeth Caroline, second daughter of the late Henry Sykes, of Sydney.

LONG—DENNIS.—June 9, at St. John's, Darlinghurst, by the Rev. Thomas Kemmis, George Long, of Double Bay, Sydney, to Mary, only daughter of the late Thomas Dennis, of Newton, Staffordshire, England.

Deaths.

CRISFORD.—June 15, at her residence, Smith-street, Summer Hill, Lydia Ann, beloved wife of Thomas Crisford, aged 44 years.

FULLER.—June 16, at his late residence, Merton-street, Stanmore, Benjamin Fuller, in his 56th year.

JORDAN.—June 2, at her residence, Kogarah, Emma, the dearly-beloved wife of Henry Jordan, aged 44 years, leaving a sorrowful husband and nine children to deplore their loss.

KENNEDY.—June 10, at his residence, Cassilis-street, Coonabarabran, John, eldest son of the late Hugh Kennedy, of Bundella, leaving an affectionate wife and three children to mourn their loss, aged 36 years.

M'ANNALLEY.—June 16, at her residence, No. 1, Comber-street, Sarah, the beloved wife of George M'Anally, baker, aged 65 years.

Shipping.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. COMPANY.
OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN THROUGH AMERICA.
Under Contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments.
AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons, W. CARGILL, Commander, will be dispatched at 3 p.m. on THURSDAY, 17th June, carrying her Majesty's mails, saloon and steerage passengers to AUCKLAND, HONOLULU, and SAN FRANCISCO.
Passengers booked through from Sydney to Liverpool, London, or Paris, with special advantages, and in connection with the railroads across America, and with the unrivalled steamships of the White Star, Inmann, and Cunard lines from America to Liverpool.
FARE—FIRST CLASS, FROM £68.
Passengers can break the journey, and stop over from one to six months at Auckland, Honolulu, or at any of the American cities en route.
Drafts, payable in gold at San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage and freight, and all other information apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.
AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons, W. Cargill, commander, will leave as above on THURSDAY, 17th June, at 3 p.m.
Fares at current rates.
Passengers for Waiwera Hot Springs by P. M. Co.'s steamers forwarded free from Auckland to Waiwera.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. COMPANY.
S. S. AUSTRALIA.
EMBARCATION NOTICE.
The steam tender HERALD will ply from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m., from Circular Quay to the ship, conveying passengers, and their luggage on board free of charge.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the conveyance of H. M. Mails) will be dispatched from Sydney as under, for CEYLON, calling at MELBOURNE, GLENELG, and KING GEORGE'S SOUND :—

Steamer.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
BANGALORE, 2342	H. Wyatt	June 20.
SIAM, 3014	G. N. Hector, R.N.R.	July 4.

And thenceforward for conduct of a fortnightly service, for which steamships and dates of departure will be duly advertised.
Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to Europe, India, China, and Japan, as well as to the ports abovementioned.
For all information, apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.
COOPER KIRTON, Agent.
Sydney, June 7, 1880.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
FORTNIGHTLY MAIL SERVICE.
LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES OF PASSAGE-MONEY TO EUROPE.
For all information, apply at the Company's Office.
COOPER KIRTON, Agent.
247, George-street, 19th May, 1880.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's Steamship BANGALORE, Henry Wyatt, commander, 2342 tons, 450 horse-power, will be dispatched on SUNDAY, 20th June, at 10 a.m., from the P. and O. Co.'s (late A. S. N. Co.'s) Wharf, for MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, and GALLE, with H. M. Mails, Passengers, and Cargo; also for INDIA, MAURITIUS, SINGAPORE, JAVA, CHINA, JAPAN, and EUROPE.
Cargo and parcels will be received until 5 p.m. on the 18th, and specie at 10 a.m. on the 19th June.
For information on freight and passage, and all subjects connected with the Company's various lines, apply to
COOPER KIRTON, Agent.
247, George-street, 7th June, 1880.

STEAM TO LONDON.—ORIENT LINE.
The following steamships belonging to the ORIENT STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), and the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, will leave SYDNEY at the undermentioned dates for Melbourne, Adelaide, and LONDON, Via the SUEZ CANAL, Calling at NAPLES :—

Ship.	Tons.	Date.	Ship.	Tons	Date.
Cotopaxi	4028	June 22	Chimborazo	3847	Aug. 31
Lusitania	3825	July 6	John Elder	4152	Sept. 14
Liguria	4666	July 20	Sorata	4014	Sept. 28
Garonne	3876	Aug. 3	Cuzco	3847	Oct. 12
Potosi	4219	Aug. 17	Aconcagua	4106	Oct. 26

And the service will be maintained by succeeding steamers at intervals of a fortnight.
Fares to London, £16 to 60 guineas.
Suez Canal dues 8s in addition.
Passages from London can be granted in Sydney.
For plans and full particulars, apply to F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON and CO., Joint Managers of the line, or to the Agents in Sydney,
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S S.S. COTOPAXI.
The steam tender AGENORIA will ply from the Circular Quay to the Cotopaxi, at 3 and 4 o'clock, on THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, to convey intending passengers, free of charge, passes for which may be obtained from the Agents.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

THE EASTERN and AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited).
Under contract with the Queensland Government, will despatch their steamers with mails, cargo, and passengers, calling at all QUEENSLAND PORTS, en route to PORT DARWIN, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, on :—
FRIDAY, July 9th | WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1st
FRIDAY, August 6th | SATURDAY, October 2nd.
The R. M. Steamship BRISBANE, J. A. REDDELL, Commander, will leave the Company's new jetty, Smith's Wharf, on FRIDAY, July 9, at noon, for BRISBANE, calling at all QUEENSLAND PORTS, including THURSDAY ISLAND, thence proceeding to SINGAPORE and HONGKONG.
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents.

FOR HOBART TOWN.
The A1 Steamship GLENELG, S. NICHOLSON, Commander, will be dispatched from SYDNEY for HOBART TOWN, on FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 5 p.m., from the Australian Wharf.
For RATES of FREIGHT, PASSAGE, and other INFORMATION,
Apply to JOHN FRAZER and CO.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
THIS (THURSDAY) NIGHT, at 11.15, the MAITLAND.
On SATURDAY NIGHT, at 11.15, the MORPETH.
Goods received for Clarence Town this day.
Freight payable in Sydney.
Fares from Sydney to Newcastle, or vice versa ; Saloon, 10s ; steerage, 5s each. Enclosed berths, or berths in special saloon, 2s 6d each extra.
Goods will not be received after 5 p.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices, foot of Market-street.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.
FROM LIME-STREET WHARF, FOOT OF ERSKINE-STREET.
THIS MORNING, THURSDAY, at 9, the COLLAROY.
THIS NIGHT, THURSDAY, at 11, the KEMBLA.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, FRIDAY, at 10.45, the COLLAROY.
The steamers KEMBLA or COLLAROY leaves SYDNEY and NEWCASTLE every night (except SATURDAY from NEWCASTLE and SUNDAY from SYDNEY), and makes day trips from NEWCASTLE, on TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS; and from SYDNEY, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY MORNINGS.
Fares to and from Newcastle :—Saloon, 10s ; steerage, 5s ; 2s 6d extra in Kembla's state rooms.

ILLAWARRA S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL SAIL (weather permitting).
WOLLONGONG.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m., and 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
NELLIGEN.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
MORUYA.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
KIAMA.—To-morrow night, 11.
SHOALHAVEN.—To-morrow night, 11.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
TATHRA (for Bega).—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
EDEN (Twofold Bay).—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.

STEAM TO EDEN.
The I. S. N. CO.'S Steamer HUNTER leaves Sydney every WEDNESDAY, at 9.30 a.m.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO MELBOURNE AT REDUCED RATES.
THIS COMPANY'S LINE of FULL-POWERED and WELL-FOUND Steamships are dispatched for Melbourne every Tuesday and Saturday.
Fares:
Saloon ... £2 0 0
Ditto, Return ... £3 15 0
Steerage ... £1 0 0
Steerage passengers supplied with bedding, and a liberal dietary scale included in passage money.
Freight at current rates.
For all particulars apply to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Company's Office, Circular Quay.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Gunga, after arrival of the Pacific Mail Steamer, due 5th July, taking passengers and cargo for transhipment to Tonga-Taboo and Hapaai (Friendly Islands).
TO NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—City of Melbourne, Saturday, 19th instant, at 10 a.m. No cargo received after 5 p.m. to-morrow, Friday.
TO MELBOURNE.—Ly-ee-Moon, Saturday afternoon, at 4.30; and City of Adelaide, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30. (Fares: Saloon, £2; return ticket, £3 15s ; steerage, £1.)
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—(From the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street).—Coonanbara, to-morrow night, Friday, at 11; and City of Brisbane, Sunday night, at 12.
TO BRISBANE.—Elamang, Saturday, at 10 a.m.; (No cargo received after 5 p.m. Friday); and Alexandra, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
TO BUNDABERG.—Steamer from Brisbane, about 25th instant.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Balclutha, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Balclutha, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO BROADSOUND.—Tinonee, from Brisbane, about Wednesday, 14th July.
TO GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane, about 21st instant.
TO PORT MACKAY.—Alexandra, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
TO BOWEN
TO TOWNSVILLE
TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY)
TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT)
TO COOKTOWN WHARF } Alexandra, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
TO CARDWELL
TO KEPPEL BAY } Alexandra, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
N.B.—Steerage passengers are supplied with bedding.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).
THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The splendid steamship CITY OF MELBOURNE will be dispatched as above, on SATURDAY, 19th instant, leaving the A. S. N. Company's Wharf at 10 A.M. PRECISELY.
NO CARGO RECEIVED AFTER 5 P.M. ON FRIDAY.
For freight or passage apply to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager, A. S. N. CO.; or G. F. MONTEFIORE, Agent, 5, Gresham-street.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
CITY OF GRAFTON, for GRAFTON, TUESDAY, 9 p.m.
QUEEN OF THE SOUTH, for KEMPSEY, FRIDAY MORNING, at 9.
CORAKI, for RICHMOND RIVER, TUESDAY, 22nd June.
FREIGHTS and PASSAGE MONEY at greatly REDUCED RATES.
For full information apply to
Wharf, Sussex-street. JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

S. N. CO.'S Steamer DAIRYMAID, for SHELLHARBOUR and GERRINGONG direct, TO-NIGHT, at 6, from Caledonian Wharf. No cargo received after 5.
JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

W. HOWARD SMITH AND SONS.
Fares to Melbourne until further notice :—
SALOON, £2
RETURN, £3 15s
STEERAGE, £1.
Struth's Wharf, foot King-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
The undersigned will dispatch the STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street :—

FOR MELBOURNE.		
YOU YANGS...	G. Smith	TO-MORROW, Friday, at 2 o'clock.
BARRABOOL...	F. H. Stanford	TUESDAY, June 22.
FOR ADELAIDE.		
YOU YANGS...	G. Smith	TO-MORROW, Friday, at 2 o'clock.
BARRABOOL...	F. H. Stanford	TUESDAY, June 22.
Transhipping at Melbourne to Adelaide Steamship Co.'s steamer.		
FOR BRISBANE.		
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South	TUESDAY, June 22.
FOR MARYBOROUGH.		
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South	TUESDAY, June 22.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON.		
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South	TUESDAY, June 22.

Return tickets issued to and from ALL PORTS, available for three (3) months. Cargo received for the above ports every day. Steerage passengers supplied with bedding. Steerage passengers are victualled.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AND ADELAIDE.
The undersigned will dispatch the steamship YOU YANGS, 1000 tons, G. Smith, commander, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 2 o'clock.
FARES TO MELBOURNE :
Saloon ... £2 Steerage ... £1
Steerage passengers supplied with food and bedding.
For all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

TASMANIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched as under from the Grafton Wharf :—
For HOBART TOWN, calling at EDEN to land passengers and cargo,
S. S. TASMAN, on FRIDAY, 18th June, at 10 a.m.
For LAUNCESTON, calling at Eden to land passengers and cargo,
S. S. ESK, on FRIDAY, 25th June, at 10 a.m.
NO CARGO received on day of sailing.
For FREIGHT or PASSAGE apply to T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 15, Pitt-street.

FOR EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—The fine steamships TASMAN, on FRIDAY, 18th June, at 10 a.m.
ESK, on FRIDAY, 25th June, at 10 a.m.
From the Grafton Wharf.
For freight or passage, apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, 15, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
The CLAUD HAMILTON will leave MARKET WHARF, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m.
Fares—Saloon, £1 10s; steerage, £1; or £1 saloon, and 10s steerage, if passengers victual themselves.
Steerage passengers are provided with bedding.
Freight at current rates.
For further particulars apply to
NIPPER and SEE.
129, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO CLARENCE RIVER.
The WANGANUI will leave the Market Wharf, foot of Market-street, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, June 18th instant, at 8 p.m.
Fares—Saloon, £1 10s. Return, £2 10s.
Steerage, 15s. Return, £1 5s.
Freight, dead weight, or measurement, 10s per ton.
Cargo now being received.
NIPPER and SEE.
129, Sussex-street.

FOR NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—Schooner ELIZA ALLEN, from Fagan's Wharf, TO-MORROW, Friday.
F. HOGAN, Agent.
Freights payable in Sydney only.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
Regular communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
RINGAROOMA	1096	H. Chatfield	18th June, via Auckland.
ROTORUA	926	J. Tozer...	1st July, via Auckland.
FROM MELBOURNE.			
ARAWATA	1098	W. Sinclair	22nd June, via Hobart Town and Bluff.
TARARUA	828	M. Muir	29th June, via Hobart Town and Bluff.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND AND ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
The Union Company's powerful steamship RINGAROOMA, 1096 tons, H. Chatfield, Commander, will be dispatched as above, TO-MORROW, Friday, 18th June, at 2 p.m., booking passengers and cargo for all ports.
Passengers for Hokitika, Westport, and Greymouth booked at through rates.
Cargo received up to 5 p.m. TO-DAY, but not later than noon TO-MORROW.
FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO HONGKONG, via COOKTOWN and PORT DARWIN.
The steamship JAVA, 1000 tons register, will be dispatched as above, on or about SATURDAY, 19th June.
For all particulars of freight and passage apply to
FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

STEAM to the BELLINGER RIVER.—The fast and favourite S. S. MANLY, THIS DAY, at 4 p.m., from PATENT SLIP WHARF. All freights payable in Sydney.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

STEAM TO SHOALHAVEN, ALL PARTS OF THE RIVER.
The fast and favourite paddle steamer OUR OWN, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 4 p.m., from the PATENT SLIP WHARF. All freights payable in Sydney.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

STEAM TO CLARENCE RIVER.
The beautiful new steamship AUSTRALIAN, 500 tons (unavoidably detained), will be dispatched, TO-MORROW, Friday, at 9 p.m. Has beautiful saloon amidships.
G. and B. NICOLL, Grafton Wharf.

STEAM TO RICHMOND RIVER.
The beautiful new steamship LISMORE, 500 tons, will be dispatched on MONDAY next. Has beautiful saloon amidships. Inspection invited.
G. and B. NICOLL, Grafton Wharf.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS daily (Saturdays and Sundays excepted).
Dispatched from Sydney, 7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.45, 6
Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30
Manly, 8.10, 9, 12, 3.30, 4.45, 5.30.
Return fare, 1s 6d; children 1s.
Extra trips on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, from Manly at 7.30 p.m., and Sydney at 11.15 p.m.

PARRAMATTA AND RIVER STEAMERS.
KING-STREET TO COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, and GLADESVILLE—7, 9, 10, 11 a.m.; 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
Additional to Hunter's Hill, 7.45, 9.30, 11.15.
FIVE DOCK and BURWOOD—7.10 a.m.; 12.30, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
PARRAMATTA, RYDE, ERMINGTON, NEWINGTON, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5; return 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5. Fares less than railway rates.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10.2, 30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5

BRISBANE WATER.—S. PELICAN, from King-street, SATURDAY next, 6 a.m. Return same day.

FOR LONDON.
The favourite A1 Aberdeen clipper ship, ABERGELDIE, 1152 Tons register, Robert Crombie, commander, having the bulk of her cargo on board and stowed, will receive immediate dispatch.
For terms, &c., apply to Captain CROMBIE on board; or to DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR NEW CALEDONIA.
Brig SEA NYMPH, Captain John Brady, is now loading at Grafton Wharf, and will sail about 19th instant.
FREIGHT, 16s PER TON, FREE OF WHARFAGE.
CURCIER and ADET, Agents.

FOR TOWNSVILLE.—The HERON, Captain Greenlees, is now loading at Circular Quay, and will sail for Townsville direct in a few days.
JAMES BURNS, Macquarie-place.

FOR TWEED RIVER.—True Blue, from Ballast Wf., at noon, THIS DAY. Corrigan and Riedy, Sussex-street.

NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—Schoooner ZOE, THIS DAY. For freight, apply on board, Baltic Wharf.

WARDELL, Richmond River.—Clipper barquentine MONARCH. WM. SHORT, Baltic Wharf.

STEAMSHIP RIDGE PARK, from Adelaide.—Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for the Grafton Wharf. Bills of Lading must be presented, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.
All goods will be at consignees' risk after leaving ship's tackle.
BEILBY and CO., 91, Pitt-street.

PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY S. S. SIAM.—Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES for P. and O. Company's (late A. S. N. Company's) Wharf. Bills of Lading must be presented, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before goods can be delivered.
All cargo not taken away within 48 hours after discharge will be subject to payment of store rent.
COOPER KIRTON, Agent.
247, George-street, June 17.

THE ORIENT STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), having arranged with some of the oldest and wealthiest Insurance Companies in London, are prepared to issue Bills of Lading for Specie shipped by their steamers hence to London, on a RED FORM OF BILL OF LADING, covering all risks taken under the ordinary Marine Insurance Policy, in addition to the obligation undertaken by the ordinary bill of lading.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., AGENTS, BENT-STREET

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.—S. S. LUSITANIA, from London.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES and take delivery of their goods from alongside the steamer, in terms of their bills of lading; failing which the goods will be lightered to and landed at Moore's Wharf, Miller's Point, by Messrs. Flood and Company, at consignees' risk and expense. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained before the goods will be delivered.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

CHARTERS.—Wanted, VESSELS, for HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SAN FRANCISCO.
ALFRED LAMB and CO., Macquarie-place.

CHARTERS.—Vessels wanted for the following ports from NEWCASTLE :—
HONG KONG
SWATOW
SHANGHAI
AUCKLAND
and
SAN FRANCISCO,
For light freight.
WM. LAIDLEY and CO., Exchange.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
TENDERS are invited for the Supplying of the Company's Steamers, for a period of twelve months, with the following articles:—
Meat
Poultry and Game
Fruit and Vegetables
Groceries
Colonial Produce.
The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
Tenders will not be received after SATURDAY, the 19th instant.
COOPER KIRTON, Agent.
247, George-street, June 15, 1880.

FOR SALE, the Ketch ROSE AND THISTLE, 50 tons reg., light draft, well found. Mason, Patent Slip Wharf.

FOR SALE, Ships', Coasters', and River BOATS, 12 to 23 feet; Centreboards, &c., &c. Ward, Dawes Point.

FOR SALE, a SKIFF-DINGY, 16 feet; 2 pairs sculls, mast, sail, and everything complete; price £5. Gibson's Hotel, North Shore.

WANTED to BUY, a BOAT from 20 to 22 feet long. Hickey and Co., Circular Quay.

WANTED, Dead-weight CARGO, for sailing vessel, from Sandridge Pier, Melbourne, to Sydney. T. HENRY KEIGWIN, 5, Bell's-chambers, 131, Pitt-street.

G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney.
First-class Wharfage and Storage for intercolonial and coasting vessels; large yard for stacking timber; discharging clerks if required.

MORT'S DOCK AND ENGINEERING COMPANY (Limited).
WORKS—Mort's Bay.
TOWN OFFICE—25, New Pitt-street, Sydney.
Engineers, Boilermakers, Shipbuilders, Iron and Brass Founders, Coppersmiths, and Millwrights.
Dry Dock, 409 feet long, 63 feet wide, fitted with patent keel blocks.
The Patent Slip is capable of taking up vessels of 1000 tons burthen.
A large stock of Spars, Deck Planking, Metal, Oakum, &c., &c. always on hand
Repairs executed on the shortest notice.

TO CAPTAINS.—There is nothing like ROW'S EMBROCATION, or FARMER'S FRIEND, for cuts, sprains, &c.

TO SEAMEN.—Remember that JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT is of a pale green color, cures all sores.

A GOLDEN Rule for Mariners.—Keep in your medicine chest SANDERSON'S PODOPHYLLIN LOZENGES.

WANTED, a VESSEL for Mauritius. Apply to M'Donald, Smith, and Co.

THE MERCHANTS' MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
No. 37, Cornhill, LONDON.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... £500,000
PAID UP ... £125,000 only.
THE NETHERLANDS-INDIA INSURANCE CO. OF BAVARIA.
ESTABLISHED 1851.
LONDON AGENTS: Messrs. BARING, BROTHERS, and CO.
MARINE Policies PAYABLE in all parts of the WORLD.
FIRE business at LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
CLAIMS LIBERALLY and PROMPTLY SETTLED.
EDWARD CHAPMAN and CO., Merchants, 105, Pitt-street, Agents for NEW SOUTH WALES.

IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Office—Liverpool, England.
MARINE RISKS accepted. Policies payable LONDON or any Agency of the Company.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Agents for N.S. Wales and Victoria.
Offices—
Exchange-corner, Sydney.
Collins-street west, Melbourne.

THE NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE INSURANCE CO.
Incorporated by Act of Council, 1851.
Capital, £150,000.
LIABILITY UNLIMITED.
Head Office—251, George-street, Sydney.
DIRECTORS:
R. Jones, jun., Esq., Chairman (Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin)
C. T. Gedye, Esq. (Messrs. Dangar, Gedye, and Co.)
D. G. E. Alsop, Esq. (Messrs. Harbottle, Biddulph, and Alsop)
E. Chisholm, Esq. (Messrs. Brown and Co.)
C. Cecil Griffiths, Esq. (Messrs. Griffiths and Co.)
John Newton, Esq. (Messrs. C. Newton, Brother, and Co.)
AGENTS:
In LONDON—Messrs. Dangar, Grant, and Co.
ADELAIDE—Messrs. Jos. Stilling and Co.
BRISBANE—Messrs. Geo. Raff and Co.
HOBART TOWN—Messrs. Richard Crosby and Co.
MELBOURNE—Mr. Thos. Wm. Beckwith.
Risks taken to or from all parts at the lowest current rates.
Losses promptly settled at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies of the Company.
J. St. VINCENT WELCH, Secretary.

Meetings.

NOTICE.
Re F. CARTON de la BRETECHE.
All persons interested in the above insolvent estate are hereby requested to attend a MEETING of Creditors, to be held at the office of the French Consulate, No. 247, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m.
TH. BALLIEU, French Consul.

REFORM CLUB.
A BALLOT MEETING will be held at the Club House, TO-MORROW, Friday, 18th instant, at 1.30 p.m.
By order.
FREDERIC C. ROOKE, Secretary.

ANTI-CHINESE ASSOCIATION (under auspices of Trades and Labour Council.)—No. 1 branch, meet THIS EVENING, 7.45 o'clock, Hyde Park Hotel.
A. J. J. PHELPS, Sec. pro. tem.

EARLY CLOSING MOVEMENT.—A General MEETING of those engaged in the various retail shops of Sydney will be held at the Temperance Hall, at 9 o'clock on THIS (Thursday) EVENING, June 17, to consider the above. All are earnestly invited to attend.
Daniel O'Connor, Esq., M.P., will preside.
C. H. BARNETT, Hon. Sec.

MASONIC.—EMPRESS OF INDIA LODGE, 1761 E. C.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Business: Initiations, propositions, correspondence, &c. Brethren are requested to attend punctually.

MASONIC.—LODGE COSMOPOLITAN, No. 16.—Monthly MEETING, Masonic Temple, Clarence-street, THIS EVENING, 7.30. Installation of W.M. and officers.
J. MACDONALD MATTHEWS, Hon. Secretary.

MASONIC.—UNITED SERVICE LODGE, 937 E. C.—Emergency, THIS EVENING, 7.30.

MASONIC.—LODGE NEWTOWN KILWINNING, No. 378, S.C.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7, at the Lodge Rooms, Town-hall, Redfern. JOHN J. SHIPLEY, Secretary.

LODGE NEWTOWN KILWINNING, No. 3.—Regular Monthly MEETING, held at the Town Hall, Newtown, THIS EVENING, at 7 sharp. Business: S. C. investing officers.
JOSEPH BLACKSTONE, Sec.

I. O. G. T. (No. 104), Dawn of Freedom Lodge, will meet THIS EVENING, in St. Barnabas' Schoolroom.

NO. 3 DERRY L. O. L. meets THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Wesleyan Schoolroom, Regent-street. Visitors invited. W. M'DONNELL.

NO. 7, L. O. L., meets THIS EVENING, Protestant Hall, at 7.30. W. H. Ricketts Bayley, secretary.

Religious Announcements.

GLEBE ROAD WESLEYAN CHURCH.—THIS EVENING, Thursday, a Concert of Sacred Music will be given in the Wesleyan Schoolroom, under the direction of Mr. Allingham. Doors open at 7.30. Chair taken at 8 o'clock sharp. Collection on behalf of Parsonage Fund.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, ASHFIELD, CONCERT, MONDAY EVENING NEXT, in the Schoolroom. Proceeds in aid of the Parsonage Fund.

CHRISTADELPHIAN Meeting Room, Pitt and Hay streets. Sunday morning and Thursday evening. Welcome.

Educational.

A CIVIL SERVICE and Bookkeeping Class.—Writing, arithmetic, French, drawing. Fitzjohn Hall, 716, George-st.

A BOLD Business HANDWRITING or Bookkeeping guaranteed for two guineas. Mr. NORRIS'S Writing Institute, 42, Park-street. Established in Sydney, 1861. Lessons any hour; highest Sydney references. Letters written.

ARGYLE SCHOOL, ARTHURLEIGH, Albion-st., conducted by Miss E. C. BAXTER, assisted by twelve Teachers and Professors.
Circulars may be obtained on application.
Vacancies for Resident and Day Pupils after the Vacation. School will Re-open July 12th.

BOYS' PREPARATORY SCHOOL.—Principal, Miss MACKAY. 1, Roslyn-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

EAGLESFIELD.—THE NEW SCHOOL, 1867. 71, Darlinghurst Road. VACATION will commence FRIDAY, June 18. School to re-open Monday, July 12. PRINCIPAL, W. J. STEPHENS, M.A., late Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College, Oxford, and First Head Master of the Sydney Grammar School. (First-class 1852).

EAGLESFIELD.—TABLE OF FEES: Entrance one pound. General Course, five pounds the Term.
N. B.—No extras are charged, except for Gymnastics, Dancing, and Water Colour or Landscape Drawing.
The report for the year now closing will be published shortly.—W. J. S.

GRADUATE prepares for Matriculation, C. S., &c. M. A., Paddington Post-office.

LADIES' COLLEGE, Sunbury House, Prince Alfred Park.—Midwinter Vacation ends July 12. Mrs. A. THOM.

MUSIC, 1s per Lesson, or 1 guinea per quarter. Miss GRIEVES, daughter of late W. Grieves, 9, Glebe Road.

NEWINGTON COLLEGE, PARRAMATTA RIVER.
The usual Winter VACATION will commence on TUESDAY, June 15th. The work of the college will be resumed on July 26th, at the new building, Stanmore.
Circulars, with terms and other information will be sent on application to Rev. J. H. FLETCHER.
Provision is made for day pupils and day boarders.
The Stanmore railway platform is within five minutes' walk of the college.

RIVIERE COLLEGE (FOR YOUNG LADIES), Nelson and Wallace streets, Woollahra.
Principals: Professor and Mrs. GOERGS, Assisted by a staff of the best Masters.
A thorough English education, in all its branches, is ensured, together with every facility for acquiring foreign languages.
All music pupils of the College have the advantage of joining, without any extra charge, the classes of the Professor for theory, composition, and the history of music.
The elevated and salubrious site of the premises, the opportunity for hygienic exercises afforded by the ladies' gymnasium connected with the school, and the lectures on Health periodically given, are indicative of the care which has been bestowed on the sanitary arrangements.
Classes will re-assemble on MONDAY, 19th of July.

SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE, MACLEAY-STREET, SYDNEY.
PRINCIPAL: MADAME DE MONSIGNY,
Vacancies for Boarders.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Master's Boarding House, conducted by Mr. C. J. FACHE, Cleveland House, Alfred Park. Reference: The Head Master. Terms, inclusive, from 60 guineas. Prospectus on application.

SHIRLEY, EDGECLIFF ROAD.
The Misses MAC CORMACK, who have succeeded the Misses Hardie, have had great experience in the education and training of Young Ladies, having for twelve and four years respectively taken an active and successful part in the management of two of the best schools in Sydney.
The College will be conducted on the same principles as before, and with the same efficient staff of Teachers and Professors.
STUDIES for the ensuing term will commence on TUESDAY, July 20.
References to the Misses Hardie, Shirley.

TO LADIES who may have neglected early opportunities.—Mrs. NORRIS, teacher of writing, also gives Lessons in reading, spelling, &c., day and evening. Letters written, strictest privacy. Annesley House, Church-hill.

UNIVERSITY.—An EXAMINATION for the Law, and for the Civil Service will be held on MONDAY, 5th July. Fourteen days' notice of candidature is required.
HUGH KENNEDY, Registrar.

WANTED, a private TUTOR for the country; liberal salary allowed. Apply by letter only to Mr. E. P. Field, 86, Albert-terrace.

Personal.

ARTHUR CUBITT.
MISSING FRIENDS, NEXT OF KIN, and PRIVATE INQUIRY OFFICE, 137 (late 203), PITT-STREET, SYDNEY, N. S. W.
PRIVATE INQUIRIES CAUTIOUSLY CONDUCTED.
REGISTERS OBTAINED OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.
COPIES OF WILLS and other Documents Procured.
SPECIALLY PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS OF INTRICATE CHARACTER have met with MARKED SUCCESS.
ARTHUR CUBITT'S MISSING FRIENDS and PRIVATE INQUIRY OFFICE, Pitt-street, Sydney, next the General Post Office, has been in existence more than twenty years, and has now become one of the popular institutions of the city. A perusal of many testimonials has convinced us of Mr. Cubitt's tact and ability. His discoveries have frequently been made by the exercise of much ingenuity and foresight. During 1879 his successes were accomplished in the scarcely explored regions of Carpentaria, in Madagascar, Mauritius, Cape Colony, including Zululand, various parts of China, West Indies, Noumea, Fiji, United States, including California, New York, Wisconsin, San Joaquin, and Missouri; at Montreal, Toronto, and other parts of the Dominion of Canada; throughout Australia and New Zealand; and last, though not least, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. "Strictly private inquiries" form a special item in Mr. Cubitt's labours, for which, amongst others, he holds a highly complimentary letter from her Britannic Majesty's Consul at Noumea, who placed in his hands a very important and delicate commission. We have no hesitation in recommending Mr. Cubitt to any person requiring his services.
—BULLETIN.
AGENCIES throughout the Australian Colonies, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, America, and the Continent of Europe.

CHARLES G. DAVIS (who was staying at the Rob Roy Hotel, Balmain, about two years ago) is earnestly requested to write to his MOTHER, to save her much pain and anxiety.

DEAR CHARLIE B., if you come up To-night, bring me a Box of the Fifteen and Thirty-four Puzzle in Lollies.—Em.

GRIBBLE, Mrs., oblige old Gulgong friend with your address. Herbert, Post-office, William-street.

HARRY TREMAYNE HARDING, of Cork, Ireland, who was last heard of on the 5th July, 1877, at Belalie Station, Warrego River, Fort Bourke, N. S. W., is requested to communicate without delay with his Brother, J. W. HARDING, Shanghai, China.

IF this should meet the eye of JOHN MACPHERSON, a native of Kingussie, Inverness-shire, Scotland, who came to this colony many years ago, and left at home a sister called "Jessie," he is requested to communicate with the undersigned.
JOHN MACPHERSON, Waterloo Stores, Market-street.

MAUD CLIFFORD,—Why have you not written? Birdie's photo. Address A. A. B., General Post Office.

MICHAEL LYONS, late in E. O. Moriarty, Esq.'s employ, St. Leonards, call at Glue's Agency, Pitt-street.

MR. WILLIAM HALL, Painter,—please call to-day No. 38, Smith-street.

MRS. NUTTALL, Dressmaker,—Please send your ADDRESS to 215, Pitt-street.

TRENFIELD, WM., last heard of in October, 1879, at Parker's Diggings, N. S. W., communicate at once with your mother; or any person knowing the address of Wm. Trenfield will confer a great favour by writing to Mrs. TRENFIELD, Cobbler's Gully, near Ballarat, Victoria.

WANTED, Mr. SILVER, cigar-maker, to call on J. L. Berghoefer, news agent, 349, Pitt-street.

WOULD the Lady that called at 19, Jamison-street, yesterday, kindly call again.

WILLIAM WARD, Bootmaker, late of Milton, Ulladulla, will hear of something to his advantage by calling on F. ABIGAIL, 589 and 591, George-street. Any information about him will be thankfully received.

Lost and Found.

BLACK RETRIEVER DOG (answering to the name of "NEP") strayed from Manly Beach steamer at Queen's Wharf, last Friday afternoon. Anyone returning him to C. R. Austin, 46, Pitt-street, will be rewarded.

FIVE SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, a yellow and white GREYHOUND DOG. The above reward will be given if brought to Thos. Kidd, No. 49, Ann-street, Surry Hills, Sydney.

LOST, Gold Greenstone Seal RING, Pyrmont; reward. 205, Goulburn-street, Surry Hills.

LOST, Bunch KEYS. Finder rewarded by leaving them at Herald Office, forenoon.

LOST, on Saturday last, CHEQUE for £3 10s, No. 218. Reward if returned to F. E. Bushell, 33, Elizabeth-street.

LOST, in George-street, a PURSE, containing money. Reward. Alexander's, Pitt and Park streets.

LOST, from Eureka, Bruce-street, Ashfield, two TURKEYS. Reward.

LOST, an Ermine BOA, in the Stalls, Victoria Theatre, Tuesday night. Reward, 61, Stanley-street.

LOST, Diamond STUD. Reward. 588, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

LOST, between King and Liverpool streets, a Gold BROOCH—knot with arrow. Reward at H. C. Humfress, 121, Pitt-street.

LOST, a CHEQUE-BOOK, with cheques in an estate drawn on Bank of New South Wales. Cheques stopped. The finder will be rewarded on bringing the same to T. Davenport, accountant, Moore-lane, off Pitt-street.

LOST, on Tuesday evening, from the 5.25 train, between Sydney and Penrith, a PLAN of Additions to hotel at Coogee. The finder will be rewarded by forwarding same to the Penrith Stationmaster; or to Mr. Chas. Moore, 123, Pitt-street, Sydney.

STRAYED, red COW, springer, bald face, brand ♀ over ♀ near rump. Apply 95, George-street N.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, an African PARROT. G. Abbot, draper, Petersham.

FOUND, HORSE in my yard; brand, SA over — over ∞, near shoulder. Prince Alfred House, Fig-street, Ultimo

FOUND, in George-street, a COIN. Apply, with description to Public School, William-street.

STRAYED into my Yard, DUCKS; can have same by paying expenses. R. DOWEY, Botany Road.

Lectures.

LECTURE.—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, NEWTOWN.—A LECTURE, on LORD MACAULAY, will be delivered by the Rev. ROBERT COLLIE, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. A collection at close.

PRINCE ALFRED LITERARY AND DEBATING CLUB, Newtown.
The LECTURE advertised to be delivered To-night, by the Rev. THOMAS KEMMIS, is unavoidably POSTPONED to MONDAY, 22nd instant.

THE COMING ECLIPSE ILLUSTRATED.—The first of a course of Six POPULAR ILLUSTRATED LECTURES will be given TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, in St. Andrew's School, Pitt-street, by Mr. A. MORRIS, C.E. Subject; "Introduction to Astronomy—the Moon, our nearest celestial neighbour."
The DEAN OF SYDNEY will preside.
Tickets for course, 3s; single, 1s; children, half-price.

Business Announcements.

FRED. W. PARSONS begs to announce that he has commenced business as House, Estate, and General Agent. Rents collected and estates managed. 139, Pitt-street, Sydney, June 1, 1880. References permitted to J. Mullens, Esq., H. Prince, Esq., J. Keep, Esq., C. Newton, Esq., J. R. Fairfax, Esq., R. Gray, Esq.

I TAKE this opportunity of thanking my Friends and the Public for the liberal patronage they have given me during the past twenty years that I have carried on business in Morpeth, I have now the pleasure of informing them that my Brother ROBERT has This Day joined me as PARTNER, and as he will take the more active management, his experience, extending over so many years, as Manager of the business of the late James Campbell, Esq., will be a sufficient guarantee to the public as to future transactions, and warrant me in soliciting further and more extensive business for the new firm.
THOMAS MOFFITT.
Morpeth, 1st June, 1880.

Having resigned my position as Manager of Messrs. J. Campbell and Co.'s business at Morpeth, I beg to inform my friends and the public that I have This Day entered into PARTNERSHIP with my Brother THOMAS.
ROBERT MOFFITT.
Morpeth, 1st June, 1880.

We, the undersigned, have This Day entered into PARTNERSHIP as Storekeepers and General Merchants, under the style or firm of "Moffitt, Brothers."
THOMAS MOFFITT.
ROBERT MOFFITT.
Morpeth, 1st June, 1880.

LAND ORDER for SALE, price £90. JOSEPH PALMER, 133, Pitt-street.

LAND ORDERS Purchased. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

SQUATTERS.—Two LAND ORDERS for SALE. State price, W. Kerrage, Castlereagh-street.

YOU CAN PROCURE TWELVE POUNDS OF THE BEAUTIFUL SNOWDROP SUGAR FOR THREE SHILLINGS AND NINEPENCE AT KIDMAN'S.

NEW SENSATION
New Sensation
New Sensation
New Sensation
New Sensation
New Sensation.
LOLLIES
Lollies For the Million
Lollies For the Million
Lollies For the Million
Lollies For the Million
Lollies For the Million
Lollies For the Million.
VAL. WILDMAN'S New Sensation Fifteen and Thirty-four Puzzle, in Siddell, Brothers', pure and unadulterated Confectionery.
Retailed by all confectioners, 6d; wholesale at Siddell, Brothers', 505 and 507, George-street.
Registered [illegible]. Wildman, June 4, 1880.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.—Messrs. FARMER and COMPANY have pleasure in announcing that the advantages pertaining to PROMPT NET CASH PAYMENTS have been made manifest in an increased return in every department of their business. In making the change they aimed at a simple system, alike equitable to buyer and seller, and it is gratifying to acknowledge in how large measure the public has stamped the alteration with its approval. The new system appeals directly to READY MONEY BUYERS, and to such a saving of 25 per cent. in clothing expenses is unhesitatingly guaranteed.
Victoria House, Pitt and George streets.

FARMER'S IMPERIAL SHEETING, 11½d.

FARMER'S IMPERIAL SHEETING, 11½d.

FARMER'S GUINEA LONGCLOTH.

FARMER'S GUINEA LONGCLOTH.

IMPERIAL SHEETING, 72 inches wide, 11½d per yard, a first-class article that can be recommended. GUINEA LONGCLOTH, extra stout in pieces of 42 yards, one guinea per piece, about the best value ever submitted to the Sydney public.
FARMER'S only.

HOW COLD IT HAS BEEN.—FARMER'S Stock of Blankets is worthy the attention of heads of families, hotelkeepers, steamboat proprietors, and others. Every pair is marked in plain figures, at the LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICE FOR PROMPT NET CASH. Genuine Witneys, for single beds, 8s 11d, 10s 6d, 11s 6d, 13s 9d per pair; for double beds, 16s 6d, 21s, 23s; extra large sizes, 30s, 35s, 45s, 57s 6d, 70s.

FARMER'S is now freely quoted as the GREAT FLANNEL DEPOT. Grand value is given in the Stout Saxony Flannels at 11d, 1s, 1s 2d, 1s 6d; the yard wide Cloths at 1s 9d and 2s; the REAL WELCH, at 2s 2d, 2s 6d, 2s 9d, 3s; the anti-Rheumatic at 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 2d; and the fine Saxony Electorals, from 16½d upwards. Genuine Bath Coating 2½ yards wide, extra quality, white and scarlet, 8s 6d per yard.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S MERINO HOSE, in choice colourings, plain and Derby ribbed, ONE THOUSAND DOZENS to select from, in parcels of half-dozens, prices range as follows:—2 size, 3s 6d the half-dozen; 3, 4s; 4, 4s 6d; 5, 5s; 6, 5s 6d; ladies', 6s. A very tempting parcel. All prompt net cash prices. FARMER'S only.

MANUFACTURER'S STOCK of Black Silk Fringes, 1s 4d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, 3s 6d, 4s. This parcel is well worthy the attention of all desirous of obtaining really good fringes much below the regular price. Five Thousand Dozens Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, 4s 11d to 10s 6d per dozen, splendid value, as Messrs. Farmers' orders for Handkerchiefs are placed direct with the manufacturers, and all intermediate profits are thus saved to the consumer. FARMER'S only.

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED to give satisfaction in wear. Messrs. Farmer and Company place their 2-BUTTON PARIS KID GLOVES at HALF-A-CROWN PER PAIR before the public, with the accompanying assurance. They know the quality is far and away superior to anything offered anywhere else at the price, and they engage to exchange any pair sold that does not give fair wear and satisfaction. An inexpensive 2-button glove, in blacks and colours, at 2s. Undressed kid gloves, 1s 6d. FARMER'S only.

HOMESPUN BEIGE, 6½d. A pure Scotch

HOMESPUN BEIGE, 6½d. fancy dress stuff.

FINE CASHMERE SERGE, 9½d. Excellent for wear.

FINE CASHMERE SERGE, 9½d. Splendid value.

REAL FRENCH BEIGE, 12½d. Unequalled at the

REAL FRENCH BEIGE, 12½d. price anywhere.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.—Messrs. FARMER can recommend the ABOVE DRESS MATERIALS to all buyers. Splendid value is given in the Homespun Beiges at 6½d, while the Cashmere Serge at 9½d, and the Real French Beige at 12½d, cannot be purchased elsewhere under 12½d and 16½d respectively.

POMPADOUR CASHMERES, 12½d.

POMPADOUR CASHMERES, 12½d.

POMPADOUR CASHMERES, 12½d.

MOURNING MATERIALS.—Purchase your requirements in Family Mourning at FARMER'S, and economize, where economy is very frequently so urgently necessary, by buying at wholesale prices for prompt net cash. Black Silk Lustres, 7d to 1s. Black French Cashmeres, 2s 3d to 4s. Black French Merinos, 2s 6d, 2s 11d. Black Persian Cords, 16½d, 18½d, 1s 9d. Black Russell Cords, 15d, 18½d, 1s 9d, 1s 10½d. Black Pompadour Satin Cloth, 16½d. Indisputably the largest, and far and away the best, stock in the colonies.

FRENCH MILLINERY.—Fortnightly shipments of the choicest French Millinery received by the P. and O. Company's steamers. Inexpensive trimmed Hats for children, to match winter Costumes, 8s 6d to 16s 6d; for ladies, 15s 6d to 30s. The favourite Black Plush Hats in the most fashionable shapes, 16s 6d, 18s 6d, and 21s. FARMER'S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION is directed to the Stock of London-made WINTER COSTUMES for Ladies, recently replenished by some most judicious purchases made by Mr. FARMER. Prices range from 29s 6d to 7 guineas for the material costumes, and from 8 to 16 guineas for the French Silk Costumes, and fully sustain the reputation of VICTORIA HOUSE for selling first-class goods at the lowest wholesale prices.

ULSTERS, MANTLES, JACKETS. — Children's Ulsters, nice materials and styles, warm and comfortable for the little ones, 4s 11d to 12s 6d; Ladies' Ulsters, a superb assortment, 12s 6d to 39s 6d; Ladies' Silk Dolmans, beautifully lined and quilted, 5½ to 10 guineas; Ladies' inexpensive Cloth Jackets, no inferior materials, 16s 6d to 5 guineas. Every lady who desires to obtain the best value for ready money should inspect FARMER'S assortment.

BLACK SILK VELVETS, at FARMER'S, 6s, 6s 9d, 7s 6d, 8s 9d, 9s 6d, excellent value. Genuine Lyons Velvets, 12s 6d, 13s 6d, 14s 6d, 15s 6d, well worth from 17s 6d to 25s. Buyers who desire to exercise economy should inspect the stock of Velvets at FARMER'S.

ART CURTAINS at VICTORIA HOUSE.—Fresh shipment, ex steamer Orient. Choice new colourings and designs, in the Anglo-Japanese style, with handsome dados, in Navy, Peacock, Porceau, Olive, &c., specially adapted for Drawing Room, Dining Room, or Boudoir; each curtain a study. Prices, 10s 6d and 21s per pair, PROMPT NET CASH.

EIDER DOWN QUILTS, second shipment this season. Most comfortable as an over-quilt during the cold weather. These beautiful goods have hitherto been sold at prices which only the well-to-do could afford. Messrs. Farmer's present price list places them within the reach of every one, substantial evidence of the value of PROMPT NET CASH payments.

UPHOLSTERERS' TRIMMINGS in great variety at FARMER'S, all marked at the usual trade price, for prompt net cash. Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Bindings, &c., in any quantity required. Reps, Baizes, and Window Hollands, very cheap. The narrow width Window Hollands, for French lights, from 5d per yard. Cornices and Curtain Poles very cheap indeed.

BEDSTEADS.—By far the largest stock in Sydney to select from. No inferior goods in stock, but buyers may depend on making their selections of first quality goods at the lowest wholesale prices for prompt net cash. FARMER'S Black and Gold Half-tester Bedsteads at 5 guineas have no equal at the price. They are made with handsome extending foot-rails and all modern improvements. Inexpensive Half-tester Bedsteads, 3 feet, from 28s 6d. FARMER'S ONLY.

DRESSING GLASSES, at FARMER'S, Spanish Mahogany frames with extra quality silver plate, much superior to those usually imported. Small to largest sizes at 3s 6d, 3s 9d, 5s 3d, 5s 6d, 5s 9d, 6s 6d, 8s, 8s 6d, 9s, 9s 6d, 10s, 10s 9d, 11s 6d, 13s 6d, 14s 6d, 16s 6d, 17s 6d, 18s 6d, 20s, 21s, 22s 6d, 24s, 27s. An immense assortment. All PROMPT NET CASH prices.

INEXPENSIVE FURNITURE, at FARMER'S.—For the Bedroom: Queen Anne Toilets, 8 guineas per pair; Marble Top Washstands, 30s; Chair Bedsteads, with cushions, 42s; complete Bedroom Suites, consisting of Wardrobe, Chest of Drawers, Marble Top Toilets, 2 Chairs, Pedestal, and Towel Horse, 15 guineas. For the Drawing-room: Carved Walnut Suites, upholstered in rep, 14 guineas; Whatnots, 22s; Chiffoniers, 6 guineas; Loo Tables, 3 guineas. For the Dining-room: Mahogany Suites, in Horsehair, £17 10s; Early English Oak Suites, in best English roans, £27 10s. All PROMPT NET CASH prices.

THE BEACONSFIELD OVERCOAT, 22s 6d, made in our London Factory, at a saving of 15 per cent. on London warehouse prices. This overcoat is of durable Sergerette, all wool, nice and warm for winter, in all the most fashionable colourings, price 22s 6d, prompt net cash. Other Overcoats and Ulsters to select from, 15s to 63s. WE GUARANTEE A SAVING TO CUSTOMERS of from 6s in the lower priced Ulsters and Overcoats up to 21s in the highest prices, on anything that can be purchased elsewhere in Sydney. FARMER and COMPANY.

FOR STOUT MUSCULAR MEN.—First shipment of London made Scotch Tweed SUITS to hand, made in our London Factory, thus saving to our customers a further profit of 15 per cent. on the London warehouse price. The sizes have been drafted for stout figures, and the materials well shrunk before being made. These suits are quoted at 38s 6d prompt net cash, and cannot be equalled in the city under 50s.
FARMER'S only.

FARMER'S TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

BANNOCKBURN TROUSERS, TO ORDER 16s 6d.

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A CHOICE SELECTION OF Bannockburn Tweeds for the trousers to order, at 16s 6d per pair. Complete Suits equally cheap. There is no denying the wear-resisting qualities of these pure Scotch tweeds. Each garment is thoroughly shrunk, and cut by skilled West End cutters. FARMER'S only.

FARMER'S WHITE SHIRTS, perfect fitting,

A GUINEA THE HALF-DOZEN, for studs, with

A GUINEA THE HALF-DOZEN, fashionable.

FARMER'S WHITE SHIRTS 3s 6d each.

THE REFORM JACKET, a Blue Witney Double-breasted Jacket, for gentlemen, bound black mohair braid, velvet collar, warmly lined; excellent for shooting, yachting, fishing, &c. Price, 16s 6d, prompt net cash. All sizes in stock.
FARMER'S, only.

THIRTY SHILLINGS for a GRAMPIAN TWEED SUIT, for seashore, city, or mountain wear; very durable, all pure wool; made in our London factory, thus saving warehouseman's and manufacturer's profit. Price, 30s, prompt net cash; cannot be matched in the city under 42s.
FARMER'S, only.

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Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee ...	Mr. Samuel Lazar.
Business Manager and Treasurer ...	Mr. Jas. F. Kitts.
Stage Manager ...	Mr. George Warde.

FOURTEENTH WEEK and CONTINUED SUCCESS of LYSTER AND GARNER'S LONDON COMEDY COMPANY.

THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT BUT ONE, FRIENDS FRIENDS FRIENDS, with all the original scenery and appointments, and the great original cast, viz.:—

Robert Dawson ...	Mr. Arthur Garner
Dr. Thompson ...	Mr. George Warde
Mauricede Terrebonne ...	Mr. G. S. Titheradge
Markham ...	Mr. Frederick Marshall
Meanley ...	Mr Edwin Shepherd
Captain Donoghue ...	Mr. R. J. Roberts
Theodore ...	Mr. Frank Cates
Servant ...	Mr. Henry Lemmon
Cecile Dawson ...	Miss Blanche Stammers
Amy ...	Miss Dora Santon
Susan ...	Miss Annie Taylor
Mrs. Meanley ...	Mrs. Marion Stammers

The TWO SCENES DESIGNED and EXECUTED BY MR. GEORGE GORDON.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19th, Byron's world-renowned Comedy, OUR BOYS, With characters represented by the great LONDON COMEDY COMPANY, including Messrs. Arthur Garner, G. S. Titheradge, Frank Cates, and Frederick Marshall, Misses Blanche Stammers, Alma Santon, Mrs. Marion Stammers, and Miss Annie Taylor.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Dress Circle, 5s; Stalls, 3s; Family Circle, 2s; Pit, 1s.

Box Office at ELVY and CO.'S, 321, George-street, where seats may be secured six days in advance.

THEATRE ROYAL.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The LONDON COMEDY COMPANY will inaugurate their SECOND YEAR in the Australian colonies on SATURDAY, June 19th, 1880, with Byron's world-renowned Comedy, OUR BOYS.

Sir Geoffrey Champneys ...	Mr. Arthur Garner
Talbot Champneys, his son ...	Mr. Frank Cates
Perkin Middlewick, a retired butterman (played by him upwards of 500 nights in London and throughout the United Kingdom) ...	Mr. Frederick Marshall
Charles Middlewick, his son ...	Mr. G. S. Titheradge
Kempster ...	Mr. Henry Lemmon
Poddles ...	Mr. J. Chriss
Mary Melrose ...	Miss Blanche Stammers
Violet Melrose ...	Miss Alma Santon
Clarissa Champneys ...	Mrs. Marion Stammers
Belinda ...	Miss Annie Taylor.

Stage manager, Mr. Frederick Marshall.

The scenes designed and executed by Mr. George Gordon. Box plan now open.

ARTHUR GARNER, Manager.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT.

Mrs. BROWN — MRS. BROWN — Mrs. BROWN.

Mrs. BROWN — Mrs. BROWN.

ARTHUR SKETCHLEY, author of "Mrs. Brown on the Shah," "The Brown Papers," &c., &c., will have the pleasure of introducing THE ORIGINAL MRS. BROWN to Sydney Friends, THIS EVENING.

Mrs. BROWN has been introduced by Mr. SKETCHLEY to a British public OVER 5000 TIMES

FRIENDS FROM THE COUNTRY
Mrs. BROWN AT SEA
MRS. BROWN AT MARGATE
SIR PETER AND LADY POPHAM,
and
Mrs. BROWN'S WONDERFUL ADVENTURES AT THE PLAY
EVERY EVENING.

Everybody is involuntarily seized with UNCONTROLLABLE LAUGHTER at Mrs. BROWN'S ADVENTURES.

Reserved Seats, Five Shillings
Second Seats, Three Shillings
Back Seats and Gallery, One Shilling
One Shilling
One Shilling.

Doors open at 7.30; to commence at 8 o'clock. Carriages may be ordered for 9.45.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MRS. BROWN, having had a little talk with her friends on the committee of the SCHOOL OF ARTS, invites ALL the MEMBERS of that "lovely institootion" to pay a visit to the "amiable Secretary," or his "genteel assistants," of whom they will be able to OBTAIN TICKETS to listen to Mrs. BROWN'S ADVENTURES at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

N.B.—Please don't tell this to anybody else.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessee ... M. Hegarty.

79th (and last but two) 79th of MR. ALFRED DAMPIER, LILY and ROSE.

TO-NIGHT (Thursday), and TO-MORROW NIGHT, JUNE 17th and 18th, GRAND REVIVAL GRAND REVIVAL of Charles Reade's favourite Drama
"IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND"
"IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND"
"IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND"
"IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND,"
with all the original cast, scenic, and mechanical effects.

TOM ROBINSON ...	Mr. DAMPIER
BOY JOSEPH ...	LILY DAMPIER

THE FARM YARD, with all its realistic effects.
THE MODEL PRISON, with its long gaslight corridors.
AN AUSTRALIAN SCENE WITH ITS BEAUTIFUL WATERFALL of real water dashing its spray over huge boulders, making a scene of loveliness that can be looked upon for hours, and never to be forgotten.

DON'T FORGET, TWO NIGHTS ONLY
DON'T FORGET, TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19, FAREWELL BENEFIT and last appearance of Mr. DAMPIER.

And, at the special request of Mr. DAMPIER'S numerous admirers, the management will place upon the stage, with all the necessary splendour RICHARD III. RICHARD III. (From Shakespeare's text.)

RICHARD III. ... Mr. DAMPIER.

Box plan now open at Nicholson and Ascherberg's. Prices as usual—3s, 2s, 1s.

LIDDY, Business Manager.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessee ... M. Hegarty

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The management have pleasure in announcing the FIRST APPEARANCE IN AUSTRALIA of Miss SALLIE DE ANGELIS Miss SALLIE DE ANGELIS, Character and Singing Soubrett Actress. Mr. JEFF. DE ANGELIS Mr. JEFF. DE ANGELIS, Celebrated Dialect and Character Artiste, and Mr. JAS. MAAS Mr. JAS. MAAS, Character Actor, Author and Composer.

All the above artistes will have the honour of making their first appearance before a Sydney public on MONDAY NEXT, JUNE 21, in an entirely new constructed musical and sensational drama, specially written for them by Fred. Meader, Esq., and entitled ONE WORD ONE WORD ONE WORD ONE WORD, in which they will introduce all the latest novelties in singing and dancing.

NOTICE.—Messrs. Maas and De Angelis having registered ONE WORD in all the Australian colonies, will take legal proceedings against anyone encroaching upon their rights. LIDDY, Business Manager.

CHAMPION SKATING MATCH COLONIES v. ENGLAND. CHAMPION SKATING MATCH. WYBURD v. PULLYN. SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, JUNE 19. Stakes, £100 and Champion Trophy. For reserved seats apply at Rink. Admission: Body of hall, 2s; gallery, 1s.

OPEN UNTIL SIX O'CLOCK, THIS DAY, Thursday, THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE. The GREAT EXHIBITION of Furnishing Merchandise still continues. W. B. CAMPBELL.

SURE Fortune, one understands business. Russo-Turkish War PANORAMA for Sale. 139, Woolloomooloo-st.

NOTICE.—L'ENTR'ACTE has the sole and exclusive right of Circulating at the Theatre Royal and Queen's Theatre, by authority of the Lessees; and is also circulated at the Victoria Theatre, and Kelly and Leon's Opera House. Publishing office, 46, Pitt-street, opposite Queen's place.

CHRIST CHURCH SCHOOL, Pitt-st.—Friends, come to the Concert on TUESDAY next, 22nd. Admission 1s.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Messrs. COPPIN, HENNINGS, and GREVILLE have the honour of announcing that they have taken the above popular place of amusement FOR A SHORT SEASON, and will have the pleasure of introducing several novelties new to the Sydney public, and commencing with IRELAND'S COMEDIAN, GRATTAN RIGGS, in his great specialty and Protean impersonation, THE IRISH DETECTIVE.

JOHNNY LEMONS ... Mr. J. R. GREVILLE,

THIS EVENING, Successful production of the great local New York drama, in 5 Acts, THE IRISH DETECTIVE.

The incidents portrayed in this remarkable Drama actually took place in America some years ago, and appeared in the columns of the NEW YORK HERALD, under the head of "MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCES."

Arthur Tracey, the Detective ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
Michael Doolan, from Galway ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
Hans Speilman, a German Glazier ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
Pop Corn Juice, an aged Negro ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
Mrs. Muldoon, a Fruit Vendor ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
Matteo Mazetti, an Italian Padrone ...	GRATTAN RIGGS
William Hoyt ...	Mr. W. G. Carey
Richard Stockton, alias Dr. Mildmay ...	Mr. H. N. Douglas
Adolphus Tiverton ...	Mr. H. Emmett
Jim Tong ...	Mr. Charles Overton
Mr. Elton ...	Mr. Stirling Whyte
Grace Hoyt ...	Miss Flora Anstead
Sally Racket ...	Miss Kate Foley
Abigail ...	Miss Docy Mainwaring
Jessie ...	Mrs. Greville.

Supported by a Double Company.

INCIDENTAL TO THE DRAMA. Comic Duet and Medley Hornpipe, Miss Kate Foley and Mr. Greville.

Dress Circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; upper circle, 2s; pit and gallery, 1s. BOX PLAN at Elvy and Co.'s. Doors open at half-past 7. Curtain will rise at 8.

CHIARINI'S ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS and PERFORMING ANIMALS.

HAYMARKET RESERVE.

EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, FAMILY MATINEE, at half-past 2.

Signor CHIARINI begs to thank his friends and the public for the kind and enthusiastic welcome accorded him on this, his second visit to Sydney, and to announce that the following amusing novelties will be presented during this, the FOURTH WEEK of the ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS, the most fashionable and popular entertainment in town.

SPECTACULAR ROMAN TOURNAMENT, by five Ladies, mounted on beautiful chargers, Mdlles. REID, GEORGINA, VIOLETTE, FERGUS, and LEE.

THE MAGIC RINGS, by the marvellous gymnasts, Miss SARAH FERGUS and T. CEBELLAS.

GRECIAN SPORTS, on two barebacked steeds, by HARRY LEE, and his accomplished Sister, ROSA.

KATIE, THE ENGLISH TRICK MARE, presented by F. SYLVESTER.

ATAHUALPA BOLIVA, the Baby Elephant, introduced by his trainer, JAMES HOLLOWAY.

DRAWING-ROOM ENTERTAINMENT, by Miss ROSA LEE, and her brothers HARRY LAVATER and LITTLE FRANKIE.

Miss NELLIE REID, will introduce (first time) the Beautiful Horse CAPTAIN, from the stables of Mr. George F. Want, Sydney.

Mr. A. DUNBAR, in his feats of dexterity, including the great SLATE-SPINNING ACT.

Signor CHIARINI will again, by particular request, present his wonderful FIVE BLACK PRUSSIAN STALLIONS, in their astonishing performance.

HOLLOWAY, LEHMAN, SIEGRIST, and DUNBAR, the four inimitable Clowns in their Side-splitting Jokes and excruciatingly funny antics.

Beside other new and thrilling Equestrian and Acrobatic Feats by our PEERLESS COMBINATION of 20 FIRST-CLASS STARS.

PRICES AS USUAL.

EGYPTIAN HALL, GEORGE-STREET, near King-street. Proprietor ... John Solomon

GRAND OPENING NIGHT, SATURDAY, June 19, and Every Evening until further notice, The WONDERFUL AFGHANS in their MARVELLOUS ORIENTAL NECROMANCY. THE ZULU WAR. THE ZULU WAR. The Panoptoscope, and other Novelties. THE BEST SHOW IN AUSTRALIA. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Admission, 1s.

GREAT ADDITIONS AND NOVELTIES. THIODON'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC, 152, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer's. Open daily from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m. Admission One Shilling. Mr. THIODON, Jun., the GREAT IMPERIAL ILLUSIONIST, appears at 8 Every Night This Week. Amongst the Novelties, The Most Extraordinary and Inexhaustible SCRAP ALBUM TRICK will be introduced; must be seen to be believed (no extra charge). N.B.—The Beautiful CRYSTAL PALACE FORTUNE-TELLING FAIRY will hold her Levée daily, in addition to a thousand and one attractions.

SKATING RINK. PROTESTANT HALL SKATING RINK. Open TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT. THIS AFTERNOON. THIS AFTERNOON. SATURDAY. COLONIES v. ENGLAND. SATURDAY. ALFRED WYBURD v. FRANK PULLYN. Seats can be reserved at the Rink. ALFRED WYBURD, Champion Skater.

CHALLENGE. D. M'DONALD will ROW ANY MAN in Sydney (barring W. Trickett) in best and best boats, for £50 a side. Match can be made at Hickey's Hotel, Market-street, between 8 and 10 p.m. on Saturday next.

CHALLENGE. HENRY PIERCE will take £50 to £40 and row J. LAYCOCK, in best and best boats, in one month from this date. Match can be made at Punch's Hotel, on Saturday next, between 8 and 10 p.m.

I, THE Undersigned, not feeling satisfied with the decision of the Referee in FOOT-RACE, BANNERMAN v. ALBERT, on Tuesday last, do hereby challenge C. BANNERMAN, same conditions, for £20 or upwards, and will meet him, at 8 p.m. on SATURDAY next, at H. HALL'S, Turon Inn, to make a Match. (Signed) ALBERT.

LOOK OUT! The Premier Band PICNIC on SATURDAY next, to Mosman's Bay. J. B. TAYLOR.

DANCING.—Mr. J. HALL'S Assembly, THIS EVENING, Oddfellows' Hall, Sussex-street.

Building Materials.

DRAIN PIPES, at reduced prices, viz.:—3-inch, 4d; 4-inch, 4½d; 6-inch, 6d; 9-inch, 1s; 12-inch, 1s 6d; 16-inch, 3s; 18-inch, 4s; 21-inch, 7s 6d; 24-inch, 10s per foot. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street, and 9, Parramatta-street. Pottery, Riley-street South.

BRICKS. In any quantities, AT RED CROSS STEAM PLASTIC WORKS, Marrickville. W. G. COLLINGS.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY. FIRST PRIZE MEDAL, SYDNEY EXHIBITION, 1879-80.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY. IRON MANUFACTURERS AND GALVANIZERS. TRADE MARKS: First Brand "O anchor O." First quality. Second Brand "Eagle." Eagle quality. The Gospel Oak is the oldest manufacture of GALVANIZED IRON in England. The original Galvanized Tinned Iron was first made at these works in the year 1842. This iron obtained the prize medal for "EXCELLENT QUALITY" at the Great Exhibition of 1862, it being the ONLY PRIZE MEDAL awarded in the trade. The price is now greatly reduced. Works: Gospel Oak Iron Works, Tipton; Mitre Works, Wolverhampton; Regent's Canal, Limehouse, London. Warehouse: 86, Upper Thames-street, London. Export Office: 110, Cannon-street, London.

WALL PAPERS, new patterns, high class; also, cheap assorted Bales for storekeepers; Champion Lead, Oils, Colours, Mander's Varnish, Kent's Brushware, Chance's Sheet Glass. H. H. GROTH, 330, George-street.

BRICKS for SALE, £2 15s, delivered North Shore. H. RUSSELL, Lane Cove Road.

LIME.—Pure MARBLE LIME and Dennis's Welsh Fireclay. Marble Lime Company's Depot, 8, King-street.

AMERICAN WALNUTWOOD, in boards; Italian ditto, veneers. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 416, George-street.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—400,000 feet T. and G. Flooring, 6 and 4 inch, seasoned. G. F. Mason, Patent Slip Wharf.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—Architraves, Skirting, Mouldings, Doors, Shelving, E. W. Boards, &c. G. F. MASON.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—6 and 4 x 1¼, 1½, 1¾, 2 inch T. and G.; ½, ¾ T. and G. and B.; 1, 1¼, and 1½ A. B.; 1¼, 2, 2½ inch Scotia. G. F. MASON.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—½-inch Boat Boards, dressed and rough; 20,000 ½ inch rough, all seasoned. G. F. Mason.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—300,000 feet Deck and Ship Plank, from 4 x 1½ to 6 x 6, all heart, seasoned. G. F. Mason.

CEDAR, PINE, H. W. Palings, &c., on SALE. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

FOSTER, BROTHERS, of the Kent Oil and Colour Warehouse, have on SALE, Harland and Son's, and other best makers of Varnishes, Oils, Paints, Colours, Red and White Leads, Plain and Ornamental Window Glass, Paperhangings, Kent's Brushware, &c., and every article in the trade at lowest rates. 306, George-street South. Free delivery city and suburbs.

NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16.

The PRESIDENT took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

PETITION.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL presented a petition from certain residents of Sydney, praying that the House would re-commit the Electoral Bill for the purpose of reconsidering the clause relating to the £10 deposit.

The petition was read and received.

PARRAMATTA POLICE BARRACKS.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. Piddington, said it had been suggested by the manager of Government asylums, that the police barracks at Parramatta should be used to provide additional accommodation for paupers continually pressing for admission; and also for a recreation ground for the large number of paupers congregated in the Erysipelas Hospital. No determination, however, had been arrived at.

EVIDENCE BY COMMISSIONERS UNDER GREAT SEAL.

On the motion of Mr. SAMUEL, this bill was read a third time and passed, and ordered to be transmitted to the Legislative Assembly for its concurrence.

ELECTORAL BILL.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON proposed that the Electoral Bill should be recommitted, for the purpose of reconsidering clauses 1, 5, 46, and 47; and also for the purpose of effecting verbal alterations in clauses 9 and 13, and amending the schedules.

Mr. DOCKER said he noticed that clause 46, one of the clauses to be recommitted, dealt with what were to be considered corrupt practices which were to make void an election. This clause, as it now stood, had been passed by the other branch of the Legislature by 38 votes to 2, and as the members of the Assembly were the only persons interested, he thought that it would not be wise to attempt any amendment of this clause.

Mr. DARLEY pointed out that two of the sub-sections were not in accord with the rest of the clause, and it would therefore be necessary to recommit the clause.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL pointed out that a petition had been presented in favour of recommitting the bill, for the purpose of reconsidering the £10 deposit clause.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that he would not propose to reconsider that clause, because he knew that the House would not agree with him on the subject.

The motion for the recommittal of the bill was then passed, and the House went into committee.

Clause 1. "Interpretation."

This clause was amended by the insertion of the words "Governor: the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council."

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved that it be further amended by the insertion of the words "Authorised agent: any person holding the written authority of any candidate to act on his behalf for an election then pending."

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN was afraid this would prevent the proper persons being punished. If a man did any corrupt thing by an agent, or by any man, he should be severely punished. Supposing that he started as a candidate without an agent, and subsequently a man came to him saying there was an elector who, if bribed, would vote for him; and he said "Oh, yes," and the elector was bribed in consequence, he would be criminally responsible. Where a candidate was cognisant that the law was being broken on his account, he should be punished if he did not endeavour to prevent it. Therefore, what was the use of putting in the words authorised agent. If they were left out the principal would be punishable; if inserted a doubt as to whether authority had been given might arise. As a lawyer and a man interested in this question, and knowing that corrupt practices were pursued to a great extent, he wished to make the law as effective as possible.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that during election times a great many ruffians scrambled around candidates, and if these words were not inserted, candidates would be at their mercy if they chose to call themselves agents. For example, they might say "as agents for Sir John Robertson, we have treated so and so," and he would be held punishable in consequence.

Sir JOHN HAY regarded this as a very important subject. There was no doubt that the law of England, as to corrupt practices, was not in a satisfactory condition, and most of the efforts to amend it had been defeated because they were aimed at the candidates who it was held might be innocent in many instances more than at those who were the direct corruptors. In this country they must consider that corrupt practices might be resorted to more by the friends of a candidate than the candidate himself. [Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: By his enemies I should say.] In attempting to put them down—and he did not know that they were so rampant here as many persons supposed—they must be careful not to run the risk of punishing innocent persons. The object of Sir John Robertson seemed to be the establishment of a test as to what an authorised agent was. [Sir J. ROBERTSON: Hear, hear.] He understood that if they did not establish such a test, they ran the chance of making the most useful men in the country the victims of a petty conspiracy in consequence of men saying they were authorized by word of mouth to act as their agents. There was no doubt some risk of this being done, and one of the greatest obstacles in the way of men of character and standing offering themselves as representatives of constituencies was the kind of men who would surround them when they came forward. If parole evidence were accepted they knew they would run great risk of corruption being proved against them. If the authority were given in writing, was the risk of the corrupt candidate escaping punishment greater that it would be otherwise? If a candidate were sure that corruption was practised, and it was proved against him, the law would still touch him. But was it the case that they would run the risk of enabling candidates to bribe with impunity, if they limited the character of agent to a man who could show that his appointment was in writing. He was aware, from his little experience, of electioneering matters, that candidates were placed in exceedingly difficult and false positions, by being made responsible for the acts of men who in reality were not their agents, although they professed to be. These men constituted themselves agents, and made it difficult to prove they were not agents, and at the same time the candidates were glad to get rid of them. (Laughter.) They could not tell these men to be off or insult them, without spoiling their own chances. He held that they should take steps for protecting candidates, for they as much as any person required protection during an election. Anything which deprived a candidate of protection would be a bad thing for the country. If they wished to put down bribery and personation, let them punish the person who committed these offences. By doing that they would do more to prevent these offences than by disqualifying any man from serving the country in Parliament. In England the candidate was sheltered by a Court of Law, and was not exposed to the danger of party spirit, which was liable to influence an inquiry in the Legislative Assembly. But then even in England the Courts had found it impossible to free a man from disqualifications. In the last edition of May it was shown that a man perfectly innocent might be disqualified from sitting in Parliament on a wrong charge brought against him. May said,—"Such determinations have been founded upon the principle that though without such proof the member could not be sued for penalties, yet so far as his seat in Parliament is concerned, a proof of general agency for the management of an election is sufficient to make the principal civilly responsible for ever unauthorised and illegal act committed by his agent by whom his own return had been secured. This principle, however, has been extended much further, and has been construed so as to attach some of the penalties of bribery to the principal, although such bribery has been committed by his agents without his knowledge and consent. In 1842, the election of Mr. Harris for Newcastle-under-Lyme was voided by reason of bribery; but the committee reported that 'no evidence was given to show that these acts of bribery were committed with the knowledge and consent of Mr. Harris.' Mr. Harris was re-elected and petitioned against, and the committee determined 'that Mr. Harris, having been declared by a committee of the House of Commons to have been guilty of bribery by his agents at the previous election for the borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme, and that election having been voided, was incapable of being elected at the election which took place in consequence of such voidance.' And in later cases the same principle has been extended to unsuccessful candidates at a previous election." He thought that they had gone to a length in England that they would not agree to go to here.

Mr. FOSTER said that no upright man could fail to appreciate the tenderness exhibited by the Vice-President of the Executive Council towards candidates liable to be charged with corruption, but he thought the hon. gentleman allowed that feeling to carry him too far. The hon. gentleman seemed to think there would be a very great probability of a candidate being disqualified. He thought the possibility was infinitely small. (Oh, oh!) The law as contained in the 60th provision of the Electoral Bill was substantially the same as the clause; yet where had there been any cases of the nature complained of during the past 22 years? He thought the danger of which the hon. member complained was rather remote. Still he did think there was a certain amount of danger, considering that the cases were tried before the Legislative Assembly, and he should suggest that an alteration should be made in the clause to which these interpretation terms were applicable, so that the conviction should be before some court of competent jurisdiction—some court of record. Then there would be some security for members. If they inserted the words providing that an agent must be authorized in writing they would reduce the question of agency to a sham. If a man acted by means of an agent he had authorized verbally, surely he ought to be punished. They would not be able to touch a candidate if these words were "in writing."

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that the hon. gentleman had as much experience of elections as bachelors had of wives, or old maids of children. Suppose a tremendous struggle took place in any electorate and a person went up to a prominent man and offered to be his agent, but the candidate refused, this person, however, knew he had been seen speaking with the candidate, and on the strength of that went to a public-house, representing that he was the agent of the candidate, and gave persons drink or money. Then, having served this purpose, the man got it spread abroad, and the result was an imputation on the candidate, and an inquiry before a committee of the Legislative Assembly. Then let him look at the members of that committee, and he would tell them which way the decision would be. Was a candidate to be degraded in this way at the mercy of any ruffian? Were the people of the colony to have an eminent man disqualified for election in such a way? It was all very well for gentlemen who came in to the Legislative Council by the cabin door to talk in the style the hon. member talked; but those hon. members who had come from the Legislative Assembly would be disposed to see that candidates to the Assembly had fair play.

Mr. DOCKER had had no experience of the mischievous actions which took place between candidates and their agents. He was obliged to look at the question from a common-sense point of view; and he came to the conclusion that, if a candidate accepted the service of any agent, and derived the benefit of his agency, he ought to be liable. The difficulty was to prove the man was an authorized agent. The fact of the candidate accepting the service, he maintained, rendered the man an authorized agent. Was it not a fact that at our city elections, political and municipal, vehicles were used, placarded with the names of candidates, in carrying electors to vote? Were they to wait until it was ascertained by writing that these persons were employed? It became an insult to common sense to talk of requiring proof in writing.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that in the early days it was his misfortune to oppose the hon. gentleman for three counties. In that election he well remembered that a gentleman named Goodwin drove about the district with a buggy, having on it "Vote for Docker." Now, his hon. friend told him at the time that he gave no authority to Goodwin to do that. Here was the whole case.

Mr. DOCKER: I never heard of it.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: Then I will not say another word.

Mr. DOCKER denied that he was aware of anything of the kind. He never heard that the person the hon. gentleman alluded to had a buggy. He desired to remind Sir John Robertson that he (Sir John) had expressed his intention of bringing forward this bitter enemy as a supporter of his (Mr. Docker's) as a proof that he ought to have been rejected. He (Mr. Docker) warned Sir John Robertson at the time that this man was no friend of his, and also told him that if he (Sir John Robertson) persisted in making any such statement he (Mr. Docker) would whet his razor upon his (Sir John Robertson's) hone. (Laughter.)

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL said that he quite sympathised with the speech of the President, but unfortunately we had to deal with a class who were constantly committing acts of bribery and corruption. It appeared to him that it would be impossible to prove corruption if written authority were necessary to prove agency. (Hear, hear.) A man would have to be a born idiot who would render himself liable by giving instructions in writing when he could accomplish his object by mere verbal instructions.

Mr. OGILVIE said that this danger that Sir John Robertson had spoken of had been in existence in this colony for twenty years. He had told the House that a lot of evils might arise under this clause, but he had not mentioned a single instance of any of those evils having occurred under the system which had already been in force for twenty years. The fact that these evils had not occurred in the past was the best answer to the speech of Sir John Robertson. It was not to be supposed at all that any candidate would ever give his agent any written authority, when he would thereby be exposing himself unnecessarily to serious liabilities.

Mr. PIDDINGTON thought that the remarks of Sir John Robertson fairly met the case. It had been argued that it was not necessary to appoint an agent in writing; but it was not necessary to appoint an agent verbally, and he had been surprised to hear doubt thrown upon the decisions of the Elections and Qualifications Committees of the Legislative Assembly, because he felt convinced that the decisions of those committees had been generally free from political bias.

Mr. HOLT considered the amendment a most excellent one, and hoped the Council would adopt it, for without it he did not know what the result would be if politics ran high. There would be such a lot of what his hon. friend called ruffians around candidates that it would be difficult to escape from them. Something should be introduced to protect the candidates from possible punishment more than the verbal statement of such men.

Mr. DARLEY said that if the amendment were carried a candidate could not be punished if he were guilty of corrupt practices. He would take care not to give authority in writing to any agent. He could say that he would spend £1000 on an election, and appoint so-and-so to distribute it, and they will bribe right and left; and he would keep open public-houses, and he would not be liable for doing so. That was the logical outcome of his hon. friend's amendment, and they must feel assured that impure candidates were capable of existence, because they had made provision for punishing them. He would vote against the amendment.

After some further remarks from Sir ALFRED STEPHEN and Sir JOHN ROBERTSON,

Mr. STEWART did not quite understand the amendment, but he could not see any great objection to require an agent to have authority in writing before he could be held to be an agent. It was well known that persons without authority did put themselves forward in a most objectionable way as agents of candidates when they were not authorised to act in that capacity.

Mr. MARKS did not see any necessity for a candidate to appoint an agent at all. The amendment would be practically useless under the present condition of things. It might give greater protection to the candidate, but on the whole the evils arising from it would be greater than the advantage. A candidate could call around him all the active spirits in an electorate, and say "Here is £5000; go and spend that on my behalf, and return me," and yet he would not be held responsible if this were not done in writing. He did not think a candidate was in any great danger from the provision proposed by the Assembly, as persons making false charges would expose themselves for perjury.

Mr. FOSTER said that this proposition to secure the purity of the other House had been duly considered by the Legislative Assembly, and now it was proposed to make it abortive; and to say the amendment could be struck out by the Assembly if they did not like it was, he thought, a very strange argument for the Vice-President of the Executive Council to make use of. This clause had been introduced by men who had had experience of popular elections, and some members of this House who had been elected to Parliament had promised to give it their support.

Mr. HOLT said that this clause did not contain a novel principle. It was merely carrying out an old law that all contracts should be in writing.

After some remarks from Mr. A. CAMPBELL and Sir JOHN ROBERTSON,

The question "That the words proposed to be inserted be so inserted," was put and carried on the following division:

AYES, 11.

Hay	Stewart	Holt
Robertson	Piddington	Gordon, Oakes (Tellers)
Samuel	Bell	
Flood	Frazer	

NOES, 9.

Docker	Foster	Darley
Busby	Norton	Ogilvie, A. Campbell (Tellers)
Chisholm	Marks	

The clause as amended was then agreed to.

Clause 5, "Apportionment of members," was postponed.

Clauses 9 and 11 were verbally amended by the omission of the words, "with the advice of the Executive Council," in order to make the clauses harmonise with the amendment which had been made in the interpretation clause.

Clause 46, "What shall be corrupt practices," was amended by the insertion of the following words at the end of the 4th and 6th sub-sections: "At the expense or by the authority of the candidate, or with the view of influencing the vote of such election."

The Committee then proceeded to the consideration of schedule A, in which

Mr. NORTON proposed to strike out the divisions "North Cumberland" and "South Cumberland," for the purpose of inserting a division embracing the above, and to be named, as at present, "Central Cumberland."

Mr. FLOOD was opposed to the alteration. The last time he was in the Assembly he had represented Central Cumberland, and he was astonished that any body of electors should propose to alter the divisions proposed by the Government.

Mr. NORTON said that he had presented a petition from 900 electors of Cumberland in favour of his proposal, and he had that day received, too late for presentation, two other petitions to the same effect. He believed that both the electors and the members for these particular electorates were in support of the proposal.

Mr. OAKES hoped that the committee would not receive the amendment. He was quite sure that the Government must have had good reason for breaking up the electorate into two.

On the question that the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the question, a division was taken with the following result:—

AYES, 5.

Samuel	Stephen	Stewart, Flood (Tellers)
Oakes		

NOES, 10.

Hay	Norton	Holt
Campbell	Piddington	Ogilvie, Chisholm (Tellers)
Docker	Bell	
Robertson		

Mr. Norton's amendment for the striking out of the two divisions of Cumberland was therefore carried.

Mr. NORTON then proposed the insertion of a new division to be named "Central Cumberland," with two members.

The question was put that the words proposed to be inserted be inserted.

Mr. FLOOD, as a supporter of the Government, felt in a very awkward position. Here was a Government measure introduced, and the Vice-President of the Executive Council voting in favour of an amendment of it. He was in a particular dilemma as to what he was to do in future. He would have to follow the course of his hon. friend, he supposed, and go in as a free lance. This had ceased to be a Government measure, and the action which had been taken with regard to it conveyed the impression that the Government were like a rope of sand—having no adhesive properties in their composition. The division of the electorate, he believed, must have been agreed upon after mature deliberation, and no doubt the agreement was a wise one. He was in favour of constituencies having only one member each, for then there could be no bunching. He was extremely sorry for what had transpired, and considered Sir John Robertson should have intimated his intentions to the Council.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that if the hon. gentleman had been present the other night he would not have made these remarks. It was stated that 530 electors had petitioned in favour of the unification of these electorates, and the gentlemen representing the constituency expressed their wishes that this should take place, whereupon he promised that unless another petition antagonistic to the first were presented he would vote for its taking place. Another petition was presented, but it was of the same tenor as the first. It was true that he ought to have spoken before of his intention, but he was busy writing at the time, and did not ascertain what he ought to have done until it was too late for him to speak. As to any difference of opinion on this subject between the representatives of the Government in the Council, he supposed that Mr. Samuel had not been made aware of what he had promised to do.

Mr. STEWART had always understood that it was the duty of hon. gentlemen to deal with measures on their merits, and not as supporters of any particular Government. Mr. Flood, however, seemed desirous of introducing a party platform in the Council such as he thought should be confined to the other Chamber. He was in favour of single electorates, and it was on that ground he voted for the amendment.

Mr. PIDDINGTON said that he was in favour of large electorates, and he thought if they had only eight or nine in the colony they would secure the return of gentlemen representing national interests rather than those of the storekeepers and publicans, and no one else.

Mr. FLOOD maintained that the great object of dividing the colony into electorates was, to secure the convenience of electors. He was against class legislation and class representation; and he could not see what the people of South Cumberland and North Cumberland did not have in common, so far as representation was concerned.

The question was agreed to; and the schedule, as amended, agreed to also.

Postponed clause 5, verbally amended in consequence of the foregoing amendment being carried, was then agreed to.

Mr. DOCKER congratulated the Assembly on the bill having been agreed to with only one alteration of consequence—that in the 35th clause. All the other alterations had been suggested by the Government. The bill had been a necessity for many years, and now there was every probability of its becoming law. The carrying of the last amendment, however, had presented the remarkable spectacle of a house divided against itself. He would leave it to hon. gentlemen to point the moral.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON thought this might be amusing, but could not see the use of fighting at every turn.

The CHAIRMAN then left the chair and reported the bill with amendments, whereupon the bill was recommitted for the purpose of consequentially amending clause 4, to make it provide for the division of the colony into 72 instead of 73 electorates.

The bill was then reported with further amendments and the report adopted.

CHURCH AND SCHOOL LANDS DEDICATION BILL.

The PRESIDENT read a message from the Legislative Assembly forwarding the Church and School Lands Dedication Bill, No. 2.

On the motion of Mr. SAMUEL the bill was read a first time, and the second reading made an order of the day for next day.

SECRET BILLS OF SALE BILL.

The PRESIDENT read a message from the Legislative Assembly, conveying the Assembly's decision on the Council's amendments in the Secret Bills of Sale Bill.

On the motion of Mr. NORTON the consideration of the message was made an order of the day for this day week.

CENSUS BILL.

Mr. SAMUEL moved that this bill be read the second time. The object of the bill was to enable the census of the colony to be taken on the 3rd April, 1881, at the time that the census was to be taken by the Imperial Government in Great Britain, and in other colonies.

The motion was passed, and the House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

Clauses 1 to 5 were passed.

On clause 6 being submitted, Mr. PIDDINGTON suggested that in the census papers the age of persons over eighty should be distinguished more distinctly than it had been the custom to do hitherto, as it was interesting for scientific and other reasons to know the longevity of patriarchal colonists.

Mr. SAMUEL promised to give attention to the hon. gentleman's suggestion.

The remaining clauses were passed.

Mr. STEWART said he hoped that maps would be incorporated with the census papers as they were in England, to show the way in which the population was centered.

The report was adopted.

LANDS FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES ACQUISITION BILL.

Mr. SAMUEL moved the recommittal of the bill with a view to reconsider clause 17. An amendment in the 17th clause providing that interest should be paid on the amount of compensation originated an appropriation out of the Consolidated Revenue. That was a violation of the Constitution Act.

Mr. FOSTER admitted that the words appeared to affect the Consolidated Revenue Fund. If the 17th clause were recommitted, however, the 18th clause should be recommitted for the purpose of inserting the provision to be eliminated from the 17th, which could be done without any constitutional objection. If this were not agreed to, he should object to the recommittal. The provision to which objection was taken had been carried here by a considerable majority.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL asked whether the Postmaster-General proposed to get rid of this provision for interest.

Mr. SAMUEL: Of course.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL: Then he did not think the recommittal should be submitted to.

Mr. SAMUEL: We have no power to do it.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL: Then, let the bill be laid aside, and another measure be introduced in the other House embodying the provision which a majority of this House approved of.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN said that it would be undesirable to raise the question of the constitutional powers possessed by this Chamber, and he hoped that some method would be devised of getting rid of the difficulty.

Mr. HOLT stated that he did not know a single instance in which the Government had paid interest for the land which they had taken possession of. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. OGILVIE said that Mr. Samuel had objected to Mr. Foster's suggestion because he had had trouble enough with the bill already. [Mr. SAMUEL: What I said was, that there had been trouble enough with the bill already.] Well, admitting that, was that a reason why an injustice to individuals should be tolerated under this clause? Unless the 18th clause was re-committed with the 17th, he would oppose the re-committal.

Sir GEORGE INNES hoped that the bill would be re-committed, because it was a pity to force these differences on the question of constitutional rights with the Assembly. With regard to the question of interest, his experience had been that the Government had usually paid twice the value of the land they had resumed. And the fact they should bear in mind was that arbitrators, in dealing with the amount of compensation that would have to be paid for land that had been resumed, always took care that they should leave a margin that would fully cover interest, and frequently far more than 6 per cent. interest. (Hear, hear.) It might suit Mr. Ogilvie to force the passage of this bill with this amendment in it, because it was certain to be laid aside in the other House, and possibly the bill would thus be lost for this session. He (Sir George Innes) did not suppose that he would have any effect upon Mr. Ogilvie; but, as the majority of the members of the Council were in favour of the bill, he hoped they would not allow the passage of the bill to be prejudiced.

Mr. SAMUEL regretted that Mr. Ogilvie should have publicly made use of an expression that had been used privately, and had been, so far, guilty of eaves-dropping. The expression, "We have had enough trouble with the bill," was made use of in a private conversation, and Mr. Ogilvie ought not, in common decency, to have made capital of any words that had not been uttered in debate. [Mr. Samuel was called to order.] He trusted that the House would not insist upon this amendment remaining in the bill, because it was clearly in excess of the rights of the Council.

Mr. OGILVIE said the hon. member had charged him with eaves-dropping and repeating words he had no right to hear. A more monstrous misapplication of terms could not be imagined. The hon. gentleman had spoken the words loudly in his place in the Council that he had repeated, and they were used in reply to language which fell from Mr. A. Campbell. That gentleman pointed out the necessity for a certain clause to be recommitted whereupon the Postmaster-General said that enough trouble had arisen with the bill already. And yet the hon. gentleman had the audacity—the insolence to accuse him of eaves-dropping.

The PRESIDENT said the hon. gentleman was out of order in attributing insolence to any hon. gentleman.

Mr. OGILVIE said that, with all respect for the ruling of the chair, he did not consider the term too strong under the circumstances of the case.

The PRESIDENT said the hon. gentleman could make any explanation in answer to the charge against him, but he could not permit him to use terms that were out of order.

Mr. OGILVIE maintained that he had done nothing improper in repeating what he had heard the Postmaster-General say.

The amendment for the re-committal of the bill was then agreed to, and the Council went into committee to re-consider clauses 16 and 17.

Clause 16. "As to payment of compensation."

The words "interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the time of the publication in the *Gazette* as aforesaid and costs out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund" were omitted, and the clause was then agreed to.

Clause 17. "Compensation how to be estimated."

Mr. FOSTER moved an amendment to the effect that words be inserted providing for the payment of interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the assessed value of land until it was paid. He said that this would not impose taxation or assessment on the people, but would simply determine on what terms certain property was to be taken.

After some remarks from Sir ALFRED STEPHEN, who was understood in the gallery to oppose the amendment,

Mr. A. CAMPBELL maintained that it would be only just to pay persons interest on the value of their property until it was paid to them. The jury would have to assess the value of the property and beyond that they could not go. The Government would give notice that they had resumed the land, and it was then vested in them, they getting all the incomings. The proprietor could not do anything with regard to it.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: He could raise money on it; he could mortgage his claim on the Government.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL: He could not.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: I only wish I had the chance.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL: The property became, *ipso facto*, that of the Government. All he wanted to provide for was, that if an owner were not paid his money as soon as his land was taken from him he should receive a fair rate of interest until it was paid. This, surely, was a reasonable request.

Mr. SAMUEL said that providing for interest was originating a charge on the revenue, which they had no right to do. The clause fully provided for interest and compensation.

Mr. OGILVIE supported the amendment. They ought not to do an injustice to individuals. To meet the constitutional difficulty the other House had a remedy which they could adopt, and, while asserting their rights, give effect to the wishes of this body.

Mr. FOSTER maintained that this provision was not contrary to the Constitution Act.

The question "that the words proposed to be added be so added" was put, and the House divided. There being no tellers on the side of the noes, the question was resolved in the affirmative, and the clause was carried as amended.

Mr. SAMUEL moved that the Chairman leave the chair, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, and stated his intention to move for the recommittal of the bill with a view to reconsider the clause just passed. He had voted for the clause with the view to prevent a count out.

The motion was agreed to, and the bill was reported with amendments.

The House adjourned at ten minutes to 11 o'clock until 4 o'clock on Thursday.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Dangar that the lines of tanks asked for between the Barwon and the Warren Rivers had been numerous—no less than four routes—two of which were provided for; that it had been determined to have a full inquiry as to the necessity for so many before further provision was asked for.

Mr. WISDOM informed Mr. Jacob that Mr. Justice Windeyer would be required to attend as a witness at the trial of D. J. Newton on a charge of forgery.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Cameron that he was not aware that members of Parliament, acting as contractors' agents, were allowed to inspect plans and specifications at the Works Department, while other people were kept waiting. If this were so, he would take steps to prevent it in future.

Mr. HOSKINS informed Mr. Dangar that the question of a site for the proposed New Millie township had not been decided, but would be referred to the Secretary for Works, for early consideration.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Cameron that the erection of the ironwork for the completion of the Iron Cove bridge would be commenced as early as possible. Some of the cylinders were already sunk. The work would be carried out in the same manner as that at the Parramatta Bridge, and would be completed nearly within the contract time.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Cameron that action had already been taken to grant the prayer of the petition of the Builders and Contractors' Association, presented to this House, asking that steps might be taken to prevent members of Parliament acting as agents for contractors, on condition that they were paid a certain amount of money if they succeed in obtaining certain departmental information.

Sir HENRY PARKES informed Mr. Taylor that the question of an additional grant of £100 to the Parramatta District Hospital would be attended to, when other estimates were being prepared.

Sir HENRY PARKES informed Mr. Cameron that he had received a telegram from the Police Magistrate, Singleton, with reference to the arrest of Herbert Alcorn, at his father's residence, on the 3rd June last, on the charge of stealing from the person. He was given in charge to senior-sergeant Webb, and the prosecutor went to the lockup and signed the charge-sheet, which, he was informed, was the usual course. The prosecutor was said to have been sober at the time he gave Alcorn in charge, but when the case was called for hearing it had to be adjourned in consequence of his being in an unfit state to give evidence. He was subsequently arrested for being drunk, and was fined £1, in default forty-eight hours' imprisonment, and he suffered the imprisonment. Further inquiry into the charge against Alcorn would be made.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Bowman that the question of providing for a bridge over the Namoi, at Manilla, was being considered by the Government.

Mr. BAKER informed Mr. Lynch (for Mr. Coonan) that the Government were now supplying funds to carry on the appeal to the Privy Council in the case of Turner v. Walsh, lately tried in the Supreme Court, in which a verdict was given for the defendant.

Sir HENRY PARKES informed Mr. Taylor that plans would be prepared, and tenders invited, with as little delay as possible, for the removal of the nuisance at Lennox Bridge, Parramatta.

Sir HENRY PARKES informed Mr. Taylor that provision had been made on the Supplementary Estimates for connecting the river at Parramatta with the hospital sewer below the dam.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Melville (for Mr. Coonan) that the Government were considering the question of providing for the construction of bridges over the Tarrion Creek and Bogan river, Gongolgon.

Mr. LACKEY informed Mr. Barbour that, though amongst the tenders for 30,000 tons of cube sets were two—one at £1 10s. 11d. per ton and another at £1 11s. 9d. a ton—less than that accepted, the stone to be supplied, Kiama stone, was superior to that offered by the lower tenders, Melbourne stone.

PARLIAMENTARY LAND AGENTS.

Mr. GREENWOOD asked the Secretary for Lands, without notice,—"1. Is there a Mr. Thomas Garrett, with an office in George-street, Sydney, who transacts business with the Government, either personally or by letter, as an agent on behalf of other persons in the purchase or lease of Crown lands? 2. Is the said Mr. Thomas Garrett the same person as Thomas Garrett, Esq., who was Minister for Lands from the 9th February, 1875, to the 6th February, 1877, and from the 17th August, 1877, to the 20th November of the same year, and who now sits in this House as one of the members for Camden? 3. Will the Minister for Lands give effect to the resolution of this House, passed on the 26th February, 1878, to the effect that 'In the opinion of this House it is contrary to the spirit of the Constitution, and dangerous alike to the independence of members of this House and Ministers of the Crown, that members of the Legislative Assembly should practise the profession of land agents in the transaction of business with the Lands Office and other public departments?'"

Mr. HOSKINS replied as follows:—1. I am not aware whether Mr. Thomas Garrett has any office in Sydney, nor have I deemed it necessary, in my capacity as Minister for Lands, to inquire. Mr. Garrett has waited on me personally, and has also written to me on matters coming within the province of the Lands Department to deal with. 2. I am of course aware that Mr. Thomas Garrett, one of the present members for Camden, held office as Minister for Lands during the periods stated. But not knowing, as I have just stated, whether Mr. Garrett has any private office in Sydney, as land agent or otherwise, I am unable to state whether he is identical with the Mr. Garrett referred to in the hon. member's previous question. 3. Whilst I have full knowledge of the resolution quoted by the hon. member, I have never inquired, nor have I felt it in any way my place to inquire, of the different members of Parliament who interview or write to me, in behalf of their constituents or others, upon matters of business in connection with my department whether they are acting as professional or paid land agents.

PAPERS.

Mr. HOSKINS laid on the table an abstract of Crown lands authorised to be dedicated to purposes for recreation.

It was ordered that the document be printed.

Mr. FARNELL presented a petition from George Day the younger, of the parish of Hovell, pointing out that in consequence of the judgment of the Privy Council he was obliged to give up possession of his selection to the lessees of the run, and praying that that House would take his case into favourable consideration.

Mr. LYNCH presented a petition from certain citizens of Sydney, protesting against the £10 clause in the Electoral Bill.

The petitions were received.

THE CASE OF SMALL POX.

Mr. MELVILLE rose to ask the Colonial Secretary whether it was true that a vessel had arrived in port this morning having a case of small pox on board, as stated by the newspapers.

Sir HENRY PARKES replied that he had received no official report on the subject. But, if such were the case, there was no doubt that the necessary steps would immediately be taken to prevent the spread of the disease. (Hear, hear.)

COMPLETION OF THE TOWN HALL.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved,—"That this House will, to-morrow, resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to enable the Municipal Council of Sydney to raise by debentures the sum of £75,000 for the completion of the Town Hall."

The motion was agreed to.

CHURCH AND SCHOOL LANDS DEDICATION BILL (No. 2).

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, this bill was read the third time, passed, and ordered to be transmitted to the Legislative Council, with the usual message.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS BILL.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in moving the adoption of the

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report on this bill, said that he had investigated the cases brought under his notice, and had come to the conclusion that neither of the cases mentioned should be inserted in the schedule. In the first case, Dr. Pierce had failed to give any attendance on drills or ball and blank practice, as required by clauses 21 and 26 of the Volunteer Regulations. The Colonial Secretary in 1877 (Sir John Robertson) minuted a document to the effect that he could not see that Dr. Pierce had any claim to a land order. In the second case, Plummer died nine months and a half before the expiration of the period of service requisite to make his case effective.

Mr. COHEN said that he had recently looked up the papers in connexion with the case of the late Dr. Pierce, and had found that the Government had been applied to for the land order, and it was shown that Dr. Pierce had attended all the parades which had been required of him; and was always ready to attend others. The matter had been referred to Mr. Attorney-General Windeyer who had given it as his opinion that it was not a matter of law, but simply one for regulation, and the Under-secretary had signed a minute recommending the issue of the certificate. It appeared to him from the papers that Dr. Pierce was entitled to his certificate. He believed he had been promised that this application should be granted, and he had communicated this promise to the friends of Dr. Pierce, and they fully expected it would be issued. Dr. Pierce had obeyed the spirit of the regulations, and he would therefore move that the bill be recommitted with a view to the amendment of the schedule by adding the name of the late assistant-surgeon Dr. Pierce.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said they were not to be ruled by the military authorities. The Colonial Secretary was the proper person to decide whether this case was a proper one or not. [Sir HENRY PARKES: I decide it is not.] But the hon. member did not give any reason, except that it had not been recommended by Colonel Richardson.

Sir HENRY PARKES opposed the proposal, and said that Dr. Pierce had never attended a single parade; and Sir John Robertson, when Colonial Secretary, had stated that he saw no reason for admitting the case. If they admitted this case there were scores of others which should be admitted.

Mr. CAMERON said there was a more difficult case. He had certificates showing that a man had attended the full number of parades, although they were not credited to him owing to the non-attendance of others. The case was that of Sapper Marks, of the Artillery. He was only one or two drills short, and yet a land order was to be given to the representatives of a man who had served 4½ years and died. He believed there were many harder cases than that of Dr. Pierce.

Mr. PILCHER said that he was asked some time ago to interest himself on behalf of the widow of Dr. Pierce, and he understood that it was to be included in the schedule of this bill. Upon the point which the Colonial Secretary had mentioned as being fatal in the case of Dr. Pierce, he found an opinion of the Commandant given some years ago, in favour of the land order being issued. He found no less than four commanding officers, stating that the attendance of Dr. Pierce was always voluntary, and that he was always ready to attend. Captain Bartlett also made a similar statement, and recommended that the land order should be issued to Dr. Pierce. The 26th regulation, he considered, met this case; it only called upon the medical officer to attend when required, and it seemed to him that Dr. Pierce had satisfied this regulation. He thought the application of the hon. member for West Maitland was a fair and reasonable one.

Mr. JOHN DAVIES said he had last night brought under the notice of the Colonial Secretary a case of still greater hardship than the one that had been alluded to—the case of Mr. Hawkins, of the No. 1 Highlanders, who only wanted four drills to make him efficient. Dr. Pierce, he maintained, had not served at all, for the Act said that a certain attendance was absolutely necessary, and the regulations could not over-ride the Act. There were many other cases that deserved consideration much more than the case of Dr. Pierce.

Mr. SHEPHERD said it did not follow because there were other cases of hardship that this case should not be entertained. He thought it had been clearly shown that the medical officer of a company was not called upon to attend all these drills. Dr. Pierce, it seemed had even exceeded what had been required of him, by attending voluntarily a good many drills.

Mr. ROSEBY had brought a very hard case under the notice of the Government. The gentleman he referred to had been a Volunteer for years before the new force was established, and had served four or five years under the new regulations when he died, leaving his widow and family unprovided for. He had actually served for thirteen years, and the Government might well do something to meet this case.

Mr. FARNELL thought that Dr. Pierce's case did not come into the same category as those of other Volunteers, and that it might well be inquired into.

The question that the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the question was agreed to, on division, by 33 votes to 13.

The motion for the adoption of the report was then agreed to, and the third reading of the bill was made an order of the day for to-morrow.

EVIDENCE BY COMMISSIONERS UNDER GREAT SEAL BILL.

Mr. SPEAKER reported the receipt of a message from the Legislative Council, returning the bill to regulate the taking of evidence by commissioners under the Great Seal, with amendments.

The consideration of these amendments was made an order of the day for to-morrow.

SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply.

Mr. WATSON moved that a sum, not exceeding £4611 4s. 2d., be granted to Her Majesty for the purpose of defraying charges under the head of Services for 1878 and previous years.

The motion was agreed to, the House resumed, and the resolution was reported and adopted.

WAYS AND MEANS.

The House went into Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. WATSON, in moving the resolution that a sum of £4611 4s. 2d. be granted to Her Majesty, said:—In moving this resolution I desire to take the opportunity which it affords me of stating to the committee our present financial position, and this I do, not only in fulfilment of a promise I recently made, but as a duty I owe to the committee. I am aware that the course I am about to adopt may be considered a somewhat unusual one, but under the peculiar circumstances in which I now find myself placed, it becomes my duty as the Minister more immediately responsible to Parliament for the management of the public finances, to make a statement of this nature. It will be scarcely necessary for me to remind the committee that although it is now six months since I made the financial statement proper to this session, only a small portion of the new taxation which I then proposed for the purpose of equalizing the revenue and expenditure of the country has been sanctioned by Parliament. Besides that I am sorry to say that the revenue of the last five months shows a large falling off as compared with the revenue of the corresponding five months of 1879. In order to convey to the minds of hon. members a correct idea of our present financial prospects, and the anticipations I formed in December last, I shall have to recapitulate a few of the results then placed before the committee, and while I have no desire to detain the committee, yet I would ask the forbearance and attention of hon. members for a short time while I endeavour in as few words as possible, to make them understand clearly our present position. When I have done this, I will then explain our proposals for increasing the revenue in order to make good the falling off referred to, which is chiefly, if not altogether, in the sale of our public lands by auction. To show that we can no longer calculate and rely upon these auction sales as a reliable source of revenue, I shall state the amounts received from sales of this kind during the last few years. In 1874 the receipts were £553,000; in 1875, £1,019,000; in 1876, £1,561,000; in 1877, £1,967,000; in 1878, £1,059,000; and in 1879, £698,981. For the first five months of the present year the receipts from auction sales have only been £152,000 as against £447,000 for the corresponding period of 1879, which is a reduction of £295,000. From these figures it can easily be seen that it is absolutely necessary that some substitute should be found for the revenue thus lost. Indeed, it would in my opinion be most unwise to depend in future to any great extent upon this source of revenue, nor is it desirable we should, as we can hardly expect to again receive such enormous sums as those just mentioned. In December last I estimated that the revenue of 1880, including £358,500 of proposed new taxation, would amount to £5,120,375, and that the expenditure proper to the year would probably be £4,984,183. This left an estimated surplus of £136,192. As already stated, however, the revenue of the present year has not so far come up to expectations, but the falling off has been principally in the land sales, which, as I have already shown, was no less than £295,000. My estimate of revenue from other sources will, I confidently anticipate, be realized on the whole year, although some of them have not yielded their fair proportion during the past five months. This can be accounted for in several ways, with which it is not necessary I should trouble the committee, but I fully expect that my estimate for the year will be realized. The Lands Acts Amendment Act, recently passed, cannot fail to promote the alienation of Crown lands by conditional purchase, as the conditions of sale are much more liberal than formerly, so that, instead of £250,000 estimated to be received under this head, I have good reason to expect that the actual receipts will be considerably more, but for the present I take no credit for any increase of this kind. In addition to the anticipated loss on land auction sales this year, hon. members will doubtless recollect that the Stamp Duties Bill which I introduced in the early part of the session did not become law. Had the proposed stamp duties come into operation on the 1st of April last, as I had intended, we should have realized during the last two months, say £40,000. To that loss we have to add, say £20,000 for the present month, making together a loss of £60,000 for the quarter. In making my financial statement in December I estimated that this source of revenue would have yielded us £150,000 this year, being at the rate of £200,000 annually. As, however, some alterations were made in the schedule to the bill in passing through committee, and having made the most careful calculations, I am now led to expect that £250,000 would have been realized during the first year of its operation. The committee having refused, by a small majority, to impose the proposed excise duty on beer which I submitted, the Government considered it undesirable to submit their proposition for an excise duty on tobacco, or the increased duties proposed on imported tobacco, ale, and porter, as these were contingent upon the passing of the excise duties. These duties, had they been sanctioned by the committee, would, I estimated, have given us £96,000 additional revenue. In consequence of the serious falling-off in the amount anticipated from the sale of public lands by auction, I have reduced my estimate of revenue from this source from £750,000 to £525,000, or a reduction on the year of £225,000. This reduction brings the estimated amount for this year to a lower sum than that received in the year 1874, which was £553,000. I am sure hon. members will not say that £525,000 is an excessive amount to receive from the sale of lands by auction, when it is borne in mind that £75,000 will be expended on immigration, £528,000 for the construction and maintenance of roads, and over £200,000 for important public works throughout the colony. (Hear, hear.) Besides these services, many of which it must be admitted are fair and legitimate charges on the proceeds of land sales, a very large proportion of the expense of the Lands Department is also chargeable thereto. For many years prior to 1874, when the increased demand for land commenced, the sales averaged £250,000 a year, an amount to which no exception was taken, and considering the increase in the population since then, and the increased expenditure for the settlement and improvement of the interior, I think the amount I have named may be fairly looked for annually. Our position at the present time is this: My estimate to be derived from the sale of lands by auction will not be realized to the extent of £225,000, and, in consequence of our taxation scheme not having passed in its entirety, we have lost, at all events for the present, anticipated revenue to the amount of £246,500, making together a reduction of £471,500. But, in addition to that, I have now to submit the additional estimates, to which I referred in my financial statement on account of the year's expenditure, which I find amounts to £104,562. Adding this to the reduction of £471,500 on my original estimate of revenue, it will be seen that we are in a worse position at the present moment, to the extent of £576,062, than I anticipated we would be when I made my statement in last December. Instead, therefore, of a surplus of £136,000, as then estimated, there is an apparent deficiency of £440,062. I say apparent, because I anticipate there will be, as usual, appropriations and balances of appropriations, which will not be required for expenditure, to the amount of at least £250,000. This would reduce the deficiency of £440,062 to £190,062. Past experience, however, convinces me that we cannot do without Supplementary Estimates; so that I expect we shall have to bring one down next session, which in all likelihood will amount to say £100,000. I do not anticipate that it will exceed this sum, because the additional Estimate which I have laid before the committee contains many items which, but for the late period at which I brought down the Estimate, would have appeared only on the supplementary Estimate. This additional £100,000 will, therefore, raise the estimated deficiency to £290,062, which is the sum I have now to deal with, and for which it is necessary provision should be made. I will therefore proceed to lay before the committee our proposals for increased taxation to make good the deficiency just stated, and I trust that honorable members will throw aside any feeling, and unite with the Government in endeavouring to place the finances of the country upon a basis which will remain firm and durable for many years to come. I presume I need hardly inform honorable members that we intend to again bring in the Stamp Duties Bill. As this bill introduces a scheme of taxation which has twice received the approval of both branches of the Legislature, and besides which it is one that will bring in a large revenue to the State without unduly pressing upon any class in the community, we feel it our duty to submit it once more for the approval of the committee. In doing so, however, we will make such alterations as will, we trust, meet the views of those who took exception to certain parts of the bill without in any way compromising the undoubted rights of this House with regard to money bills. These rights have been freely admitted, although it has been contended by some that the alterations made in the bill by the other branch of the Legislature were not an infringment of such rights, but were simply intended to render less ambiguous certain clauses which it was supposed might be afterwards construed to give a restrospective application to certain kinds of duties, which the Government admitted was not intended. (Hear, hear.) Without expressing any opinion on the point, which has already been fully discussed in this Chamber, I will content myself with saying that, notwithstanding our views on this question remain unchanged, we have come to the conclusion, that it is our duty in the present state of the public finances of the colony, and in the interest of the public, to make such alterations in the phraseology of the bill, as will ensure its speedy passage through all its stages with a view to its coming into operation on the 1st of July next. (Hear, hear.) With the exception of the alterations alluded to, and a few verbal corrections, the bill I shall ask permission to introduce will be found practically the same as the one twice approved of by this committee. If the bill becomes law, and comes into operation on the day I have named, I estimate that we shall receive from stamp duties during the last six months of the year, £125,000. This sum, if realized, and I feel confident it will be, will reduce the anticipated deficiency to £165,062. Although this is not a large sum, nor yet one that should create much alarm, it is nevertheless an amount which it is our duty to provide for during the present session, as it would not redound to the credit of either the Government or the Parliament to allow it to become a charge on the revenue of next year. Taxation of any kind is considered objectionable, and no scheme, no matter how fair and equitable, which I could devise, would be pleasing to those who would be called upon to pay, but I think it will be admitted that additional revenue must be raised, if we wish to keep our revenue and expenditure equal, and I can assure the committee that I wish the task of proposing it had fallen to the lot of some one else. Yet, however unpleasant it may be, I cannot shrink from performing the duty. I will assume then that it is admitted the revenue must be increased, and the question arises, from what source can it be obtained, to be the least objectionable and the most fair and equitable. I am unable to fall back and again try the excise, which, however, I believe is as equitable a tax as I could propose. Then a property or income tax, or both might be proposed, but at present both are open to objections, with which I need not detain the committee. Having given the subject the most careful consideration with a view to propose some scheme which would be the least objectionable, I have come to the conclusion that the most equitable means of raising revenue to cover the estimated deficiency, is to take those sources of profit, or wealth, which practically belong to the Crown, at the present time, although in the temporary occupation of others, or which have been obtained from the Crown at one time or another on conditions of the most liberal description. These are of two kinds, namely, the produce of the grazing lands of the colony, and the produce of our mineral lands. It is well known, and even admitted by those in possession of such sources of profit, that the State does not receive anything like an adequate return for those immense advantages which are annually enriching thousands of our fellow colonists. (Hear, hear.) We cannot deny that much private capital has been expended, much labour bestowed, and many hardships endured, by some in rendering these lands productive. On the other hand, it must not be forgotten that, while the State has expended enormous sums of money—ostensibly for the general good—in the construction of roads and bridges, railways, telegraphs, and wharfs, in improving the navigation of harbours and rivers, and in other works of an important character, the owners and occupiers of grazing and mineral lands, whether leasehold or freehold, have been largely and specially benefited by such expenditure The saving which the expenditure of public money on railways alone has enabled this class of the community to effect far more than counterbalances the small return, in the shape of direct taxes, which we propose they be called upon to make to the State. Our propositions are these: An export tax of one farthing per pound on greasy wool, and one halfpenny per pound on washed or scoured wool—(hear, hear); a tax of sixpence per head on horned cattle and horses—(hear, hear)—excluding working horses and working bullocks, and dairy cows under a certain number; and a royalty of sixpence per ton on coal. (Hear, hear.) From the export tax on wool I estimate that we shall receive this year £114,000, and £175,000 next. From the tax on horned cattle and horses I hope to raise an annual revenue of about £60,000, which can be obtained this year in full. From the royalty on coal I expect to receive this year £19,000, which is at the rate of £38,000 per annum. In 1879 the wool exported was 129,123,573 lbs., of which 90,410,335 lbs. were greasy, and 38,713,238 lbs. washed. The greater part of these exports took place during the last half of the year. This is a source of revenue which is annually increasing in value, so that we may reasonably expect to receive from it, in the course of a few years, an annual income of £250,000. From official records, I find that there were in the colony in 1878, 2,771,583 horned cattle, and 336,468 horses, giving together a total of 3,108,051. Allowing, however, ten per cent. for working horses and bullocks and for dairy cattle, that quantity would be reduced to 2,787,246, which, at sixpence per head, would give £69,681. I only estimate, however, to receive £60,000 this year, in case I may not have allowed a sufficiently high percentage for the proposed exemptions from the tax. This, I need hardly inform hon. members, is no new description of taxation, as I find that a tax or assessment upon stock has been on two occasions in operation in this colony. In the year 1847 an assessment on stock tax was passed, having a currency of five years. This Act expired in 1852, but the assessment was reimposed in the year 1855, and that Act remained in force for two years. When we consider the various ways in which squatters and others have been benefited by the extensive public works which have been carried out by the Government within the last ten or fifteen years, it will, I think, be admitted that it is only fair to the community at large that they should pay to the State something approaching an equivalent for these benefits. (Hear, hear.) In asking the wool producers to pay an export tax upon wool we are only asking them to pay what is to them an annual source of income; and in asking the stockowners to pay sixpence per head upon their horses and cattle it is only asking them for a rental more commensurate with the privilege they enjoy. I am, therefore, satisfied that hon. members who may be engaged in pastoral pursuits, or otherwise interested in squatting, will, seeing the financial position of the country demands it, cheerfully acquiesce in the proposals of the Government, and aid them in making such proposals the law of the land. The royalty we propose on coal is so small that no one can reasonably object to its imposition. When land is sold by the Government there is always a clause in the grant excepting minerals, and although that clause, so far as coal is concerned, has hitherto been a dead letter, still the right to the minerals in such lands on the part of the Crown exists. For the permission to raise and sell coal found on lands which were once in the possession of the Crown the Government propose to charge a royalty of only 6d. per ton. This charge will be on the output, which in 1879 was over 1,500,000 tons. Judging by the past, the output of coal must go on increasing every year. I have no hesitation, therefore, in saying that before many years this royalty will yield an annual sum of £50,000 or £60,000. In selecting wool, cattle, and coal as legitimate items of taxation, the Government have been influenced by various reasons, some of which I have already stated. One other I may state, and that is their collection will entail almost no additional expenditure, as the tax upon wool will be collected at the Custom-house by the present officers, while the royalty on coal will be paid direct to the Treasury by the proprietors of coal mines on sworn returns, and their books will be open at all times to the scrutiny of the Treasury inspectors. The per-head tax upon cattle will also be based upon sworn returns from stockowners, who can pay the amount of their assessment either to the Treasury or to the nearest land agent of their district. I am free to admit that the easy collection of a tax is no ground or justification for its imposition; but when the tax is a fair and reasonable as well as an equitable one, its inexpensive collection tends materially to enhance its value and popularize it, even with those who have to bear it. (Hear, hear.) If our proposals are assented to by the committee, then we shall receive during the present year—from stamp duties, £125,000; from the export duty on wool, £114,000; from the tax upon horses and cattle, £60,000; and from the royalty on coal, £19,000: making in all £318,000. Deducting from this sum the estimated deficiency of £290,000, there is left an estimated surplus at the end of the year of £28,000, and, I must confess, I should have been pleased to see the amount much larger, in order to provide for unforeseen charges which may arise during the remainder of the year. Next year—and it is right that hon. members should see this—the probable product of these taxes will be as follows:—Stamp duties, £250,000; export tax on wool, £175,000; stock tax, £60,000; and royalty on coal, £38,000; or amounting together to £523,000. If to this be added the increased Customs' duties on spirits and wines, assented to during the present session, and which were estimated at £112,000, we shall have increased taxation to the extent of £635,000. To meet, however, the annually increasing expenditure, on account of public works and improvements, if such are to be continued, and a probable falling off in the amount derived from the alienation by auction of the public lands, it will, I fear, be found that ultimately further taxation will be absolutely necessary; and when it is borne in mind that the direct taxation is only (say) under £2 per head of the population, we cannot complain. Indeed, if we rightly estimate the requirements of our growing and increasing population in the interior, and desire to take advantage of the natural resources at our command, it is clear to my mind that we must increase our direct taxation, and I believe this can be done without pressing unduly on any particular class. This I could easily point out, but as I have no desire to anticipate the future, I will now content myself for the present by reading the resolutions which I intend to submit to the Committee. They are:—"1. That from and after the 1st day of July, 1880, there shall be taken and levied upon wool exported from the colony, being the produce of New South Wales, the following duties, that is to say—on greasy wool, one farthing per lb., and on washed or scoured wool, one halfpenny per lb. 2. That on or before the 31st day of October in each and every year commencing with the year 1880, there shall be payable to the Colonial Treasurer or to such officer or officers as he may appoint to receive the same, sixpence per head on all horses and cattle in the colony on the 31st day of August in each year, exclusive of working horses and bullocks and dairy cows not exceeding fifty in each case. 3. That from and after the 1st day of July, 1880, there shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer sixpence per ton on all coal, shale, and other material of a like nature obtained from the lands of the colony from and after that date." Having thus shown our proposals for increasing the revenue, I think it due to the Committee that I should state, before I close, the position of the account for 1879, and to show to what extent the surplus revenue account is affected by the changes which have taken place since it was last submitted to the Committee. This I shall now endeavour to do. In the Ways and Means of December last, I estimated that there would be a deficiency of £200,000 in the revenue of 1879. In consequence, however, of the receipts of the latter part of the year having fallen short of my estimate the deficiency turned out to be £251,000. Since then it has been found necessary to bring down a further supplementary estimate for £135,000, thus increasing the deficiency to £386,000. This is, I am free to admit, an unsatisfactory state of last year's account, but it is almost entirely owing to the falling-off in the auction land sales, which realized £300,000 less than I estimated they would when I made my Financial Statement on the 12th February, 1879. This, as I have already shown, proves unmistakably that we should not depend in future on such an uncertain source of income to the extent we have hitherto done. (Hear, hear.) It also proves the absolute necessity of providing a substitute by increased taxation, unless the Committee is prepared to stop those public works which have always been considered a fair charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund. With regard to the Surplus Revenue Account it may be remembered that in the account I submitted in December last I showed a probable surplus of £618,000, which I stated would have to be charged with the then estimated deficiency of 1879. That surplus is now charged with the ascertained deficiency of last year, viz., £386,000, and with two further estimates amounting together to £128,000. These charges, after taking credit for a few reductions in the old liabilities, bring the surplus down to £132,000. I think I have now, as briefly as I could, placed before honorable members our present financial position, and the means which I propose to increase the revenue, and so equalize it with our expenditure; but should I have forgotten anything, I shall be glad to supply honorable members with the information on its being pointed out. I now leave our taxation proposals in the hands of the Committee, with the full assurance that they will receive that careful consideration which their great importance at the present time demands. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. COHEN said that, considering the altered position of the public accounts since the Treasurer made his financial statement at the beginning of the session, and the very important proposals which he now submitted, he presumed there would be no objection to allow hon. members sufficient time to duly consider them.

Sir HENRY PARKES: How long do you want?

Mr. COHEN: I should think a week. (Oh!)

Sir HENRY PARKES: We purpose proroguing on Tuesday week.

Mr. COHEN would like to know when the Government wanted them to consider these proposals? [Sir HENRY PARKES: To-morrow.] He had no desire to prolong the session, but he questioned whether a day was sufficient time to consider such important proposals—proposals which were of equal importance with those submitted at the end of last year. It had generally been agreed that a week was by no means too long for hon. members to duly consider the financial proposals of a Government. He felt sure that the Government had no desire to burke discussion, and that they desired their proposals should be properly considered; but to ask hon. members to come down to-morrow night prepared to endorse or object to these proposals was, in his opinion, too much. He would at least ask the Government to postpone them until Tuesday, when he felt sure hon. members would be prepared to give way as far as possible with private business.

Mr. GREENWOOD thought the Stamp Duties Bill might be proceeded with the next day, and complained that the Government had not intimated their intentions in regard to this measure earlier. (Hear, hear.) The proposition to put an export duty on wool and live stock had taken him quite by surprise. It was contrary to the accepted liberal principles of taxation in all parts of the world, and he thought they might fairly ask for a little time to consider. He was not prepared to discuss these proposals on their merits at the present time.

Mr. FITZPATRICK thought this was a matter requiring proper care and reflection. The House was taken by surprise, and, in fact, he would not get better from these proposals that night. For the first time in the history of New South Wales they had this antiquated idea of putting a duty on exports brought forward, and people out of doors ought to have some opportunity of expressing their opinions.

Dr. BOWKER said that when he heard those proposals, which would render the colony less able to compete with the other markets of the world, he could not congratulate the Government. They were abominable and shameful proposals; and it was literally killing the goose that laid the golden egg.

Mr. MELVILLE thought it strange that the Government should not only refuse to assist the industries of the country, but should attempt to handicap them in this manner. He was not so sure that the Stamp Bill would pass so easily as the hon. member for East Sydney seemed to consider. He certainly thought they should at least have till Tuesday to consider these very extraordinary proposals.

Dr. RENWICK said it must be admitted that the Treasurer's position was one of extreme difficulty; and, though he did not pledge himself to support the whole of his proposals, he certainly agreed with some of them. He thought it was desirable that they should have some little time to consider the proposals.

Mr. DAY thought there need be no delay in going on with the Stamp Duties Bill, for they all knew what that bill was; and that would give them time to consider the Treasurer's other proposals.

Mr. LUCAS supported the proposition of a duty on wool, in order to cause the pastoral tenants to contribute towards the revenue of the country. He hoped also that the Stamp Duties Bill would pass; and he would like to see the imposition of business licenses. He was astonished to find that hon. members who were in favour of protection objected to this export duty on wool, which would have a protective effect as regards this colony, for all the wool consumed here would be untaxed, while the wool sent home to England would have to pay a duty.

Mr. FARNELL thought the Treasurer's proposals ought to be postponed for at least a week; but they might go on with the Stamp Duties Bill to-morrow.

Sir HENRY PARKES said he would advise his hon. friend the Treasurer to fall in with the suggestion to take the Stamp Duties Bill at once, and postpone the consideration of the other part of his proposals till Tuesday next. With regard to the Stamp Duties Bill he should think the House would not object to suspend the Standing Orders, and pass the bill at once.

Mr. M'CULLOCH said he would object.

Mr. WATSON said he should have no objection to postpone that portion of the statement till Tuesday next, and go on with the Stamp Duties Bill. If Mr. M'Culloch would withdraw his objection they might get the Stamp Duties Bill through that night.

The Chairman left the chair, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. SPEAKER reported the receipt of a message from his Excellency the Governor, recommending the House to make the necessary provision in connection with the bill for the imposition of Stamps Duties.

Mr. WATSON moved that the message be printed and referred to the committee on the bill.

The motion was agreed to.

SECRET BILLS OF SALE ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. S. C. BROWN moved that a message be sent to the Legislative Council, agreeing with some, and disagreeing with others, of the amendments that Chamber had made in the Secret Bills of Sale Act Amendment Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

STAMPS DUTIES BILL.

Mr. WATSON moved that so much of the standing orders be suspended, as would preclude the passing of a bill to impose stamp duties through all its stages in one night.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WATSON moved that the bill be brought in.

The motion was agreed to and the bill was brought in accordingly. It was read a first time, an order for its being printed was made, and its second reading was made an order of the day for later in the day.

SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply.

Mr. WATSON moved that a sum of £135,450 10s. 9d. be placed on the further Supplementary Estimates for 1879.

Mr. FITZPATRICK called attention to an item of £400 for "copying Index Lands Titles Branch," and asked if this work was being done by staff officers.

Sir HENRY PARKES replied in the negative.

Mr. COHEN desired to know whether the Colonial Secretary intended to submit any report of the select committee appointed to inquire into the management of the Randwick Asylum. It certainly appeared to him that the boys of that institution were treated with undue severity, and he thought that it was a pity, considering the importance of the inquiry, which was, he believed, relegated at the instance of the Government to the select committee, that hon. members were not furnished with the result of those inquiries. Seeing that public attention had been directed so much of late to the management of this institution, he would like to know what course the Government intended to pursue in regard to the vote for 1880.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that it was the intention of the select committee to report on the matter, and if possible to take some further evidence. The furnishing of the report had been delayed through the difficulty of obtaining satisfactory evidence in regard to a particular branch of the inquiry, namely that in reference to the boarding-out system.

Mr. O'CONNOR was of opinion that it was undesirable that the Government should place large sums of money on the estimates to aid a society like the Benevolent Asylum, which had a tremendous balance to its credit.

Sir HENRY PARKES pointed out that the balance to the credit of this institution had accumulated from bequests made by various persons at different times for the benefit of the poor and destitute. The directors of this institution had made a proposition to the Government to devote a sum of £20,000 towards the building of a lying-in hospital, on condition that the Government obtained from Parliament a similar sum, and he thought the Government would be disposed to ask Parliament to vote the amount in order to make the sum offered by the directors available for the purpose mentioned.

Dr. RENWICK said that the Benevolent Asylum stood in rather a peculiar position compared with other charitable institutions. When the Benevolent Asylum was founded it was intended merely as a refuge for the poor and destitute, and with the view of enlarging its charitable purposes large grants of land were given by Governor Macquarie and others at the time of its foundation. As the colony progressed the land increased in value and the funds of the institution were largely augmented by private donations. The object of the management was that a large sum should be maintained in order that the evils of a poor law might be avoided by using the interest on this money. The management had in view the erection of a large lying-in institution, which at present was greatly wanted in Sydney, and if this were carried out the large balance at the credit of the institution would entirely disappear. He thought the managers of this institution were entitled to great praise for the manner in which they had allowed these sums to accumulate with the above object in view.

Mr. COHEN referred to the evidence taken in reference to the punishment inflicted upon the boys in the Randwick Asylum, and advocated a complete exposure of the interior management of the institution, so that the public might be satisfied that the discipline was kept up without undue severity. He referred to the amount set down for country municipalities, and asked if it was proposed to submit any additional amount.

Mr. WATSON said that till their scheme of taxation received the approval of the House, the Government were not prepared to make any further endowment, but the matter would receive the attention of the Government.

Mr. COHEN thought the explanation very unsatisfactory, as this was quite as well deserving of attention as many other of the amounts which were set down, especially as a distinct promise of consideration had been given him.

Mr. O'CONNOR said the Inspector of Public Charities had made many complaints respecting the system of management at the Randwick Asylum, and he considered they ought to pay some attention to the complaints of such an officer. The Government were in a very anomalous position, providing nearly the whole of the funds and handing them over to private persons to disburse, and they should pause before they voted the money to be handed over to private persons, who might use it for their own private benefit.

Mr. FARNELL wanted to know whether, if the House did not carry the Government taxation proposals, they would not endow the country municipalities?

Sir HENRY PARKES: They will be down in a day or two.

Mr. COHEN regretted, for the sake of the Government, that the colony was lying under a ban of discourtesy towards the colony of South Australia in regard to the Border Duties Convention. South Australia had always been good friends with New South Wales, and it would be impossible for two adjoining colonies to carry on their relations in a more satisfactory manner than had been the case between New South Wales and South Australia. He found, from a statement made by Mr. Morgan, the Chief Secretary of South Australia, that when he made a visit to New South Wales at the end of last year he had an interview with the Colonial Secretary on the subject, and they arrived at an agreement to renew the convention for the sum of £40,000, but that the period of its continuance was held over for consideration. He was aware that the Colonial Secretary had stated that the whole matter was left open; but he thought he had a right to complain of the very discourteous manner in which South Australia had been treated. (Hear, hear.) In 1877 the Farnell Government renewed the convention for a period of two years from December in that year. South Australia, feeling the importance of this convention, had always opened negotiations for its renewal in ample time for both Governments to come to a conclusion. In July last, five months before the convention expired, Mr. Morgan wrote to the Premier of this colony, reminding him that the convention would expire at the end of the year, and opening negotiations for its renewal. That letter still remained unanswered. On August 30, six weeks later, he telegraphed, asking for a reply to his letter, and that also was left unanswered. On October 9——

Sir HENRY PARKES: As the papers will be brought down to-morrow, will it not be well to wait till then? At any rate I shall decline to reply to-night.

Mr. COHEN said he had waited for a fortnight for the papers, which could have been prepared in an hour or two, and he would wait no longer. The Premier might please himself whether he took that opportunity of replying to the statement he (Mr. Cohen) would make or not. On October 9, Mr. Morgan telegraphed, calling attention to the Border Duties Convention, but he got no reply. He telegraphed again on October 28, and still he got no reply; and ultimately, towards the end of 1879 he visited Sydney, and then he got some intimation of what the Government really intended to do in the matter. He asked if this was a fair and straightforward manner to act towards a neighbouring colony, and one that had always shown the most friendly feeling towards this colony? Mr. Morgan being here, some negociations were entered into with regard to the renewal of the convention; and when he returned he informed his colleagues that he had arranged terms with this Government to renew the convention for £40,000 for a year. He would show that this statement of Mr. Morgan was true, and he would prove it from what the Treasurer said in his financial statement. That hon. gentleman, on the 10th December last, said:—"The Customs convention with South Australia is about to be renewed for another year. Under this renewal the Government of that colony will pay us an annual sum of £40,000, or the difference between that amount and what we collect at our stations on the Darling on their account." [Sir Henry Parkes: That proves our case.] With that announcement to the Parliament and the country, that under this renewal the Government were to get £50,000, what became of the statement that no understanding had been arrived at? He thought South Australia had great cause of complaint against the Government of this colony. In common courtesy, the Government should have replied to their communication.

Sir HENRY PARKES said it was a pity the hon. member had not delayed his speech until the papers were laid on the table. This Government was ready to execute the convention on the terms stated, and would have executed it in December, but Mr. Morgan declined to execute. They were willing to commute these duties for one year for £40,000. Mr. Morgan said he must consult his Treasurer; he went away, and from that time to this they had not heard from him, except by telegram. The first telegram he had was from Mr. Morgan, asking what we were going to do. He looked upon that as almost insulting, after what had taken place. As far as he was concerned everybody knew that he was in favour of these conventions, and, in fact, they originated with him. But it was by the arrangement made by the hon. member opposite that the country was the loser. The duties were worth £65,000, but the hon. member gave them up for £35,000. He was perfectly willing that this Government should be judged by what they had done in this matter. He admitted that he was open to the charge of discourtesy in not replying to the telegrams, but he considered the matter of sufficient importance to be made the subject of a letter.

Mr. COHEN said that Mr. Morgan wrote to Sir Henry Parkes on July 17, telling him that the agreement would expire in six months, and that afterwards he had sent telegrams. He could not understand the convention, or how the Government could have concluded one for £40,000 in 1878, when the amount that would have been collected in duties would be £65,000. Was this the way in which the Colonial Secretary and his colleagues guarded the interests of the colony? They had been guilty of gross neglect of duty in making such an arrangement.

Sir HENRY PARKES would point out that the hon. member overlooked his explanation that they had taken into account the fact that the duties for 1879 did not range so high as those for 1878. Up to the end of June, from the 1st January, this only amounted to £19,253 14s. 10d., so that, by claiming £40,000, they claimed the utmost penny they could have done. They had a shrewd suspicion that 1879 would be an exceptional year, and that the duties in future would be more like those of 1878 than those of 1879. Mr. Morgan did not conclude the agreement in the way they wished, and they thought to test the value of the duties before proceeding further.

Mr. FITZPATRICK complained that the hon. member had shifted his ground, and was defending himself against an attack never made on him. He was charged with a breach of faith with South Australia, a colony which deserved well of us, and with trifling with the Chief Secretary of that colony. Mr. Morgan believed that a bargain had been made for £40,000, and that the only thing to be settled was whether it should be for one year or two; and he who had come over here for one purpose was more likely to be right than the Colonial Secretary was, with his multiplicity of duties. For month after month he had been allowed to telegraph to this Government, and the hon. the Colonial Secretary had no right to insult a neighbouring Government like this. His conduct had been simply disgraceful, and he did not believe he ever intended to lay the papers upon the table before the adjournment of the House. There was no need for any delay in preparing them if that were desired, and the hon. member who said previously that he could not answer a question in their absence had managed to do so somehow.

Mr. BARBOUR said that the only point of contact between South Australia and this colony in the collection of border duties was by way of the Darling. During the first half of the year, from January to June, the Darling was not open for traffic, or at least the traffic was very limited, the river being at summer level; and it was during the latter half of the year that South Australia poured into this colony the large amount of goods that gave her an income of from £60,000 to £70,000. He mentioned this merely to point out that the Government should not be guided by the first half of the year in estimating the amount collected between the two colonies on account of border duties.

Mr. COHEN objected to the large sum of £100 being granted to Ah Saw as compensation for loss and injury sustained by false imprisonment. If this were agreed to he thought it would be the means of establishing an unwise and dangerous precedent in cases where persons were wrongly convicted.

Mr. SUTTOR pointed out that the case was an unusual one, as the Chinaman was convicted on the false testimony of a police officer.

Mr. S. C. BROWN said that although the amount was small, the principle involved was a large one. The prosecution was initiated at the instance of the Government, and although not legally responsible, he thought the Government were bound to compensate the man for the injury he sustained.

Mr. GARRETT contended that as the conviction had taken place in consequence of a conspiracy, the Government should not be made liable, inasmuch as the conspiracy was not got up by the man as a constable, but as a private individual. The Crown had not conducted the prosecution in any other way than usual in criminal cases.

Mr. FITZPATRICK submitted that if his servant by neglect wounded some one he was responsible, but if he fabricated a false charge against any person he was not responsible. This was precisely the case in the matter under consideration. The conspirator was not acting in his capacity as a constable in putting the sheep in the man's hut. He was not convicted solely on the testimony of the constable, but there were two other conspirators who were not constables. The Government could not be made responsible for this sort of thing.

Mr. O'CONNOR did not think there was anything unreasonable in asking the Government for compensation in cases like the one under consideration, and he would support the item before them.

Mr. BOWMAN thought the principle adopted by the Government was a dangerous one; but as they would receive the £100 from the owners of the sheep, and the money would not come out of the public funds, he would not oppose the item.

Mr. COHEN moved that the item be omitted on the ground that if this was granted there would be no end to such applications.

Mr. CHARLES thought the common law would give this man all that was proposed here to be given to him. A wrong had been done to this man by a servant of the Government, and it was for the Government to make that wrong right. It was a disgrace to us as Englishmen that our servants should conspire against a man, and incarcerate him in gaol, and give him no remedy.

Mr. MELVILLE said he felt disposed to vote with the Government on this question; but the Government should make some provision for our own people in similar cases. From the circumstances of the case he thought this compensation should be given. But he thought the Government should be careful in identifying this man before they gave him this money, as all Chinamen were so much alike.

Mr. LYNCH hoped the hon. member for West Maitland would withdraw his amendment, for they must admit that a great wrong had been done to this man.

The question that the item be omitted was put and negatived on a division of 31 to 6, the minority being Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Cohen, Bowman, Burns, Barbour, and Garrett.

The estimate as proposed was agreed to.

The next estimate proposed was the additional Estimates for 1880, amounting to £104,562 15s. 8d.

Mr. FARNELL wanted to know why a further sum was required for the prevention of scab in sheep.

Mr. COHEN desired information respecting the allowance for additional tide waiters.

Mr. LYNCH said the sheep inspectors had to do a great deal of travelling and inspecting more than they used to do. There was no class of Civil servants worse paid than these sheep inspectors.

Mr. S. C. BROWN asked the meaning of the item "Museum," for protecting specimens, £250.

Mr. SUTTOR said that while the work of protecting specimens had increased year by year, the grant had not, and that this vote was absolutely necessary.

Dr. RENWICK said that any hon. member who visited the Museum would see how necessary the grant was.

Mr. S. C. BROWN asked why £300 were needed for the wages of male and female servants employed in cleaning the General Post Office, when £3200 had been passed for miscellaneous services on the original Estimates. Items like this should be placed on the original Estimates.

Mr. WATSON would point out that the original Estimates were prepared in November, and that the amount then estimated had been found not to be sufficient.

Mr. COHEN asked how the Government could be justified in expending £150 on clearing the road and reserve from the Western Railway at Katoomba to the Katoomba Falls if the Falls were now private property.

Mr. WILLIAM DAVIES asked why £550 should be voted for the purchase of the core of stone obtained by the diamond drill at Port Hacking?

Mr. BAKER said that this was a most valuable geological and mineralogical specimen, for the people who had obtained it had bored to a depth of 2200 feet. The New Zealand Government were willing to buy it, and he was assured that it was a most valuable specimen to scientists of every description.

Mr. MELVILLE referred to a grant of £275 each to the widows of Edward Curran and George Gore, men who were killed on the railway in discharge of their duty, and asked if a grant could not be also made to the widow of one Reed, who met a similar fate recently.

Mr. COPELAND thought the further vote of £140 for lighting lamps excessive, and expressed the opinion that the Government were not justified in buying such an expensive specimen as the diamond drill core, which would be of no practical value to the country.

Mr. S. C. BROWN, in drawing attention to the item of £1000 on account of the Minister of Public Instruction from 1st May, stated that he was under the impression when the Public Instruction Act was passed, that the duties of the office were to be carried out by one of the present Ministers, and he thought the committee should be afforded some explanation in reference to the distribution of departmental work among Ministers, in order to justify this extra sum being placed on the Estimates. The House had never been informed why the Minister of Justice and Education was not continued in the office, and he did not think when the Act was passed that they were saddling the country with £1500 a year extra for the administration of the duties belonging to the Minister.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that when the Public Instruction Act was passed it was thought that the interests of the country would be best served by confining the duties of the Department of Education exclusively to a Minister appointed for that purpose alone, and as far as he could see, if the Minister of Education carried out the duties pertaining to the office, he would have quite sufficient to do. Several of the Ministerial departments were considerably overweighted, principally on account of the number of Acts passed into law recently, and it was found necessary to distribute the work in the Ministerial department. The duties of the Department of Minister of Justice was one of those instances in which the work was increased, and it was consequently found necessary to confine the attention of the Minister to the duties of that department alone.

Mr. S. C. BROWN pointed out that in the past the whole of the duties of the Department of Education were carried out by the secretary, and the Council who held one meeting a week, and to place a Minister in charge of the department now, at an extra cost of £1500 a year, appeared something like saddling the country with unnecessary expense.

Mr. GARRETT said that the mere fact of the duties of the Department of Education having been fulfilled by the Council and the secretary, ought to be sufficient to convince hon. members that there was ample work for a Minister. It was always understood that a Minister was to be appointed to the office, and when it was remembered that the Minister had no less than three thousand persons under his immediate control, surely there was some justification for the appointment of such an officer with a fixed salary. He was confident that not only had the Government chosen a competent officer to carry out the duties of the office, but it must also be admitted that the duties of the position were of a very extensive and responsible character.

Sir HENRY PARKES read the *Gazette* notice appointing Sir John Robertson to the position of Minister of Education which was published on May 31. The duties of Minister of Education were quite sufficient to occupy the whole time and attention of a Minister. Sir John Robertson had been asked to take the position on account of his administrative experience in the past, which it was believed would prove very valuable in the preliminary organisation of the department.

Mr. COPELAND thought that if the duties of the new Minister were so very onerous, the duties attaching to the position of President of the late Council of Education must have been equally onerous, and it would have been a graceful act if the Government had asked Professor Smith to accept an honorarium of say £1000 for his valuable services in that position for so many years.

Mr. FARNELL thought the duties now cast upon the Minister for Education must have left the Minister for Justice very little work to do; and he did not think they could afford to pay £1500 a year to anyone for doing nothing. He thought the Minister for Education had quite enough to do to carry out the requirements of the new Act.

Mr. COPELAND moved that the item "for the purchase of the core of stone obtained by the diamond drill at Port Hacking, £550," be reduced by the sum of £450.

Mr. FARNELL supported the item as it stood.

Mr. BURNS asked if the Government had any scientific opinion as to the value of this stone?

Mr. BAKER: The opinion of the Government geologist.

Mr. BURNS said they ought to have the report of that officer before them.

Mr. MACINTOSH knew of nothing more valuable, in a geological point of view, than these cores from the diamond drill.

Mr. GARRETT supported this item. As a geological specimen this stone was worth five times the amount. He believed this sum was the value placed upon it by the geological surveyor.

Mr. CHARLES said these borings showed that coal could be brought from Illawarra cheaper than it could be hoisted from the depths at which the coal exists beneath the city of Sydney.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said he could not undertake to vote for this item. It had been proved that there was no coal for a depth of 2000 feet, and therefore this core had no value at all.

The question for the reduction of the estimate by £450 was put and negatived. The estimate as proposed was agreed to.

The estimate of £123,483 1s. 1d., under the head of surplus revenue account, was then proposed.

Dr. RENWICK asked for information respecting the item of £20,000 for the completion of the Prince Alfred Hospital. He should not oppose the vote if it was intended to complete the hospital in its present shape, but if it was intended to add to the building he should oppose it.

Mr. WATSON said that this amount had been long promised, and by several Governments.

The motion was agreed to.

A loan estimate, amounting to £1,262,000, was next proposed.

Mr. FITZPATRICK asked the Minister to explain the item of £150,000 for the extension of dock accommodation.

Mr. LACKEY said that an additional dock was urgently needed, and would be constructed on Cockatoo Island in deeper water than the present dock.

Mr. CHARLES asked if it would be constructed by prison labour, as the old one had been?

Mr. LACKEY did not think that prison labour would be used under the present state of things.

Mr. FITZPATRICK pointed out that the Fitzroy Dock was built by prison labour, partly because there were hundreds of prisoners on Cockatoo Island.

The estimate was agreed to, and the House resumed.

RESIGNATION OF MR. CHARLES.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. CHARLES (who rose amid cheering) said that he could wish to say a few words to the House. He had been for over five years a member of it, and had received uniform courtesy from Mr. Speaker in every respect—courtesy for which he desired to return him his most sincere thanks. He had received the greatest kindness from every member of the House, and he left it with the highest amount of friendship towards them all. (Hear, hear.) When he first entered the House he had prejudices, but they had all been removed by this time. He wished too to return his thanks to the reporters, who had been, he confessed, very indulgent to him. To every member of the House he would look with the warmest friendship, and if he had ever said a word that offended a man he regretted it from the bottom of his heart. (Cheers.)

Sir HENRY PARKES expressed regret at the resignation of the hon. member, and trusted he would like his voyage and enjoy his tour.

Mr. FITZPARTICK did not think there were two sides to this question, and hoped the hon. member would enjoy himself, and that he would see him back soon.

At eight minutes before midnight the House adjourned until the usual hour on Thursday.

NEW NOTICES OF MOTION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.—THURSDAY, JUNE 17.

Mr. Wisdom to move,—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as will admit of the passing through all its stages in one day of a bill to continue certain provisions of the "Supreme Court Temporary Judge Act of 1879" for a further period of one year.

Mr. Wisdom to move,—That this House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to continue certain provisions of the "Supreme Court Temporary Judge Act of 1879" for a further period of one year.

Mr. Watson to move,—That the returns to order, "Applications to purchase Crown lands" and "Crown lands under pastoral lease and conditional purchase," laid upon the table of this House and ordered to be printed on 29th October and 20th November, 1879, be not included with the printed Parliamentary papers.

TUESDAY, JUNE 22.

Mr. Fitzpatrick to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all letters, minutes, and reports having reference to the application for the construction of a bridge over the Murrumbidgee River at or near Comins's Crossing, Bloomfield.

Mr. Farnell to move,—That in the opinion of this House all bills and all Acts of Parliament printed for the Government of this colony should be duly punctuated, in accordance with the modern practice of the Imperial Parliament.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 16.

City of Melbourne (s.), 1000 tons, Captain R. M. Phillips, from Noumea June 12. Passengers—Messrs. Charles, Ponder, Howard, Walker, S. Gagen, Maurice, A. Austin, and 16 in the steerage. A.S.N. Co., agents.

Alice Mary, barque, 361 tons, Captain Bissett, from Mauritius May 12. John Frazer and Co., agents.

Brenda, brig, 291 tons, Captain Drummings, from Melbourne June 10. Captain, agent.

Ringarooma (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Chatfield, from Auckland June 9. Passengers—Mrs. Booth and family (3), Messrs. J. J. and F. Taylor, Whitley, Rev. Mr. Sherman, Miss Ferguson, Mrs. Purcell, Rev. M. Pym, W. Lowman, Kingsley, Raphael, Dr. and Mrs. Farrell, Mr. Paul Grant, Miss Russell, Dr. Fischer, A. B. Wilson, and 40 in the steerage. Union S.S. Co., agents.

Java (s.), 887 tons, Captain Ridden, from Hongkong May 15, via Port Darwin and Cooktown. Passengers—Messrs. Bense, G. W. Davidson, S. Gower, T. P. C. Goode, T. Murray, and 178 Chinese. F. W. Jackson, agent.

Manly (s.), 89 tons, Captain Taplin, from Bellinger River June 14. G. F. Mason, agent.

Truganini (s.), 203 tons, Captain W. O. Hersee, from Kiama. Passengers—Mrs. Connell and servant, Miss King, Miss White, Miss Ross, Dr. Anderson, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Kalaha, Master Ashby, and 4 in the steerage. S. Major, agent.

Queen of the South (s.), Captain E. Farrell, from the Macleay River 15th instant. Passengers—Mrs. J. Lane, Miss Cohen, Messrs. Harborn, Bolton, Miller, and 5 in the steerage.

Eidern, Swedish barque, 630 tons, Captain Hertz, from New York 15th March. R. Towns and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 16.

Egmont (s.), for Maryborough and Rockhampton.
Australian (s.), for Clarence River.
Richmond (s.), for Richmond River.
Loch Naw, for Adelaide, via Newcastle.
Queensland (s.), for Brisbane.

PROJECTED DEPARTURE.—JUNE 17.

R.M.S. Australia, for San Francisco.

CLEARANCES.—JUNE 16.

Egmont (s.), 456 tons, Captain Bell, for Maryborough and Rockhampton. Passengers—Messrs. W. D. Dight, Palmer, T. Hopkins, and 7 in the steerage.

Kaisow, barque, 795 tons, Captain Gadd, for Yokohama.

Queensland (s.), 800 tons, Captain J. T. Durrell, for Brisbane. Passengers—Messrs. W. Christian, — Christian, and 5 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—JUNE 16.

Annie C. Lynn, from Port Stephens, with 30,000 feet timber; Maggie Scott, from Lake Macquarie, with 16,200 feet timber; Primrose, from Shoalhaven, with 3500 feet timber; Industry, from Kiama, with 100 tons metal; Jessie Sinclair, from Manning River, with 35,000 feet timber; Tasmania (s.), from Newcastle, with 400 tons coal; Neptune, from Richmond River, with 16,200 feet timber; Star of Peace, from the Hawkesbury; Pearl, from Lake Macquarie; Prince Alfred, from Port Stephens; William and Alexander, from Jervis Bay, with 4000 feet timber; Maggie Gollan, from Manning River, with 720 bags maize, 1000 feet cedar, 34 pigs, and sundries; City of Brisbane (s.), from the Hunter River, with 76 bales hay, 201 sheep, 33 pigs, 1 case rabbits, 31 hides, 3 bales skins, 5 baskets fish, and sundries; Kembla (s.), from Newcastle, with 300 hides, 600 bags bran, 25 bales hay, 300 sheep, 15 tierces tallow, 12 casks wine, 20 cases biscuit, 40 boxes soap, 15 bales skins, 5 bales tobacco, 65 sacks coke, 4 cows, a quantity of furniture, 21 packages sundries, and 1 boat.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—JUNE 16.

Diamantina (s.), for Cape Hawke; Annie C. Lynn, Prince Alfred, Helen Davis, for Port Stephens; Maggie Scott, for Lake Macquarie; Primrose, for Shoalhaven; Industry, for Kiama; Jessie Sinclair, Maggie Gollan, White Cloud, for Manning River; Tasmania (s.), for Newcastle; Star of Peace, Maid of Australia, for Hawkesbury River; Pearl, for Port Macquarie; Richmond (s.), for Richmond River; William and Alexander, for Jervis Bay; Australian (s.), for Grafton.

IMPORTS.—JUNE 16.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Alice Mary, from Java: 250 tons sugar, 1500 bundles empty bags, John Frazer and Co.

City of Melbourne (s.), from Noumea: 226 bags cobra, 58 bags 1 case antimony ore, 173 hides, 5 bales skins, 3 hogsheads tallow, 5 tons sandalwood, 3 cases brandy, 10 packages sundries.

Java, from Melbourne: 32,133 bags rice, 22 packages ginger, 70 boxes oil, 1371 packages tea, 400 cases China oil, 330 boxes oil, 100 cases castor oil, 16,000 granite pitchers, 341 bags salt, 142 cases wine, 800 packages Chinese goods.

Brenda, from Melbourne: 200 tons stone ballast.

Ringarooma (s.), from New Zealand: 11495 oz. gold, 743 packages timber, 30 bales fungus, 946 sacks, 78 bales, 129 packages.

Eidern, from New York: 31 cases tobacco, 1503 pieces sycamore, Dalgety, Blackwood, and Co.; 5 packages, T. J. Bown; 87 cases axes, Mason Bros.; 7 boxes drugs, Sims and Parkes; 10 casks copper paint, R. F. Pockley; 76 boxes soap, 500 cases oil, 5 cases woodware, David Cohen and Co.; 1762 packages, S. Hoffnung and Co.; 100 cases oil, 11 packages machinery, H. P. Gregory and Co.; 5 iron safes, A. Becket; 11 cases, E. Webb and Co.; 9 cases, W. S. Friend and Co.; 3 boxes window glass, A. Becket; 9 packages, H. P. Gregory and Co.; 61 packages, C. J. Scharff; 11 cases, E. P. Capper and Son; 100 cases turpentine, 71 packages, Islay, Doubleday, and Co.; 82 cases soap, B. O. Holterman; 12 bundles, 8 cases carriage materials, E. Williams and Co.; 9 casks glassware, Myers and Cantor; 3 cases, A. W. Beard; 5 cases tobacco, 5 bundles spices, Dalgety, Blackwood, and Co.; 25 cases tobacco, R. Towns and Co.; 5 cases cigarettes, Heyde, Todman, and Co.; 5 packages cartridges, C. J. Scharff; 47 cases extract, 48 packages machinery, 26 organs, 140 cases sewing machines, 490 barrels rosin, 184 pieces hardwood, 300 cases lobsters, 150 packages beer, 12 packages carriage materials, 2 cases tumblers, 22 packages plated ware, 300 boxes grape sugar, 74 cases clocks, 81,888 slates, 4000 cases kerosene, 700 oars, 14 crates oars, 300 cases chairs, 400 boxes prepared corn, 16 cases scales, 16 cases leather, 90 cases varnish, 10 cases paint, 6 cases sewing machines, 1662 packages Order.

EXPORTS.—JULY 16.

Kaisow, barque, for Yokohama: 1000 tons coal.

Egmont (s.), for Maryborough and Rockhampton: 483 packages wines and spirits, 60 packages beer, 8 packages tobacco and cigars, 160 bags rice, 170 boxes candles, 138 packages tea, 275 cases kerosene, 170 cases fruit, 103 bags bark, 95 packages drapery, 40 bags onions, 100 rolls wire netting, 116 packages oilmen's stores, 15 packages soda crystals, 15 packages nails, 70 packages hardware, 2 tons shale, 27 packages boots, 42 grindstones, 1 case opium, 20 tons potatoes, 16 kegs lead, 90 bars iron, 14 cases acid, 29 kegs butter, 120 bags bran, 10 coils rope, and sundries.

Queensland (s.), for Brisbane: 13 cases wheat meal, 85 cases fruit, 19 trunks boots, 2 tierces beef, 15 packages.

Derwent (s.), for Brisbane: 212 packages tea, 23 packages tobacco and cigars, 13 packages cheese, 86 packages iron, 44 packages hardware, 300 bags wheat, 62 quarter-cases fruit, 2 cases bedsteads, 20 cases wine, 1 case elastic, 1 case glass, 600 three-quarter bags flour, 77 packages furniture, 8 cases stearine, 50 bundles wire nails, 9 bales twine, 5 bales bags, 147 packages groceries, oilmen's stores, &c., 3 packages stationery, &c., 48 packages boots and shoes, 9 packages earthenware, 6 packages bottles, 1 boiler tube, 1 case copper, 110 bags bark, 6 packages drapery, 21 kegs butter, 32 bags onions, 5 packages nails, 6 packages trees, plants, &c., 2 puncheons ling, 5 packages printing materials, 1 bale paper bags, and 45 packages sundries.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, June 16: City of Melbourne (s.), 615 tons, Captain Phillips, for Noumea; Queensland (s.), 425 tons, Captain Durrell, for Brisbane; Egmont (s.), 456 tons, Captain Bell, for Maryborough and Rockhampton; Canoma, barque, 586 tons, Captain Carpenter, for Lyttelton; You Yangs (s.), 457 tons, Captain Smith, for Melbourne, via Newcastle; Ringarooma (s.), 623 tons, Captain Chatfield, for Auckland and New Zealand ports.

The Java (s.), from Hongkong, belongs to the same line as the Crusader which recently visited this port. She brings a large general cargo mostly for Melbourne and Sydney, and 178 Chinese from Hongkong and 7 from Cooktown; 88 are for Sydney, 44 for Melbourne, 11 for Dunedin, 25 for Greymouth, and 10 for Hokitiki. The ship steamed at once into quarantine on her arrival, in consequence of there being a case of smallpox among the passengers. The ship, in all probability, will meet with a detention of about 21 days.

The barque Alice Mary, from Mauritius, has had a somewhat stormy passage, but she has ended it without sustaining any damage beyond a slight loss of bulwarks. The barque has made a very quick round voyage. She sailed from here to Adelaide, loaded breadstuffs for Cape Town; thence sailed for Mauritius, and has arrived here in 6½ months on the round. She left Mauritius on May 12, with a light southerly wind; took the S.E. trades on May 14, and parted with them on the 18th, in latitude 32·8 S. and longitude 55·26 E.; from thence had heavy westerly winds. Ran the easting down between 37½ and 38° S. On June 5 in latitude 39·2., longitude 125· W., the barque hove to in a gale, which commenced at N.N.E. and went round to N.W. Passed Cape Leeuwin on June 2 in latitude 38·34 S., and made Cape Bridgewater on June 9 at 4.30 p.m.; sighted Cape Otway on June 10 and Gabo Island on June 11; from thence had light northerly winds.

The Manly (s.), which has opened up steam communication with the Bellinger River and Sydney, has returned from her maiden trip, and is apparently a most suitable vessel for the trade. She made the upward passage in 27 hours, and brings down a cargo of 700 bags maize and other produce.

Messrs. Fraser and Co. will sell by auction to-day, Thursday, at 11 a.m., the Susannah Godeffroy, ship, of 1154 tons register; and the Brunette, of 273 tons.

The I. S. N. Co.'s new steamer Kameruka, from England, passed Cooktown on Tuesday for Sydney direct.

The City of Melbourne (s.) left Sydney at 11.20 a.m. Saturday, June 5, and cleared the Heads same day at noon. Experienced light N.E. winds and fine weather up to 4 a.m. on Tuesday, June 8; thence to arrival fresh N.W. winds and squally, with heavy rain showers. Entered the reef by the Bulari Pass at 5 p.m. on Wednesday, June 9, arriving in Noumea same evening at 6.45. Left again on Saturday, June 12, at 10.45 a.m.; cleared the reef by the Bulari Pass same day at 0.15 p.m. Experienced moderate S.E. winds and fine weather up till 10 p.m. on Sunday, 13th instant; thence variable winds, with heavy rain showers, till midnight on Monday, June 14; thence to arrival light and fresh westerly winds and dark, threatening weather. Rounded Seal Rocks light on Tuesday, June 15, at 9.30 p.m., entered the Heads on Wednesday, June 16, at 7.20 a.m., and arrived at the wharf same day, at 8 a.m.

The Ringarooma (s.) left Port Chalmers on June 2, Lyttelton 4, Wellington 5, Napier 6, Gisborne 7, and arrived in Auckland on the 8th; left again on the 9th, and proceeded on to the Bay of Islands, where she coaled, and left on the night of the 10th, and arrived at Sydney on the 16th, at noon. Had strong head winds and sea all the way across from Auckland.

Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co. have received a cablegram from the Orient Steam Navigation Co., advising them of the arrival of the steamship Sorata at Plymouth on Tuesday, the 15th instant, being three days in advance of schedule time, 49 days from Sydney, and 38 from Adelaide.

The barque Chittagong arrived at Noumea from Sydney on the 11th instant.

The Lusitania (s.) passed Eden, bound north, at 4.30 p.m., and should therefore arrive here this morning.

The Barrabool (s.) and Llewellyn (s.) both left Melbourne for Sydney on Tuesday afternoon.

The mission schooner John Hunt, for Fiji and Friendly Islands, anchored in Watson's Bay yesterday afternoon.

The Queen of the South (s.) left the Macleay at 1 p.m. on the 15th instant, and reached Sydney and 8 p.m. on the 16th. She brings the following cargo:—988 bags maize, 32 bags antimony ore, 9 cases eggs, 25 hides, 48 pigs, 6 coops poultry, 6 cases fruit, 3 cases sundries. Experienced from Macleay River to Tacking Point moderate S.W. wind and heavy rain; from thence to Newcastle, strong southerly wind and high sea; remainder of passage moderate S.S.W. wind and heavy southerly swell.

The ship Loch Fyne sailed for London, from Lyttelton, yesterday.

The Truganini (s.) left Kiama at 9 p.m. on the 15th, passed Wollongong at 11.10 p.m., arrived at Grafton Wharf at 4.50 a.m. on the 16th. Experienced fine weather throughout. Cargo: 180 tons metal, 120 kegs butter, 5 kegs lard, 8 cases eggs, 4 cases con, 4 bags hides, 30 bags bones, 6 horses, 2 cows, 12 pigs, 10 calves, and sundries.

The following notice to mariners is issued by the Marine Board of Adelaide, South Australia:—"Notice is hereby given that the provisions of the Marine Board Acts 1860 to 1879, which relate to pilotage, are hereby extended by the Marine Board to the following ports in this province, viz.:—Port MacDonnell, Port Beachport (Rivoli Bay), Port Victor, Port Wallaroo, Port Pirie, and Port Augusta; and that from and after the 10th day of June, 1880, if the master of any ship shall proceed to sea from any of the above-mentioned ports without receiving on board a qualified pilot to conduct the said ship, such master shall be liable to the provisions and penalties of Section 123 of the Marine Board Act, 1860, and of all other sections of the said Act, and of all other Acts relating to the regulation of shipping and pilots within the said province."

The Eidern, a fine-looking Swedish barque, from New York, entered the Heads last night, and beat up to an anchorage below Garden Island at 11 p.m., there being no tug-boat down to bring her into port. Captain Hertz reports leaving New York on the 15th March, but met light variable winds at the outset of the voyage. On March 19, a heavy blow was experienced from the S.E., on the following day it increased to a hurricane; furled all sail, excepting a goose-wing maintopsail and foretopmast staysail, the latter sail was, however, blown from the bolt ropes; at the same time the ship took a heavy sea in at the main rigging, which smashed in the cabin door, a large quantity of water finding its way into the cabin. The starboard rail was broken by the sea and some of the stanchions damaged. The vessel was compelled to heave to on the starboard tack, the sea running mountains high. At 6 p.m. the gale took off a little; bore away, and during the night a sea broke over the port quarter, smashing in the after cabin door, and more water got into the cabin, damaging the provisions. The N.E. trades commenced on April 2, in latitude 23·15 N. and longitude 35·5 W. They were well easterly and light, they were lost on April 11, in latitude 2· N.; crossed the equator on April 12, in longitude 27·46· W.; from thence had light S.E. trades, hanging very much to the S.S.E.; lost the trades on April 24, in latitude 21·50 S., and longitude 31·54 W.; variable winds prevailed from thence till the 4th May, when the westerly winds began. Sighted Tristram d'Acunha on May 6, with strong N.W. winds; passed the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope on May 14, in latitude 45·15 S.; ran the easting down between 44· and 45· S., with strong westerly winds and occasional moderate gales, a very heavy sea, however, rendering the running very wet work; passed Cape Otway on June 12, at midnight; had fine weather on the coast, with north-west winds.

Passengers per R. M. S. Australia, leaving to-day, at 3 p.m.—Saloon to San Francisco: Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Vickers, Misses Vicars (3), Mr. and Mrs. Glossop, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Boutra Servais, Mrs. F. M. Bates and 3 children, Hon. J. B. Watt, Captain Charles, Miss Deas Thomson, Miss Fawns, T. Chirnside, L. A. Wise, F. Fitzherbert, Fred. Dulton, Frank M. Dutton, A. Hamilton, W. G. Clarke, Wilson, Carter, St. John Lysaght, H. W. Green, F. B. Tyler, J. A. Fawns, E. T. Jones, and 23 in the steerage. Saloon to Honolulu: Mr. E. N. Marks, Mr. H. Thurston, and 5 in the steerage. Saloon to Auckland: Miss Deloitte, Miss Isaacs, Messrs. E. Isaacs, W. Weston, E. Samuel, and 7 in the steerage.

The R. M. S. Siam left Port Phillip Heads for Sydney yesterday afternoon, at 10 minutes past 3.

TIMARU.—Sailed: May 25, S. B. Lyman, for London; June 7, Menai, for London.

LYTTELTON.—Arrived: June 5, Doun Castle, from Newcastle. Sailed: June 2, Elizabeth, for Newcastle; Norval, for London June 5, John Knox, for Sydney.

DUNEDIN.—Sailed: June 2, Oamuru, for London.

AUCKLAND.—Arrived: May 29, H.M.S. Danae, Captain Purvis, from Samoa.

WELLINGTON.—Arrived: June 4, Robin Hood, from Newcastle; June 6, Geraldine Paget, from London.

WRECK OF THE BARQUE AUSTRALIAN SOVEREIGN.

Captain Martin Berry, of the barque Australian Sovereign, who arrived in Sydney from Noumea by the City of Melbourne this morning, brings information of the total loss of the Australian Sovereign. The vessel left Adelaide on the 21st May, with a full cargo of flour for Noumea. When nearing her destination, on the 6th June, she was caught in very thick rain and squalls, completely shutting out the light of the lighthouse, and she became a total wreck on a reef about 70 miles from Noumea. The captain and crew (numbering 10 all told) escaped in the ship's boats, and succeeded in reaching the neighbouring lighthouse, and afterwards went on to Noumea, where the wreck was sold for £92. The vessel was registered at Newcastle, N.S.W., and was owned by Mr. Edward King, of Hinton. The hull is insured in the Sydney Marine Co. for £3000, all of which, with the exception of £500, is reinsured for like amounts in various local offices. Further details regarding the wreck will be found in our Noumea correspondent's letter in another part of this paper.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE.—JUNE 16.

ARRIVED.

Albion (s.), from Hokitika.
Loch-lee, from Pam.
Caledonia, from Port Stephens.
Coonanbara (s.), Lochnau, Claud Hamilton (s.), Collaroy (s.), Marie, Flora, Colonist, Morpeth (s.), Wonga Wonga (s.), Saxonia (s.), from Sydney.

SAILED.—JUNE 16.

Taraming (s.), Conference, Sarah Ann, for Melbourne.
Emily, for Timaru.
Day Dawn, for Adelaide.
Lady St. Aubyn, Glenelg (s.), Amy, Waratah (s.), Catherine, Agnes, Escort, Western (s.), Maitland (s.), Collaroy (s.), for Sydney.

BALLINA.—JUNE 16.

SAILED.

Saucy Jack, schooner, for Sydney.
Wind, south-east; cloudy.

CLARENCE RIVER HEADS.—JUNE 16.

ARRIVED.

Fiona (s.), from Newcastle.

SAILED.

Terranora (s.), Wanganui (s.), for Sydney.

BRISBANE.—JUNE 16.

The Kebroyd, barque, for Newcastle, in ballast, cleared Cape Moreton this morning.
The Balclutha (s.) and Keilawarra (s.), for Sydney, left Rockhampton to-day.
The Victoria (s.), for Sydney, left Flat-top Island this afternoon.
The Wentworth, for Cooktown, arrived at Townville to-day.

GABO ISLAND.—JUNE 16.

PASSED.

Leura (s.), westward, at 11.55 a.m.; Lusitania (s.), north, at 2.20 p.m.; City of Adelaide, (s.), westward, at 6.50 p.m.

PORT PHILLIP HEADS.—JUNE 16.

SAILED.

R. M. S. Siam, for Sydney, cleared the Heads at 3.10 p.m.; Ly-ee-Moon (s.), cleared at 4.

ADELAIDE.—JUNE 15.

ARRIVED.

Varlten, barque, from Christiana.
Baltic Mathieu, barque, from Newcastle.
Odalisk, brig, from Brisbane.

SAILED.

J. L. Griffiths, barque, for Circular Head.
South Australian (s.), for Melbourne.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
June 16.	8.30 a.m.	W.	Light and fine.
	Noon.	W.	Ditto and ditto.
	5 p.m.	W.	Ditto and ditto.

High water at Fort Denison, June 16: 1.53 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—JUNE 16.

South Australia: Cloudy and squally generally in South of colony; raining at Adelaide, sea moderate, wind light and variable, barometers falling; rain at Adelaide, 0·190; Cape Borda, 0·140; and Robe, 0·130. Victoria: Cloudy, showery, and squally, rough sea at Cape Otway, barometers generally rising, wind from N.W.; rain at Cape Otway, 0·260; and Portland, 0·130. New South Wales: Weather generally fine, clearing, sea on coast smooth, wind cold and fresh from land, barometers falling, fine and frosty generally at inland stations. Queensland: Brisbane, fine, with fresh W. wind, rising barometers and smooth sea; Rockhampton, fine, wind from W.; Cooktown, fine, light S.E. wind. 3 p.m. Observations.—Victoria: Melbourne, N.N.W, 23, squally, temperature 52·; Cape Otway, N.W., 23, raining, rough sea, temperature 48·; Wilson's Promontory, W.N.W., 48, showery, squally, rough sea, temperature 49·. New South Wales: Deniliquin, calm, dull, temperature 41·; Albury, calm, dull, temperature 53·; Goulburn, W., fine, temperature 60·; Eden, N., 14, fine, smooth sea, temperature 57·; Moruya, N.W., 30, fine, smooth sea, temperature 50·; Cape George, W., 28, fine, smooth sea, temperature 55·; Sydney, S.W., 14, fine, smooth sea, temperature 55·; Newcastle, S.W., 8, fine, smooth sea, temperature 59·; Port Macquarie, S.W., 42, fine, smooth sea, temperature 60.; Clarence River, S., 42, fine, smooth sea, temperature 60·. State of Rivers:—Murrumbidgee—At Hay, 8 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Balranald, 10 feet 6 inches above summer level. Murray—At Albury, 5 feet above summer level; at Euston, 13 feet 3 inches above summer level. Darling—At Wentworth, 15 feet above summer level; at Pooncarie, 18 feet 8 inches above summer level; at Menindi, 22 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Wilcannia, 15 feet 6 inches above summer level.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR JUNE 16.—Sun rises at 7.5, sets at 4.55; Moon rises at 12.35 p.m., sets at 12.27 a.m.; Mercury, 8.20 a.m., 5.54 p.m.; Venus, 6.36 a.m., 4.24 p.m.; Mars, 10.2 a.m., 8.11 p.m.; Jupiter, 1.27 a.m., 1.0 p.m.; Saturn, 2.19 a.m., 1.33 p.m. New moon, 8th; full moon, 22nd.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.
T. COSGROVE.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
W. INGLIS AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
BRUNKER AND WOLFE.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Fat Calves, Lambs, Sheep.
HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle; at Ellis and Co.'s, at 2.30, Fat Sheep and Lambs.
PITT, SON, AND BADGERY.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s, at , Fat Calves, Lambs, Sheep.
SULLIVAN AND SIMPSON.—At the Homebush Yards, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep.
WILKINSON, GRAVES, MINCHIN, AND LAVENDER.—At the Homebush Yards, at , Fat Sheep; at Scott's Hotel, Melbourne, at 3, the Bolygamy Station, Lachlan District.
J. J. ROBERTS.—At his Yards, at 11, Fat Sheep, Calves, Lambs.
WELLS AND SMITH, BROTHERS.—At Struth's Wharf, at 10, Hay, Onions, Corn, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 11.30, Beef and Mutton.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, AND LAMB.—At Pembroke College, Randwick, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects, Pianoforte, &c.
H. VAUGHAN.—On the premises, International Hotel, King and Pitt streets, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects, Glassware, China, Platedware, &c.
C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Carpets, Mats, Rugs, Floorcloths, Blankets, &c.
STUBBS AND CO.—On the premises, Lindum House, Castlereagh-street, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects.
J. RODD.—On the premises, George-street South, at 11, Clothing, Mercery, Fixtures, &c.
HARRIS AND ACKMAN.—At the Rooms, at 11, Hosiery, Clothing, Shirts, Perfumery, &c.; on the premises, Craig's-terrace, Kent-street North, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects, Piano, &c.
JOSEPH AND CO.—On the premises, Johnstone Hotel, Newtown Road, at 12, Lease, License, Goodwill, Furniture, Stock-in-trade, &c.
MAIDEN, HILL, AND CLARK.—At the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At the Chamber of Commerce, at 2.30, Wool.
LUNN AND GOULD.—At their Rooms, at 11 and 2, Unredeemed Pledges.
A. MOORE AND CO.—At the Mart, at 11, Fancy Goods, Clothing, Boots, &c.
F. L. BARKER.—At the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
ELLIS AND CO.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle; at their Yards, at 1, Calves, Lambs, Pigs, &c.
J. BRIDGE.—At Homebush, at 11.30, Fat Wethers.
R. J. HUGHES AND CO.—On the premises, Surry-street, Darlinghurst, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects.
DENT AND HOSKIN.—At Darling Harbour, at 10, Wood.
W. INGLIS.—At his Yards, at 11, Milch Cows, Calves, &c.; at 1.30, Calves, Lambs, Pigs, &c.; at 2, Pigs, &c.
FRASER AND CO.—At the Mart, at 11, Ship Susanne Godffroy, and Barque Brunette; at the Stores, Circular Quay, at 2, Iron, Ship's Gear, Rigging, &c.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

The Stock and Share market was steady to-day. What changes took place in Bank stock were in favour of sellers, except in the case of New South Wales, for which 50¾ was accepted and offered, sellers at 51; Commercial had a further advance, 99 paid for old issue, 100 wanted—no sellers of new; City wanted at 11⅜, offered at 11⅝; Joint Stock had buyers at 15¼, sellers at 15½; Mercantile remained at 5⅝ buyers, 5¾ sellers; New Zealand inquired for at 20, held for 20¼; Queensland National not offered below 7¼; Union firmer, buyers at 60¾, sellers at 62¼. Australasian Steam in request at 17¾, holders quoted 18; Clarence and Richmond, and Hunter River, have still a margin of 20s. between buyers and sellers; no Illawarra offered; North Shore Ferry for sale at 15s. 6d. Insurance shares were not dealt in: General wanted at 75s., but not offered; the market was also bare of Australian Fire; Mercantile lower, 1s. 6d. would have been accepted; N. S. W. Pacific and Sydney Fire obtainable at 61s; buyers of Sydney Marine at 30s., sellers at 31s. 6d.; United wanted at 36s., held for 37s. 6d.; Gaslight shares very firm, and unless buyers offer more than 13¼ for old there will not be much done—new issue held for 5½; the best offer for Pyrmont Bridge was 6, holders wanted 6¼; Volunteer land orders changed hands at 92. Coal shares were dull: Bulli had buyers at 11¼, sellers at 12¼; for Wallsend, 14¾ was required; Waratah had inquiry at 7½, and were offered at 8¼; buyers of Vale of Clwydd at 16s., sellers at 17s.; Great Cobar Copper steady at 50s. buyers, 52s. 6d. sellers. Rapp's Gold firmer, buyers at 1s. 4d., sellers at 1s. 5d.; Krohmann's wanted at 4s. 6d., offered at 5s. 6d.; Star of Peace for sale at 4s. 6d; Band and Albion had a relapse, as after a sale at £5 3s. 6d. there were sellers at 5, buyers at 4¾; Hustler's pups quoted at yesterday's rates. The only change in debentures was that buyers of New South Wales funded fours advanced their offers to 96 without bringing forward any sellers; 109 was obtainable for long-dated fives.

The Import markets had scarcely a noticeable feature, except it might be that some holders of outside goods were offering at prices regular importers would not accept. There was a great scarcity of rock salt on the spot, and a firmer tone with regard to coarse Liverpool to arrive. Galvanized iron is moving, but prices for parcels are not being disclosed. 150 cases of Gospel Oak changed hands in a line, and 60 cases of Morewood's Lion brand, on terms reserved. The sale of the Vidal's cargo of Mauritius sugars by Messrs. Fraser and Co. was not a success, as only about 70 tons changed hands, and even for that quantity lower prices had to be accepted: rations sold at £26 10s.; counters at £29 17s. 6d. to £33 15s.; crystals at £34 10s. to £35. The teas ex Killarney and Menmuir were all passed in at importers' reserves. A lot of Whybrow's salad oils, all faults, sold at 5s. for half-pints, 8s. 6d. for pints. Our reports that the tea market at Foochoo had not opened has had fresh confirmation by a telegram dated Hongkong last evening, and stating also that only the E. and A. Company's steamer Menmuir was there to load for Sydney. The attendance at the produce sales at the railway station this morning was only moderate, and business passed off rather flatter, no advances being recorded in any department. Oaten hay, of the best description, was worth from 5s. to 5s. 4d. for trusses and bundles, and from 4s. 6d. to 5s. for bales; one very superior truck of the latter, however, realizing as much as 5s. 6d. Oaten and wheaten bales sold at from 3s. 9d. to 4s. 4d., and wheaten bundles at from 3s. 8d. to 5s. 8d. Chaff was almost a drug in the market: best qualities were only worth from 4s. 3d. to 4s. 6d., and inferior and medium were almost without sale at from 3s. 3d. to 4s. Bale straw realized from 2s. 8d. to 2s. 10d., and bundle averaged 2d. more. One truck of lucerne of medium sample found a purchaser at 4s., and any really prime lots forward would have fetched a high figure. A large supply of pumpkins was disposed of, at rates varying from 1s. 10d. to 3s. 1d. per dozen. Potatoes brought from 2s. 10d. to 3s. 3d. per cwt. Dry samples of Windsor corn were in better favour, and brought from 2s. to 2s. 1½d. in small lots without bags. One truck of Golden Drop corn found a purchaser at 2s. 3d., bags included.

The Colonial Treasurer brought before the Assembly this evening some fresh proposals for increasing the public revenue. He stated that the receipts from land for the first five months of this year only amounted to £122,000. When he estimated the revenue for 1880, in December last at £5,120,375, and the expenditure at £4,984,183, there was an apparent surplus of £136,192, but so far as the year has gone there are no hopes of this being realized. To compensate for the expected deficiency, the Government will re-introduce a Stamp Bill, to enforce similar duties to those in the bill withdrawn on account of the action of the Upper House. In order to meet remaining sum required for the public service, the pastoral interest, and coal mine owners are to be called upon—the former having to bear the bulk of the new imposts. Mr. Watson said he intended to propose an export tax of one farthing per pound on greasy wool, one half-penny per pound on washed or scoured wool, sixpence per head on horses and horned cattle, and a royalty of sixpence per ton on the output of coal. The estimated revenue for the remainder of the year from proposals submitted are as follows:—Stamp duties, £125,000; wool, £114,000; horses and cattle, £60,000; royalty on coal, £19,000: total, £318,000, leaving a surplus of £28,000. The estimates for next year were as follows:—Stamp duties, £250,000; wool, £175,000; stock, £60,000; coal, £38,000; or, a total of £523,000. He also intimated that further taxation would probably be necessary. With the exception of the stamp duties, the new duties will create some surprise.

There was a very limited supply of wool available for to-day's sales, and nothing to test the effect on prices of late London advices. Sheepskins were in good request, and all offered by Messrs. Mort and Co. were quitted at from 3½d. to 7½d. per lb., according to growth and quality. Scoured wool sold at 11½d. to 16¾d.; fleece, at 15d. to 16¾d.; greasy, at 7½d. to 9½d. Mr. Bridge's sale resulted somewhat similarly. Scoured brought 10d. to 19½d.; greasy, 8d. to 9½d.; full-woolled skins, 5d. to 7½d.; pelts and inferior, 3d. to 3¾d.

The Ringarooma, from New Zealand, brought 11,494 oz. gold, valued at £46,750, for the Bank of New Zealand—5226 oz. from the Otago gold-fields and 6268 from the Thames.

The Alice Mary, from Mauritius, arrived to-day with 250 tons sugar; the Java (s.), from Hongkong, with rice and sundries, and the Eidern, from New York, with American merchandise.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £1449 3s.; wine (still), £399 13s.; wine (sparkling), £152 10s.; ale, porter, and beer (in bottle), £14 11s.; tobacco and snuff, £47 12s.; unmanufactured tobacco, £454 16s.; cigars, £339 17s. 8d.; tea, £308 7s.; coffee and chicory, £18 12s. 3d.; sugar (unrefined), £10 8s. 5d.; molasses, £18 16s. 5d.; opium, £23 17s. 6d.; rice, £1 12s. 7d.; dried fruits, £100 0s. 8d.; malt, £82 11s.; sarsaparilla, £1 17s. 6d.; specific duty, £659 12s. 4d.; pilotage, £13 5s.; harbour and light dues, £19 12s.: total, £4116 15s. 4d.

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

3 per cent. Consols, 98¼. Market rate of discount, 3 per cent.

5 per cent. N. S. W. Loan (1888 to 1902), 109½; 4 per cent. Victorian Loan (1899 to 1901), 99¼; 5 per cent. N. S. W. Loan, with 2 per cent. annual drawings (from 1874 to 1898), 106½; 4 per cent. N. S. W. loan (1903 to 1905), 99½; 6 per cent. Tasmanian loan (1893 to 1901), 115½; 5 per cent. Victorian Loan (1894), 108½.

Tin: Straits, £74 per ton; Australian, £74 per ton. Copper: Burra, £71 per ton; Wallaroo, £71 per ton.

Wheat: Adelaide, per 496 lbs., ex warehouse, 50s. 6d. to 51s. 6d. Flour: Adelaide, per 280 lbs., ex warehouse, 88s.

Australian Tallow: Best beef, 32s. 6d. per cwt.; best mutton, 34s. 6d. per cwt.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

M'Ewan and Co., wholesale grocers, of Swanston-street, have failed, with liabilities estimated at about £10,000.

Sugars are improving.

There is no alteration in wheat.

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The Queensland Insurance Company have completed arrangements to take over the business of the Mercantile and Mutual in this colony.

MINING.

KROHMANN'S AMALGAMATED G. M. Co.—Hill End, June 15:—Shaft has been sunk 6 feet, making present depth 681 feet; sinking through hard slate at present. North drive on new vein at 628 feet has been extended 8 feet—length of drive, 100 feet from shaft. South drive at this level has been put in another 6 feet—present length of drive, 26 feet from shaft. Underhand stoping, north and south from shaft, on same vein. Have broken down 17 tons of quartz; the vein is from 7 to 8 inches thick, showing gold through it. 67 tons of stone at surface. Stoping out and prospecting western vein at 210 feet; stoping out same vein at 240 feet level. Have raised 3 tons of quartz; it shows a little gold. 33 tons of quartz at surface. These two lots will be put through Beyers' battery as soon as possible.

THE MAILS.

Mails will be made up at the General Post Office, for the undermentioned places, as follows:—

FOR MELBOURNE.—Overland, daily, Friday excepted, at 6.30 p.m.
FOR ADELAIDE.—Overland, via Melbourne, daily, Friday excepted, at 6.30 p.m.
FOR HOBART TOWN AND LAUNCESTON.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily, Friday excepted, at 6.30 p.m.
FOR AUCKLAND AND ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, AND CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—By the R.M.S. Australia, this day, at 1 p.m.
FOR UNITED KINGDOM.—By the R.M.S. Australia, this day, at 2 p.m.
FOR MACLEAY RIVER.—By the Queen of the South (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.
FOR ULLADULLA, CLYDE, AND MORUYA.—By the Kiama (s.), on Friday, at 8.30 a.m.
FOR HOBART TOWN AND LAUNCESTON, VIA EDEN.—By the Tasman (s.), on Friday, at 9 a.m.
FOR MELBOURNE.—By the You Yangs (s.), on Friday, at 1 p.m.
FOR AUCKLAND AND ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.—By the Ringarooma (s.), on Friday, at 1 p.m.
FOR BRISBANE.—By the Elamang (s.), on Friday, at 3.30 p.m.
FOR GOSFORD.—By the Pelican (s.), on Friday, at 5.30 p.m.
FOR NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—By the City of Melbourne (s.), on Saturday, at 9 a.m.
FOR SOUTHERN PORTS OF NEW ZEALAND, VIA MELBOURNE AND BLUFF.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Arawata (s.), on Saturday, at 6 p.m.

DISPATCH OF MAILS FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM CONTINENT OF EUROPE, INDIA, CHINA, AND OTHER PLACES, PER BANGALORE, FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails containing letters, packets, and newspapers will be made up at this office, and forwarded overland to Melbourne, on Tuesday, June 22nd. Mails will close as follows:—
Registered letters at 4.30 p.m.
Unregistered letters at 5.30 p.m.
Newspapers and packets at 4.30 p.m.
Late letters for the United Kingdom, via Brindisi, will be received at the General Post Office up to 6 p.m. Late fee, 6d.
General Post Office, Sydney, June 14th, 1880.

ROYAL MAIL NOTICE.—VIA AUCKLAND, HONOLULU, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

The mails by the R. M. S. Australia close at the General Post Office, on Thursday, the 17th June, 1880, as follows:—
Registered letters at noon.
Unregistered letters (except for United Kingdom) at 1 p.m.
Ditto ditto for United Kingdom at 2 p.m.
Newspapers, books, and packets, at noon.
The rates of postage on letters to Honolulu, United States of America, and the United Kingdom are 6d per ½ oz.
Full information as to the rates of postage to all places can be ascertained at the Inquiry Office, General Post Office, and at the various suburban and country offices.

LATE LETTERS.

Late letters for the United Kingdom, Honolulu, United States of America, and Canada, will be received at the General Post Office up to 2.30 p.m. on payment of a late fee of 6d. each letter, and at the Custom House (Circular Quay) up to 2.45 p.m. on payment of a late fee of 1s. each letter.

IRON RECEIVERS.

Letters may be posted in the iron pillar letter receivers up to noon; newspapers may be posted in the newspaper receivers up to 10 a.m. on the 17th June, 1880.
All letters, &c., not otherwise marked will be forwarded by the R. M. S. Australia.
General Post Office, Sydney, June 16, 1880.

Special Advertisements.

SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES.
THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD. Price 2d. Subscription 14s per quarter.
THE ECHO, an Evening Newspaper. Published at Hunter-street, Sydney. Price 1d. Subscriptions 6s 6d per quarter.
THE SYDNEY MAIL AND NEW SOUTH WALES ADVERTISER. A weekly Journal, with numerous illustrations. Price 6d. Subscriptions 6s 6d per quarter.
OFFICES in LONDON—3, GEORGE-YARD, LOMBARD-STREET, where files of the above papers may be seen.
The following NEWSPAPER and ADVERTISING AGENTS are authorised to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the above-named Journals:—
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LONDON.—Messrs. BATTS, HENDY, and CO., 4, Old Jewry, E.C.
LONDON.—Mr. F. ALGAR, 11, Clement's-lane, Lombard-street, E.C.
LONDON.—Messrs. GORDON and GOTCH, St. Bride-street, Fleet-street, E.C.
LONDON.—Mr. F. H. B. PHILLIPS, 131, Fleet-street, E.C.
BIRMINGHAM.—Mr. R. S. KIRK, 90, New-street.
LIVERPOOL.—LEE and NIGHTINGALE, 15, North John-street.
BRISTOL.—JAMES and HENRY GRACE, Royal Insurance Buildings.
EDINBURGH.—ROBERTSON and SCOTT, 13, Hanover-street.
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*** Copies of each journal are filed at the above offices for the use of advertisers.

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835.
Capital paid up, £1,200,000.
Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits, £424,910.
London Office: 4, Threadneedle-street, E.C.
Branches at Sydney, Albury, Howlong, Maitland, Muswellbrook, Narrabri, Newcastle, Tamworth, and Wallsend in New South Wales; and also in Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand.
Agents and correspondents throughout England, Scotland, and Ireland; and in France, Germany, South Africa, India, China, Mauritius, Java, North America, and New Caledonia.
The Bank allows interest on deposits for fixed periods, and also transacts all usual Banking business.
A Share Register is kept in the colonies, to which shares on the English Register can be transferred without charge.
EDWD. HUGHES, Manager.
Sydney, May, 1879.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITT and Hunter streets. Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000. Unlimited liability of shareholders.
FIRE risks accepted at premiums as LOW as those of any other office.

BOAR'S HEAD STOUT.
Consumers of this Stout, so renowned for the excellence of its condition and its nourishing qualities, are cautioned against the colourable imitations now being offered which cannot equal the Boar's Head, as the method of bottling is unknown to any but the senior partner of the firm of T. B. Hall and Co.
J. R. CATTELL and CO., Sole Agents.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA AND LAND.—PORTMANTEAUS, Trunks, and Bags; a large variety to select from. JOHN BRUSH, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

GUINNESS'S STOUT.—"CROWN" BRAND, IN stone, pints and quarts, now landed. Superior to anything in the market. Inspection invited.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

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FOUR first-class AWARDS, Sydney Exhibition, 1880.
TWO SPECIAL PRIZES, Sydney Exhibition, 1880.
FOUR first-class AWARDS, Philadelphia Exhibition, 1876.
GOLD MEDAL, Paris Exhibition, 1878.
These celebrated WATCHES, lately exhibited at the Garden Palace, are now on view at our Warehouse, and for SALE to the Trade only, at exceptionally low prices.
S. HOFFNUNG and CO., Wholesale Agents.

WALKER'S WHISKY.—SPECIAL First Prize Cork Distilleries Irish Whisky—first prize
Gayen's Schnapps and Geneva—both first prize
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MASON, BROTHERS, 14, Spring-street.

TEAS, ALL QUALITIES; WOOLPACKS, ASH Oars—De Grauw, Aymar, and Co.'s; Brandy—Sazerac's *, ***; Courvoisier's *; Claret—Ginoulhiac, William Shiels and Co.'s; Millstones, Silk, &c.—Corcoran, Witt, and Co.; Lager Beer—G. A. Weiss and Co.'s; Blasting Powder—Kennall Gunpowder Co.; Whisky—Bourbon and Rye.
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BRANDY, "COURVOISIER," IN CASE.
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WOOLPACKS, 11½ lbs., ENDS and SIDES; WIRE "STORK" GALVANIZED IRON, 5 to 10 feet; CEMENT.
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ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

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CHEVERELLS, WAVERLEY.—THIS EXCELLENT FAMILY RESIDENCE for PRIVATE SALE. Full particulars on application to MILLS and PILE, 112, Pitt-street.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1809. Accumulated Funds, £1,506,690.
FIRE RISKS in this colony and Queensland accepted at LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
Offices—86, Pitt-street, Sydney.
GEORGE A. RUSSELL, Secretary.

TEAS, EX S.S. KILLARNEY and MENMUIR, from Foochow, for SALE by the undersigned.
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf.

BAPTISMAL FONT, OBELISKS, AND KERBING in Granite; took First Prize at Sydney International Exhibition. Prices much reduced. Apply to
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

TO COUNTRY AGENTS.—THE AGENTS FOR THE "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" are requested to furnish their Quarterly Statements of Accounts previous to the 18th June, 1880.

EARLY CLOSING.—S. WHIDDON'S BOOT AND Shoe Establishment, Oxford-street, will be CLOSED every Tuesday and Thursday Evening at 7.

SHAREHOLDERS IN THE INDUSTRIAL PERMANENT PROVIDENT INVESTMENT and BUILDING SOCIETY are invited to read the Prospectus of the Excelsior Building Society. Can the Directors of the Industrial, who are also Directors of the Excelsior, do justice to both Societies? One must suffer. Which? The Industrial has ample funds to lend—cannot get their money out fast enough. Yet the Directors have started a new Society, and advertise it as the cheapest to borrow from. Must not the Industrial suffer in consequence? Can the manager serve two societies with identically the same interest faithfully?
SHAREHOLDER.

Special Advertisements.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY THOUSAND IS THE WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF EUREKA CIGARETTES at the EAGLE TOBACCO WORKS, Clarence-street, Sydney. Superior to all others, as the consumption shows, and sold at half the price of foreign rubbish.
Beware of Imported Counterfeits. Smoke Genuine Eureka Cigarettes.

AROMATIC TOBACCOS.
T. C. WILLIAMS and CO.
Reported on by the Judges at the late Exhibition as being the "best shown at this Exhibition," and awarded as follows:—
FIRST ORDER OF MERIT AND CERTIFICATE.
R. TOWNS and CO., Sole Agents.

TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE MOON ON THE 22nd OF THIS MONTH.
"Will be of unusual interest."—Vide Letter of H. C. Russell, Esq., in Herald of 10th instant.
The undersigned have several fine Astronomical TELESCOPES, suitable for observing above, which have powerful terrestrial eyepieces, rendering them equally effective for verandah use.
Prices—£35, £30, £9 10s, and £7 10s.
Also, small PORTABLE TELESCOPES, with astronomical eyepieces, and clamp to fix them steadily to a verandah post, at 25s and upwards.
FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and ROBERTS, Jewellers, Watchmakers, and Opticians, 340, George-street.

SHARES FOR SALE.
BANKS—Mercantile, New South Wales, New Zealand, and Queensland National.
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MISCELLANEOUS—Australian Gaslight (new), Coffee Palace, Pyrmont Bridge, and Sydney Freehold Land.
MINING—Great Cobar Copper, Band and Albion Gold, Brisbane Tin.
JOSEPH PALMER, 133, Pitt-street.

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The Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1880.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. Piddington, said that it had been suggested by the manager of the Government Asylum at Parramatta that the police barracks should be used to provide additional accommodation for the paupers who are continually pressing for admission; and, also, for a recreation ground for a large number of patients congregated in the erysipelas hospital.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL presented a petition from residents of Sydney, asking the Council to recommit the Electoral Bill, with a view to expunge the £40 clause.

On the motion of Mr. SAMUEL, the Evidence by Commissioners under Great Seal Bill was read the third time, passed, and returned to the Legislative Assembly.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved that the Electoral Bill be recommitted with a view to reconsider clauses 46 and 47.

After some remarks from Sir GEORGE INNES, Mr. DOCKER, Mr. DARLEY, and Mr. A. CAMPBELL, the motion was agreed to.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON proposed the addition to the interpretation clause of the words, "Authorised agent—any person holding written authority of any candidate to act on his behalf for an election then pending."

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN thought the effect of this would be to restrain prosecutions against candidates for bribery in cases where it was desirable to prosecute them. Where the principal was privy to an act of any person, whether he was an authorized agent in writing or not, he would be criminally responsible.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON maintained that the effect of the clause to which this interpretation applied would be to place candidates at the mercy of unscrupulous agents. Any prominent public man might be degraded and disqualified for election by men pushing themselves forward as his agents, and making him responsible for acts of which he disapproved. It might be done deliberately by an enemy to serve party purposes.

Sir JOHN HAY admitted that by the clause as it stood they ran the risk of disqualifying a most useful man for election by the people, by exposing him to the tricks or misconduct of unprincipled electioneering agents. He did not think bribery was so prevalent as some imagined. It could more effectually be prevented by punishing the person who committed the offence, than by disqualifying the candidate. He quoted the Parliamentary law from May on the subject.

Mr. FOSTER contended that no results such as had been referred to by the Vice-president of the Executive Council had during twenty-two years past attended the operation of the existing law, which was substantially the same as the clause; and affirmed that the amendment if carried would admit of bribery and corruption by the candidate.

Mr. DOCKER maintained that a candidate in accepting service of an agent rendered that person an authorized agent, and no writing was required.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL thought it would be impossible to prove corruption if written authority were necessary to establish agency.

Mr. OGILVIE said that the best proof that perils were not likely to arise under the law as proposed was that it had never arisen in the past.

Mr. PIDDINGTON supported the proposed amendment.

Mr. HOLT regarded the amendment as necessary to protect the character of candidates from the aspersions of ruffianly agents.

Mr. DARLEY thought this amendment if passed would prevent the punishment of corrupt candidates, as they had only to appoint agents verbally and distribute money to them, and they could not be touched.

Mr. STEWART saw no objection to requiring an agent to be appointed in writing.

Mr. MARKS thought whatever protection the amendment would give to candidates, it would be productive of greater evils.

After some further remarks from Mr. FOSTER, Mr. HOLT, Mr. A. CAMPBELL, and Sir JOHN ROBERTSON,

The question for the insertion of the words was put and agreed to on division—Ayes, 11; noes, 9. The clause, as amended, was passed.

Clauses 46 and 47 were amended as proposed, as well as several other clauses.

Mr. NORTON proposed to strike out of schedule A the divisions "North Cumberland" and "South Cumberland," and insert a division providing for a double-membered constituency in the name of "Central Cumberland," as existing at present.

Mr. FLOOD and Mr. OAKES opposed the amendment.

The divisions were struck out by 10 votes to 5.

On the question that the new "division" should form part of the schedule,

Mr. FLOOD twitted the Vice-President of the Executive Council and the Postmaster-General with their inconsistency in supporting an alteration of a schedule which had been approved by their colleagues in the other Chamber.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said he had promised to assent to the alteration if another petition larger than had been presented in favour of the union of the electorates were not presented against it. Another petition had been received, but it also was against the division.

After some further discussion, the question was agreed to, and the schedule amended.

Consequential amendments in clauses 4 and 5 were made, and the bill was reported with amendments, and the report adopted.

The Census Bill, on the motion of Mr. SAMUEL, was read the second time, and passed through committee without amendment. The report was adopted.

The Church and School Lands Dedication Bill (No. 2) was received from the Legislative Assembly; and on the motion of Mr. SAMUEL, read the first time.

A message was received from the Legislative Assembly, conveying the Assembly's decision on the Council's amendments in the Secret Bills of Sale Bill. On the motion of Mr. NORTON, the consideration of the Assembly's message was made an order of the day for this day week.

Mr. SAMUEL moved the re-committal of the Lands for Public Purposes Acquisition Bill, to re-consider clause 16. He contended that the amendment made by the Council, providing that 6 per cent. should be added to the amount of compensation, and paid out of the Consolidated revenue, was a violation of the Constitution Act.

Mr. FOSTER opposed the re-committal unless clause 17 were also recommitted, with a view to insert an amendment having the effect of carrying out the object the Council aimed at without violating the Constitution Act.

After some discussion, the motion for the re-committal of both clauses was agreed to.

On the motion of Mr. SAMUEL, the words referred to were struck out of clause 16.

Mr. FOSTER moved the insertion of words of similar purport in the 17th clause. After debate, a division was called for, but, to prevent a count-out, Ministers and other members opposed to the clause voted with the ayes, and the amendment was carried.

The bill was reported with a further amendment.

Mr. SAMUEL announced his intention to move the re-committal of the amended clause 17, with a view to strike out the words objected to, when there should be a fuller attendance.

The House adjourned at ten minutes to 11 o'clock until 4 o'clock to-day.

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,

Ministers answered questions put by Mr. Dangar, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Coonan, Mr. Barbour, Mr. Bowman, Mr. Greenwood, and Mr. Melville, respecting the construction of public tanks between the Barwin and Narren Rivers; the site for the new Millie township; the charge made against D. J. Newton of forging the signature of Mr. Justice Windeyer; the arrest of Herbert Alcorn at Singleton without a warrant; the state of the ironwork of the bridge over Iron Cove; the statement that certain members of Parliament act as contractors' agents; the application for an additional grant of £100 in aid of the Parramatta district hospital; the nuisance at Lennox Bridge caused from Government establishments at Parramatta; the nuisance caused by the sewer running through the hospital and Government land at Parramatta into the fresh water used by the inhabitants of that town; the proposed construction of bridges over Tarrion Creek and Bogan River, Gongolgan; the tenders for the cube sets; the want of a bridge over the Namoi, at Manilla; the appeal case of Turner v. Walsh; the allegation that Mr. Garrett is carrying on business as a land agent; and the arrival of a ship with Chinese immigrants, on board of which a case of small-pox had occurred.

Mr. HOSKINS laid on the table a return showing lands reserved for recreation and other public purposes and it was ordered that it be printed.

Mr. FARNELL presented a petition from Mr. George Day, jun., representing that he had been improperly deprived of his selection in the county of Urana, and praying the consideration of the House.

Mr. LYNCH presented a petition from residents of Sydney in opposition to the deposit clause in the Electoral Bill.

It was resolved, on the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, to go into committee to-day, to consider the expediency of introducing the Corporation Debentures Bill.

The Church and School Lands Dedication Bill was read a third time and passed.

On its being moved that the report from the Committee of the Whole on the Volunteer Land Orders Bill be adopted, Sir HENRY PARKES said he was of opinion the cases to which his attention had been drawn in the committee could not properly be included in the bill.

Mr. COHEN moved the insertion in the schedule of the name of the late Dr. Pearse, which was debated, and negatived on division by 33 to 13. The report was then adopted, and the third reading of the bill made an order of the day for to-day.

A message was received from the Legislative Council returning the evidence by Commission under the Great Seal Bill with an amendment.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and the sum of £4611 4s. 2d. was granted for services of 1878 and previous years, and leave was given to sit again.

The House next went into Committee of Ways and Means, and the Colonial Treasurer took advantage of the opportunity to make a Supplementary Financial Statement.

Mr. WATSON said there was a falling off in the revenue for the last five months as compared with the revenue for the corresponding period of the previous year, arising chiefly from a decline in the sale of lands by auction. The amount received from that source during the five months of this year was only £152,000, and the amount received during the same period last year was £447,000, which showed that it was absolutely necessary to provide some substitute for the land revenue. In December last, he estimated there would at the end of this year be a surplus of £136,192, but owing to the non-passing of the Stamp Duties Bill, the rejection of the Excise Duties Bill, and the reduction in the land revenue, the surplus would be converted into an apparent deficiency of £440,062, against which might be set appropriations to the amount of £250,000, which in all probability would not be required. The deficiency would therefore stand at £190,062. To this, however, would have to be added the Supplementary Estimates for the year, which would amount to about £100,000. The deficiency for the year would consequently amount to the sum of £290,062. To provide for the deficiency he proposed again to introduce the Stamp Duties Bill in practically the same shape as it had twice already passed the House, an export duty on wool from the 1st July of one farthing per lb. on greasy, and a half-penny per lb. on washed and scoured, a tax of sixpence per head on all horned cattle and horses, except working horses and bullocks and dairy cattle, payable on the 31st October; and a royalty of sixpence per ton from the 1st July on all coal or shale raised in the colony. The new revenue would, according to his estimate, produce a surplus of £28,000, which was less than he could desire, and he feared it would be necessary at some future time to impose further taxation. The surplus revenue account had been reduced to £132,000.

After a debate, in which Mr. COHEN, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. MELVILLE, Dr. BOWKER, Dr. RENWICK, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. DAY, Mr. FARNELL, and Sir HENRY PARKES took part, it was agreed to postpone the debate on the new proposals till Tuesday next.

The committee then reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

On the motion of Mr. S. C. BROWN it was ordered that a message be sent to the Legislative Council stating that the House agreed with some and disagreed with other of the amendments made by that Chamber in the Secret Bills of Sale Bill.

It was resolved, on the motion of Mr. WATSON, that so much of the Standing Orders be suspended as would preclude the passing of the Stamp Duties Bill through all its stages in one day.

The House then again went into Committee of Supply.

The remainder of the Supplementary Estimates for 1879 and previous years were moved, and some of the items were debated. Sir HENRY PARKES stated, in reply to a question, that the Select Committee on Randwick Asylum was about to consider its report. Mr. WATSON said the Government could not decide upon the application for a vote in aid of the Municipalities till their financial proposals had been dealt with.

Mr. COHEN censured the Government for their treatment of the South Australian Government in the matter of the Border Duties Convention. The telegrams of Mr. Morgan remained unanswered from July to December, to the great discredit of the New South Wales Government, and a statement made by the Colonial Treasurer in his Budget speech confirmed the representation of Mr. Morgan, that when he was in Sydney in the month of December, Sir Henry Parkes agreed to renew the treaty for another year for £40,000.

Sir HENRY PARKES deprecated the discussion in the absence of the papers, and stated it was true that in the first instance he agreed after consulting his colleague, to renew the treaty for another year for £40,000, and informed Mr. Morgan accordingly, when that gentleman, who seemed to be bent upon making a sharp bargain, said that as he (Sir Henry Parkes) had consulted his Treasurer, he (Mr. Morgan) would follow his example before he assented to the agreement, and their next communication from Mr. Morgan was by telegram, in which he asked them what they were going to do. In the course the Government had taken they had upheld the honour and interests of the colony, which would be manifest when the papers were placed before the House. This subject was further discussed

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by Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Barbour, and then allowed to drop.

The vote of £100 for compensation to be made to Ah Saw for loss and injury done him by his being falsely imprisoned through a conspiracy, in which a police constable was the principal agent, was debated, and a motion by Mr. Cohen for the omission of the item was negatived on division by 31 to 6.

The Estimate was then agreed to.

The Additional Estimates for 1880 were then moved, and several of the items therein were debated, but the only amendment moved was by Mr. COPELAND for the reduction of the vote of £550 for the purchase of the core of stone obtained by the Diamond Drill, at Port Hacking, to the sum of £100, which was negatived without division, and the whole estimate was agreed to.

The additional estimate of expenditure to be defrayed out of the Surplus Revenue Account was next moved, and after a few remarks from Dr. RENWICK on the proposed vote of a further sum of £20,000 towards the completion of Prince Alfred Hospital, was agreed to.

The estimate of works to be provided for by loan were also agreed to. The Committee then reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

Captain Charles handed in his resignation as member for the electoral district of Illawarra.

Sir HENRY PARKES and Mr. FITZPATRICK expressed their regret at the retirement of the hon. gentleman from the Assembly.

The House adjourned at 5 minutes to 12, to 4 p.m. to-day.

The financial proposals of the Government were laid before the Assembly last evening. The Council are to be asked to pass another, and this time an unobjectionable Stamp Bill. A tax of sixpence per head is to be levied on all horned cattle and horses, except working horses, bullocks, and dairy cattle; there is to be an export duty on wool, to the amount of one farthing per pound on greasy and one halfpenny per pound on washed and scoured. The TREASURER also asks the House to impose a royalty of sixpence per ton on all coal raised in the colony. It will be remembered that the deficiency created by the loss of the proposed Excise and other duties was about two hundred thousand pounds. Since the statement of the TREASURER was made, however, the financial outlook has been somewhat gloomy. The income from land sales has still been decreasing, while the state of other sources of revenue has been anything but hopeful. Mr. WATSON estimates that we are in a worse position at the present moment than when he made his statement to the extent of half a million. Under these circumstances, it is clearly the duty of the Government to provide additional revenue from some source. It is not anticipated that the present proposals will do more than meet a temporary difficulty. That they will prove sufficient for this may reasonably be expected. From the export tax on wool the TREASURER hopes to realize for the present year £114,000; from horses and cattle, £80,000; from the royalty on coal, £19,000; from stamp duties, £125,000; making a total of £314,000, leaving a surplus of £24,000. It is easy to take exception to these proposals. The obvious objection to them is, that they are limited to one or two classes of industries, and will press with unequal weight on a few sections of the community. The TREASURER has, in his extremity, laid his hand on the most get-at-able portion of the public, and the burdens he has imposed will hardly be welcomed. The tax on cattle and wool will be a tax on the squatters, and this much-abused class has already been remembered in the Land Bill of the present session. A tax of 6d. a head on cattle, with the addition of an export duty on wool, is not a light one, and in the present state of the pastoral interest it will, in many instances, be severely felt. The imposition of an export duty on wool, after the recent repeal of the export duty on gold, can hardly be regarded as a consistent step. The sixpence a ton royalty, so-called, on coal will prove a tax on consumption, except, indeed, where coal companies have entered into long contracts. There certainly seems to be no good reason why one mineral should be taken and another left, or why wool should be pounced upon and other exports allowed to go free. The fairer course would be to tax property all round. Except in urgent cases, the sudden imposition of heavy exceptional taxes is open to grave objection. We suppose that the TREASURER'S plea will be that the case was one of necessity, and that necessity knows no law.

It was a sound principle laid down by Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, when discussing the Electoral Bill in the Legislative Council, "that their business was to endeavour to obtain a true and honest representation of the people." As long as he sticks to this principle he will do well; yet he gave his support—a half-hearted support, it is true—to Mr. GARRETT'S clause, which, if made law, would distinctly have the effect of making elections, not an honest and true representation of the people. Neither he nor Mr. SAMUEL advocated the clause with any enthusiasm, and it is clear that their vote was more a Ministerial one to stick by the majority of their colleagues, than one which represented their own thorough convictions. The clause is not a Ministerial one, and individual Ministers are not bound to support it, but it has succeeded in entrapping the affections of the majority of the Cabinet, though we still cling to the hope that they have given in their adhesion with insufficient consideration; and that, on further reflection, they will at least vote to let the matter stand over for further debate.

Whichever way Mr. GARRETT'S clause may operate, it must, in practice, produce misleading results. Electors forced to vote against their desire will, as a rule, do one of two things: either they will vote for one or more men whom they do not wish to vote for, or they will not vote at all. In the former case, the effect will be to make some candidates seem much more popular than they really are, because they will have received votes which do not represent the real wish of the voters to see them elected, but merely represent the compulsion of the clause. If they do not vote at all, their opinion is not expressed in any way, and the result is incomplete to that extent. In no case, therefore, can the result be an honest and true representation of the opinions of the people, which, as Sir JOHN ROBERTSON correctly intimates, should be the aim of any electoral system.

In reply to this objection it is urged that the difficulty might be got over by the electors nominating a sufficient number of candidates who are after their own heart. A little consideration, however, will show that this professed remedy is worthless. Electors will either adopt it or they will not. In practice they will not do it to any extent, and in politics whatever is not practicable is not remedial. Electors who are dissatisfied with the candidates named are not generally in a position to get people to stand for whom they would like to vote, and candidates will not stand on the invitation of a comparative few. Nobody likes to be made ridiculous at an election, and reputable people will not come forward unless they have reason to expect such moderate support as will, at least, put them in the running. The only occasions on which men stand deliberately to be defeated, are when an unavailing protest has to be made, and when some one mounts the breach to lead a forlorn hope. Nor is it desirable that there should be an undue multiplicity of candidates, simply in order that everybody should have some one to vote for. To scatter votes in this manner leads to no practical result so far as securing the election of the persons voted for is concerned.

But let us suppose that the suggested remedy is applied, and that as many candidates are put up as will satisfy the longings of the minority or the several minorities. What will then happen? None of these superfluous candidates can by any possibility get elected, and the votes given to them will be absolutely thrown away. The effect, therefore, will be just the same as if these people had not been put up and had not been voted for at all, and as if the electors who had voted for them had plumped. The one candidate that the minority or minorities would favour, would stand practically in the same position as he would have done if he had received plumpers from all the people who, while voting for him, had also voted for three names which were practically dummy names.

Let us illustrate the case by recurring to a historical incident well known to those who have been twenty years in our political life. At the first general election after the inauguration of responsible Government the Radical party, which was in the majority in East Sydney, desired to secure the whole of the representation, and they formed what was known as "the bunch." They put up four candidates, of whom the present PREMIER was one, and they wanted their supporters to vote the whole ticket. The Conservatives, who were in the minority, concentrated their efforts on the return of one man, and they nominated Mr. PLUNKETT. It is difficult, however, to get any four men who shall be all equally popular, and almost impossible to drill a political party to military obedience. Under these circumstances a great many of the Liberals gave the bunch three votes, but gave the fourth to Mr. PLUNKETT, whose honesty and uprightness had made him deservedly popular. His own steady supporters plumped for him, and in this way he got in, and the weakest man of the bunch was thrown out. Now suppose Mr. GARRETT'S clause had been in operation, what would have happened? Mr. PLUNKETT'S committee would either have nominated three dummies just to fulfil the conditions of the law, which would have been a cumbersome arrangement, or they would have instructed their friends to vote for the three members of the bunch that were certain to get in. In this latter case those three members would have come out with an exaggerated popularity, but in either case Mr. PLUNKETT would have been returned, because his fourth position on the poll was due to the combination of the votes of his steady supporters with the split votes of those who gave a general preference to the bunch, but who gave one vote to Mr. PLUNKETT.

If the Afghan struggle began as a little war, it is to end as a big one. It is stated that there is already a prospect of an expenditure of twenty millions, and it is not by any means certain that the end has yet come. The Abyssinian war cost nine millions, and the great Afghan war of forty years ago fifteen millions. It is not surprising, therefore, that the new Government should determine to bring the fray to a speedy close.

As we have heard, the expense of the Afghan campaign is to be charged to the Indian not to the English Exchequer, which must mean that it is to be added to the Indian debt, for it is needless to say that in no other way can such a burden be borne by the people of India. From an economic as well as a political point of view, there were many reasons why the cost of this war should be borne by India rather than by England. It was in the interest of India, and chiefly on the responsibility of the Indian Government, that the war was started. The honour or the dishonour of the war belongs mainly, although not of course exclusively, to Lord LYTTON. He started the crusade, and his patrons and admirers in England took it up. The idea of punishing Shere Ali was a popular one in the mother country, but the business was regarded with some misgivings, and would probably have been condemned if it had been decided to make it a burden to the British taxpayer. Representative institutions are troublesome things to belligerent Viceroys. India is managed by a despotic, not by a Constitutional ruler, and in the expenditure of a few millions, therefore, troublesome questions are not raised by a populace that controls the ballot-boxes. The decision that the Afghan war should be charged to the Indian Government was at least a politic one. It was the Indian Government that decided that the Ameer should receive his deserts, and there was a fitness in the determination that the expense should be met by India rather than by England.

Indirectly, however, and in the long run, if the burden of the Afghan war be borne at all, the United Kingdom must bear it. When the money is wanted England will have to supply it. During the last year or two Indian finances have been more elastic than they were some time ago, but nothing has been more clearly demonstrated than that the people of India have about as much as they can do. The debt of the country is already £127,000,000, exclusive of £100,000,000 for railways. During the last twenty years the taxation of the people has been doubled, and notwithstanding the privations to which the population of India were exposed by the famine an increase of taxation to the tune of about £1,500,000 was added two years ago. An addition of twenty millions to the Indian debt will represent an annual expenditure of little short of another million. If India be able to bear this, which is exceedingly doubtful, it will rest with English statesmen to show how it can be done; so that if England does not meet the cost of the Afghan war in one sense she will have to do so in another.

It would be difficult to maintain that up to the present the Afghan war has produced any result that can be deemed an equivalent for the large sum of money which it is said to have cost. There is no great reason for concluding that we have succeeded in making the Afghans attached to us or frightened of us. Though there is a prospect of a close of the war, it would be difficult to say that there is one of peace. There are still quarrels between one province and another, and still suspicions as to the intentions of England. The question of the new frontier is to be reconsidered by the new Viceroy, and the treaty of Gandamak, by which the Ameer of Cabul was to receive a subsidy of £60,000 a year, by which he was to be bound to conduct his affairs with foreign States, according to the advice and wishes of England, and by which the British Government was to have the right of sending a representative to Cabul, is now pronounced a dead letter. The Afghan war, although bravely contested, has been attended with calamities, which will not be forgotten. The war was started with a view of checkmating the designs of Russia. But if we were to go out of Afghanistan to-day, there is nothing to prevent Russia coming in to-morrow. We must either fight Russia in Central Asia, or trust to her honour; but hitherto we have done neither.

The fresh light we have on the origin of the Afghan war is not likely to increase general satisfaction with the outcome of it. When this war was started it was generally believed to be a righteous and a necessary one. Indeed, with the information before it, the public would have had a difficulty in coming to any other conclusion. The information, however, was very scanty, and was limited to what Lord LYTTON was disposed to grant. The earlier stages of this campaign were conducted in secret. The Press was excluded from the field, and the public were not taken into the Viceroy's confidence. It was stated and generally believed that the Ameer of Cabul had received a Russian, but had refused to receive an English mission, that orders had been given to forbid the passage of a British Embassy at Ali Musjid, and it was even reported that the commandant at the Afghan fort had threatened to fire on the English representative. This was the view of the Afghan situation which was given to the British public, and the one which they naturally accepted. But the English Blue Book that contains the Afghan despatches proves that this view is a most distorted one. It is there stated for example that Shere Ali never refused to receive a British Mission at all, but on the contrary, pledged himself to receive one. According to a despatch of Sir NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN the Ameer instead of declining to receive a Mission "intimated that he would send for the mission in order to clear up mutual misunderstandings, provided that there was no attempt to force this mission on him without his consent being first granted according to usual custom, otherwise he would resist it, as coming in such a manner would be a slight to him. He believed that a personal interview with the British mission will adjust misunderstandings. He will send a confidential messenger to escort the British mission. He undertakes to be responsible for the safety of the mission and its good treatment, if he invites it. In two or three days he will send for the Nawab, and after consultation with him will fix a date and make all arrangements for the coming of the mission." Thus Shere Ali not only did not refuse the mission, as was reported, but definitely promised to receive it. Lord LYTTON held, however, that Shere Ali was not sincere, that all he wanted was to gain time, and dispatched the mission forthwith, without the Ameer's co-operation and against his will. At Ali Musjid, orders had not been received to forbid the passing of the British Embassy. The commandant pleaded that he had received no orders whatever, and therefore declined to allow an armed force to pass, as any other commandant would have done under the circumstances. The story that the Afghan commandant threatened to shoot the English officer is shown to be wholly apocryphal. This new version of an old story will help to create an impression that the Afghan war was as unnecessary as it has proved expensive.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LAST night, in the Legislative Council the evidence by Commissioners under Great Seal Bill was read a third time and returned to the Legislative Assembly. On the motion of Mr. Samuel, the Electoral Bill was recommitted, when the postponed clauses were dealt with, and North and South Cumberland were incorporated with each other to form one electorate, which is to return two members. The Census Bill was read a second time, and passed through Committee; after which, the Church and School Lands Dedication Bill, No. 2, was read a first time. Finally the Council went into Committee to consider the Lands for Public Purposes Acquisition Bill, which ultimately was reported with amendments.

AFTER an unusually large number of questions had been asked and answered in the Legislative Assembly, yesterday, the Church and School Lands Dedication Bill was read the third time, and transmitted to the Legislative Council. The report of the committee on the Volunteer Land Orders Bill was adopted, after which, in Ways and Means, Mr. Watson made a supplementary financial statement, in the course of which he said that the Government would again introduce the Stamp Duties Bill, and they also intended to propose an export duty of ¼d. per lb. on greasy wool, and ½d. per lb. on washed and scoured wool; they would propose a tax of 6d. per head on horses and cattle, and a royalty of 6d. per ton on the output of coal. The additional estimates and loan estimates for the year 1880 were discussed and agreed to. Mr. Charles resigned his seat for Illawarra, and bade farewell to the House.

IN order to afford extra time for replies to be prepared to correspondence expected to be received via Suez this morning, the letter mail for the United Kingdom via San Francisco will be kept open at the General Post Office up to 2 p.m. Late letters will be received at the General Post Office, as usual, up to 2.30 p.m., and at the Custom House up to 2.45 p.m.

WE learn from the directors of the Eastern and Australian Mail Steamship Company, that although they have lost the mail contract with the Queensland Government, they have no intention of relinquishing a trade which they were the first to open with China, and which they carried on in the face of great difficulties in the earlier stages of the enterprise. On the contrary they intend to work more energetically than ever; and not being tied to a time table, will greatly facilitate their operations. It may not be generally known that the subsidy paid to this company by the Queensland Government was only £20,000, and this was we understand considerably less than the amount paid for insurance. It is now found that the disadvantages of being tied to a time table, and to adhere to one route, cost more than the subsidy.

The Java, a steamer of 1037 tons, commanded by Captain John De Ridden, entered the harbour at dawn yesterday morning; and as the health officer, Dr. L. Foucart, was preparing to board her, he was informed that there was a bad case of small-pox among her passengers, a Chinese being dangerously ill. The vessel left Hongkong on the 15th May, having 244 people on board. Of these 185 were Chinese passengers and 5 Europeans, 45 formed the crew, and 2 were Chinese doctors. On the 4th of June she touched at Cooktown and picked up 5 more passengers, 4 being Chinese. One of the Chinese doctors reported the small-pox outbreak to the captain on the 11th June, 26 days from the date of the patient's embarkation, and that it was a genuine case there was no doubt from the first. Fortunately the epidemic did not spread, and it is hoped that it will soon be stamped out now. Immediately on receiving the intelligence of it, Dr. Foucart ordered the small-pox patient to be isolated on the quarantine hulk, with one Chinese doctor to attend to him until a European practitioner can be sent down. The Java was, of course, refused pratique, the clothes and other effects of the sick man were ordered to be burnt, and the vessel will be kept strictly quarantined until all fear of infection is over.

THE Ringarooma, from New Zealand, brought 11,494 oz. gold, valued at £46,750, for the Bank of New Zealand—5226 oz. from the Otago gold-fields, and 6268 oz. from the Thames (Auckland).

THE fine oil painting of the Queen, ordered for the Town Hall about nine years ago, is about to be framed and placed in a temporary but appropriate resting place. It presents her Majesty full face, sitting in a graceful posture near a table, and decorated with the regalia of a British monarch. It represents her at a time when she may have been considered in the prime of life and the full bloom of womanhood. The picture is a copy by Coberwein, one of the cleverest copyists in England, of a portrait by Winterholter in the private apartments of the Queen at Buckingham Palace, and we are informed that Coberwein has so faithfully executed his work that were the two pictures placed side by side it would be difficult to distinguish the original from the copy. Winterholter's portrait was chosen by her Majesty personally as the fittest for placing at the disposal of Coberwein, and the copy is certainly one of the finest specimens of portrait painting we have seen in the colony, the carefulness of the artist's hand being observable in every turn of the brush. It is about to be enframed in massive gilt, and to-day will be hung in the Mayor's room. It is intended to be kept there until the Council-chamber is completed, when it will be removed there, but it is intended eventually to grace the walls of the large hall.

IN the Supreme Court, yesterday, their Honors Mr. Justice Faucett, Sir William Manning, and Mr. Justice Windeyer discharged, with costs, the rule nisi for a new trial in "Sandeman v. Watson." The verdict for the plaintiff will accordingly be sustained. "Lyons v. Corry," also a new trial motion, was struck out, for want of prosecution. The arguments in the new trial motion "Besnard v. the Oriental Bank," in which the plaintiff had obtained a verdict, were then commenced. In the Public Chamber, his Honor Mr. Justice Windeyer part heard an application for a review of taxation in "Mulholland v. Beyers."

THE Sydney Exhibition Commission have received a further instalment of 2400 certificates to be issued to successful exhibitors, thus making a total of 3800 to hand, but about 4000 more will be required. A batch of twenty-five certificates have been sent to Queensland to be shown in Brisbane at the National Association's Show. It is intended, as far as convenient, to issue the certificates to the countries in alphabetical order, commencing with Australia.

THE Hon. J. B. Watt, M.L.C., is about to make a hurried visit to England, leaving here to-day by the R.M.S. Australia. Captain Charles, M.L.A., and Mr. S. W. Gray, M.L.A., will be amongst his fellow passengers.

AN unfortunate accident befell Mr. J. H. Palmer, Parliamentary shorthand-writer, last evening. Shortly after 6 o'clock he was crossing from Hunter-street into George-street, when he was knocked down by a van. One of the shafts of the vehicle struck him in the face, near to the left eye, causing a nasty wound. As the vehicle was at the time rounding from George-street into Hunter-street on what is rather a steep declivity, it was not pulled up until one of the wheels had passed over one of Mr. Palmer's legs, from the thigh to the ankle, the wheel resting on the ankle until Mr. Palmer was extricated. He was conveyed immediately by some friends to the Infirmary, where he was attended to by Dr. Hastie, and subsequently removed home. The cuts and bruises Mr. Palmer received are not, we are happy to say, of a serious nature; but the shock to the system was very great. It is hoped, however, that a few days' rest and medical attention will restore him to his wonted health.

AT about a quarter-past 10 o'clock yesterday morning another tramway accident occurred. A man, named John Duval, was driving along Pitt-street, near the Benevolent Asylum, in a cart, when the tramcar approached and startled the horse, and it swerved, throwing the man heavily to the ground, and the wheels of his vehicle then passed over his loins. He was taken to the Infirmary, and there admitted and attended to by Dr. Hastie.

THOMAS WARREN, steward on board the steamship Australian, was proceeded against at the Water Police Court yesterday morning, on a charge of selling liquor on board his vessel, on Queen's Birthday, without a license. A similar charge was also preferred against Henry Baker, the second steward. The Australian took a large number of excursionists to Sandringham on Queen's Birthday, and liquor was sold to passengers on board. Senior-sergeant Lawler, who was on duty on board the steamer, was served with liquor, and, having ascertained that the steamer was not licensed he laid an information against the defendants. In each case the defendants admitted the offence, but pleaded extenuating circumstances, inasmuch as they were under the impression that the steamer was licensed when they sold the liquor. They were fined in the amount of the penalty fixed by the Act, namely, £30, with £2 8s. 2d. costs, or, in default of payment, three months' imprisonment. Mr. John Williamson, who appeared for the defence, requested Mr. Marsh, P.M., who presided on the bench, to recommend the Colonial Treasurer to reduce the penalty, in view of the fact that the defendants, who were merely servants on board, acted in ignorance in retailing the liquor on the occasion in question. Mr. Marsh pointed out that he was precluded from making any such recommendation, as the Act did not give any discretionary power; but at the same time he thought that, in a case like the present, the Act should allow the magistrates some discretion. The defendants, he pointed out, were at liberty to apply to the Colonial Treasurer for a mitigation of the fine. Mr. Lowe conducted the case for the prosecution.

THE festivities and rejoicings which attended the recent opening of the railway to Wellington were not without their dark side. A telegram in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of the 3rd instant, announcing the opening of the line, conveyed further the sad intelligence that a shunter named Everingham had been crushed to death between two carriages while in the discharge of his duties. The sad event cast a gloom over the whole proceedings, the darkness of which was intensified by the knowledge that the deceased had left a widow and three children to mourn his untimely end. The man had not, however, been unmindful of his obligations. In February, 1879, he had effected a life assurance policy with the Australian Mutual Provident Society for £100. He had paid in premiums the sum of £3 10s. only, in return for which a cheque for £100 is about to be dispatched to his widow, as some little solace to her in her bereavement. It is incidents of this character, occurring before our very eyes, that are required to impress upon our people a proper conception of the value of life assurance. One ounce of the inexorable logic of fact is worth a whole ton of the most impassioned eloquence that was ever born of the honey of Attic bees.

AN adjourned meeting of the Boot and Shoe Salesmen's Early Closing Association was held on Monday evening last, at Ward's Assembly Rooms, Pitt-street. Mr. J. Phelps, the president, occupied the chair. A resolution to the following effect was carried unanimously,—"That a special meeting be called for Thursday evening next, of employees in retail establishments of the city, for the purpose of considering the early closing movement, and also to consider the advisability of forming a trades combination association to secure the same." Letters expressing sympathy with the movement, and promising to give support to it, were read from Archbishop Vaughan and the Dean of Sydney. A resolution was carried thanking those gentlemen for their courteous communications. A vote of thanks was also accorded to the Press for their able and valuable advocacy of the claims of the association.

AT about 2 o'clock a.m. on the 10th instant a man of gentlemanly appearance, whose name is unknown, was taken to the Infirmary by constable Weir, who had found him lying in an unconscious condition on the Newtown Road. He never recovered, and died in that institution yesterday, and his body now lies in the dead-house awaiting identification. The following is his description:—About 55 years of age, 6 feet in height, and spare built; sallow complexion, blue eyes; iron-grey hair, short, and inclined to curl; little whiskers, moustache and beard (the latter small and grizzled); aquiline nose, and an entire set of false teeth in vulcanite in upper jaw, stamped "Dr. Luther." He was dressed in an overcoat of grey tweed, black cloth frock-coat, black waistcoat, dark tweed pepper-and-salt trousers, white shirt (with mother-of-pearl studs), paper collar, black narrow necktie, flannel chest-protector and wide flannel bodyband, and elastic-side boots, half-soled. On his person were found a letter addressed to Mr. Henry Fairley, Forest Lodge, Sydney, containing a certificate of a consignment of 500 cases of refined petroleum oil, per the barque F. P. Leitchfield; a letter of advice from William K. Freeman, merchant, 74, Pine-street, New York; and a blank cheque-book, on the Bank of New South Wales.

A CHILD, eighteen months old, the daughter of Mr. Charles Evans, of Prospect, was accidentally burnt to death yesterday.

JOHN DAURY, who was admitted into the Parramatta hospital last week in consequence of having one of his arms crushed by a dray-wheel passing over it, had to undergo an operation on Tuesday by having it amputated from the shoulder-joint.

THE usual monthly meeting of the Eastern Suburbs Horticultural Society was held in the Congregational schoolroom, Point Piper Road, last night, when there was an unusually large attendance for this time of the year, and the exhibits were of a high order. The following is the prize list:—Six fine foliage plants, Mr. Brownell, gardener to the Hon. T. W. Smart, 1st prize; Mr. W. Brown, amateur, 2nd prize. Six ferns, Mr. Brownell, gardener to the Hon. T. W. Smart, 1st prize; Mr. Lassique, gardener to the Hon. J. White, 2nd prize. Twelve camellias, Mr. W. Brown, amateur, 1st and 2nd prizes. Six camellias, Mr. W. Brown, amateur, 1st prize. Certificates of merit were awarded to the following exhibitors:—Mr. W. Brown, twelve roses; Mr. G. Morris, gardener to Mr. G. Russell, one fern basket and one epiphyllum; Mr. A. N. Schneider, one epiphyllum: Mr. H. Howard, gardener to Mr. J. B. Hoare, collection of plants; Mr. Lord, amateur, collection of ferns. A vote of thanks was awarded to the exhibitors, and the meeting then terminated.

A TELEGRAM from Wagga Wagga states that Mr. W. A. Long, of Sydney, has purchased landed property on the outskirts of that town, known as Warby's Island, containing 600 acres, at £7 10s. per acre, for the purpose of forming a horse-breeding establishment.

A PUBLIC meeting was held on Tuesday evening, in St. Michael's Schoolroom, Fitzroy-street, to consider the propriety of incorporating the Parochial Juvenile Temperance Society with the Church of England Temperance Society. The Rev. Canon King, M.A., the incumbent of St. Michael's, occupied the chair, and, after devotional exercises, introduced to the meeting the Rev. H. A. Barker, B.A., the secretary of the New South Wales Branch of the Church of England Temperance Society. Mr. Barker said that the Church of England Temperance Society was founded on the principle that it was the duty of Christians to do whatever lay in their power for the suppression of the monster vice which inflicts greater damage to the cause of Christ than any other evil. It was under the patronage of her most gracious Majesty the Queen, the two Archbishops, and twenty-six or twenty-seven of the Bishops were enrolled among its members. These were not all total abstainers, but they were one in the endeavour to stem the progress of the drinking habits of the people. Of the 13,000 parishes in England three-fourths had established branches. The New South Wales branch was spreading itself throughout the colony, having within a few months instituted kindred associations in the Sydney, Bathurst, and Goulburn dioceses, including over 2000 members. On the motion of Mr. Moore, seconded by the Rev. G. Macintosh, it was resolved that St. Michael's Juvenile Temperance Society shall be and now is amalgamated with or affiliated to the New South Wales Auxiliary of the Church of England Temperance Society. The rev. chairman dismissed the meeting with the benediction.

AMONG the many testimonials which are a consequence of the International Exhibition, not one is a more genuine expression of the good will of those contributing to it, than that which is to be given shortly to Mr. F. A. Franklin by the judges. It consists of a handsome tea and coffee service, accompanied by an illuminated address, in which the judges whose names are attached, desire his acceptance of a tea and coffee service, to mark their appreciation of the courtesy and attention he had shown to them while acting as officer in charge of the judging. Then follow the autograph signatures of about 100 judges. Any other judges who have not yet signed it, and may desire to do so, will find the address at the office of Mr. Norman Selfe (hon. treasurer), opposite the City Bank. The address, which was designed and illuminated by Mr. John Sands, of George-street, is neatly bound in book form, and the title page is a very attractive blending of classic forms and harmonious colouring.

WITH reference to the remarks made by the Executive Commissioner at the meeting of the Melbourne Exhibition Commission held on Monday last, to the effect that Mr. Franklin was absent from Sydney, and probably would not accept the appointment under the consideration of the Commission, we are requested by the Executive Commissioner to say that Mr. Franklin has returned to Sydney, and that he has no desire to withdraw from the position in which he was placed by his name being submitted to the Commission by the committee delegated to report on the appointment advertised for by the Commission.

LETTERS patent have been obtained by Mr. Val. Wildman for the fifteen puzzle, in a new form. The blocks are made of white sweetmeats, and the figures of some harmless red colouring matter, so that when people are not able to work out the problem they can, if they choose, eat the candy. The squares are contained in a pretty box-box box.

Mr. W. SAYERS delivered a lecture entitled, "My Trip to New Zealand, and what I saw there," before the members of the St. Leonards Literary Institute, at the School of Arts, North Shore, on Tuesday evening last. There was a good attendance of members and their friends; and the subject, which was well handled throughout, was illustrated by numerous photographs, embracing some of the most charming scenery in and about Wellington, Hawke's Bay, Taranaki, Auckland, Canterbury, Nelson, Otago, Dunedin, Christchurch, &c. At the close of the lecture a vote of thanks was accorded to Mr. Sayers, who was deservedly complimented by the chairman (Mr. Vincent Giblin) on the intellectual treat afforded to all present.

THE following is a return of tin ore received at Newcastle and Morpeth in week ending 5th June, 1880:—Tamworth to Newcastle, 14 tons 18 cwt. 2 qrs.; Tamworth to Morpeth, 5 tons 9 cwt. 2 qrs; total, 20 tons 8 cwt. Return of copper ore received at Redfern station week ending 5th June, 1880:—Orange, 1369 ingots, 10 tons 3 cwt. 1 qr.; Wellington, 7722 ingots, 65 tons 6 cwt. 3 qrs.; Bowning, 613 ingots, 3 tons 13 cwt.; total, 79 tons 3 cwt. Return of tin ore received at Newcastle and Morpeth week ending 12th June, 1880:—Tamworth to Newcastle, 14 cwt. 3 qrs.; Tamworth to Morpeth, nil; total, 14 cwt. 3 qrs. Return of copper ore received at Redfern station week ending 12th June, 1880:—Wellington, 14,679 ingots, 122 tons 6 cwt. 2 qrs.; Orange, 1025 ingots, 8 tons 13 cwt. 3 qrs.; Bowning, 613 ingots, 3 tons 13 cwt.; total, 134 tons 13 cwt. 1 qr.

The *Mercury* says:—"It having been ascertained that Mr. Alexander Stuart would consent to become a candidate for this constituency at the present juncture in the event of a requisition being sent to him, several copies of a requisition are now in course of signature throughout the district, preparatory to being presented to him."

THE first of a series of popular illustrated lectures, is advertised to be given, at St. Andrew's schoolroom, Pitt-street, to-night, by Mr. Morris, head master of the schools. The subject of the lecture is "The Moon, our Nearest Celestial Neighbour," and is to be treated as an introduction to the "Science of Astronomy." It is announced that in it the coming total eclipse will be illustrated and explained.

ST. THOMAS', NORTH SHORE, AND THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CENTENARY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Allow me to correct an error in the letter of the Rev. R. M'Kinnon, published in your issue of to-day.

He states that "the Sabbath-schools of the Protestant denominations of the North Shore purpose celebrating Raikes' Centenary by a united gathering of the children in Christ Church on Sabbath, the 27th instant."

I wish it to be known, especially here, where the above statement is likely to cause misunderstanding, that (as one of the ways by which it is proposed to celebrate the Sunday-School Centenary in this parish) the children of St. Thomas' Church of England Sunday-school, together with their teachers, parents, and friends, will be invited to a special service, to be held in their own mother church, on Sunday afternoon, the 27th instant, at 3 o'clock.

Believe me, &c., STEPHEN H. CHILDE.

St. Thomas' Parsonage, North Shore, June 16.

LATEST INTEL LIGENC

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.)

MR. O'DONNELL AND THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

In view of a renewal of the scene which occurred in the House of Commons last night, Mr. O'Donnell, member for Dungarvan, amended his question in reference to the propriety of the acceptance of M. De Lancour as French Ambassador. Intense anxiety exists as to how the Government will act. Mr. O'Donnell is a Catholic, and he alleges that M. De Lancour plundered a convent, and ordered the massacre of troops at Lyons during the Commune. All parties censure O'Donnell's policy, and the Press condemn Mr. Gladstone's haste in attempting to prevent O'Donnell's motion of adjournment to attack M. De Lancour, as threatening the rights of private members, but they take it as a sign that the Premier is determined to suppress obstruction.

MR. GLADSTONE AND THE WINE DUTIES.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

An article in the *Times* shows that Mr. Gladstone, at the last moment, was compelled to revise the wine tariff, in order to secure the French Treaty.

THE TREATY BETWEEN ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

In the French Senate, M. Tirard (Minister of Commerce and Agriculture) denied that France had engaged with England in a fresh Treaty, and referred to the proposals made by Mr. Gladstone as being contrary to French interests.

THE APPOINTMENT OF THE NEW FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

It is stated that the whole staff of the French Embassy have resigned, in consequence of the appointment of M. de Lancour as French Ambassador at London.

THE P. AND O. CO. AND THE ORIENT LINE.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

In the House of Commons, to-night, the Right Hon. W. E. Baxter referred to the superior speed of the Orient Company's steamers over the steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental Company. Mr. Fawcett (Postmaster-General), in reply, said that the Imperial Government were not responsible for the existing contract with the P. and O. Company.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

News has been received that the Chinese are preventing Russian subjects from entering China.

THE CONFERENCE ON TURKISH AFFAIRS.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The Conference of representatives of the Great Powers on Turkish affairs assembles to-day, at Berlin.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE BERLIN CONFERENCE.

BERLIN, JUNE 16.

The representatives of the Great Powers appointed by the Conference have held several meetings of a preliminary character. It is understood that a complete understanding is likely to be come to at an early date as to the steps to be taken for a settlement of the various questions which have been submitted to them, and as to insisting upon an early compliance, on the part of Turkey, with the demands of the Powers.

THE AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The match between the Australian team and eighteen of the North of Ireland was resumed to-day at Belfast. The Home team, in their second innings, were all disposed of for 180 runs, 28 more than they made in their first innings. The Australians then commenced their second innings with Murdoch and Bannerman at the wickets, both of whom gave excellent displays of batting. At the close of the day's play Murdoch had made 48 runs, and Bannerman 31, both carrying out their bats, so that the Australians have only 56 runs to make in order to win the match, and as they have lost no wickets in their second innings, the victory is considered almost certain.

TURKEY AND THE CONFERENCE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JUNE 15.

The Turkish Government has sent a circular despatch to its representatives abroad, instructing them to declare to the Great Powers that the Porte will not consider itself as in any way bound by the decision of the Berlin Conference, because it has been excluded from taking part in the deliberations. This action, it is believed, is due to the attitude assumed by the Ulemas and others in counselling the Porte to resist the demands of the Powers. It is expected that some decisive action will be taken to enforce a compliance with the demands of the Conference, but in what manner this will be accomplished is not yet known.

TIMARU WATERWORKS LOAN.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

It is announced that a loan is about to be placed on the market for the construction of waterworks at Timaru, New Zealand. The amount required is £60,000, which will bear interest at 7 per cent.

THE STEAMSHIP SORATA.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

The Orient Company's steamship Sorata, which left Melbourne on the 4th May, arrived at Plymouth to-day.

THE HOMEWARD MAILS.

GALLE, JUNE 16.

The R. M. S. Malwa, which left Melbourne on the 28th May with the homeward Australian and New Zealand mails, arrived here to-day.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE.

WEDNESDAY.

The shipment of coal is being carried on with unusual activity; most of the cranes are kept working night and day.

A married woman, named Buchanan, met with a shocking accident at Lambton. Her clothes caught fire, causing injuries of so severe a nature that she died from the effects.

The designs for the repairs to the Newcastle Court-

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1428029

house are exciting much adverse comment amongst practical men.

COPELAND NORTH.

WEDNESDAY.

The application for a prospecting lease on the Rosette line of reef was refused in yesterday's *Gazette*. The land was taken possession of last night by four different parties. There has been curious conduct connected with this lease, through the defects of the mining law. The lease was refused the original applicants, because one of the party had no miner's right.

CROOKWELL.

WEDNESDAY.

There was a slight fall of snow here last night, and the weather is changeable.

ALBURY.

WEDNESDAY.

The transfer of conditional purchases is at a standstill for want of the new forms prescribed by the regulations gazetted on 28th ultimo. Very serious inconveniences are occasioned thereby, and great indignation is expressed at such defective arrangements on the part of the Lands Department. Forms should have been available at the time the regulations were made.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The new steamer Kameruka, William Roderick, master, arrived at Cooktown yesterday. She left Greenock April 7; Point de Galle, May 19; Booby Island, June 12. She sailed for Sydney immediately, and is intended for the coasting trade by the Illawarra Company.

O'Kane, editor *Northern Miner*, Charters Towers, has consented to oppose the Attorney-General for the Bowen electorate if no local candidate is procurable.

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

In the Assembly, Mr. M'Intyre's Customs Amendment Bill having been disposed of, the Payment of Members Bill was reached, and the discussion resumed in committee on Mr. Murray Smith's amendment on the first clause omitting the Council from the operation of the bill. The discussion was continued till the adjournment of the House for refreshment, without any progress being made. Then the Reform debate was resumed, but no members of any prominence spoke. After eleven to-night the proceedings became lively. Mr. Williams wanted again to bring on the Payment of Members Bill, but Mr. Jones talked against time until the time for taking new business had expired. Mr. Vale was very indignant, and some very coarse and uncomplimentary terms passed. Several hon. members took part in the short but rather animated discussion. It is probable that Mr. Williams will now drop the bill.

An attempt is being made to amalgamate Mr. M'Ilwraith's Company with the Australian Frozen Meat Company, floated in this colony, but nothing definite is yet decided.

The Shipowners' Association again brought their grievances before the Commissioner of Customs today, and asked that colliers should be allowed to unload at all times without payment of overtime, and that other vessels should be permitted to work eight clear hours per day without interference from the Customs authorities. Also that captains of vessels registered in Melbourne should be allowed to ship their crews on board, as was allowed in other colonies. Mr. Cuthbert promised the concession as to vessels being allowed to work eight hours a day, and promised consideration of the other matters.

News has been received of Sir Cunliffe Owen's resignation as Commissioner to the Melbourne Exhibition, and Mr. Sandford's appointment instead.

We have had a very wild night, with rain and wind from the south-west.

The R.M.S. Siam sailed to-day for Sydney.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

The Assembly only sat two hours, but they carried, without division, Mr. West Erskine's motion in favour of the establishment of an art gallery in Adelaide, the Government having agreed to place £1000 on the Estimates for the purchase of pictures, or works of art, for a beginning. The pictures, when purchased, will probably be placed in the new Institute Building. The Minister of Education, in making the statement, said the Government might possibly exceed £1000 if at the Melbourne Exhibition they saw good works of art going cheaply. Mr. Bean moved a motion in favour of the Government acquiring all wharfs in ports improved by public expenditure, and mentioned that in Port Adelaide alone the deepening, keeping, and other improvements cost £342,000 four years ago, and since then vast sums had been spent there by the Government. The debate was adjourned for a week, on the motion of Mr. Townsend. In reply to a question, it was stated that when Mr. Higinbotham was in this colony he reported on the works done by the Engineer for Harbours and Jetties, whose department is to be abolished at the end of the present month, when the work will be divided between the Marine Board and the Public Works Departments.

The second section of the Nairne railway will not be begun till the nineteen miles now in progress are completed.

The Government do not intend to join the Postal Union till other Australian Governments have decided to do so.

Frederick James Sparkmann, manager of the stationery department in Wills and Company's, shot himself this morning, shortly after 9 o'clock, in his office. Deceased had been for a number of years in the firm's employ, and had borne a good character. He was not a married man. An inquest was held at once to enable the jury to view the body in the position in which it was when found. The evidence of Mr. Tuckwell, who was in the room at the time of the occurrence, was taken, and showed that deceased had taken his own life. The inquest was adjourned until Thursday.

Mr. John Dunn is offering himself as a candidate for the Council. Mr. English has withdrawn from his candidature, and Mr. Davenport has also declined to stand, on the ground that his services may be called for by the Commission at the Melbourne Exhibition. A deputation waited upon Mr. Tomkinson this morning to ask him to become a candidate, he asked for time for consideration. Mr. David Hock, of Kapunda, has intimated his unwillingness to stand.

The Government in pursuance of their policy of retrenchment have abolished the office of public vaccinator, held by Dr. Wyald, at a salary of £300 a year, and the duties of the office will be undertaken by Dr. Gosse, chairman of the Board of Health, without additional remuneration.

Mr. Andrew Scott of the Melbourne University has been appointed assistant master in the training college.

A final meeting of the Central Committee of the Irish Relief Fund was held to-night. £100 was unanimously voted to the hon. secretary, Mr. M. J. Montgomery, for the services rendered by him in the cause. There is £400 left to send to the Mayor of Dublin.

NOXIOUS ANIMALS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I was glad to see that the Premier has introduced a bill having for its object the destruction of noxious animals, and hope there will be time to pass it this session.

Certain districts have their special pests—in this we are being overrun by the wallaby and kangaroo. I have no hesitation in saying that in this district we have more of this pest than sheep, and if they keep on increasing as they have done during the last few years it will be difficult to keep sheep at all. It is little use trying to save reserve paddocks for times of scarcity and need: when feed gets scarce outside, the pests flock to them in hundreds. Only last year a friend of mine, on a small station, with about 5000 sheep, paid for the shooting of between 3000 and 4000 kangaroos, without making any apparent diminution of their number; his neighbours did nothing in the way of destruction, and the supply was kept up. Several farmers, residing only a short distance from town, but near the bush, have told me that they would have to give up the cultivation of their farms owing to the destruction of their crops by marsupials. Others have fenced in their ground with a high close fence, at a cost that few could bear.

What is wanted is that the destruction of the marsupials should be general. Let the contribution under the "Diseases in Sheep" Act be doubled or trebled (and I don't see why cattle should be exempt, as at present), and with some contribution from the State such a reward could be offered as would induce people to go into the business of destroying the pests. The local management of the matter might be placed in the hands of the sheep directors, who really have very little to do—and I speak as a director during the last five or six years; and if the destruction were general much relief would be afforded. Yours faithfully,

JAMES ATKINSON.

Mudgee, June 15.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

BENDIGO RACES.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

A number of Melbourne visitors proceeded to Bendigo Races to-day. The principal races resulted as follows:—

HURDLES.

Wait-a-While	1
Lucifer	2
Norma	3

Eight started, and it was a good race.

TELEGRAPH STAKES.

Coongoola	1
A. T.	2
Fizz	3

This was a splendid race, and there was not a neck between the three horses.

STEEPLECHASE.

Snowstorm	1
Turpin	2
Cypress	3

TOOWOOMBA RACES.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The Toowoomba Races commenced to-day. The weather was magnificent, but there was a small attendance. The following events were decided:—

TWO AND THREE YEAR OLD STAKES.

Canary	1
Eclipse	2
Decoy	3

Won by a head.

TURF CLUB HANDICAP.

Olivia	1
Sunset	2
Sydney	3

Won by a length, after a close race.

FORCED HANDICAP.

Satirist	1
Spondulix	2
Othello	3

Only three started, and it was a fine race.

MACKAY RACES.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The Mackay Races to-day were successful. The weather was fine, and there was a large attendance. The Pioneer Handicap was won by Rake, with Ace second, and Norman third. Seven started.

THE AUSTRALIAN COURSING CLUB MEETING.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

The coursing at Werribee to-day was excellent in the trials, but the running was not so satisfactory as might have been desired. Before the courses were completed, high winds swept the plains, and a drenching rain fell towards the close of the day. Betsy Baker, Westeria, Wanton Lass, Rosy Fawn, Miss M'Crae, and Waito shaped best. The following won their courses:—Housewife, Kew Lass, Honeybee, Gitana, Rosy Fawn, Castor, Avalanche, Haste, Miss M'Crae, Rattler the 2nd, Hoppicker, Peerless Bell, Forest Fern, Styx, Brunswick Lass the 2nd, Gosvinlha, Westoria, Falsachapha, Waito, Wanton Lass, Hilda, Milvertson, Betsy Baker, and Phœbe.

PEDESTRIANISM.

A match was made on Monday evening last, at Brett's Honest Lawyer Hotel, between Thomas Thoms and Frederick Blakeman, to run a right-away race of 160 yards, on the Association Ground, for the sum of £40 a side. The race to take place at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the 26th instant.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE.

We have to acknowledge the receipt of a pamphlet published by Messrs. W. K. Thomas and Co., Adelaide, giving the addresses delivered at the laying of the foundation of the South Australian Institute, on the 7th November, 1879, by Sir W. F. D. Jervois (Governor of South Australia), Mr. R. Rees, M.L.C. (Chairman of the Board of Governors), and the Minister for Education (Hon. Thomas King). The institute will comprise the Public Library, the Art Gallery, and Museums, and from the description of the building, we learn that when completed the design will include a museum, 200 feet by 55 feet; sculpture and picture gallery, 120 feet by 40 feet; lecture hall, 65 feet diameter; school of arts, 43 feet by 30 feet; technological museum, 85 feet by 40 feet; patent museum, and rooms for society meetings. In the course of Sir W. Jervois' speech, he made the following practical remarks, which apply with equally as much force to the other colonies as to South Australia:—"In carrying out the objects of the institution, care should of course be taken that its proceedings do not overlap those of the Adelaide University. To prevent this it has recently been arranged that the University shall nominate two governors on the Board of the institute, and thus the difficulties to which I refer will probably be avoided. The three factors in our national system of education are the primary or elementary schools, intermediate schools, and the University. Your Legislature has provided an excellent system of primary education, and although it may not be all that some friends of education may desire, it is generally admitted to be a good practical measure. The University recently called into existence has enabled us to place within the reach of every member of the community the highest culture which the country can impart. Access to it has been made simple and facile to all. As the chairman of the Board of Governors has observed, the South Australian Public Library, Museum, and Fine Arts Gallery is an institution which will supply the means of self-education and may thereby compensate for the often unavoidable absence of secondary school instruction, or possibly even of the University course. The association of three such important factors in our educational system will give a stimulus hitherto unknown (by many still regarded as utopian) to the promotion of a sound public opinion on educational matters generally. The education imparted at our elementary schools is of course applied to children. The University can be made applicable to all ages, from boyhood upwards, but is necessarily limited in its scope. The great question practically to be solved by this institution is—What education can be best imparted after school days are passed—an education that may be almost universal in its application, and adapted to the masses, the working men and working women of our community? Of what avail is education; of what avail are your elementary schools, your ordinary academies, of what avail is teaching, if it stops at the school porch—is considered at an end when the school doors are closed? It is essential to your well-being that after school days are passed the five talents or the one talent entrusted to you should be made five talents or one talent more, according to the ability which God has given you."

COMMERCIAL.

WOOL SALES.—YESTERDAY.

By Messrs. Mort and Co.—138 in circle, 6 bundles sheepskins at 6d; JD, 7 at 5½d, 1 lot at 4d; HG over B, 2 bundles at 5½d, 1 lot at 4½d; 6YK, 4 bundles at 4½d; A&RL, 2 bales at 5½d; Marengo, 9 bundles at 5½d; 3HC, 3 at 6½d, 2 at 6¼d; JH, 1 at 5½d; E, 7 at 7¼d; HC, 2 at 4½d, 3 at 3½d; Retreat over ID in diamond, 2 at 4d; Addressed, 2 at 6d; X, 1 at 7¼d; AKO, 3 at 6½d; Derra, 1 bale at 5½d; P, 1 bundle at 5½d; HR in diamond over New England, 1 at 7½d; white tape, 1 at 6½d; GB over P, 1 at 4½d, 2 bags at 3½d; JH, 1 at 3½d; D, 1 at 4½d; TD, 3 at 5½d; U, 73 skins at 2s 7d each. Wool: W. Christien over Coonamble, 1 scoured at 16½d, 1 at 14½d; LL, 3 washed lambs at 13d, 1 clips at 3½d; B in diamond, 8 scoured at 13d; NO, 1 fleece at 16½d; TD, 1 fleece at 16½d; ETT, 3 scoured at 16½d, 1 mixed at 11½d; A&RL, 1 skinwool at 4½d; JL over J, 2 grease at 7½d; NO, 1 handwashed at 10½d, 1 lambs at 13½d; Addressed, 1 grease at 9½d; HG over B, 4 bags grease at 3½d, 1 wool and skins at 8d; 3 bags fleece at 15d; MAS, 1 bag grease at 8d, 1 black at 7½d; JD, 2 handwashed at 9½d, 1 skin at 3d; CA, 1 mixed at 10½d; J, 1 grease at 9½d; A&RL, 1 locks at 3½d; MO, 1 wool and skins at 6d; Addressed, 1 bag pieces at 5d, 1 skinwool at 2½d; W. Christien over Coonamble, 2 bags scoured at 11½d; 6YK, 3 bags skinwool at 3½d; S, 1 mixed at 4d.

By Mr. Bridge.—R and T over Dubbo, 2 bales scoured 1sts at 19½d, 1 2nds at 14½d, 1 3rds at 12½d; KT, 8 bags greasy at 8½d; TK, 1 bale washed locks and pieces at 3d; JH, 1 washed at 12½d; TM, 1 greasy at 8d; M, 2 at 10d; SF, 1 scoured locks at 10d; MA, 2 bags locks at 9½d; Arrow and Circle, 1 skinpieces at 3d; Addressed, 1 handwashed lambs at 7½d; JB over S, 1 at 5½d; T, 1 mixed at 2½d; Addressed, 1 greasy at 9½d; KT, 1 pieces at 3½d; WC, 3 bundles sheepskins at 7½d; OH, 6 at 6d; Arrow and circle, 5 at 5½d; JT over G, 8 at 5½d; AP, 2 at 6½d; YJ, 1 at 6½d; BK, 3 at 5½d; black tape, 3 at 6d; TK, 3 at 3d; C&It, 1 at 6½d; SB over F, 1 at 5d; WC, 1 at 6½d; WF, 1 at 6½d; JB over S, 1 at 6½d; WG, 2 at 6d; KB, 1 at 5d; CB, 2 at 5½d; G in diamond, 2 at 6½d; SB over N, 4 at 5½d; JAR, 3 at 5½d; KT, 3 at 5½d; AC, 4 at 6d; C&R, 9 at 5½d; RL, 7 at 5½d; Arrow and circle, at 3d; addressed, 1 at 6½d; MD, 2 at 5d; M, 1 at 3½d; Addressed, 2 pelts at 3½d.

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

Messrs. Dalmahoy, Campbell, and Co., report: 2600 cattle drawn for the week, and 1556 penned and sold to-day, and the balance will be offered to-morrow. The quality of those forward ranged from prime and good to medium and inferior. The attendance was moderate, few if any country buyers being present. The market opened dull, and continued so throughout the day, good and prime qualities suffering more in proportion than the others, and closed fully 5s. to 10s. per head lower than last week's rates. 12,800 sheep penned, and best sorts made slightly better prices. Others are without change.

Messrs. Powers, Rutherford, and Co., report: 2600 cattle entered, of which 1600 were yarded to-day. Prices were 10s. easier for prime. We sold 130 from Winbar station. 12,000 sheep yarded, and prices were a shilling better for best merino wethers.

EDGAR ALLAN POE IN RUSSIAN.—The widow of the late Mr. MacGahan, the well-known special war correspondent, is engaged upon a Russian translation of the poems and stories of Edgar Allan Poe. The work, which will fill three volumes, will appear in the course of a few months. Mrs. MacGahan is a Russian lady.—*Athenæum.*

LATER EUROPEAN NEWS.

We have received London files by the Lusitania to the 30th April, seven days later than those brought by the San Francisco mail:—

A ROYAL WEDDING.

On the 24th April the Princess Frederica, of Hanover, was married to the Baron von Pawel Rammingen, at Windsor. The union is understood to be one of affection, but was strongly opposed by certain highly-placed personages, though strenuously encouraged throughout by her Majesty. The Queen indeed gave away the bride, while Prince Leopold was best man. Except in so far as it might affect the succession, the marriage had no public or state character. It was performed in the private chapel in the Castle, in the presence of about 100 persons of distinction in English politics, art, or society. Fears had been entertained by the Court that the Ministerial crisis would have seriously deranged the ceremonial, since many of the late Ministers had engaged to be present long before any idea existed of their downfall. The difficulty, however, was fortunately evaded, for although they had tendered their resignations, they had not actually vacated their posts. So her Majesty was spared what would otherwise have proved a sore embarrassment.

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH.

The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, previous to their departure from Ireland on the 28th April, held a *levee*, which was very largely attended, while the streets near the Castle gates were thronged by orderly crowds eager to manifest their respect to the retiring Viceroy and the Duchess. Several addresses were presented to their Graces from various towns and public institutions, expressing gratitude for the sympathy shown to the suffering people of Ireland and the interest they had taken in their affairs. On leaving the Castle for the railway station, the route was lined with troops and thronged with acclaiming crowds. The reception at Kingstown was equally enthusiastic. At Holyhead, too, their Graces received quite an ovation. The Queen has intimated her intention to confer on the Duchess the Royal Order of Victoria and Albert.

A NEW POINT IN MARITIME WAR.

The recent decision of the Court of Appeal in the great shipping case of Scaramanga v. Stamp is one affecting the whole mercantile marine of the country. The facts were simple. The defendant chartered a ship to the plaintiff for a voyage from Cronstadt to Gibraltar. While at sea the master saw a steamer in distress, and discovered that her machinery had completely broken down. The sea was quite smooth, and he could there and then have saved the crew; but he conceived the idea of saving the cargo too, and accordingly towed the vessel into the Texel, having bargained to do so for one thousand pounds. The result was that the too-adventurous captain got his own vessel on shore, and she was lost with all her cargo. The plaintiffs, as owners of the cargo and charterers of the ship, sued for its value as lost by the defendant's breach of contract in deviating from the proper track. Strangely enough, such a case has never been previously before our Courts of law; and after much argument it has now been ruled that a ship is justified in going out of her course to save human life, but not to save cargo. This decision of the Court of Appeal will therefore form an important precedent in maritime law.

THE HOME RULERS.

The schism amongst the Home Rulers is becoming every day more manifest. The struggle for supremacy between Mr. Parnell and Mr. Shaw has reached a climax. The moderate and the "active" sections of the party are unable to act together. Each section has held a separate meeting in Dublin this week, and, from the resolutions passed, it is evident that no common course of action in the new Parliament is likely to be agreed upon. Mr. Parnell has already raised the cry of treason against his rival, Mr. Shaw, the recognised Parliamentary leader of the party.

GREAT FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

Soon after half-past 1 p.m. on April 30, as passengers were passing by No. 127, Aldersgate-street, a large wholesale druggists' warehouse kept by Messrs. Hodgkinson, fire was noticed, and very soon—owing to the nature of the goods stored therein—the whole premises were in flames. Messengers were at once dispatched in all directions for the fire engines, and the call to work appears to have been received simultaneously at Watling-street, Whitecross-street, and Clerkenwell fire offices, and having telegraphed to the rest of the metropolis, these brigades set off to the scene, the Whitecross-street engine being the first to arrive, at about a quarter to 2. Meanwhile the flames had extended to a most alarming extent, and half a dozen persons were observed at the second-floor window of the warehouse, and about 40 feet from the ground. A large sack was spread out, and one man had the courage to jump from the window, and, with the exception of a shaking, he appears to have escaped. The other five persons it is feared perished in the flames, which now began to extend most rapidly. In a short time the adjoining house, which is occupied by Messrs. Collingridge as the *City Press* office, and the Manchester Hotel in the rear, were set on fire, and this added to the heat, smoke, and confusion. Meanwhile the three steam-engines which had arrived got to work, and soon began to pour volumes of water on the pile of smoking masonry, but without making any great impression, as the fire was now well alight. By about 3 o'clock the roof of the warehouse where the fire originated fell in, taking with it the middle part of the house, leaving the four walls standing. Owing to the use of the telegraph, engines began to arrive from all directions, the Essex Road, Holloway, Charles-street, Tooley-street, Brixton, Deptford, Waterloo-road, Bishopgate-street, Mile-end, Shoreditch, Portland-road, King-street, Regent-street, Baker-street, and Kensington stations all sending their supplies of men and engines. These combined forces got to work in various parts of the blazing houses, some at the rear, some in front in the streets, and some on tops of the adjacent houses, first with the view of checking the spread of the flames to the adjoining property, and then, having secured that from harm, well-directed efforts were turned on the fire, which by 4 o'clock was so far subdued that no further fear of its spread was anticipated. The origin of the conflagration is said to have been an explosion in the "tincture" room of the druggist's warehouse.

RUSSIAN FORCES IN ASIA.

The Russian force in Turkestan numbers about forty thousand men, with eighty guns. There are fifteen thousand more in West Siberia, thirty thousand in East Siberia, and some two thousand in the Pacific shore district. In addition to these troops, which will be reinforced as soon as the season permits, a squadron of fifteen men-of-war is to be assembled in the Western Pacific, to blockade the Chinese shores in the event of a difference on the Kuldja question. Soon after the arrival of the Marquess Tseng at St. Petersburg an attempt will be made to transfer the Kuldja negotiations to Pekin. This move, being intended to put off the decision, is natural enough at a time when a European collision is apprehended. Should the Chinese ignore the stratagem General Ignatieff, who won his first laurels at Pekin, is likely to be sent there once more. Meanwhile, every Russian ship sent to the Pacific conveys troops to the Amur country, bordering upon the province of Pekin.

THE TURKISH BUDGET.

The new Budget, though approved by the Sultan, is still far from settled, and has produced a Ministerial crisis which threatens to bring about a change of Cabinet. There is bitter conflict between the Prime Minister and Mahmoud Nedim Pasha, the Minister of the Interior, the latter challenging the accuracy and reliableness of the figures adduced by the former in his revenue statement. Said Pasha and his supporters estimate the expenditure of the empire at 19 million Turkish pounds, and its revenue at 16 millions. Even this favourable statement shows a deficiency of three millions, for which no provision is made. But while it may be taken for granted that the expenditure is not over-estimated, Mahmoud Pasha insists that the income is vastly overrated. He believes that in the present disorganised condition of Europe 12 million pounds per annum is all that can be reckoned on, and he is probably right. Besides this frightful deficiency, there is a floating debt of between 20 and 30 millions. Thus Turkey is gradually and surely perishing by the process of internal decay and external incapacity.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA.

The *Panama Star and Herald* of the 1st of April publishes a letter from its correspondent at Lima, dated 17th March, from which we take the following:—Since the discomfiture of the Huascars and Magallanes in the Bay of Arica, on the 27th February, we have no further news of active movements in the South. At last advices the Chilians, numbering close upon 14,000 men, were in possession of the city of Moquega, and their warships and transports were concentrated in Pacocha Bay, to be in readiness should any reverse happen to the land forces. Above Moquega, in the celebrated mountain passes of Los Angeles, the Peruvians have 2500 soldiers under the command of Colonel Layseca. The Huascar and Magallanes suffered more in the affair of the 27th of February than was at first reported. The Huascar lost about twenty-five men killed and wounded, among the former her captain, Don Manuel Thompson, and two other officers of lower rank. She was struck by the shot from the forts and the Manco Capac ten or twelve times, her mizen mast being carried away and several shots hulling her. The Magallanes kept further out of the way and escaped serious injury. Although the batteries and the monitor were not damaged by the Chilian fire, the Angamos, with her celebrated 150 lbs. Armstrong gun, stood off at long range, 6000 metres, and bombarded the town, knocking down, it is stated, a good many houses and killing several women and children who had not time to get out of the way. No notice was given beforehand of this intention to shell the port, but anticipating such a proceeding, Montero and his men posted themselves on the surrounding hills. On the northern coast matters have been somewhat more animated. On the 14th instant the Matias Cousino and the Amazonas put in an appearance at the Lobos guano islands, and immediately proceeded to destroy all the loading apparatus, launches and lighters to be found in that place. Not content with this piece of vandalism, men were disembarked and allowed to plunder the extensive stores of the loading company, which is an English enterprise. The Chilians carried off the governor of the island, Colonel Alayza, the harbourmaster, and the few soldiers and sailors at the place. The two ships then proceeded to Eten, a little town on the adjacent coast, and without a word of warning fired upon it, throwing five shells into the town itself, and two shots directed against the railway wharf. Fortunately no one was injured. At Eten not even a cannon was in position, and it is a matter of doubt whether the echoes of the peaceful little town were ever awakened by the report of artillery. The question between the banks and the Government has not yet been settled. The banks successfully stood the run made against them in consequence of the supreme decree alluding to a possible debt of the State which, if paid, would drain their vaults, and are now waiting the answer to a protest made made by them collectively.

GERMANY AND SAMOA.

The bill promoted by the German Government for granting State support in the development of trade with the Samoa Islands has been lost. The debate on the second reading took place on April 27, during which Prince Hohenlohe assured the House that the Government attached great importance to the measure, and would much regret its rejection. The bill nevertheless was thrown out by a majority of 16 votes. The *Daily News* correspondent at Berlin hears that Prince Bismarck is much interested in the question, and is disappointed and aggrieved that the intention of the Government has been frustrated.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRES, &c.

At the Victoria Theatre, the new company with the "Irish Detective" drew another capital house last night. Mr. Grattan Riggs evoked much applause for his clever impersonations, his German, Italian, and Irish seem equally good. Mr. Greville and Miss Kate Foley repeated their fun and kept their auditors in constant laughter. Mr. Greville's comic humour is of that genuine kind which, like good wine, becomes more valuable with age; and Miss Kate Foley exhibits in a large degree all the vagaries and attractions of a charming soubrette without for a moment descending to vulgarity. For some time the Melbourne Press has been lavish in praise of her merits. Tuesday night was her first introduction to Sydney, but her position is already recognised. "The Irish Detective," although of small literary merit, has enough variety and sensation combined with genuine fun to amuse the frequenters of the Victoria for some time.

At the Theatre Royal, last night, the brilliant version of Victorien Sardou's comedy, which Mr. Garner's company has made so much a favourite in Sydney under the title of "Friends," was again most successfully performed. The characters were represented with almost faultless fidelity, and the sparkling dialogue was excellently delivered. To-morrow night this admirable work will be finally produced, and on Saturday night Byron's great comedy, "Our Boys," is to be played. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" drew a good attendance to the Queen's Theatre last night. This evening and to-morrow "It's Never too Late to Mend" will be revived, and on Saturday Mr. Dampier makes his last appearance and takes his benefit as Richard III. At the School of Arts Mr. Sketchley, and in his tent in the Haymarket (both in the afternoon and evening) Signor Chiarini, entertained fair audiences with their respective performances. In the presence of a very large audience Mr. Henry W. Chapman gave a most successful elocutionary recital in the Protestant Hall last night. The programme, which was divided into two parts, was long and well arranged, and embraced selections from the most popular works of Shakespeare, Tennyson, Byron, Poe, Sheridan, Barham, and Dickens. Mr. Chapman is gifted with a very tractable voice, a fine sense of humour, and a power of pathos of which he knows well how to make the most. His recitations were listened to with marked attention, were apparently keenly enjoyed, and elicited repeated plaudits from his auditors.

A dramatic entertainment was given in the Masonic Hall, last night, by the Artizans Amateur Dramatic Society, in aid of the widow and family of D. M'Garvie, who died some short time back. Deceased was a member of the Sydney Lodge of the Free Gardeners Friendly Society, and the entertainment was given under the auspices of that lodge. The performance consisted of the drama "Aurora Floyd," a musical melange, and the farce "Matrimony." All the performers were amateurs, and are therefore beyond the pale of criticism, but it would be unjust not to say that they acquitted themselves very creditably indeed, as was evident from the marked appreciation of the audience. The Glebe Brass Band, under the conductorship of Mr. R. Camfield, also gave their services gratuitously, and rendered a selection very fairly. Mr. Healey acted as accompanist to the vocalists, and also supplied the music incidental to the drama.

Mr. De Munck, the very clever violoncellist, who charmed Sydney audiences by his playing, and who was one of the Carlotta Patti Company, has received from the King of Portugal, through Baron Birch, the Order of Chevallier De L'Ordere Du Christ.

YORK-STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.

Last evening the choir of York-street Wesleyan Church, assisted by members of the Sydney Musical Union and of several church choirs, with several well-known amateur solo singers, sang Henry Farmer's Mass in B Flat, and selections from Costa's "Eli," as the first and second parts of a sacred concert in aid of the organ fund. Portions of the mass, which as the composition of an English musician is interesting, were given about a year ago; last night the work was performed in its entirety with the English words. The music is easy, and the singers were thoroughly at home in interpreting it. At the beginning of the *Quoniam*, "For Thou only art holy," the *tempo* was too quick, but the fault was remedied, and the concluding part effectively sung. The "Credo" is one of the best numbers musically. The "Et incarnatus" is, we think, the only number in A Minor key; it begins with a solo for soprano, the melody of which is repeated in the second part in a quartet, where the organ is also particularly valuable. The "Resurrexit" is a jubilant chorus; the "Sanctus," a semi-fugue, ending with an "Amen" so harmonized as to give the altos prominence; they made good use of the opportunity. The "Benedictus" has a familiar air about it, but the style is superior to most of the music in the Mass. The soloists knew their work as well as the chorus; the soprano and basso were the most successful. For the second part the soloists were changed Mr. Andrew Fairfax was the Judge, *Eli*; he was in excellent voice, and his singing was far more agreeable than when he undertook the same part in the Victoria Theatre at Christmas. He gave full value to the highest and lowest notes, and sang with refreshing earnestness and vigour. The soprano has been endowed by nature with a powerful voice, and its possessor was so familiar with the text that she sang almost from memory, which probably accounts for various freaks with the *tempo*; with the exuberance of youth gives her whole energies to the performance of the moment, and therefore, for want of proper restraint, her voice fails occasionally when she is anxious to sustain a note; and in her eagerness to do as much as possible she forces her voice, and the purity of tone suffers; it is a pity that such excellent "raw material" should not have fine culture: to hear good oratorio singing would be of inestimable value; it is right to add that the lady's efforts were loudly applauded—probably the motive rather than the music was considered. The contralto singer, though very nervous, sang with feeling and expression; her voice is of good quality, and very sympathetic. The morning and evening prayers were musically very creditable to the singer. The amateur tenor of the second part sang well in the *duet* and *trio*, but in the grand declamatory solo "Philistines hark," he achieved a success far greater that that usually won by amateurs, and displayed a range of voice and vigour of delivery which would bring credit to a professional; his high notes rang out full and clear above all the chorus, as he shouted "War," in truly heroic tones. The choral work was well done, particularly the "Chorus of Levites;" the chorale and the final choral-march "God and King of Jacob's nation." Mr. Huthnance had evidently been at great pains in preparing his forces, and he conducted them adroitly throughout the two works. Mr. Kent, M.A., was really efficient as organist; and Mr. Sydney Moss who, as trainer of the Musical Union chorus, indirectly shares the honours of the conductor, gave valuable assistance at the piano.

At the conclusion of the performance, the Rev. J. Oram proposed a vote of thanks to those who had given the audience so much pleasure, and made particular reference to the recent escape of Mr. Andrew Fairfax. Mr. H. Gorman, hon. sec., replied that the Church choir felt pleasure in helping the object in view, and needed no thanks; but, for the ladies and gentlemen who had so kindly helped them, he wished most heartily to second the vote proposed. Acclamations followed, the performers adjourned for refreshment, and advantage was taken of the opportunity to present their organist with a testimonial of the goodwill of those with whom he had worked. Mr. Kent becomes the organist of the Congregational Church, Pitt-street.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

At the Darlinghurst gaol, yesterday, the City Coroner held an inquest touching the death of a prisoner named Henry Gilbert Fuller, alias Hyman. The man was 44 years of age, and he had been convicted of stealing from a dwelling-house in June, 1879, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment, with hard labour; last March he was admitted as a patient into the gaol hospital, and there he remained until his death yesterday morning. He had been twice previously convicted, and received sentences amounting to five years and a-half. William Reid, a prisoner in the gaol, was aware that deceased had been properly attended to in the hospital, and was seen daily by the visiting surgeon. Dr. O'Connor had visited the deceased, who was suffering from disease of the heart, from which complaint, despite all precautions and remedies applied, he eventually died. A verdict was returned by the jury in accordance with the medical testimony.

IN RE KELLY'S TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

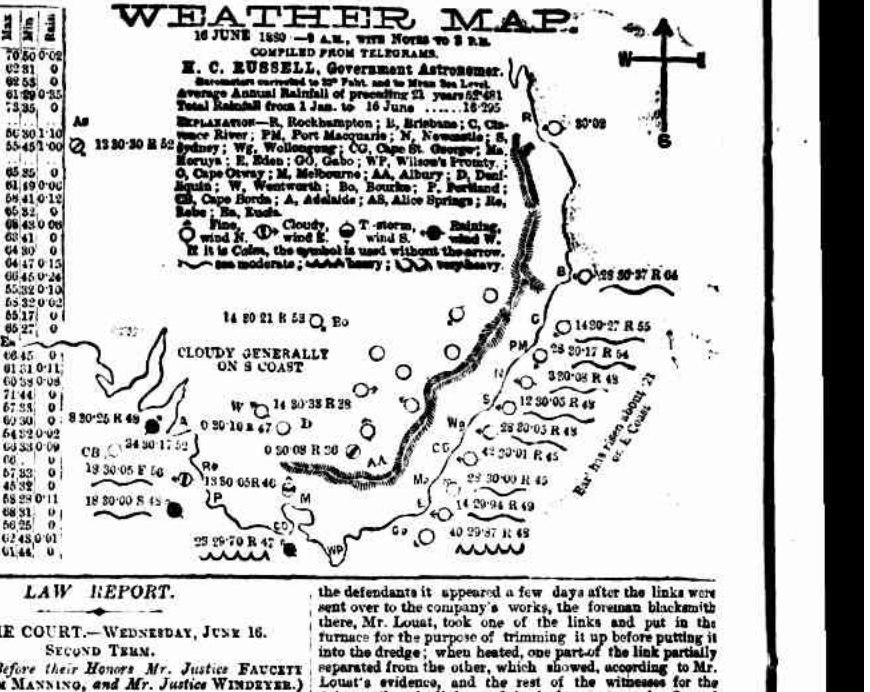
Sir,—The report of this case does the licensing magistrates great injustice, and is calculated to mislead. The transfer of the license, I am in a position to say, would have been sanctioned if the Bench had been satisfied of the bona-fide nature of the transation.

When the chairman asked the proposed transferee (after he was sworn) if it were not the intention to allow Kelly to live in the house after the transfer, there was so much hesitancy in answering the question that two of our number had great doubts in the matter, and which were fully confirmed when Kelly's solicitor went into the box, who, after having made contradictory statements respecting the assignment of a lease held by Kelly which had about two years to run, eventually admitted that there had been no assignment by Kelly, although he produced a new lease to the proposed transferee by the landlord.

The evidence mentioned in the report would have been satisfactory and conclusive but for what I have stated, and the transfer would have been granted. Yours, &c.,

ONE OF THE MAGISTRATES PRESIDING.

Stations	W'th'r	Max	Min	Rain
Casino	b	70	50	0·02
Tenterfi'ld	b	62	31	0
Grafton	b	62	53	0
Inverell	b	61	29	0·35
Bourke	b	73	35	0
Narrabri	..	..	..	..
Armidale	u	56	30	1·10
Bendemeer	u	55	45	1·00
Gunnedah	..	..	..	..
Coonab'an	b	65	35	0
P. Macqrie	b	61	49	0·06
Murr'undi	b	58	41	0·12
Cassilis	b	65	32	0
Mus'brook	b	68	43	0·06
Dubbo	b	63	41	0
Mudgee	b	64	30	0
Maitland	b	64	47	0·15
Newcastle	b	66	45	0·24
Orange	n	55	32	0·10
Bathurst	b	55	32	0·02
MtVictoria	n	55	17	0
Forbes	b	65	27	0
SYDNEY	b	66	45	0
Wentw'th	n	61	31	0·11
Young	b	60	38	0·08
Woll'gong	b	71	44	0
Moss Vale	b	67	33	0
Euston	b	60	30	0
Goulburn	b	64	32	0·02
Wagga	u	63	33	0·09
Cape Geo.	b	66	.	0
Queanb'an	b	67	33	0
Deniliquin	b	45	32	0
Albury	n	58	28	0·11
Bodalla	n	68	31	0
Cooma	n	56	25	0
Eden	b	62	48	0·01
Gabo Isld.	b	61	44	0



LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16.

SECOND TERM.

In Banco.—(Before their Honors Mr. Justice FAUCETT *Sir* WILLIAM MANNING, *and Mr. Justice* WINDEYER.)

SANDEMAN V. WATSON.

This was an action by an official assignee to recover money paid by an insolvent (Marshall) to the defendant, with knowledge of Marshall's insolvency, under the 12th section of 5 Victoria No. 17, and the 2nd section of 25 Victoria No. 8. The issues were tried before Mr. Justice Windeyer and a jury of four. A verdict was returned for the plaintiff for substantially the amount claimed.

Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C., in the ensuing term, moved for a rule nisi to set that verdict aside, and for a new trial on a number of grounds. The Court refused the rule on all of the grounds except one, that the verdict was against evidence. A motion was afterwards made asking for leave to appeal to the Privy Council on those grounds on which the Court had refused the rule, when, to save complications and expense, it was agreed that the rule nisi for a new trial should be formally granted on all of the grounds taken in the rule; the defendant to be at liberty only to argue that the verdict was against evidence. The other grounds to be formally decided in the plaintiff's favour for the purpose of the defendant's appeal to the Privy Council.

Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C., and Mr. Davis, instructed by Messrs. Gannon and M'Laughlin, now moved to make that rule absolute, and contended that at the time of the payments by Marshall to the defendant, Marshall was not in fact insolvent; and even if he was the defendant did not know of it. After that payment Marshall incurred other debts which made him insolvent.

Mr. Darley, Q.C., and Sir George Innes, instructed by Mr. S. C. Brown, appeared in support of the verdict.

The COURT unanimously discharged the rule with costs. The issues were essentially for a jury, and there was ample evidence to warrant their verdict. There was evidence of the insolvent state of Marshall, and that Watson had notice of it when his (Watson's) debts were paid by the City Bank on behalf of Marshall.

LYONS V. CORRY.

On this motion, to make absolute a rule nisi for a new trial, being called on, there was no appearance. The motion was accordingly struck out of the list.

BESNARD V. THE ORIENTAL BANK.

This was an action for damages for the dishonour of plaintiff's cheques by the manager of the branch of the Oriental Bank at Young. The issues had been tried before his Honor Sir William Manning and a jury of four last November, when a verdict was given for the plaintiff with damages.

The Court, in the subsequent term, granted a rule nisi to set that verdict aside, and for a new trial on the ground that the verdict was against the evidence.

Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C., and Sir George Innes, instructed by Messrs. Want, Johnson, and Want, now moved to make that rule absolute.

Mr. Darley, Q.C., and Mr. C. B. Stephen, instructed by Messrs. Cape and Westgarth, appeared in support of the verdict.

The arguments were part heard when the Court rose.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

(*Before the* CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

In the matter of George James Vosper, a single meeting. Insolvent deposed to the accuracy of his schedule. One debt was proved. Insolvent, in reply to a proved creditor, said that he was a warder in Berrima gaol, and was paid 7s. a day when at work; he had a wife and one child. In answer to his Honor, insolvent said he was not prepared to make any offer to pay his creditors. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Joseph Henry Lane, a single meeting. Insolvent verified his schedule. No debts were proved, no directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Daniel Driscoll, a third meeting. One debt was proved. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of James Tinsley, a single meeting. Insolvent deposed to the accuracy of his schedule. One debt was proved. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of William James Spence, a single meeting. Insolvent verified his schedule. Five debts were proved. Insolvent, being examined by Mr. Mackinlay for a creditor, deposed that he had been carrying on business for nine months; he had £160 when he entered into business; he did not sell the goods he had from creditors for less than he gave for them; his expenses were £10 a week; Mr. Williamson entered a defence for him against a judgment creditor's claim; he had no defence; he had a lease which he thought had a little over two years to run. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Nicholas Johns, a third meeting. No debts were proved. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Thomas Braggett, a third meeting. One claim was entered, and three months given to perfect proof. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Moses Hodgkinson, a single meeting. Insolvent stated that he wished to amend his schedule by adding a magic-lantern, valued at £10, to part B, and he was directed to do so. One debt was proved. No directions were given, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Frederick Hayman, a single meeting. Insolvent verified his schedule. No debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of James Brown, a single meeting. Insolvent did not attend. No debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Robert John Griffiths, a second meeting. Insolvent verified his schedule. No debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matters of John Cashley and Coll M'Donald, first meetings. No debts were proved, and the meetings were terminated.

SCHEDULE FILED.

James Millar, of Walgett. Liabilities, £112 10s. 4d. Assets, £10.

SURRENDERS.

Thomas Mountford Laycock, of Manly Beach, mariner, out of employment. Liabilities, £142 2s. Assets, £10. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

Michael Gannon, of Vegetable Creek, New England, saddler. Liabilities, £91 2s. Assets, £5 2s. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

John Smith, of Waterloo, cab driver. Liabilities, £38 11s. 11d., of which £13 is secured. Assets, £4 5s. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

WEDNESDAY.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* DOWLING.)

JAQUES V. M'INNES.

In this case the plaintiff sued for £20, commission on the sale of certain property. Mr. J. H. Want, instructed by Mr. S. L. Jaques, appeared for the plaintiff; and Sir George Innes, instructed by Messrs. Foster and Dale, for the defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for amount claimed.

LINLEY V. MORT'S DOCK AND ENGINEERING COMPANY (LIMITED).

This was an action brought by Thomas Buckingham Linley against Mort's Dock and Engineering Company to recover the sum of £61 15s. as the price of 120 dredge links supplied by the plaintiff to the defendants for the purpose of being used in a dredge which the defendants are now constructing for the Government of New South Wales. The defence was that the links supplied were not in accordance with the contract entered into for the purpose between the plaintiff and the defendants, inasmuch as they were so badly made and the material in them was so inferior that the defendants were obliged, after testing them, to throw them on one side and make fresh ones. Under these circumstances, the defendants declined to pay for the links, as they were not reasonably fit for the purpose for which they were supplied. From the evidence of the plaintiff it appears that the defendants, on the 26th of September, entered into a contract with the plaintiff by which the plaintiff agreed with them to supply 120 wrought-iron dredge bucket links, in accordance with a tracing or plan supplied, within six months of the date of the contract. The plaintiff ordered the links from England, and, in due course, they arrived, and were sent over to the Dock Company's works, where they have remained ever since. The plaintiff sought to show, by his own evidence, that the links were reasonably fit for the purpose for which they had been supplied, and that he had supplied other and similar links for a Government dredge which was not constructed by the defendants; and that these links were actually in use at the present time. From the evidence of the defendants it appeared a few days after the links were sent over to the company's works, the foreman blacksmith there, Mr. Louat, took one of the links and put in the furnace for the purpose of trimming it up before putting it into the dredge; when heated, one part of the link partially separated from the other, which showed, according to Mr. Louat's evidence, and the rest of the witnesses for the defence, that the link was defectively constructed. Several other links were then tested, and found equally defective. Under these circumstances, Mr. Frank, the manager of the company, thereupon sent for the plaintiff, and pointed out the defective workmanship and inferior quality of the links to him, which he admitted. Subsequently to the commencement of this action, one of the links was tested in the presence of Mr. Smith, a retired blacksmith of great experience. Mr. Smith's evidence went to show that the test applied was a very fair and slight one, and convinced him that the links were quite unfit for the purpose for which they were intended. This evidence was corroborated by Mr. Struth, formerly the Government engineer, who said the links supplied by the plaintiff were rubbish, both as regarded the quality of the work and the character of the iron. It also appeared, from the defendants' evidence, that the proper mode of constructing these links is, either to roll or forge them out of one solid piece of iron; whereas those supplied by the plaintiff were constructed in two pieces, and imperfectly welded together, the probable consequence of which would be, that if they were subjected to any great strain, they would separate and have to be replaced by new ones. This was clearly demonstrated by a link produced in Court, and made by the defendants out of one solid piece for the dredge, which both Mr. Smith and Mr. Struth pronounced to be a very superior article to those supplied. Mr. Manning having addressed his Honor for the defence, and Mr. Lingen having replied, his Honor found a verdict for the defendants, observing that he did not consider the links in question reasonably fit for the purpose for which they were ordered. Mr. E. F. Stephen was attorney for the plaintiff; Messrs. Lyons, Creagh, and Williams, attorneys for the defendants.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—THURSDAY, JUNE 17.

Term List.—Demurrers: Miller v. Gulliver (part heard), Wakely v. Lackey, Beer v. Patrick and wife, Black v. I. S. N. Co.; Oriental Bank v. O'Brien, Dowling and another v. Jones.

District Court Appeals.—Borough of Randwick v. Municipal Council of Sydney, E. S. and A. Chartered Bank v. Barker.

Prothonotary's Office.—For Taxation: Friedman v. Gordon, at 10.30; Lange and another v. Nelson, 10.45; Campbell v. Commercial Bank, 11; Kelly v. King, 11.30; Hayes v. Commissioners for Railways.

INSOLVENCY MEETINGS.

June 17.—Accounts and plans for confirmation: David Goodwin, dividend 1s. 4½d.; John A. Moore, dividend 1s. 2½d.; John Vowles, dividend 19s. 4d.—preferential; William Brice, Charles Vickers, Matthew Lee, Patrick Kelly, accounts current; Albert King, 20s. preferential, and 7s. concurrent; Charles Creasy Clayworth, dividend 1s. 6½d.; John Begg, Joseph Wilson Marshall, accounts current; George Cook, dividend 15-16d.; John Phillips, dividend 1s. 10d., preferential; Charles Richard Chapman Tindale, Charles Gillespie Melville, John Bondsworth, August Sappe, for ratification of directions; Hardy and Murray, to discharge summonses for examination; Gullick and Baird, adjourned from 20th May. At Kiama: Daniel Watts, single. At Tenterfield: George Kennedy, single. At Queanbeyan: John Robertson, single.

June 18.—James Payne Lewis, Thomas Mathews, Charles John Prentice, John Dodd Hatch, Thomas Barber Roberts, William Julius Schroeter, third; Jacob Richard Clarke, single; John Quillian, third; Henry James Dyson, single; John Ross, first; Daniel Markham, special; Charles Sandys Packer, first; John Lyon, special; William Worner, first; Lewis Berliner, adjourned single. At Braidwood: James Malone, single. At Dubbo: James M'Gregor, single.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—THURSDAY, JUNE 17.

Johnstone v. Riemenschneider, Banks v. Begg, Gibbs and another v. Young and another, Lowther v. Ritchie, Hyam v. Rogers, Falk v. Rankin.

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Yesterday the Bench on the criminal side was composed of Messrs. Renwick, Booth, Slade, and Henderson; and on the Summons side by Messrs. Chapman, Holborow, Solomon, Carpenter, Hardie, Guy, and Street.

Mary Blake, convicted of being an habitual drunkard, was sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Mary M'Grath and *Anne Barton*, apprehended in the act of fighting in York-street, were fined 20s. each for riotous behaviour; and for assaulting constable Meyer, who took them into custody, were further fined 40s.; in default of payment to be imprisoned for the first offence seven days, and one month for the second.

Edward M'Cabe and *John Egan*, lads of about 15, charged with having stolen eight pigeons, of the value of 20s., the property of Walter Schafer, pleaded guilty, and were sentenced to pay 20s. each, or to be imprisoned seven days.

Henry Casrin, 11, was brought before the Bench by constable Keating, in execution of a warrant, in which he was charged with having "escaped" from Randwick Asylum. The justices did not know of such an offence, and ordered the boy's discharge. He was then charged under the Industrial Schools Act with habitually wandering about the streets in no lawful visible occupation. The superintendent of Randwick Asylum deposed that the prisoner was a precocious thief; had several times left the asylum; absented himself on Sunday last; he kept the company of larrikin boys; witness had twice taken the boy off the streets. To be sent on board the Vernon.

In the SUMMONS COURT, on the prosecution of Inspector Oatley, William Dwyer was fined 40s. for permitting nine lamb to remain in a pen at the Glebe Abattoirs for more than forty-eight hours, and John Briesley was fined 60s. for allowing a calf to remain in a pen at the Abattoirs for a longer period than was allowed by law. Hicks v. Garland was a case in which the defendant, a cabdriver, was charged with having fraudulently passed over Pyrmont Bridge without paying toll. He admitted that he did not pay the toll—it was the custom, he said, for the passenger, and not the driver, to pay the toll. He was sentenced to pay a penalty of 40s. In Wakeley v. White and Kennedy v. M'Intosh, proceedings under the Tenants' Act, a seven days' warrant of possession was granted in each.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Yesterday Mr. Marsh, P.M., was assisted on the Bench in the Charge Court by Messrs. Hunt, Edwards, Jeanneret, Playfair, Palmer, and V. Brown; and in the Summons Court by Messrs. T. H. Brown, Senior, and Lipman.

John Ellery was proceeded against, at the instance of Thomas Reeve, proprietor of the punt at Middle Harbour, for plying for hire in the harbour without holding a waterman's license. The defendant, who it appeared had been in the habit of conveying people in his boat across Middle Harbour, at the spit, pleaded guilty; and as this was his first offence a nominal fine of 5s. was inflicted, together with the costs of Court. The Bench pointed out that the defendant was liable to a fine of £10 for such an offence.

Thomas M'Coy and *Henry Fortune* were fined 10s. each, for playing a game in Lime-street, known as "chip penny," to the annoyance of people.

James Bourke was charged with having travelled from Newcastle by the steamer Collaroy without paying his fare, 5s. A fine of 20s. was inflicted, with the alternative of seven days' imprisonment.

Maria Thornton, for using obscene language in Little Essex-street, was ordered to go to gaol for two months, in default of paying a fine of £5.

Julia Connolly, charged with stealing a coat valued at 15s., the property of Richard Pilbeau, was sentenced to seven days' imprisonment.

Ah Choy was charged with stealing six hairbrushes, valued at 10s., the property of Messrs. Harris and Ackman, and was sentenced to fourteen days in goal. He was also charged with stealing two silver card-cases, valued at £2, the property of the same firm, for which he received an additional term of imprisonment of one month.

Henry Palmer was sent to gaol for fourteen days, for having a quantity of lead in his possession reasonably supposed to have been stolen.

NEWTOWN POLICE COURT.

The Bench, yesterday, was occupied by Mr. W. Crane, Acting Police Magistrate, Sydney; and Mr. W. Kendall. One drunkard, who had been twice remanded on a charge of drunkenness, for medical treatment (when found, he had fifty-seven sovereigns on his person), was fined 5s., or imprisonment till the rising of the Court. Thirty-seven small debts cases were disposed of. Mr. Crane spoke strongly on the matter of want of proper accommodation for parties to small debts suits.

The Russian executive police report that during the month of February the damage caused by incendiary fires in the various departments of Russia amounted to 1,643,175 roubles. The Government of Perm suffered the greatest loss, viz., 318,093 roubles; that of Volhynia 78,815 roubles, and that of Pskow 72,331 roubles.

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SUMMARY OF NEWS FOR TRANSMISSION TO EUROPE, VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

From June 8 to June 17.

POLITICAL.

It is evident from the manner in which events are shaping in both Houses of Parliament, that the session is rapidly approaching to a close. The bulk of the work rests with the Legislative Council, as there are now no measures of very large importance before the Assembly, with the exception of the Licensing Bill, which has passed its second reading, and is in committee, but is scarcely likely to become law this session. Indeed, the general impression is that another fortnight will see the close of the session. A very fair amount of legislative work has been transacted by both Houses during the short period that has elapsed since our last summary. In the Legislative Council the Lands for Public Purposes Acquisition Bill has received very careful attention in committee, and amendments have been made with the object of securing proper consideration to the interests of private property holders, while at the same time giving every facility to the Government to acquire such land as may be actually needed for public purposes. On Wednesday, June 9, Sir John Robertson moved the second reading of the Electoral Bill. The members of the Council generally admitted the necessity for the measure, and the second reading was agreed to without division. That they also agreed with the main details of the bill was evidenced by the fact that they carried through committee on the same evening the whole of the clauses as originally proposed in the Assembly, only postponing the clause introduced by Mr. Garrett, requiring each elector to vote for the full number of candidates; and the clause introduced by Mr. S. C. Brown, requiring every candidate to deposit the sum of £40 with the Returning-Officer, to be forfeited in the event of his not polling a certain proportion of votes. Mr. Stewart has given notice of an amendment on the latter, to lessen the proportion of votes to ensure the return of the deposit, and to reduce the deposit from £40 to £25. The Council has also approved of the plans, &c., of the proposed line of railway from Wallerawang to Mudgee.

On Tuesday, June 8, Mr. Barbour, in the Legislative Assembly, moved the adjournment of the House, for the purpose of calling attention to the action of the Government in lowering the upset price of Crown land at auction from 25s. to 20s. A long discussion ensued, in the course of which a great variety of topics was introduced, such as the question of eight-hours labour on our railways, religious teaching in Public schools, the insufficient accommodation at the Water Police Court; the conduct of the chairman of a licensing bench in giving a vote otherwise than a casting vote, and many minor matters. On the same evening leave was given to introduce a bill for the protection of birds and animals; and a bill to continue for another year the office of a temporary Judge. A motion was moved by Mr. Cameron, calling upon the Government to introduce a bill "as early as practicable" to restrict Chinese immigration. Upon this Mr. Melville moved an amendment to omit the words above quoted, with a view to insert the words "this session." Both the amendment and the resolution were negatived. On the following day the Census Bill was read the third time, and passed. This bill provides that a census of the colony shall be taken on the 3rd April next—the day that is fixed for taking the Census in the United Kingdom. Mr. Hoskins, the Minister for Lands, then moved the second reading of a bill to validate certain conditional and other purchases of land. He explained that in many cases selectors had taken up land that encroached upon reserves, through no fault of their own, but in consequence of the department not having been able to get the reserves properly surveyed and defined. A long discussion took place upon the bill. No member opposed it, but many of them criticised very severely the land system under which the necessity for validating bills was possible. The second reading was agreed to, and the bill was carried through committee. The Wharfage and Tonnage Bill was also taken through committee. On the motion being made to go into Committee of Supply, Mr. Buchanan moved a resolution affirming that our tariff should be of a protective character. He was supported by Mr. Melville, but no other member addressed the House, upon the subject, and the resolution was negatived by 35 to 5. The House then went into Committee of Supply. The Military and Volunteer estimates were agreed to, as was also the Immigration vote, after a long debate. The Country Towns Water Supply and Sewerage Bill was then read the second time, and all its clauses, over 130 in number, were agreed to in committee of the whole.

On Thursday, June 10, it was announced that the Royal assent had been given to the Sydney Water Supply and Sewerage Bill. The House approved of the plans, &c., of extension of the North-western railway from Gunnedah to Narrabri. The second reading of the Temporary Judges Bill, to provide for the continuance in office of the temporary Judge for another year, was agreed to. The amendments made by the Council in the Church and School Lands Dedication Bill came up for consideration. Sir Henry Parkes stated that the Government could not agree with the new clause introduced by the Council, as it was of the nature of an appropriation clause. They did not object to the clause itself, so he proposed to withdraw the bill and reintroduce it with the new clause embodied. As regards the time for the Act coming into operation, he was willing to meet the Council half-way, and fix the time at the period when State-aid to Denominational schools will cease under the Public Instruction Act—at the beginning of the year 1883. The bill was withdrawn, and the new bill was brought in and read the first time. The business transacted on Friday, June 11, was of a very unimportant nature.

In the Legislative Council, on Tuesday, the postponed clauses in the Electoral Bill were discussed. The clause to compel every voter to record as many votes as there were candidates to be elected, was rejected on a division of 16 to 7. The clause requiring a deposit of £40 from every candidate, to be forfeited in the event of his not polling a certain proportion of votes, was retained by a majority of 17 to 8. In the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Barbour moved a resolution affirming that our present system of alienating the public lands is not conducive to the general welfare. He advocated the entire abolition of the sales of land, and the substitution of a system of universal leasing. The motion was received with so little favour that it was withdrawn by the mover.

SOCIAL.

A Parliamentary paper recently issued shows that the total number of immigrants arriving in the colony during the year 1879 was 5731. Of these there were 1320 farm and general labourers, 33 miners, 94 carpenters, 84 masons, 34 bricklayers, 6 brickmakers, 37 plumbers, painters, and lasterers, 28 blacksmiths, 14 engineers, 20 moulders and fitters, 10 labourers in the iron trades, 37 clothing trades, 15 provision trades, 38 belonging to sundry manufacturing trades, 136 miscellaneous, including boys above 12 coming with their parents, making a total of 1906 male adults. Of the females there were 916 married women, 1077 domestic servants, and 148 other girls, including those over 12 years of age coming with their parents. There were also 1684 children under 12 years of age.

A general meeting of the New South Wales Branch of the British Medical Association took place on June 7. Dr. Halkett introduced Dr. Hill, of London, a member of the parent association, as a visitor. The president then delivered a short address on the Medical Bill now before the Legislative Assembly, and stated that he considered his hope that the bill would be passed this session was very slight. He thought if the Government would bring forward either this or a similar measure it would be more likely to pass into law. Matters relating to medical ethics were then discussed.

The regular monthly meeting of the Microscopical Section of the Royal Society was held on June 9. Dr. Wright exhibited Tolle's one-tenth duplex front objective, which had been made to his special order, and had only just arrived from England. With this objective Dr. Wright resolved a number of the most difficult diatom test objects, including A. pellucida and N. oxyphillum in balsam. Mr. Walker exhibited a miniature specimen of Volvox globator. Mr. T. Hewett exhibited a piece of colonial selenite, which was considered a magnificent specimen; and also drew the attention of the meeting to an important form of Bramhall's illuminator, with a highly polished silver-reflected surface. Mr. Brindley exhibited a series of polariscopic objects, and Mr. Pedley a rich and varied gathering of entomostraca.

On June 8 a meeting of butchers was held, in the Temperance Hall, to bring to a head the movement previously initiated for closing butchers' shops on Sundays. After several speakers had given expression to some sensible remarks in support of the object held in view, it was decided that the master butchers should close their shops of their own accord on Sundays, and that a deputation should wait upon Sir Henry Parkes and request him to introduce a bill making closing on Sunday compulsory. A meeting of the boot and shoe salesmen was also held, to take into consideration the advisableness of forming an association to co-operate with employers in promoting the early closing movement.

The Rev. Mr. Gribble, whose efforts for the establishment and promotion of a mission for the aboriginal inhabitants of this colony we have had occasion previously to chronicle, had an interview on the subject with the Hon. E. A. Baker, Minister for Mines. It appears that the land selected for the mission (on the Murrumbidgee River) is on a reserve, and Mr. Gribble has received notice from the bailiff to quit the land: he, therefore, applied to Mr. Baker to know what he should do under the circumstances. Mr. Baker suggested to him that he should make application for a special lease of, say, 200 acres, and the Government would consider whether they could not grant it at a nominal rent, in order that the mission might be carried on until Parliament is asked to make some permanent provision for it.

A public meeting in connection with the New South Wales Aborigines Protection Association was held on June 10, at the Temperance Hall, the Hon. John Frazer, M.L.C., in the chair. The chairman said they had met to inaugurate the association under whose auspices the meeting had been called. The honorary secretary of the association then gave a history of the events which led to its formation, and was followed by Mr. Gribble, who gave an interesting account of how he was led to champion the cause of the aborigines. The Rev. F. Hibberd then moved the following resolution:—"That this meeting cordially approves of the constitution of the New South Wales Aborigines Protection Association, and pledges itself to support its operations in every way in its power." The resolution was seconded by Mr. W. Corrie Johnston, and carried. The Rev. Joseph Barnier moved the second resolution,—"That, in the opinion of this meeting, it is most desirable that reserves of land should be set apart for the settlement of the aborigines in houses where they can be trained in habits of industry, and receive proper instruction." Mr. J. Davies, M.L.A., seconded the resolution, which was carried.

It is intimated that a book on our land laws is shortly to be published, edited by Mr. Alexander Oliver, the Parliamentary draughtsman. It is designed by its author to supply a sorely-felt want, and, as we understand the system upon which Mr. Oliver's "Digest, or Handy Book" is said to be constructed, it will be a most valuable concordance or dictionary to the land laws, which now present a mass of enactments, such as may well task the disentangling talents of the most ingenious of law editors. The book is intended for the general public, and not exclusively for the lawyers.

The foundation stone of the Grafton Hospital was laid on the 9th June, by Mrs. Clark Irving.

CIVIC AND SANITARY.

It has been definitely decided here to accept the votes of lady ratepayers. For some time the question remained a Gordian knot, which galled the sensitiveness of our most polite alderman, who has now severed it. For all of which the lady ratepayers are no doubt thankful. The Council have initiated a movement for the removal or rebuilding of the City Police Court and Station, and not a minute too soon, for the buildings are the most over-crowded in the city. They are situated in one of the narrowest parts of George-street, which is the principal thoroughfare in the city, and they are becoming dilapidated to an extent that makes them an eye sore. By a majority of one, the Council have approved of a bill authorising the establishment of a meat market in the Exhibition Building in Prince Alfred Park. The park has been devoted to the recreative purposes of the people, and it was on this account that such a bill was necessary. The policy of appropriating any part of the park to commercial purposes has been much questioned, and it is stated that an agitation is taking place to prevent it being done. The Council have also approved of a bill for extending the city boundaries and exempting the Council from the payment of rates on properties held by them in other municipalities. They have also decided to have plans prepared for sale yards for sheep, pigs, and calves, at the Market Wharf reserve. The present markets, which have proved very remunerative, are now considered too circumscribed for the small-stock trade.

Immediately subsequent to the last quarterly meeting of the Council, Mr. Robert Fowler, the Mayor, entertained about 250 leading citizens, including members of the Assembly and Ministry, at dinner, in the Town Hall, when a number of felicitous speeches were made and compliments interchanged between members of the legislative and municipal bodies.

The metropolis still remains free from anything like an epidemic, and the general health good. Although we have fairly entered upon winter the weather is genial and possesses many of the charms of spring.

Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson, at the solicitation of the Mayor, paid a visit on Tuesday last to the Town Hall, where they were received by the Mayor and several Aldermen. They were escorted over the building, and shown the plans, &c., for finishing it. Their attention was also called to a resolution of the Council to solicit the Government to bring in a bill authorizing the Corporation to raise the sum necessary for completing the Town Hall, £75,000, by means of debentures. It was explained that the great hall was to be an apartment 60 feet wide by 130 feet long; and with the galleries capable of accommodating about 3000 persons. There was to be a dining-room beneath of the same dimensions as the great hall; besides various retiring rooms and other offices. The Ministers expressed their approval of the plans submitted to them, and undertook to comply with the request of the Corporation. The result was that Sir Henry Parkes the same day gave notice in the Legislative Assembly that he would move, the following evening:—"That this House will, to-morrow, resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to enable the Municipal Council of Sydney to raise, by debentures, the sum of £75,000 for the completion of the Town Hall."

CITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PUBLIC WORKS.

The long talked-of improvement of the Circular Quay has been at last begun. The first piles have been driven on the eastern side, where a powerful pile-driver is now located.

The Randwick tramway works, on Moore Park, are being pushed rapidly forward. The embankment opposite Mount Disappointment has been raised to its intended elevation, and the hill beyond has been cut through. The filling in of the edge of Billygoat Swamp has been discontinued for the present, owing to the removal of all the material available for the purpose from the adjoining elevation. When the embankment southward is complete rails will be laid temporarily for the waggons, and sand, taken from the hills towards Randwick, will be used in completing the filling up. For several hundred yards the track has been laid with sandstone as a foundation for the sleepers and rails, and the same material lies along the greater part of the track to finish this work. The stone is being obtained from a quarry on Moore Park. Ground has now been broken as far as the toll bar, rather more than half a mile from the racecourse gate.

The contractors for the extension of the General Post Office, Messrs. M'Credie, Brothers, are energetically proceeding with the work. The laying of the foundations has been commenced, and the huge blocks of stone used are being laid as rapidly as possible.

THE COAL CRISIS AT NEWCASTLE.

It is satisfactory to be able to report that since our summary via Suez, published a few days ago, the efforts of Mr. G. A. Lloyd to bring about a settlement of the dispute between the miners and colliery proprietors in the Newcastle district have been successful, notwithstanding the fact that the ballot taken on the day the mail left resulted in an overwhelming majority against accepting the terms which were offered. Up to that time the general feeling of the district was strongly in favour of the men on strike; but as it was considered that the offer submitted was a fair one, this feeling changed immediately the result of the ballot was made known. Nothing daunted Mr. Lloyd set to work again, and a day or two afterwards submitted another proposal, which was as follows:—"The hewing rate to be fixed temporarily at 3s. 9d. for 10s., pending a settlement by arbitration; and such arbitration to be conducted on the basis and in terms laid down in the late agreement between men and masters. Not more than 14 days to be allowed either party for the purpose of nominating arbitrators, and the subject for arbitration to be what is to be the minimum hewing rate for round coal when coals are selling in Newcastle at 8s., and the advance payable to the miners in each shilling as coal rises. The decision of the arbitrators to be binding upon both parties. All moneys paid in excess of the rate that may be fixed by the arbitrators to be refunded by the miners to the masters, and all back money which may become payable to the men in like manner shall be paid by the masters. The basis of such payments to be upon the figures at which the men start work, being 3s. 9d. whilst the selling rate is 10s. This offer was accepted by all the miners with the exception of those at at Wallsend, and they met the day after passing a resolution to refuse the terms and unanimously rescinded it and resolved to go to work. It is believed that they were quite willing to go on living on the union, but the other miners refused to contribute any further towards their support. The men at the various pits were busily employed on Monday taking their tools down, preparatory to commencing work on Tuesday. The strike has caused great distress in the district, and it is stated that the Government alone has lost £6000 through the decreased railway traffic. There are a very large number of vessels in port awaiting cargoes, and trade is expected to be very brisk for some time to come.

THE WEATHER—AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL.

The autumn season is closing with variable weather, but which generally is favourable to the agriculturists and graziers of the colony. Fine days and nights, which are in an Australian sense wintry, have been experienced during the past fortnight, while occasionally refreshing showers have fallen. Light frosts have been felt in the west, and occasionally strong breezes have swept along the coast line. The early and late sown cereal crops are reported to be in good condition. The natural pastures promise to hold their own through winter. At present grass is plentiful in nearly all districts, and the supplies of water are ample. Under such favourable circumstances live stock retain their good condition, and are remarkably healthy. In Bathurst and Carcoar fluke and footrot are troublesome, and in the latter district a few cases of pleuro have lately been discovered. In the Goulburn district worms and footrot have appeared. As in former years, fluke and worms affect the flocks of the tablelands of New England, especially in this instance those of Glen Innes. On the Upper Murray pleuro exists, to a slight extent, among the herds. The lambing proceeds in the South, and, so far, has furnished excellent averages of increase. It has proved remarkably good in the Gundagai district. There is no important change to report in the stock market. Store sheep continue to be in strong demand. Fat cattle still are very dull of sale. No improvement can take place until the export trade of frozen meat is permanently established. Good beef is sold wholesale at from three to four farthings per lb.

The agricultural statistics for the year ending March 31, 1880, were laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly on the 11th instant. The total number of holdings in the colony exceeding one acre (exclusive of those for pastoral purposes) amounted to 39,918. The extent of land under cultivation was 489,404 acres freehold and 145,800 acres leasehold; and the extent of land enclosed and not cultivated was 16,106,396 acres freehold, and 1,471,793 acres leasehold. The extent of land unenclosed was 3,982,642 acres freehold, and 524,930 acres leasehold. The total extent of holdings was 20,579,078 acres freehold, and 2,142,524 acres leasehold. Of wheat for grain there were 233,368 acres, and 25,280 acres for green food. Of maize there were 135,034 acres grown for grain and 2115 acres for green food. Of barley there were 6130 acres grown for grain, 1338 acres for hay, and 2784 acres for green food. The total amount of wheat produced was 3,613,266 bushels, maize 4,751,856 bushels, and barley 131,511 bushels. There were 3991 acres of vineyards, and the total number of oranges produced was 2,763,811 dozens. Of sugar, 17,229,256 lbs. were produced. The returns, as a whole, show that agriculture is progressing rather slowly, although the averages of the yield of crops compare very favourably with those of other colonies of the continent. The live stock statistics are not yet published. It is confidently expected that they will disclose great increases in all classes of stock.

A telegram recently received here from England, stating that it is proposed to revise the British tariff, by making important changes in the duties on natural wines, is considered a very welcome item of intelligence by the wine-growers of this colony. The natural wines of many parts of Australia hold in proof spirit more than 26°, the limit for natural wines in the present tariff. Those wines which did not come under 26° are charged at the rate of 2s. 6d. per gallon. The tariff, if revised as proposed, will admit wines of 30 degrees of proof spirit at 1s. 4d. per gallon. The change should materially increase the export trade.

A worthy effort is being made in some of the Southern districts of the colony to establish a meat export trade, and a company is in course of formation for that purpose. It is proposed to have in Twofold Bay a large hulk fitted with refrigerating machinery, and in this to store meat, so that it may be ready for shipment.

RELIGIOUS.

Since the departure of the last mail there have been few occurrences of any importance in the religious world. At an adjourned meeting of the Anglican Synod in the diocese of Bathurst, the Bishop presiding, it was resolved with a view to encourage the visitation of Public schools in the diocese,—"That in future synods reports should be laid on the table from the clergy, showing first the number of occasions on which religious instruction has been given in each Public school within each parish; and secondly, the number of children instructed on each occasion." The fifth Synod of the diocese of Sydney is to be held next Tuesday, when reports in connection with the various organizations of the Church will be laid on the table, including one on religious instruction in Public schools.

At the monthly meeting in connection with St. Mary's Building Fund, held a few days ago, Archbishop Vaughan again urged the propriety of a unanimous determination to cover the Cathedral with a temporary roof, so that it might soon be available for the holding of Divine worship; and it was pointed out that this might be done without interfering with the progress of the permanent work. Some subscriptions were handed in. The Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent are about to open a branch house at Petersham.

Arrangements are being made for a large gathering in the Exhibition Building of the Sunday school children of the city, to celebrate the centenary of Robert Raikes, the founder of Sunday schools.

A meeting of ladies of different Christian denominations, convened by circular, was held on Tuesday afternoon, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, in connection with the Home Mission for Teaching the Blind to Read. Dean Cowper presided. The missionary who has been engaged in the work for upwards of two-and-a-half years, Mr. Harry Prescott, was present, and gave a very interesting account of his work. It was felt, after hearing Mr. Prescott's statement, that the blind throughout the colony can be reached only by a travelling missionary, and that the mission has strong claims upon the support of Christians.

LEGAL.

In the Supreme Court, on June 9 (in Banco), in the case ex parte Barbour v. Ricketson and Barbour, a motion was made on behalf of Barbour, to make absolute a rule nisi, calling upon Ricketson to show cause why an award made by Edmond Mackenzie Young and John Blyth, under a submission to arbitration agreed to between the parties, should not be set aside, or remitted to the arbitrators, upon the grounds—(1.) That Edmond Mackenzie Young was, as a shareholder, manager and director of the Australian Mortgage, Land, and Finance Company (limited), interested in the making of an award favourable to Henry Ricketson, and was, being so interested, incapable of acting as a judge or arbitrator in the matter of the making of the award. (2). That the arbitrators exceeded their authority in making compulsory that Barbour should obtain a fee-simple title to certain lands, which were agreed to be sold and transferred to Ricketson, before Barbour could be paid for them: and in making the obtaining of a grant a condition precedent to the payment; and in limiting the time within which such title and grant should be obtained. (3.) That the arbitrators also exceeded their authority in making it compulsory that Barbour should obtain a fee-simple title to lands on which improvements had been made before he could transfer to Ricketson. He paid by him the awarded price of 10s. per acre. The Court, by a majority, were of opinion that the award should be referred back to the arbitrators, for the purpose of their reconsideration of that portion of the award by which Barbour was awarded to convey in fee certain specified portions of the lands, having in view the opinion of the Court that the award directed Barbour to convey in fee-simple absolutely, which the Court considered was in excess of the reference, and would imply that Barbour should pay 15s. to the Crown, which he would have to do before he could get the grants, which would be necessary before he could convey in fee-simple, and which being excluded from the agreement between the parties Barbour would not be in a position to recover.

TRICKETT AND HANLAN.

Edward Trickett, champion oarsman of the world, left Sydney at 7.30 on Saturday, June 12, en route to Wagga Wagga and Melbourne, and from the latter place sailed by the Orient for London, to fulfil his engagement with Hanlan, the Canadian boatman. His health was toasted at Hunt's International Hotel, of which he was lately the lessee, and in responding he said that he desired to express his pleasure at the honour which Mr. Punch had done him in being present. It was not because that gentleman was there he said this, but because he felt it due to him to say he was grateful for the services he had done him during his former visit to England. He was aware that he was going back to England with a great responsibility on his shoulders, but he could assure the people of New South Wales that it was his intention to do the best he could for his country. His personal feelings in this matter he could only regard in a secondary light. He agreed that in regard to weather he was to some extent handicapped in this match, but still with good training he believed he would be in a condition to overcome this inconvenience, and to cope with any Northern oarsman he might be called upon to meet. If he returned without the laurels he was bearing away with him it would be because he could not help it. It would not be for want of endeavour. Mr. James Punch's health was also drunk, who, in acknowledging the toast, expressed his regret that he could not accompany Mr. Trickett to England, although he hoped to be present at the match between the two men. He would, if he went to England, like to see the present champion and Mr. Laycock combine with each other to pull the two best men there, an event which he considered would make the visit of the Australians doubly interesting. Trickett, with a number of his friends, proceeded to Redfern station in a 'bus, having a showy team of horses attached to it. A large crowd had gathered round the hotel, and, as the champion took his seat, they cheered him most lustily.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

With the departure of Henry Ketten a lull has taken place in musical matters. The great artist has begun his recitals in Melbourne, whence already the accounts endorse our verdict. The London Comedy Company have revived "Friends" (*Nos Intimes*) with the artistic care which has marked all their doings at the Royal. At the Victoria the Lingards played "Stolen Kisses" for a week, and "New Magdalen" for two nights; in the latter Mrs. Lingard appeared to singular advantage, but for other engagements her impersonation of the persecuted Mercy Merrick would have drawn for some time. The Lingards and their company go to Adelaide. At the Victoria Mr. Greville, with several members of the Melbourne Theatre Royal Company, has opened for a season. Mr. Grattan Riggs is the "star." His first appearance as the Irish Detective, in which he sustains six characters, proved his great versatility, and commended him to public favour. Mr. Greville and Miss Kate Foley also established most friendly relations with the audience. The "Nihilists" was withdrawn on the news of the Empress of Russia's death. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has been well received at the Queen's. Arthur Sketchley is "doing Mrs. Brown" to the satisfaction of appreciative audiences at the School of Arts. An amateur concert for the funds of the "Jewish Home" afforded opportunity for the display of musical talent possessed by members of the Hebrew community, and the performance was very creditable, and the singing of one young lady, both for style and quality of voice, would secure her a good position in professional ranks. The Mercantile Dramatic Society gave a successful entertainment in the Guild Hall. Camilla Urso is doing good business in New Zealand; Carlotta Patti has received a golden wreath from the Metropolitan Liedertafel, Melbourne; and De Munck a golden lyre, the badge of membership, from the same society.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Justice Lutwyche.—From Brisbane we have received the news of the death of Mr. A. J. P. Lutwyche, who long occupied a seat on the judicial bench of the colony of Queensland. Mr. Lutwyche was born in England about 70 years ago; he was educated at the Charterhouse School, in London, and afterwards took his degrees at Oxford. He then studied for the law, and was admitted to the Bar in 1840. On account of ill-health, he left England for New South Wales in 1853, in the unfortunate ship Meridian, which was wrecked on the island of St. Paul, in the Indian Ocean. He reached Sydney about the end of 1853, and at once took a high position at our Bar. He was Solicitor-General in one of the earlier Cowper Administrations, and on a subsequent occasion he became Attorney-General. At the time of the separation of Queensland from New South Wales, in 1859, Mr. Lutwyche was made a Judge of the new colony, and he remained on the Bench of that colony until the time of his death. Mr. Lutwyche was some years ago distinguished for his love of sporting; but of late years, in consequence of failing health, he almost entirely retired from the turf.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

Queensland.

At the Government sale of runs in unsettled districts, the greater portion realized the upset price. St. Andrew run, in the Mitchell district, brought 45s. per square mile, the highest price realized.—A Townsville telegram states that the Boiling-down Company have commenced operations.—The Acting-Governor has received a telegram from Lord Kimberley, acceding to a request for the loan of the paintings and gold plate reproductions shown in Sydney, for exhibition here in July.—A meeting was held on June 11, the Acting-Governor presiding, to wind up the Irish Famine Fund. The central committee reported sending £11,200, and that they have still in hand £130.

Victoria.

On June 8 the second reading of the Payment of Members Bill passed upon a division—ayes 38, noes 24. There were 11 pairs, so that 84, out of the full number of 86, members voted, the other two being the Speaker and Sir John O'Shanassy. The bill was committed *pro forma*, it having been agreed to proceed no further than the second reading.—Government bills have been introduced in the Assembly for the construction of railway works, the destruction of rabbits, and to abolish pensions.—A deputation of fellmongers waited on Mr. Service on the 8th of June, and represented to him the depressed state of the trade, and the large number of men out of work. The depression they ascribed to the influence of the stock tax. Mr. Service said that while he thought the tax a bad one, he could make no statement in reference to it while the Budget was under consideration.—The report of Mr. Hodges, Chinese protector, which has been presented to Parliament, shows that the number of Chinese in the colony has been decreasing during the last few years, and is now supposed to be about 13,000 in Victoria. There are fewer Chinese in Australia now than there were at one time in Victoria alone.—Meetings were held in various parts of the colony with reference to the Reform Bill. At Ararat, the meeting was enthusiastic in favour of the Service scheme, as a fair, just, and satisfactory settlement of the question.—At a meeting with reference to a hospital for incurables, a large and influential committee was formed for carrying out the object of the meeting.—The following additional members have been added to the Exhibition Commission:—Messrs. Berry, Meares (the Mayor of Melbourne), Alderman O'Grady, and Messrs. Benn and Mirams.—An exposure of the corruption practised in the Railway Department was made in the Assembly. Mr. Higinbotham found an account in the office amounting to over £5000, principally for articles marked "R. G. Ford's patent." It was found that the Government had been charged 59 per cent. in excess of the proper value. Mr. Higinbotham declined to certify, and wrote to Ford for an explanation, but Ford returned no answer, and left without giving any explanation, taking the documents with him. When it was ascertained that Mr. Higinbotham was returning to the department the labels "Ford's patent" were removed from the articles.—Mr. T. R. James, Chief of the Electric Telegraph Department in Melbourne, has been reinstated in his old position, from which he was removed by the late Ministry.—The population of the colony on the 31st March last was 902,994 persons.—Mr. F. R. Kendall, the agent for the P. and O. Company, has been promoted to be assistant managing director in London. He will leave Melbourne about the end of the year.

South Australia.

In a discussion on the late proceedings on the Border Duties Convention between New South Wales and Victoria, gratifying testimony was borne by several members of the Assembly to the good feeling which always existed between the two colonies.—A reply has been forwarded to the Royal Agricultural Society from the Commissioner of Crown Lands to their application that the Government should experiment on healthy and diseased cattle, in order to ascertain whether inoculation is a cure for pleuro. The Commissioner forwards a letter from Inspector Valentine, in which the latter says the proposed experiment is unnecessary, as it would only prove an established fact.—Dr. Schomburgk has received from the Japanese Commissioners a number of exhibits from the Japan Court at the Sydney Exhibition as specimens for the Botanical Museum at the Botanic Gardens. They comprise some of the most important substances used as food and manure in Japan.—News received from the manager of runs in the far north, as regards lambing, is unsatisfactory. Very little rain has fallen in some parts. Favourable reports have been received from the runs in the country to the north-west of Port Augusta. On many of the stations good water was reached at moderate depths. On Mosely and Bruce's Whipipiphee run, ninety miles N.W. of the port, a splendid supply of good water has been struck at a depth of only 17 feet.—The Chief Assistant-Engineer returned on Thursday from a visit of inspection to the lines of railway being constructed in the north, and reports that good progress is being made.—A telegram received from the Northern Territory announces the death of two members of M'Minn's party, which has now reached Roper's Creek. One of them—Angus M'Kay—was lost 90 miles from Bourke, and could not be found after four days' search; and John Barry was killed by natives at Simmon Bight. Alexander M'Kenzie, the bearer of the news, had been twenty-two days without ordinary food, and was nearly naked when he reached M'Minn's camp.—Mr. E. T. Smith, Mayor of Adelaide, and a few friends, will receive Trickett on his arrival at Adelaide, and the Hon. W. Bundey is to present Trickett with an illuminated address, prepared by James Allison, lessee of the Theatre Royal, at the theatre.

Tasmania.

Parliament is prorogued to 29th July.—Mr. John Elmer died at the age of 79 years. Mr. Elmer arrived at Circular Head on the 22nd March, 1832, after a voyage of 140 days from London, in the barque Forth, Captain Robinson. Among his fellow-passengers were Mr. and Mrs. Henty, sen., and family of four, afterwards among the pioneers of Victoria.—A trial smelting of 4 tons 10 cwt. from a lode on the Montagu claim, West Coast, made at the Mount Bischoff Company's works, yielded the high return of 68·8 per cent. of metal.

New Zealand.

The Treasurer delivered his budget on June 8. The deficit on the 31st March was £990,000. The public debt amounted to £29,214,000, the annual interest on which was £1,535,000; of the loan only £873,000 was available for new public works. The estimated revenue for the current year was £3,190,000, excluding the land fund, and the estimated expenditure was £9000 more. He proposed to reduce Minister's salaries 20 per cent., and other salaries 5 per cent. He intended to exempt personal effects from the property tax, and impose a tax of 6d. per gallon on colonial beer, and the same on imported. He also proposes to increase the stamp duties, so as to leave an estimated surplus of £41,000.—At a meeting of persons interested in the boot trade at Wellington, it was resolved,—"That this meeting is of opinion that the time has arrived for New Zealand to protect her industries, the boot and shoe trade being one, and that it is the imperative duty of every member of the trade to endeavour to obtain such a tariff as will place them on a par with their foreign competitors."

SAMOA.

Our correspondent writes from Upolu on May 29:—"It will be remembered by our readers that England, Germany, and the United States resolved to support the Malietoa Government, even by material assistance if necessary. In accordance with this resolution H. B. M. S Danaë was dispatched from England to help Malietoa to establish a settled government. The Danaë was ordered to remain about the group till relieved by another vessel. In defiance of this arrangement, while the Danaë was absent in Fiji, some chiefs on the eastern and western part of Upolu (Atua and Aana) and on the east of Savaii hoisted the 'Steinberger' flag at Lufilufi, the chief town of Atua, and destroyed the property of one of the Atua head chiefs, who had united in the Malietoa Government. Captain Purvis had previously threatened to punish any who molested any chief of the Malietoa party or injured his property. Early in May the Danaë returned from Fiji, and immediately proceeded to Atua, to call to account the chiefs of the 'Steinberger' party. An armed native party of the Government went inland to co-operate with Captain Purvis, if required. It is believed that some reckless foreign adventurers are the prime movers in the rebellion. Peaceable overtures failing, Captain Purvis bombarded Lufilufi on the 11th Ultimo for breach of treaty of peace made some time ago, going about armed, refusing to give up the rebellious chiefs demanded for trial, and for driving off the people of the chief and destroying his property, because he adhered to the Malietoa Government. Before the bombardment the Lufilufi natives all fled to the bush, and none were injured, but all the houses were burned, and some public buildings. The Danaë afterwards returned to her anchorage at Apia, with the Malietoa troops. In spite of the active exertions on the part of the German, English, and American Consuls (in which they have had the assistance of the commanders of the English and German war vessels in those waters) to bring about a satisfactory understanding between the rival parties, affairs in the islands appear to be still far from settled."

LABOUR SUMMARY.

The labour market is in a fair state of activity, and there is no abnormal number of unemployed skilled workmen. The laying down of the new lines of tram ways (referred to under another heading) will doubtless give employment to a very large body of men, and the erection of the extensions of the General Post Office in Sydney, and other public works, will give employment to a considerable number of good workmen.

The following are the prices paid for labour in some of the principal trades of the colony. In compiling the list regard has been had, in setting down the minimum and maximum, to the circumstance that the earnings of some men of more than average competency are something in excess of the maximum, and that others taking up certain classes of work for which they are not specially fitted, earn less than the minimum. In each of those cases the earnings are exceptional, and it has been ascertained that the rates given below are those paid as a rule:—

Printing Trade.—Compositors, on newspapers, 1s. to 1s. 1d. per 1000; bookwork 1s. per 1000; jobbing, £2 10s. to £3 per week.

Building Trades.—All labour is paid by the day of eight hours. Carpenters, 9s. to 11s.; stonemasons, 10s. to 11s.; stonemasons' labourers, 7s. to 8s.; plasterers, 11s. to 12s.; plasterers' labourers, 7s. to 9s.; bricklayers, 10s. to 12s.; bricklayers' labourers, 7s. to 9s.; painters, 9s. to 10s.; joiners, 10s. to 11s.; plumbers, 8s. to 10s.; gasfitters, 8s. to 11s.; sawmill hands, 9d. to 1s. The supply of labour has more than kept pace with the demand, and is more than ample at the present time.

Iron Trades.—The following rates are paid by the hour, the men working eight hours a-day, with two breaks in summer and one in winter. Ironturners, 1s. to 1s. 5½d.; engine-fitters, 11d. to 1s. 4d.; shipsmiths, 1s. to 1s. 6d.; blacksmiths, 1s. to 1s. 4d.; blacksmiths' strikers, 8d. to 9½d.; ironmoulders, 1s. to 1s. 3d.; pattern-makers, 1s. to 1s. 3d.; boilermakers, 1s. to 1s. 4d.; boilermakers' assistants, 8d. to 9d.; general labourers in ironworks, 7½d. to 10d.; engine-drivers, 9½d. to 10d.; furnacemen, 10d. to 1s. 1d.; dressers, 8½d to 11d.; machinemen in fitting shop, 10d. to 1s. 2d. Country blacksmiths receive from £75 to £80 per annum, with rations or board.

Brass and Copper Trades.—At per hour, the men working eight hours a day, with two breaks in summer and one in winter. Brass-finishers, 11d. to 1s. 3d.; brass moulders, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 3d.; coppersmiths, 1s. 1d. to 1s 3d. The supply of labour in these trades is fully equal to the demand, and the market is slightly over-stocked.

Brickmakers, £1 2s. 6d. to £1 5s. per thousand; pipemakers, £2 10s. per week; potters, £2 10s. ditto.

Carriage builders, 10d. to 1s. 6d. per hour; waggon builders, 1s. to 1s. 3d. ditto; carriage painters, 10d. to 1s. 3d. ditto; wheelwrights (country), £3 10s. per week.

Shipwrights, 9s. to 12s. a day of eight hours; sawyers in mill, 9d. to 1s. 3d. per hour.

Tailors (paid by the piece) can earn about £2 10s. to £3 10s. per week, thoroughly efficient and skilled workmen can earn as much as £4, and in some establishments £4 10s.; shoemakers earn on an average from £1 15s. to £2 10s. per week; saddlers, £2 to £2 10s. per week, exceptionally good hands, £3 per week.

Tinsmiths, who work by the piece and by the day, and, in different establishments, from 8 to 10 hours, can earn from £2 2s. to £3 3s. per week.

Coopers.—Those who work by the day are paid at the rate of from 8s. to 10s. per day. By the piece the rate is as follows:—For wine casks, £1 2s. 6d. per tun; oil casks, £1 ditto; tierces, 3s. each for old, 3s. 6d. for new; hogsheads, 6s. ditto; ten-gallon kegs, 2s. 9d. ditto; five-gallon ditto, 2s. to 2s. 3d. ditto; two-gallon ditto, 1s. 6d. ditto; tallow casks, 13s. 6d. to 15s. per tun.

Domestic Servants.—Cooks in private houses, £30 to £65 per annum; cooks in hotels, £45 to £75 ditto; laundresses, £32 to £45 ditto; house and parlour maids, £26 to £35 ditto; general servants, £26 to £45; nursemaids, £26 to £35; grooms and coachmen, £45 to £65; gardeners, £52 to £65. Thoroughly competent women servants are scarce, and hardly to be obtained even at higher prices than those quoted.

Station Hands.—Including rations or board: Married couples, £60 to £75 per annum; farm labourers, £30 to £45 ditto; bullock drivers, £40 to £52 ditto; horse-team drivers, £40 to £65 ditto; boundary riders, £40 to £52 ditto; stockmen, £40 to £75 ditto; shepherds, £35 to £40 ditto; roadmakers, £52 to £65 ditto; gardeners, £40 to £52 ditto; useful boys, £16 to £30 ditto.

Lumpers and Wharf Labourers.—Day work for handling general cargo, 1s. per hour; ditto for handling coal, 1s. 3d. per hour; night work, ped 6 ‹sı› r hour.

Corporation Labourers.—Working by hour, 8½d.; by week of 58 hours, £2 1s. 1d.; skilled labourers, 7s. to 8s. per day; carters (finding horse and cart) 1s. 2d. per hour.

The demand for domestic servants of the better class is still maintained, and female domestic servants of the ordinary class readily meet with engagement. In the metal trades—iron and brass founding and fitting—the labour available is in excess of present requirements. In the building and iron trades there is still some degree of depression which leaves a considerable number of unemployed hands. In most trades wages are fluctuating, and there is a disposition in some cases to accept rates lower than those above stated. There is also more unskilled labour available than can be employed, particularly among wharf and general labourers.

MONETARY REVIEW.

There has been no alteration in the position or prospects of the money market during the past month. Discount rates stand as they did, and will probably remain so until a further reduction takes place in the Bank rates of interest. Shipments of coin and bullion have been on a limited scale for some time past, and both have accumulated in all the gold-producing colonies, nor is there any likelihood of a diminution for some time longer, as the proceeds of the last wool clip are either available now or will be so in August, as are also portions of Australian and New Zealand loans for exchange purposes: hence the reduction of the rate of exchange on London to ½ per cent. for 60 days' sight. On March 31st last there was in the Banks of these colonies, coin and bullion valued at over 11½ millions sterling—an increase of over a million on the quarter, and the rate of accumulation has not been less since. This as against a note circulation of £4,224,542 appears disproportionate, and not to the interests of the Banks to have so much lying unproductive. The public accounts are, apparently, engaging the attention of the Government, as one of the Executive intimated recently that it was intended to have some changes in the fiscal policy of the colony shortly. This is quite expected by all who are familiar with the large amounts obtained through the Lands Department of late years, and the inability of the Colonial Treasurer to obtain Parliamentary sanction to all the details of his scheme for increasing the revenue during the present year. The imposition of a land tax may form one of the proposals submitted next session.

A satisfactory increase is noticable in the Customs receipts for May, the total being over £3000 in excess of any previous month of the current year. From spirits alone £39,820 6s. 11d. was derived, wines gave £3260 12s. 9d.; beer, £3411 11s. 9d.; tobacco and snuff, £4414 17s.; cigars, £1748 14s. 5d.; tea, £2835 5s. 3d.; coffee and chicory, £1037 0s. 9d.; sugar (refined), £4 17s. 11d.; sugar (unrefined), £1293 15s. 10d.; molasses, £175 13s. 1d.; opium £966 3s. 2d.; rice, £1107 14s. 11d.; dried fruits, £3676 10s. 7d.; nuts, £68 9s. 6d.; malt, £624 8s. 3d.; hops, £951 17s. 6d.; sarsaparilla, £36 0s. 4d.; specific duty, £13,707 4s. 2d.; rent of goods in Queen's warehouse, £6 4s. 7d.; pilotage, £736 19s.; harbour and light dues, £532 10s. 4d.—making in all £83,471 18s., as against £78,636 0s. 1d. for the corresponding portion of 1879, and making the total for the past portion of this year about £2000 more than the receipts for the same part of last year:—

The following table shows the monthly receipts for the first five months of 1879 and 1880:—

	1879.	1880.
January	£85,639 11 10	£76,349 0 1
February	72,838 17 2	67,490 1 2
March	67,573 17 3	75,280 17 4
April	76,022 5 8	80,215 13 1
May...	78,636 0 1	83,471 18 0
	£380,760 12 0	£382,816 15 8

The activity in the Stock and Share market noticed in our summary for the Suez mail has given place to a dull period lasting nearly a week, and not yet terminated. This is due to the higher prices asked and to the scarcity of some which are considered eligible investments.

Banks.—An active demand was experienced, at hardening quotations, until higher values were obtained than ruled for months past. City advanced to 11½, and Commercial, of both issues, are 50s. dearer—fully-paid having been done yesterday at 99, and new issue not offered. Joint Stock shared in the improvement, but not to the same extent—15½ paid and offered. New South Wales opened and closed at 50¾, after touching 51. The market was cleared of New Zealands at up to 20; holders now require 10s. more. Queensland National went from 7 to 7¼, and Union from 61 to 61½; both firmly held.

Debentures.—There has been a dearth of New South Wales Government stocks; offers of 96 for funded Fours failed to induce holders to come forward, and 109 was offered daily for long-dated Fives with a similar result. City of Sydney Sixes were dealt in to a limited extent at 102 for those due 1884, and 103 for 1890; New Zealand Fives for sale at par.

Insurance.—A dull tone exists at present, and sales not numerous. City had a transaction at 1s. 2d., and Mercantile at 1s. 6d.; New South Wales went from 61s. 6d. sales to 59s. 6d. sellers, 61s. now asked but no demand; Pacific are 1s. better, 61s. paid; Sydney Fire also stronger, sales at 60s., sellers at 61s.; Sydney Marine declined to 31s. 6d. sellers, and 37s. 6d. would have been accepted for Uniteds.

Gaslight.—A good number of Australian fully paid, changed hands at an advance of from £12 18s. 6d. to 13¼ with buyers now at 13¼; new issue held for 5¼.

Mining.—The settlement of the strike at Newcastle has not made much difference in the value of coal shares as under the existing state of things competition may become keener than it has been for years, and already there is a reduction of 4s. per ton in the price of coal. Wallsend are held now for 14½, Waratah for 8¼, with buyers at 10s. less. For Bulli 12 was paid, 12½ wanted. Vale of Clwydd had a readier sale at a slight advance. In Geld, Band and Albion had most notice, and the usual sensational fluctuations, going down in a few days from 6¾ to £4 11s., then up again to £5 3s. 6d. sales, and closing with sellers at 5. Star of Peace were dealt in but not recently. Rapps and Great Victoria came once more under notice with some small sales, 1s. 4d. could now be had for the former. Great Cobar Copper had a good business at 47 to 51s; buyers now at 50s., sellers at 52s 6d.

Steam.—Australasian were in request at higher prices, last sale at 17½, buyers now at 5s. more. Hunter River brought 7, and more wanted at that figure, holders require 8. Nothing done in Clarence and Richmond, and no sellers of Illawarra. North Shore Ferry had transactions at 15s. to 15s. 3d.

Miscellaneous.—Shale and Oil came into demand at better prices for a short time, and again touched 11s; the best offer recently has been 1s. less, 11s. 6d. asked. Pyrmont Bridge realized 6¼; Sydney Exchange steady at 9 buyers, 10 sellers. Volunteer land orders have been moving at 92.

The course of sales during the past month has been:—

Banks.—City, 11¼; Commercial (fully paid), 96¼, 97, 97¼, 97, 97½, 98, 98¼, 99, new issue 72, 72½, 74; Joint Stock 15¼, 15½; New South Wales, 50¾, 50¾, 50¾, 51, 50¾; New Zealand 19¾, 20; Queensland National 7, £7 1s. 6d., 7¼; Union, 61, 61½.

Debentures.—City of Sydney sixes, due 1884—102; ditto, 1890—103.

Insurance.—City, 1s. 2d.; Mercantile, 1s. 6d.; New South Wales 61s., 61s. 6d., 60s., 60s. 6d.; Pacific, 60s., 60s. 6d., 61s.; Sydney Fire, 60s.; Sydney Marine 32s., 31s. 9d.

Gaslight.—Australian, fully paid, £12 18s. 6d., 13, 12¾. £12 18s., 13, 13¼.

Mining.—Bulli Coal, 12; Wallsend, 14¼; Waratah, £8 6s.; Vale of Clwydd, 16s., 16s. 3d., 16s. 6d., 16s. 3d., 16s. 6d.; Band and Albion Gold, 6¾, 6, 5¼, 5¼, 4¼, £4 11s., 5¼, £5 7s.; 5¾ c.d., 5¼, £5 3s. 6d.; Star of Peace, 3s. 3d. 4s., 4s. 6d., 5s.; Rapps, 1s.; Hustler's pups, 3s. 9d., 4s.; Great Victoria 5s.; Great Cobar Copper, 47s., 49s. 6d., 49s., 49s. 6d., 50s., 50s. 6d., 51s., 50s., 50s. 6d., 49s., 49s. 6d., 50s.

Steam.—Australasian, 17¼, 17½, 17½; North Shore Ferry, 15s., 15s. 3d.; Hunter River, 7.

Miscellaneous.—Shale and Oil, 10s. 9d., 11s.; Pyrmont Bridge, 6½; Volunteer land orders, 92.

The following table shows the state of the market at close:—

Companies.	Capital (nominal).	Capital paid up.	Shares paid up.	Price.
Banks.	£	£		
Australasia	1,200,000	1,200,000	£40	
Commercial	500,000	500,000	25	98½, 99
City	240,000	240,000	8	11¼, 11½
Joint Stock	500,000	500,000	8	15¼, 15½
New South Wales ...	1,000,000	1,000,000	20	50¾, 51
New Zealand	725,000	725,000	10	20, 20½
Mercantile	300,000	300,000	4	5¾, 5½
Oriental	1,500,000	1,500,000	25	
Queensland National ...	450,000	250,000	5	7, 7¼
Union	1,500,000	1,250,000	25	60¼, 62½
Debentures.	Issue.	Due.	Interest	
N. S. W., terminables ...	9,960,800	74 to 1902	5	109, 110
Ditto, interminables ...	240,000	inter.	5	
Ditto, inscribed stock	513,907	...	4	96
Queensland Government	3,022,000	1881 to 91	6	
Ditto	500,000	...	4	92
A. S. N. Co.	100,000	...	6	
City of Sydney	456,000	...	6	101, 103
Insurance.			Paid up	
General Marine	...	24,000	2	75/
New South Wales Marine	...	15,000	2	57/, 61/
Pacific Fire and Marine	...	23,800	2	59/, 61/
Sydney Fire	...	50,000	2	59/6, 61/
Sydney Marine	...	20,000	1	29/, 31/6
United	...	25,000	1	36/, 37/6
Australian Mutual Fire	100,000	6,250	1/3	6/6
City Mutual Fire ...	150,000	15,000	2/	1/1, 1/3
Mercantile Mutual Fire	100,000	10,000	2/	1/5, 1/6
Accident	60,000	6,000	2/	6d, 1/
Industrial	20,000	10,000	10/	
Steam.				
Australasian	320,000	320,000	20¼	17¾, 18
Clarence and Richmond	50,000	37,500	10	5, 6
Ditto, preferential ...	12,500	12,500	10	13
Hunter River	55,000	55,000	10	7, 8
Illawarra...	55,425	55,425	5	5, 5¾
North Shore Ferry ...	20,000	...	18/	14/9, 15/6
Miscellaneous.				
Gaslight	240,000	240,000	6	13¼, 13½
Pyrmont Bridge ...	50,000	34,005	5	5, 6
Sydney Exchange ...	30,000	26,475	10	9, 10
Mining.				
Bulli	59,260	58,260	10	11½, 12½
Ditto, pf. (12½ per cent.)	8,420	8,420	10	
N. S. W. Shale and Oil...	100,000	...	1	10/, 11/6
Wallsend Coal	40,000	40,000	4	14, 14¾
Waratah Coal	60,000	59,088	6	7½, 8½
Vale of Clwydd... ...	...	...		16/3, 17/
Great Cobar	80,000	80,000	1	50/, 52/
Star of Peace	84,000	84,000	1	4/, 4/6
Band and Albion ...	...	...	...	4¼, 5
Krohmann's	...	...	1	4/9, 5/6

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The Export Markets.—A few ends of clips and small scoured lots of wool keep up the semblance of holding public sales. At those this week there was good competition, considering the character of the offerings. Skins had a large sale, good lots fully maintaining their value, inferior lots easier. The supply of hides, though small, was more than sufficient to supply all that the trade or shippers required. Tallow has been in active demand at full rates, ranging up to £28 10s for mutton, £26 to £27 7s. 6d. for good to prime beef. At these prices several export parcels changed hands, and the market is still firm. Tin has been dealt in at prices proportionate to those ruling in London: a shipment of about 70 tons has been purchased for the American market and will go forward by the mail steamer leaving to-day. There is nothing new in South Sea Island produce: all coming to hand for sale is quitted readily. Four vessels cleared for London during the month with the following shipments of produce:—Kosciusko, with 276 bales wool, 1 bale skins, 1 bale hair, 44 bales rags, 162 bales leather, 41 bales glue pieces, 12,850 ingots and 629 cakes copper, 88 ingots tin, 645 bags cobalt ore, 3499 hides, 150 tons shale, 920 casks tallow, 2258 cases meats, 29 cases pearlshell, 2112 bags bark, 200 bags copra, 273 bags cotton seed, 825 bags wheat, 848 bags oats, 1 malt bin, a quantity of bones, hoofs, and horns, 15 packages sundries. Aconcagua (s.): 909 bales wool, 60 bales cotton, 4863 ingots tin, 16,964 ingots 1525 cakes copper, 117 cases pearlshell, 2230 cases meat, 8 cases plants, 4 boxes coin, 20 mats sugar, 24 packages sundries. Orient (s.): 882 bales wool, 6 bales skins, 42 bales cotton, 52 bales leather, 27 bales basils, 8131 ingots tin, 29,742 ingots copper, 1571 cakes copper, 215 bags regulus, 39 bags tin ore, 2800 cases meat, 3 boxes gold coin (£10,770), 2 packages jewellery (£4000), 16 cases drapery, 6 cases wines, 2 cases plants, 3 cases pearlshell, and 27 packages sundries. Alexander Duthie: 524 bales wool, 3041 cakes copper, 4715 hides, 579 ingots spelter, 1524 casks tallow, 3059 bags copra, 5 bags candlenuts, 76 bales leather, 13 cases beeswax, 2410 cases preserved meats, 69 cases gum, 12 cases colonial wine, 444 ingots tin, 13 bales skins, 1688 horns, 5 cases pearlshell, 110 tons shale, 73 bags ivory nut, 6 bags hair, 59 packages drugs and apothecaries' ware, 19 packages sundries, 43 bags bones. The Abergeldie is well advanced with her loading. The Ann Duthie, Clyde, and Cotopaxi (s.) are on the berth to follow, besides having the P. and O. steamer Bangalore available if the rate of freight suits.

The Import Markets.—A further extension of the western railway has rendered nearly sixty miles more available for steam traffic, and given country traders increased facilities for doing business with the metropolis. As the railways progress into the interior so trade seems to alter its character, and instead of large orders at a time present trade requirements are more studied. This being a dull season, heavy receipts of goods last week tended to make prices easier, notwithstanding that a good quantity of the cargoes had been placed to arrive. Since the Suez mail left on the 8th, the following vessels have arrived:—The Ann Duthie, Hallowe'en, Hereward, Camperdown, Airlie, and Benares, from London; Firth of Dornoch, from Glasgow, with general cargo; Vidal and Alice Mary, from Mauritius, with sugar; and Java (s.), from China, with eastern produce. With the exceptions that salt, tea, and starch are dearer, there has been scarcely any change in quotations.

American Goods.—Since the arrival of the Chocorua from Boston, no fresh supplies have come to hand from the Eastern States, and only some small lots of lumber and sundries, per mail steamer from California. This has not raised prices, as stocks are large, and the outlet small. The cargo of Oregon ex Amelia, from Burrard's Inlet, was disposed of. About half the shipment was undressed; and as there had been no direct receipts of that description for a length of time, the importers anticipated good prices. These were not realized, as the average for 3 x 6 to 14 x 14 was not more than 14s. 3d. per 100 feet. A large lot of 6 x 1 T. and G. flooring brought 21s. 3d., ¾ x 6 19s. 6d. Ex Chocorua, from Boston, 1 x 10 inch pine shelving sold at 14s., 1 x 12 inch 15s., 4 x 3 pickets 7s. 6d. On Friday last the shipments ex City of New York sold at improved rates for most of the items. Clear redwood brought 17s. to 20s.; unplaned, 15s. to 21s. 9d.; T. and G. Oregon flooring, 18s. 6d.; redwood ditto, 21s.; architraves and mouldings, 5s. 9d. to 12s.; 6-inch sugar-pine architraves, 14s. 6d.; lattice stuff, 2s. 6d.; doors, 10s. to 13s. 6d. There is a scarcity of dried apples, and prices are nominal. Kerosene oil steady at 1s. 7d. to 1s. 8d. for trade quantities. Rosin has maintained its value fully. Hardware and chairs oversupplied. Quicksilver has a slow sale at previous quotations. 1-lb. salmon firmly held at 7s. 9d. to 8s. for last season's catch; oysters are worth 5s. 6d. to 5s. 9d.; lobsters, 8s 9d. to 9s.

Breadstuffs and Cereals.—The flour market has given way about 5s. per ton this week, best Adelaide brands only worth £11 5s. Wheat very unsalable. New Zealand grown quotable at 4s., other descriptions of good grain 4s. 6d. to 4s. 8d. A further reduction has also taken place in maize, which now sells so low that the farmers find it will not pay to grow, and in some districts are putting sugar cane on their corn land; good samples are not worth here more than 1s. 9d. to 1s. 11d. Oatmeal is plentiful, at from £16 to £19.

Building Materials.—Cement remains firm at the improvement noticed in our last, say 19s. to 20s., according to brand. Flooring boards sell moderately well, but rough lumber is very dull, and large supplies expected. Slates scarce, and unaltered.

Candles.—Further purchases of large lines of leading brands have been made, and 7¾d. is obtainable for parcels, 8d. wanted for trade orders; inferior sell at 7¼d. to 7½d.

Coffee, Chicory, &c.—The market is unchanged, plantation coffee sells at 12¼d. to 12½d., for small quantities. Inquiry for chicory, which is held for 7d., duty paid. Cocoa commands 1s. 3d. to 1s. 5½d.

Drugs and Chemicals.—For caustic soda, of extra strength, £27 is the ruling rate, £17 10s. to £18 10s. for ordinary, and both scarce. Soda crystals have been done at £7 12s. 6d. Flour sulphur has come to hand, and values are tending to their ordinary range. Cream tartar is obtainable at 1s. 3d. to 1s. 4d.; tartaric acid at 1s. 9½d. Blasting powder firmly held, 7d. asked for Hall's. Sales of whiting at 60s. to 65s.

Dundee Goods.—Few transactions to report. Cornsacks remain at 8s. 9d. for Calcuttas; woolpacks are worth 3s. 1½d. to 3s. 3d., and more required for extra weights. Twine has a limited sale at from 9d. to 11d.

Fish.—There has been a scarcity of dried ling and white herrings, red plentiful at 18s. to 19s. for dozen tins; sardines steady at 4s. to 4s. 3d. for quarters, 7s. to 7s. 1½d. for halves.

Fruit.—Some large sales of currants were reported at 5½d., and as a few holders evinced a disposition to do more business at a similar figure, no advance could be obtained; but it is expected, as importers complain that the present price does not pay. Muscatel raisins are worth 11d. to 1s.; eleme more plentiful, 6½d. would buy a parcel; sultanas still quoted at 7½d. to 8d. for small lots. Barcelona nuts have been done at 4½d., and dates at a farthing less.

Hops and Malt.—A fair sample of new English hops changed hands at 2s. 2d.; prime are worth about 2s. 6d. Tasmanian firmly held at 1s. 8d. to 1s. 9d.; no sales of Californian reported. Some holders of English malt ask 9s. 6d., others sold at from 9s. to 9s. 3d. The bulk of recent importations were on brewer's account.

Leather.—Public sales passed off with hardly any change this week. Well-dried sole in good demand; kip also very salable; calf and kangaroo dull of sale; harness not quite so firm; bridle scarce and in request at full rates. The sales, as a whole, were about the same as last Tuesday's. Kip sold at 14d. to 16½d.; calf, 18½d. to 2s.; sole, 8d. to 11d.; damaged, 5½d. to 8d.; harness, 10d. to 13d.; bag, 10s. to 12s. 6d.; roundings, 5½d. to 7½d.; shoulders, 7½d.; yearling, 1s. 8d. to 2s.; tweed, 16d. to 2s.; faulty, 15d.; kangaroo, 2s. to 3s. 9d.; bridle, 9s. to 11s. 6d.; basils, 7s. to 12s. 6d.

Liquors.—The value of bulk brandies has receded a little, especially the leading brands; second quality has not

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suffered to the same extent. Martell's all quarter was sold at 10s. 3d., second-class 8s. to 8s. 6d. Hennessy's case, 35s. to 35s. 3d.; three-star at 45s.; Martell's at 34s. 6d. Bulk ale is likely to be dearer, short shipments being advised, leading brands are worth £6 5s. to £6 10s. Bottled has inquiry at 10s. to 11s. for best, 8s. to 9s. 6d. for inferior and second brands. Bottled stout salable at 9s. 3d. to 10s. for good brands, 8s. upwards for second-class. Geneva firm, 3.16 contents sold at 11s. 6d., large at up to 13s.; Old Tom is worth 12s. 3d. Queensland rum in demand, sales at 2s. 1d. to 2s. 2d., on the spot and to arrive; Lowndes' was done at 3s. 5d. Whisky in request, Walker's scarce at 18s. 6d. to 19s.; Royal Blend, 19s.; Lorne, 17s. 6d.; Dunville's 18s. 6d.; bulk ranges from 4s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

METALS.—The market is depressed, and forced sales are being made at a loss, especially on galvanized iron, not more than £27 could now be obtained for a parcel of best, though up to £28 is required for small quantities. Sheet lead is moving at £20; yellow metal steady at 8½d. to 8¾d. Fencing wire has been done at £15 for No. 8. Tin plates unchanged; pig iron nominally worth 90s.

OILS.—Castor dull at about 3s. 11d.; linseed firm at 4s. 2d. to 4s. 3d. for half-and-half in drums; colza quoted at 4s. 6d.; colonial made kerosene remains at 1s. 3d.

OILMEN'S STORES.—The position of the market has not altered to any extent since the 15th, but as there is a quantity now landing, prices will probably be less firm for a time. Bottled fruits steady; inferior 12s., best 12s. 6d.; 1-lb. jams at 5s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.; inferior 1-lb. mustard 9s., best 17s., ½-lbs. 5s. 6d. to 9s.; inferior pint pickles more plentiful at 7s. 6d. to 7s. 9d., good second to best 8s. 6d. to 10s. 9d.; half-pint salad oil 5s. 4½d., pints 9s., quarts 17s. 6d.; bulk vinegar 1s. 7d. to 1s. 9d., bottled 6s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. Colman's starch firm at £48 10s. to £49, low class offered at £45. English bacon rather scarce; hams offered at 1½d.

RICE.—No alteration to report. Java sorts are quotable at £21 to £23; Patna, £21 to £21 10s.; Saigon, £19 to £20.

SALT.—Large transactions in coarse Liverpool to hand, and arrive at from 80s. up to £5 10s., and small spot at £6 to £6 10s.; stocks of rock are quite exhausted, and quotations are nominal; fine sells at 95s. to 100s.

SUGARS.—The sale of the cargo, ex Chittagong was made under the hammer at an all-round decline of 40s. per ton. Yellow counters sold at £28 5s. to £32 5s.; inferior white at £34 5s.; low brewing crystals at £35 17s. 6d. Yesterday the cargo ex Vidal was offered, but only 70 tons changed hands, and that at lower rates. The Company's tariff is still—1st white, £39; No. 1 pieces, £35; A, £32; No. 3 and CB, £31; CC, £29; O, £27; M, £26.

TEAS.—The delay in opening the tea season at Foochoo threatens to exhaust stocks in the colonies before any new arrives. There has not been so little on hand at this date any time during the last five and twenty years, and there can be no addition to stocks prior to the middle of July at the earliest.

The following table shows the declared values of Imports and Exports entered at the Sydney Customs from January 1 to June 5, 1879 and 1880:—

	1879.		1880.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
To Jan. 3 ...	£129,983	£270,133	£199,355	£352,639
„ 10 ...	178,220	126,223	226,324	245,216
„ 17 ...	223,430	493,611	294,147	188,228
„ 24 ...	102,453	515,711	272,814	212,718
„ 31 ...	135,780	186,287	248,410	195,936
Feb. 7 ...	473,912	245,908	142,239	271,547
„ 14 ...	176,096	543,667	142,260	222,128
„ 21 ...	326,211	77,383	266,777	293,085
„ 28 ...	321,482	91,767	138,058	147,444
March 6 ...	98,989	58,915	450,340	253,218
„ 13 ...	196,295	149,023	105,950	121,701
„ 20 ...	499,563	116,344	173,616	257,615
„ 27 ...	104,342	137,950	120,480	122,788
April 3 ...	229,263	151,921	185,006	99,030
„ 10 ...	102,633	188,225	195,297	264,058
„ 17 ...	212,940	145,911	306,873	115,969
„ 24 ...	278,696	123,763	142,240	113,376
May 1 ...	170,306	81,040	97,081	105,751
„ 8 ...	222,277	82,443	234,001	127,293
„ 15 ...	99,126	187,167	312,752	105,386
„ 22 ...	302,083	92,773	238,466	80,933
„ 29 ...	148,414	145,246	86,434	137,528
June 5 ...	139,442	56,380	102,486	155,063
	£5,163,150	£4,249,993	£4,671,006	£4,257,332

BONDED STOCKS.

Sydney, June 11, 1880.

Description.	Stock on hand, June 4, 1880.	Received into Stock.	Deliver'd for Home Consumpt'n	Delivered for Export'n	Stock on hand, June 11, 1880.
Rum: gals.					
West India ...	99,543	282	3,861	350	95,604
East India ...	9,987	...	1,363	55	8,566
Foreign ...	1,727	...	...	...	1,727
All other Spirits ...	3,486	387	474	31	3,355
Brandy ...	323,778	9,740	5,660	1,769	328,129
Geneva ...	113,594	...	4,253	438	108,907
Whisky ...	91,705	278	2,237	761	88,925
Liqueurs ...	3,315	153	13	28	3,432
Gin ...	8,098	511	235	...	8,374
Wine ...	207,050	262	2,118	865	205,238
Tobacco, man'f'td:					
Half-tierces ...	...	...	...	...	9
Lbs. ...	734	...	...	...	734
Qr.-tierces ...	382	...	...	2	380
Lbs. ...	50,370	...	...	502	49,868
¼ boxes & bxs.	704	...	...	...	701
Lbs. ...	55,832	...	...	...	55,832
Cases ...	965	128	7	7	1,079
Lbs. ...	211,542	31,344	1,400	1,475	240,011
Repackages —					
Packages ...	206	30	4	10	222
Lbs. ...	10,107	1,070	269	336	10,572
Leaf:					
Hds. and Cks.	967	17	14	...	970
Lbs. ...	1,253,990	11,629	17,021	...	1,248,598
Cases ...	16	...	...	...	16
Lbs. ...	3,246	...	...	...	3,246
Bales ...	9	...	...	...	9
Lbs. ...	1,617	...	...	...	1,617
Cigars:					
Cases ...	481	18	15	...	484
Lbs. ...	65,096	2,713	2,031	...	65,778
Re-packages—					
Packages ...	84	12	1	7	88
Lbs. ...	3,035	254	16	124	3,149
Tea: Lbs. ...	540,779	...	39,215	5,138	496,426
Chicory: Lbs. ...	30,543	...	...	...	30,543
Opium: Lbs. ...	7,708	3,381	95	144	10,910
Kerosene Oil: gals.	97,365	37,072	9,176	5,104	80,157

Snuff.—Stock on June 4, 1 package, 160 lbs.; received into stock, nil; delivered for home consumption, nil; delivered for exportation, nil; stock on hand, June 11, 1 package, 160 lbs.

Sugar.—Stock on hand, June 4, 3442 tons 5 cwt. 2 qrs.; received into stock, 8 cwt. 2 qrs.; delivered for home consumption, 101 tons 14 cwt. 1 qr.; delivered for exportation, 86 tons 2 cwt. 2 qrs.; stock on hand, June 11, 3254 tons 17 cwt.

Coffee.—Stock on band, June 4, 11 tons 19 cwt. 2 qrs.; received into stock, 6 tons 9 cwt.; delivered for home consumption, 1 ton 9 cwt.; delivered for exportation, 1 ton 4 cwt. 3 qrs.; stock in hand June 11, 15 tons 14 cwt. 3 qrs.

PROPERTY CIRCULARS.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—There has been during the month an increased demand for good interest paying securities in real estate. Investors and capitalists are anxiously watching for opportunities to purchase good city properties, and but few are brought forward. In the present market those which have passed under the hammer realized prices quite up to, and, in some cases, considerably over vendors' expectations. The tendency is towards greater firmness in value of eligible properties in the city and suburbs. There is a much greater demand for suburban residences with grounds situated handy to the city, both along the railway line and close to the proposed tramway routes, and large blocks of land similarly situated meet now with ready sale. The large amount of capital now accumulating in our monetary institutions must tend to increase the value of real estate. There is a much greater inclination on the part of builders, mechanics, and others to purchase well-situated building allotments in both city and suburbs. Several large subdivisions of lands, handy to the city, are now in course of preparation, and we expect a considerable increase in this particular line of business during the next three or four months. Country lands badly to market are in demand, and would now command good prices. Among our sales since the departure of the last mail we notice the following:—Terrace of eight small houses, Surry Hills, £5000; block of land, South Head Road, Darling Point, 140 feet frontage, £2160; block of land, Elizabeth-street, Redfern, 1 acre, with cottage residence thereon, known as Moombee, £2100; large freehold country grazing estate, with improvements, £5300; Harbour View-terrace, comprising six houses, John-street, Balmain, £1850; [illegible] House and grounds, in area 1 acre and 15 perches, Glenmore Road, Paddington, £1825; Whaler's Arms Hotel, corner of Argyle-street and Windmill-street, Miller's Point, and two houses adjoining, fronting Windmill-street, £1800; block of land, Ashfield, 2 acres 3 roods and 2 perches, having 291 feet 8 inches to Queen-street, and 297 feet 8 inches to Robert-street, together with Mountjoy-terrace, three small houses thereon, £27[illegible]; block of land, Sussex-street, between Erskine and King streets, 41 feet 6 inches frontage, with old buildings thereon, £[illegible]; residue of lease of Burradoo Estate, near Bowral, 1[illegible] acres, with family residence thereon, £1100; block of land, St. Leonards, 51 feet to Lane Cove Road, £[illegible]; two houses, Red Lion-street, and two houses, Beattie-street, Balmain West, £840; lots [illegible], section [illegible], Wilson's Estate, St. Leonards, 50 feet to [illegible], with buildings in course of erection, £750; block of land, Holwell Estate, Parramatta Junction, about 3½ acres, £[illegible]; two houses, Nos. 44 and 46, Macquarie-street South, £650; [illegible] House, freehold, £550; House, No. [illegible], Darlinghurst, £[illegible]; dwelling-house, Beggs Estate, Paddington, £450; block of land, Harbour-street, Stanmore, 150 feet frontage, £400; lots 19 and 20, [illegible] Estate, Paddington, 41 feet 4 inches to [illegible]; house No. [illegible], Lock-street, Chippendale, £245; [illegible] land, Wentworth[illegible] subdivision, Petersham, [illegible] Cook's River New Road, £2[illegible]; lot 13 of Deepdene Estate, Glenmore Road, Paddington, 34 feet frontage to Good Hope-street, £231; allotment of land, St. Leonards, 13 feet 1 inch to Milson's Point Road, £229; lots 17 and 18 of Sellar's subdivision, Randwick, 40 feet to Avoca-street, £229; lots 5 and 6, section 4, Mrs. Jones' subdivision, Norwood Hill, Petersham, 86 feet to John-street, £172; lot 5, North Division of Pittwater Estate subdivision, 61 acres 3 roods 32 perches, £170 7s 3d; lot 22 ditto, 38 acres 3 roods 37 perches, £116 18s 10d; lots 37 to 40, of Francesville Estate, Rookwood, 2 acres and 25 perches, £160; lots 6 and 7, Mrs. Jones' subdivision, Norwood Hill, Petersham, 80 feet to John-street, £160; allotment of land, Newtown, 20 feet to Queen-street, £12[illegible]; block of land near Campbelltown, known as Smith's 50 acre grant, £110; allotment of land, Beattie-street, Balmain, 25 feet frontage, £100; block of land, portion of the Mossman's Bay Estate subdivision, North Shore, 1 rood 26 perches, £94 1s 6d; ditto, 1 rood 1½ perches, £66; lot 26, section B, Erith estate, Waverley, 40 feet frontage, £80; lot 10, Roberts' subdivision, Burwood, 76 feet to Albert-street, £70; allotment of land, Wilton-street, Strawberry-hill, 20 feet 6 inches frontage, £60; lots 12, 15, and 16, Bent's subdivision, Parramatta Junction, £55; block of land at Bankstown, 12 acres, £52 16s; block of land, North Willoughby, 2 acres 3 perches, £50 9s 4d; lot 13, section B, Mrs. Shairp's subdivision, Milson's Estate, St. Leonards, 25 feet to Falconer-street, £50; block of land at Bankstown, 3 acres 2 roods 33 perches, fronting Liverpool-road, £40 15s 4d; Howell's Refreshment Pavilion, Garden Palace Grounds, £50.—June 16.

MESSRS. HARDIE AND GORMAN.—During the greater part of the past month business has been quiet, as is usual in the mid-winter part of the year. There has been a disposition to postpone purchases until the warmer spring weather sets in; but still a fair amount of business has been done, and we have several large estates to deal with during the coming month. From present appearances and inquiries the business is done in suburban lands within the next two months will be unprecedentedly large. Money being cheap and plentiful, and our population on the whole prosperous building societies are operating largely and the number of private business premises going up and about to be erected are only in proportion to the demand. Several very large sales, not reported, have been effected during the month. In our course of sales appended hereto, we include the sale of portion of Redmond's Estate situate at Petersham, the competition for which was brisk, and the prices realized good. We have also sold, the Rockwall Estate, Potts Point, and several other good city and suburban properties. The "tramway" to Randwick has been commenced with vigour, and the demand for land in the direction of Waverley is considerable, indeed, on all the projected tramway routes, investors and others are on the lookout for property. The following is our course of sales since date of last 'Frisco mail:—Rockwall House and grounds, Macleay-street, Darlinghurst, £11,600; suburban block of land, £7000; Petersham, block of land, New Canterbury Road, £2034 7s 6d; Balmain, terrace of three houses known as Sardinia-terrace, £1400; Petersham, block of land, 6 acres 0 rood 7 perches, fronting New Canterbury Road, £1510; Surry Hills, four houses, fronting Edgeley and Pawley streets, £1100; two cottages, Nos. 68 and 70, Cleveland-street, £995; Waterloo, block of land, corner of George, Bullanaming, and Buckland streets, £920; Marrickville, Persica, family residence, Illawarra Road, £750; North Shore, weatherboard cottage, Walker-street, £575; Surry Hills, two cottages, Cleveland-street, £550; North Shore, lot 1 of Moodie's subdivision, £155; Balmain, lot 14, sec. 3, Birch Grove Estate, £100; North Shore, lot 3, sec. 3, Milson's Estate, £50; Burwood, Thompson's subdivision, lot 1, 52 feet 9 inches to Liverpool Road, £121 6s 6d; lot 2, 52 feet 9 inches, £94 19s; lots 16 and 17, 100 feet, £155; lot 5, 50 feet, £75, and lot 3, 52 feet 9 inches, £92 6s 5d; lots 12, 13, and 14, 150 feet, £206 5s; lot 15, 50 feet, £77 10s; Petersham, Redmond's Estate, lot 1, sec. 1, 37 feet 3 inches to Parramatta Road, £7 17s 6d per foot, and lot 2, sec. 1, 37 feet 3 inches, £5; lots 3 and 4, sec. 1, 74 feet 6 inches, £4 2s 6d; lots 5 and 6, sec. 1, 75 feet to Glebe Island Road, £4 17s 6d; lots 1 and 2, sec. 2, 80 feet, £180; lot 6, sec. 2, 40 feet; lot 5, sec. 2, 40 feet, £90; lot 11, sec. 2, 40 feet, £85; lot 7, sec. 2, 40 feet, £80; lots 9 and 10, sec. 2, 80 feet, £160; lot 8, sec. 2, 40 feet, £80; lot 1, sec. 3, 40 feet, £130; and lots 2 and 3, 80 feet, £170; lot 15, 40 feet, £92; lot 17, 40 feet, £80; lot 16, 40 feet, £85; lot 10, 40 feet, £85; lots 13 and 14, 80 feet, £172; lots 11 and 12, 80 feet, £168; lot 4, 40 feet, £82; lot 5, 40 feet, £82; lot 8, 40 feet, £84; lot 9, 40 feet, £84; lot 6, 40 feet, £85; lot 18, 40 feet, £82; lot 7, 40 feet, £80; lot 19, 40 feet, £45; lot 7, sec. 1, 39 feet, £60 9s; lots 8 and 9, 80 feet, £88; lots 28 and 29, sec. 1, 91 feet 2 inches, £127 12s 8d; lots 20 and 21, sec. 1, 80 feet, £100; lot 19, sec. 1, 40 feet, £52; lots 26 and 27, sec. 1, 80 feet, £108; lot 25, sec. 1, 40 feet, £54; lot 24, sec. 1, 40 feet, £52; lots 22 and 23, sec. 1, 80 feet, £104; lot 10, sec. 1, 40 feet, £60; lot 18, sec. 1, 40 feet, £48; lot 17, sec. 1, 40 feet, £48; lots 11, 12, and 13, sec. 1, 120 feet, £126; lot 16, sec. 1, 40 feet, £44; lot 15, sec. 1, 40 feet, £42; lot 14, sec. 1, 40 feet, £42.

STOCK AND SHARE REPORTS.

MELHADO AND CURTIS.—The amount of business done during the last four weeks is not as large as the previous month; prices, however, have not only been maintained, but in most instances an advance has taken place. The termination of the strike at the coal mines at Newcastle is a source of congratulation, and we may now expect to see some business done in coal shares. Debentures of the New South Wales Government are still unobtainable, and the scarcity of them in this market is pushing trustees into a corner. Banks: A large demand exists for Joint Stocks, at £15 5s, but the supply has been very limited; sales at £15 7s 6d have taken place; holders ask £15 10s, and not many at this price. Citys have remained at £11 10s, and the market is nearly cleared at this figure; sellers ask £11 12s 6d. Commercial have advanced £2; sales at £96 10s up to £98 10s, and wanted; they will probably reach three figures this month; the new issue sold at £72 10s, and £74. Mercantiles brought £5 17s 6d, and New South Wales have been largely dealt in at £50 10s; some sales have taken place at £50 15s, and one is reported at £51, but there is a fair supply at this figure, with buyers at £50 15s. New Zealands have been dealt in at £20, and are very scarce; holders ask £20 10s. Queensland Nationals are in fair demand at £7 and £7 2s 6d. A sale of Unions is reported at £61 10s. Steam: Australasian appear to be steadily advancing; sales at £17 and £17 10s, with buyers unsupplied at this price; sellers at £17 17s 6d. Hunter River show a strong advance in price; sales at £7, and wanted. We placed a fair line of North Shore Ferry at 15s. Insurance: Shares are not quite so high as last month. City Mutuals sold at 1s 2d, and Mercantile Mutual at 1s 6d. New South Wales Marines, after being placed at 61s 6d, were sold at 60s. Pacifics have remained steady at 60s to 61s. Sydney Fires sold at 60s, and are firmer than they have been. Sydney Marines sold at 30s, and could be placed at this figure—with sellers at 32s. United brought 38s 6d, but are now offered at 37s 6d. Copper: Great Cobars have advanced from 46s up to 51s; sales at various prices between these figures. Coal: Bulli sold at £12 17s 6d and £13, and Wallsends at £14 2s 6d and £14 7s 6d, but are obtainable at this figure. Waratahs changed hands at £8 and £8 5s, but are offered at this price. Numerous sales in Vale of Clwydd have taken place at 16s, 16s 3d, and 16s 6d. Gas and Shale and Oil: A good demand for old Gas at £13 and £13 2s 6d, and the new issue at £4 12s 6d. Shale and Oil very flat; sales at 10s 9d and 11s. Gold: A larger number of sales than usual. Krohmann's Amalgamated sold at 4s 9d, 5s, and 5s 3d; and Star of Peace at 3s 6d, 3s 9d, 4s, and 4s 9d; a resolution has been carried to increase the capital of the company, and make it £150,000. Victorian Gold.—A considerable fall has taken place in the Band and Albion Consols. At the date of our last circular these shares were easily placed at £6 10s, but owing to some large sellers coming into the market, and also the fact that in sinking the shaft the mundic disappeared, shares fell to 86s; an improvement in the shaft taking place, and two large shareholders having placed their shares, the price improved, and steadily advanced up to £5 5s cum. div. of 2s 6d; sales made since at £5 and £5 2s 6d ex. div., with buyers at this price; sellers, £5 5s. Hustler's Tribute Gold Mining shares sold at 5s 6d, 3s 9d, and 4s. Garden Gully sold at £5 15s and £5 17s 6d.; two dividends of 1s each paid during the month. G. G. Consolidateds have remained steady at 8s, and Victory and Pandora Amalgamateds sold at 14s, 14s 6d, and 15s; both these mines have grand prospects. New North Clunes are very quiet; no business doing. Sydney Exchange and Pyrmont Bridge: No business done in either; the former are wanted at £9, with sellers at £9 15s; the latter would be taken at £6 5s; holders ask 10s more. Volunteer Land Orders: The market is well cleaned up to £91, very few offering at £93. Debentures: There are no sales reported; New South Wales Government are easily placed; other debentures the same as last month.—June 15.

J. MULLENS.—The course of the share market since my last issue has been unaltered. The business done is moderate in extent, but prices are, if anything, firmer all round. Banks: Australian Joint Stock Bank and City Bank shares are the same as last month, and only in moderate request; the same may be said of Mercantile Bank and Bank of New South Wales shares; Commercial Bank shares have been wanted, and sellers have been so few that an advance of £2 per share has been established, last sale £59; Union Bank shares are £1 per share higher—last sale £61 10s, sellers at £62 10s; Queensland National Bank shares are a shade better, and some good parcels have changed hands. Steam Companies: The demand for A. S. N. shares still continue, and sales show an advance of 7s 6d to 10s per share. Hunter River Steam shares are in better favour and wanted at £7. Illawarra Steam shares are dull of sale, no buyers over £5. I omitted to notice in my last that the North Shore Steam Ferry Company paid a dividend last month at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum. Insurance Companies: A fair amount of business has been done in these stocks. General Assurance shares keep very scarce, buyers 75s. New South Wales Marine, Pacific, and Sydney Fire shares are a shade higher. Sydney Marine and United Insurance shares have fallen, the former 4s per share. The Australian Mutual Fire Company has presented another good annual report and declared a dividend and bonus equal to 39 per cent. per annum on the small capital paid up. The reserved profits, after providing for reinsurance of outstanding risks, amount to £18,513, being a net gain on the annual report of June, 1879, of £4358. Coal Companies: The Newcastle collieries have now settled their dispute, and the strike is over. Wallsend shares have been in fair demand throughout the struggle, and have sold at from £14 to £14 5s. Waratah Coal shares are offered at £8 5s. Bulli coal shares have been dull of sale, as the lower price of Newcastle coal is likely to affect that of southern coal also. Vale of Clwydd shares are a little firmer than last month; latest sale, 16s 6d. Miscellaneous Companies: Gas shares are in better favour than they were, and some good parcels have been placed at £13—latest sales, £13 2s 6d. New shares have been done at £4 15s. Shale and Oil shares are very unsalable. Pyrmont Bridge and Exchange shares are wanted at quotations. Mining Companies: Great Cobar Copper shares are 5s higher than last month, sales to-day at 50s. In Gold Mining stocks of New South Wales there has been no change. Band and Albion shares have been freely dealt in during the month, and the usual monthly dividend of 2s 6d per share has just been paid. Debentures and Stock: The dealings in these securities have been very limited, and all Government stock commands very full rates. City debentures of long date are salable and scarce.—June 15.

SHIPPING SUMMARY.

ARRIVALS FROM ENGLAND.

May 31.—Cotopaxi (s.), 4020 tons, Captain Studdart, from Plymouth, 44 days, via Capetown, Adelaide, and Melbourne.

June 10.—Hallowe'en, ship, 920 tons, Captain Fowler, from London, 83 days; Airlie, ship, 1300 tons, Captain Foreman, from Gravesend, 95 days; Ann Duthie, ship, 923 tons, Captain Morgan, from Gravesend, 97 days; Camperdown, ship, 1487 tons, Captain Paton, from Plymouth, 83 days; Benares, ship, 1046 tons, Captain Ingils, from Gravesend, 104 days; Firth of Dornoch, barque, 900 tons, Captain M'Dougall, from Glasgow, 108 days; Hereward, ship, 1513 tons, Captain Inglis, from London, 91 days.

June 12.—Lismore (s.), 315 tons, Captain Wilson, from Dundee April 2.

June 12.—R.M.S. Brisbane, 1760 tons, Captain Reddell, from Hongkong May 15.

ARRIVALS FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

June 5.—R. M. S. Bangalore, 2063 tons, Captain H. Wyatt, from Galle May 13.

June 6.—R. M. S. City of New York, 3624 tons, Captain B. Cobb, from San Francisco May 10.

June 7.—Nautilus, schooner, 175 tons, Captain Tweet, from Tahiti April 21.

June 9.—Vidal, French barque, 413 tons, Captain Rondeau, from Mauritius April 25.

DEPARTURES FOR ENGLAND.

May 25.—Aconcagua (s.), 2644 tons, Captain G. N. Conlan, for London, via Melbourne and Adelaide. Passengers:—Saloon, to London: Miss A. Beeston, Mr. and Mrs. Spiller and 2 children, Mrs. Renshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, Miss Donovan, Mrs. Doherty, Miss Doherty, Mr. and Mrs. Nutting, Miss O'Brien, Messrs. Shiel, T. Donovan, Fred. Warren, G. L. Mullins, Mons. Pons, Mons. E. R. de Granrival. Second class, to London: Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hall, Mrs. Pearse, Mrs. Adam, Mrs. M'Causland, Messrs. Harry Gray, T. Hayes, J. Gayde, M. Demere, J. Speedy, P. O'Connor, W. Lees, J. Santop, R. Cusack, R. Shephard, W. N. Egan, G. Hanson, J. Etheridge, and 42 in the third class and steerage. Saloon to Adelaide: Mr. and Mrs. Plevdel.

May 25.—Black Adder, barque, 719 tons, Captain Allan, for Hongkong.

June 2.—Chandernagore, barque, 680 tons, Captain J. Skykens, for Liverpool.

June 6.—Kosciusko, barque, 1192 tons, Captain Smith, for London. Passenger—Mr. Henry S. Manles.

June 8.—Orient (s.), 5385 tons, Captain Hewison, for London. Passengers: Major and Mrs. Playdell, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Ievers, Miss Parratt, Miss D. Briscoe, Messrs. Edward Trickett, P. P. Hart, W. Sheppard, R. Shaw, P. B. Morgan, J. Raff, W. Raff, A. K. Brown, D. Brown, Monteith. Second-class: Mr. and Mrs. H. Vale, Miss Vale, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Sterling, Mrs. Lewis, Miss Lewis, Miss E. Lewis, Miss Harris, Messrs. W. H. Cooper, H. M. Hayward, J. Smith, F. M. Mills, A. Ward, J. E. Dowell, J. Macnish, S. Kirkpatrick, J. F. Mountain, C. J. West, Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane, Messrs. A. Cameron, G. D. Mease, Cotterell, Ashman, Sharland, Marks, B. A. Ross, and 113 in the third class and steerage. Saloon to Melbourne:—Mr. and Mrs. James Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. John Hunter, Miss Duff, Mr. and Mrs. W. Munro, Mrs. Walker, Miss M'Lean, Messrs. D. M. Paterson, W. Pearson, E. A. Head, M. Emanuel, H. M'Lean, J. C. Ewing, jun., S. Cleeve, H. Levy, J. Mitchell, J. C. Nicholson, L. Nicholson, and A. Beazer.

June 13.—Alexander Duthie, ship, 950 tons, Captain Murray, for London.

DEPARTURES FOR FOREIGN PORTS.

May 23.—R.M.S. Malwa, 1868 tons, Captain W. L. Thompson, for Galle, via Melbourne and Adelaide. Passengers:—For Southampton: Miss Bingham, Messrs. S. E. Booty, R. Ryder, and J. E. Powell. For Venice: Rev. B. Reed, Messrs. Duncan, M'Kay, Forces, T. Cooper, E. Hughes, T. Weber, J. B. Milne. For Brindisi: Bishop Stanton. For Galle: Mr. M. Moran. For Madras: 1 native. For Melbourne: Mrs. Cadell 2 children and nurse, Miss Vernon, Mr. and Mrs. G. Bradbury, Messrs. C. Firth, A. H. Brown, T. K. Ryder, Kendal, E. G. Parker, Hon. J. Douglass, B. Thompson, B. J. and C. Cooper. Specie: 2 cases silver watches and jewellery, 1 box jewellery, 3 cases cheese, and sundries.

June 2.—Crusader (s.), 697 tons, Captain Rowen, for Hongkong, via Port Darwin.

June 5.—Tanjore (s.), 3245 tons, Captain Schnoener, for Galle, via Melbourne and Adelaide. Passengers—For Venice: Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Dicken, Messrs. P. H. Tennent, W. Griffiths, F. J. Newton. For Galle: Mr. A. Menard. For Southampton: Mr. Siebe. For Adelaide: Mr. T. B. Williamson. For Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. Jones, nurse, and 5 children, Mrs. Underwood, Messrs. Alsop, and F. O. Richardson. Specie: 15,000 sovereigns.

June 5.—Emily, brig, 296 tons, Captain Crichton, for Shanghai.

June 7.—Rhin, French war ship, Captain Mathieu, for Toulon, via Melbourne.

June 10.—British Princess, ship, 1489 tons, Captain Johns, for San Francisco.

June 11.—Normanby (s.), 664 tons, Captain Green, for Hongkong and Singapore, via Queensland ports. Passengers—Major Bell, Messrs. Knox, Gurymine, W. Gwyne, and N. A. Knox, and 15 Chinese.

VESSELS LOADING.

For London.—Abergeldie, Cotopaxi (s.).

FREIGHTS TO LONDON.

Wool, ⅝d and ½d per lb.; cotton, — wool; oil (sperm), none; copra, 40s; tallow, 47s 6d; copper and tin, 25s; nickel ore, none; hides, 30s; leather, 45s; preserved meats, 30s; measurement goods, 30s to 35s; bones and horns, 20s; gum, none; wheat, 30s, 35s; shale, 25s.

H. M. SHIPS ON THE AUSTRALIAN STATION.

Wolverene, 17 guns, Commodore Wilson, at Sydney; Emerald, 12 guns, Captain W. H. Maxwell, at Sydney; Danae, 12 guns, Captain J. C. Purvis, at Samoa; Cormorant, 6 guns, Commander James Bruce, left Auckland for S. S. Islands; Alacrity, 1 gun, Lieutenant-Commander W. M. Moore, on a surveying cruise; Conflict, 1 gun, Lieutenant-Commander J. H. Bower, at New Ireland; Sandfly, 1 gun, Lieutenant-Commander Cecil G. Horne, at Sydney; Renard, 1 gun, Lieutenant-Commander G. E. Richards, at Sydney; Beagle, 1 gun, Lieutenant-Commander T. De Hoghton, at Sydney.

SHIPS' REPORTS.

The Cotopaxi, from London, is a fine-looking, full-powered vessel, and is one of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's fleet which have been introduced into the Australian trade by the Orient Steam Navigation Company. The ship is strong built and well-finished craft, and her voyage throughout gives unmistakable proof that she is able to travel very fast. The Cotopaxi is not unlike the Aconcagua and John Elder, and she is commanded by Captain R. Studdart, who brought out the Orient on her maiden voyage. Captain Studdart appears to have established himself in the good favour of his passengers, for at Adelaide they presented him with a complimentary address and some plate. The voyage has been accomplished in round numbers within 38 days from Plymouth to Adelaide, within 40 days to Melbourne, and within 43 to Sydney. This is inclusive of all detentions at the various ports of call. The actual steaming time at sea from Plymouth to Adelaide was 36½ days. During the voyage three deaths occurred, the first being that of J. Malone, a third-class passenger, who died from consumption. The second was that of Miss Jane Ronan, 16 years of age, who died from the same malady on the 16th May. The last case was that of Mrs. Magner, who died on May 27 from erysipelas. The deceased were all buried at sea, with the usual ceremony. The Cotopaxi was built by Messrs. John Elder and Co., of Glasgow, in 1873, under special survey, and is in the highest class on Lloyd's register. Her dimensions are as follow:—Length, 402 feet and 2-10ths; beam, 42 feet and 8-10ths; and depth of hold, 34 feet and 7-10ths. Her gross measurement is 4028 tons; under the deck her capacity is 3902 tons; and the net register is 2535 tons. The engines are on the compound principle, with inverted cylinders, and are of 600 horse-power nominal. The cylinders are 61 inches and 112 inches respectively, and the stroke is 48 inches. The engines, like those of the Sorata, are fitted with all the newest mechanical contrivances and appliances, and at present they are in admirable working order, so much so that not half-an-hour's delay took place on the run out for screwing up or any other stoppage. The Argus gives the following report of the voyage:—Left Plymouth at 10 minutes past 2 on the 17th ultimo, and arrived at St. Vincent at 10 minutes past 8 p.m. on the 24th ultimo. On leaving Plymouth strong westerly gales, with a high tumultuous sea, were encountered for two days, and at half-past 7 p.m. on the 21st ultimo the Cotopaxi stopped for 35 minutes to offer assistance to the steamer Santo, which had lost her propeller. The following are the days' runs to St. Vincent:—263, 228, 325, 328, 328, 315, 332, and 109 up to hour of arrival. The time under way was seven days six hours, and the average speed was 12·37 knots per hour. The Cotopaxi left the island at 10 p.m. on the 25th ultimo, and arrived at Cape Town at 10 minutes to 12 on the 8th instant. Moderate to fresh breezes prevailed until crossing the equator, on the 29th ultimo, in longitude 13° W., when strong trades set in. The runs from St. Vincent were as follows:—175, 326, 317, 332, 300, 296, 302, 310, 318, 312, 295, 319, and 332, the speed averaged being 13·05 knots. The time under way was 12 days 13 hours and 50 minutes. From Cape Town the Cotopaxi took her departure on the 8th instant, at 20 minutes past 8 p.m., with strong unsteady breezes and squally weather, which on the 17th instant culminated in a heavy gale from S.W. Fresh gales at intervals continued during the remainder of the passage across the Southern Ocean. Some good work was done notwithstanding the heavy weather, as will be seen by the following runs made from the Cape:—184, 316, 329, 334, 343, 339, 352, 351, 348, 365, 315, 330, 344, 338, 349, 345, 342, and 141. These figures give an average rate of 14·35 knots per hour." The ship having landed the Melbourne portion of her mails, passengers, and cargo, left Port Phillip Heads on Saturday, at 4.30 p.m., and arrived in Sydney yesterday, at 11.40 a.m.

The Government immigrant ship Camperdown, from Plymouth, terminated a successful voyage on June 9, and was on her way up the harbour when Dr. Alleyne, the Health Officer, intercepted her at Bradley's Head, and having asked a few questions quarantined the ship for further examination; and accordingly the steamers Princess and Lillie Denham took the ship into quarantine. Dr. Gibson, the surgeon in charge, informs us that there have been over 40 cases of measles on board, but no fatal case has resulted. The last patient recovered some three weeks since, and the only other serious illness is a patient suffering from phthisis. The Camperdown is a fine roomy iron ship, and apparently splendidly adapted for the transit of immigrants. She left Plymouth with 396 immigrants, of whom 38 are married couples, 109 single men, 107 single women, 48 boys under 12 years of age, 48 girls under 12 years, and 8 infants. One birth has taken place during the passage. The new arrivals appear to be a healthy robust lot. The ship left Plymouth on March 18, at 4 p.m., with fine weather and moderate winds. The N.E. trades were good, and some fine running was made down to 8° N., when light airs set in, but the Equator was made on the 23rd day out, in 22° W. longitude. The S.E. trades began in 2° S., and prevailed down to 20° S., where a few days of variables set in. Passed the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope on the 49th day out, in lat. 39° S. Had a good deal of westerly weather in making the easting to Cape Leuwin, from thence to King George's Sound variable winds. Sighted King's Island light on June 3, and when 50 miles from there a north-east wind forced the ship through Banks's Strait. Had southerly winds from thence to arrival.

The first of a fleet of sailing clippers that arrived in port on June 9 was the Hallowe'en, from clipper, after a very creditable run, but nothing approaching her celebrated performance of 68½ days, made in the pristine days of her home and Australian career. On this voyage the ship's progress was retarded by some light winds between the meridians of Greenwich and the Cape of Good Hope. Captain Fowler reports that the ship left London on the 18th March, landed pilot off Dover same night, had light easterly winds down the Channel; took the final departure from the Start on the 20th; had moderate N.E. trades, and crossed the Equator on 12th April in 25° W. longitude. The S.E. trades were moderate, and carried far to the southward, the wind hanging to the south and south-east as far as the 33°. Crossed the meridian of Greenwich on May 3 in 40° S.; ran the easting on the mean parallel of 43° S. Weather for the most part moderate, but very unsteady. Sighted the south cape, Tasmania, on June 5; from thence to Jervis Bay, made on June 8, light northerly winds, and a heavy southerly gale up to arrival. Made the passage in 81 days from the Start Point.

The Benares, from London, sailed from Gravesend on February 26, and met with strong head winds in the Channel. Passed Scilly on March 8; thence to Madeira, made on March 22, had light breezes, after which had the usual moderate N.E. trades. Crossed the Equator April 3, in longitude 25° W.; had moderate S.E. trades, and passed the meridian of Greenwich on April 27 in latitude 40° S., and had strong breezes for several days afterwards. From 58° to 100° E. had strong gales from W.S.W. and N.W., with a turbulent sea. Then strong variable breezes to making the south cape of Tasmania on June 3. During a southerly gale on June 8 the vessel took on deck a great quantity of water, which broke in the cabin skylight, washed away the poop ladders, and smashed the starboard lifeboat.

The Airlie left Gravesend on March 8th, and landed the pilot at the Start on the 12th. Had thick and foggy weather in the Channel, and strong gales from S.W. in the Bay of Biscay; thence had moderate fair winds to Madeira, which sighted on the 22nd; took the N.E. trades on the 25th, had them strong to the Equator, which was crossed on April 3rd in longitude 26° W.; the S.E. trades were taken on the Line, and, after proving very light, were lost in latitude 25° S. on the 19th; then had light westerly winds and foggy weather for fourteen consecutive days; crossed the meridian of Greenwich on May 1st in latitude 40° S., and the Cape was passed on the 7th in latitude 41° S.; light winds and foggy weather thence prevailed to St. Paul's, which was passed on the 22nd, when a succession of particularly heavy gales commenced, with a very low barometer, the gales came mostly from N.W. and S.W.; on May 30th latitude 41½° S. and in the longitude of Cape Leuwin experienced a very heavy westerly gale, with terrific squalls and large hailstones. A heavy cross sea got up, and constantly swept across the decks, bursting in the starboard side of the forehouse, and the sea gutted the apprentices and petty officers' berths. It also broke down the poop ladders. After blowing violently for 36 hours, the gale took off. Then had strong northerly winds to Cape Otway, which was passed on June 5. Came through Bass Straits with a heavy westerly gale, which fell to a calm off Cape Howe, passed on the 7th, at midnight, when the wind again increased in force, and a southerly gale carried the ship up to Sydney.

The Ann Duthie, from London, has terminated a rather protracted voyage, and the only noteworthy feature about it is that she appears to have escaped the rough treatment to which some of the recent arrivals were subjected. The ship sailed from Gravesend on March 4, and the last land was seen at the Lizard on the 9th, and the island of Madeira was passed on the 23rd of the same month. Took the N.E. trades in lat. 20° N., and parted with them in 6° North, from thence had variable and light winds up to taking the S.E. trades in 3° S. The trades were good, and lost in 20° S., after which light and variable winds prevailed. Passed the meridian of Greenwich on May 4, and the Cape on May 7, in lat. 41° S. Ran the easting down between the parallels of 44° and 46° S., with light and variable winds. Rounded the S.W. Cape of Tasmania on June 1, from thence had light and variable winds up to the 8th, when a heavy southerly gale prevailed. The only vessel spoken, connected with the colonies, was the Carpathian, from Melbourne for London, on June 5, in lat. 38° S., long. 152° E.

The Firth of Dornoch left Glasgow on February 19, and Greenwich on the 22nd. Had variable winds in the Channel, which was cleared on the 27th, from thence had westerly and north-west winds to March 3rd, then in latitude 37·15 E., and longitude 16·46 W., light south-east, south, and south-west winds followed to the north-east trades, which was taken in latitude 25° N., and longitude 20° W.; they commenced light and finished up rather strong, but were of brief duration, being lost in 7° N., and longitude 22·52 W.; light easterly and south-east winds followed; crossed the Equator on March 29, in longitude 22° W. The S.E. trades were picked up in 1° S., and were an improvement on the N.E. trades carried; them to lat. 29. S., and longitude 28·20 W. Variable winds followed to 30° S., when the usual westerly winds commenced. Passed the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope on April 29, in latitude 43° S. Ran the easting down in 43° to 43° S., with moderate N.W. to S.W. winds. Made Cape Otway on June 3rd, and had moderate weather up to the 8th, when a southerly gale and heavy sea was experienced; the barque shipped large quantities of water on deck. Spoke the French barque Cornellia from France to New Caledonia, making for Bass's Straits; and afterwards the Decapolis, barque, from London, for Brisbane.

The Hereward, from London, has come through some very nasty weather. She left the Docks on March 6, and the Start Point on the 10th, and encountered head winds at the outset of the passage, lasting about a fortnight. Got the N.E. trades in latitude 27·58 N. on March 25, and lost them in latitude 2·52 N. on April 1, after making some good running. Crossed the Equator on April 5 in longitude 25·23. The S.E. trades proved very light, they having been got in latitude 4° S. and longitude 28·30 W., and parted with in latitude 30° S. on April 20; thence had variable winds between N.N.E. and N.N.W. up to the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope, which was passed on May 4 in latitude 38° S. Had moderate winds to the longitude of St. Paul's, which was passed on May 15. Heavy westerly gales commenced in latitude 40° S. and longitude 59·48 E.; on May 16 a tremendous sea made breaches over the ship, knocking away both lifeboats, stove in the deckhouse, and washing everything adrift about the decks; they being at times completely full of water; on the 17th, the weather moderated and the vessel resumed her course with a good wind; on the 21st, the barometer fell fast from 30° to 29·40, in four hours, a strong gale approaching; on the 22nd at 8 a.m. the barometer stood 29·25, and at noon 29·14, with every sign of a violent gale. The ship shortened sail, when violent squalls of sleet and rain came on, and the sea rose to a frightful height, making an inroad on the ship's deck and completely filling the main deck; on the 23rd at midnight the gale blew furiously from W. by N. to W.N.W.; ran the ship before the wind, it being impossible to keep her on her course in consequence of the great body of water on deck placing the ship in imminent peril; at 3 a.m. the ship was brought by the wind under fore and main lower topsails, and mizen staysail, latitude 44·11 S., longitude 101·42 E. The barometer had risen to 29·84, but it again commenced to fall on the 24th, the wind freshening, and the ship's sail was again reduced. The sea rose fast, and another gale compelled to head reach, in consequence of the body of water on deck. The gale lasted till the 29th, when fine weather again set in, and Cape Otway was passed on June 4. When off Wollongong had a southerly gale, with violent squalls.

The P. and O. Co.'s Bangalore (s.) arrived on June 5, and was berthed alongside the Company's Wharf, at the Circular Quay. The ship left Galle on the 13th ultimo, and had S.W. winds with squally weather to latitude 6 degrees S., where the S.E. trades were taken. The winds were moderate throughout, and well easterly, and rain squalls were frequent. After passing with the trades in latitude 22 degrees S., light variable winds from S.W. to N.W., with a very heavy westerly swell and occasional calms, continued until reaching latitude 31 degrees S. The wind then increased and blew a stiff gale, which raised a frightful sea, and this untoward weather lasted until arrival at King George's Sound, at ten minutes to 5 p.m. on the 24th ultimo. During the gale the lifeboat was swept away, and this represented nearly all the damage sustained, owing to the steamer behaving handsomely, and making the best she could of the weather by which she was assailed. The Bangalore did not get away from the Sound until 30 minutes to 9 a.m. on the 27th, and on the first day out she had fresh southerly winds, with high seas; these were followed by moderate and light S.E. winds until arrival at Glenelg, at 6 a.m. on the 31st ult. The Bangalore left Glenelg at 10 minutes past 10 a.m. on the same date; passed Cape Northumberland at 8 a.m. and Cape Otway at 40 minutes to 3 p.m. on the 1st instant, and entered Port Phillip Heads at 10 minutes past 8 a.m. on Wednesday. Light variable winds and a smooth sea prevailed from the Gulf to the Heads. During the passage William Smith, a second-class passenger from Madras for Melbourne, died, from an abscess on the liver, on the 30th ultimo.

The Pacific Mail steamship City of New York, B. Cobb, commander, sailed from San Francisco May 10, at 12 noon; discharged pilot at 2.10 p.m.; arrived at Honolulu May 17, at 8 p.m.—time from San Francisco to Honolulu, 7 days 5 hours 50 minutes; sailed from Honolulu on the following day at 9.20 a.m.; crossed the Equator May 22, at 10 p.m., in longitude 165 W.; May 25 met a brigantine, bound to the northward; on the 26th passed the Island of Tutuila (Navigators Group), at 1 a.m.; crossed the 180th meridian of longitude at 9 a.m. on the 29th; arrived at Auckland June 1, at 11.30—time from Honolulu to Auckland, 13 days 14 hours 10 minutes, and from San Francisco to Auckland 21 days 9 hours 20 minutes; sailed from Auckland on the following day, at 10.10 a.m., arriving at Sydney June 6, at 4.10 p.m.—time from Auckland, 4 days 5 hours 30 minutes, and from San Francisco 25 days 2 hours. Delightful weather during the voyage, with the exception of the four days prior to arrival at Auckland, when strong S.W. gales were experienced.

The E. and A. Company's R.M.S. Brisbane, 1700 tons, J. Reddell, arrived on June 12. She left Hongkong at 4 p.m. 15th May, arrived at Singapore at 7.50 a.m. on the 21st, left again at 1.45 p.m. on the 22nd, and called at all the Queensland ports. From Hongkong to Singapore experienced moderate S.E. winds, from Singapore to Cape Wassal light southerly, from thence to Rockhampton strong south-easterly winds and squally, from Rockhampton to Moreton Bay fresh S.W. and finer weather, Brisbane till arrival light southerly winds and fine weather.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

BIRTHS.

APPLETON—June 12, Balmain, Mrs. Charles Appleton, son.
BOOTS—May 26, Newtown, Mrs. Charles Boots, daughter.
CAMPION—June 12, Burwood, Mrs. H. Walter Campion, girl.
CANVIN—June 5, Newcastle, Mrs. F. F. Canvin, son.
COLLINGS—June 12, Cook's River, Mrs. W. G. Collings, d'hter.
CRAWFORD—June 5, Sydney, Mrs. W. Crawford, jun., son.
DOUST—June 9, Norwood, Mrs. J. Doust, daughter.
DUNKLEY—June 7, Waterloo, Mrs. W. H. Dunkley, son.
ETHERINGTON—June 5, Ultimo, Mrs. J. W. Etherington, son.
FOX—June 6, Balmain, Mrs. Charles J. Fox, daughter.
GIBBONS—June 2, Kingston, Mrs. J. R. H. Gibbons, son.
GILLESPIE—June 1, Double Bay, Mrs. W. Gillespie, daughter.
GONDOLF—June 5, Woollahra, Mrs. P. Gondolf, daughter.
GRAHAM—June 9, Marrickville, Mrs. Joseph Graham, son.
GREENUP—June 4, Maryland, Mrs. Alfred Greenup, daughter.
HALL—At Sydney, Mrs. H. Hall, son.
HAMMOND—June 9, Junee, Mrs. Thomas W. Hammond, son.
HARDIE—June 12, Burwood, Mrs. George Hardie, son.
HIRST—June 5, Carcoar, Mrs. A. C. Hirst, daughter.
HUTCHINSON—June 7, Sydney, Mrs. H. Hutchinson, daughter.
KATER—May 16, Warren, Mrs. Edward Kater, son.
KELLETT—June 6, Penrith, Mrs. C. H. Kellett, daughter.
KIRCHNER—June 11, Redmyre, Mrs. E. Kirchner, daughter.
MACKENZIE—June 13, Bathurst, Mrs. K. A. H. Mackenzie, d.
M'CAFFERY—May 29, Botany, Mrs. P. M'Caffery, son.
METCALFE—June 6, Lavender Bay, Mrs. A. J. Metcalfe, dau.
MILLER—June 4, Sydney, Mrs. John C. Miller, daughter.
NEALE—June 9, Ultimo, Mrs. G. R. C. Neale, son.
NORTON—June 14, Windsor, Mrs. F. H. M. Norton, daughter.
OLIVER—June 4, St. Leonards, Mrs. A. Oliver, daughter.
PAUL—June 4, Tamworth, Mrs. Joseph Paul, daughter.
READ—June 8, Sydney, Mrs. Richard Read, son.
ROBEY—June 5, St. Leonards, Mrs. W. G. Robey, son.
ROSENTHALL—June 10, Newtown, Mrs. P. G. Rosenthall, dau.
SPENCER—June 5, Glebe, Mrs. Thomas Spencer, son.
SPILLING—June 9, Redfern, Mrs. Henry Spilling, daughter.
STEWART—May 28, Petersham, Mrs. D. M. Stewart, son.
THOMPSON—June 14, Petersham, Mrs. W. Thompson, daughter.
TRESS—June 9, Balmain, Mrs. T. B. Tress, daughter.
WEBSTER—June 6, Ashfield, Mrs. Henry Torrens Webster, son.
WINTON—May 29, Waterloo, Mrs. W. H. Winton, daughter.
YEATES—May 19, Camperdown, Mrs. Thomas Yeates, son.

MARRIAGES.

ARNDELL—READING—June 10, by the Rev. J. H. Sunderland, Andrew Johnstone Arndell, to Amelia Hannah Reading.
APPLETON—FOX—June 3, by the Rev. Canon O'Reilly, Henry Matthew Appleton to Elizabeth Charlotte Fox.
BENNETT—MOESCH—May 8, by the Rev. Thomas Unwin, Christopher Bennett to Margaret Anne Moesch.
BRAGG—TYE—April 15, by the Rev. George Lane, James Bragg to Mary Tye.
BRENNAN—KEATING—June 9, by the Venerable Arch-Priest Sheehy, William F. Brennan to Elizabeth Keating.
ELEMENT—WRIGHT—May 21, by Rev. William Slatyer, William Element to Louisa Wright.
GUNNING—SPENCER—June 3, by the Rev. A. W. Pain, Alexander Gunning to Mattie Spencer.
HICKS—DUNN—June 2, by Pastor J. Hicks, Jabez James Hicks to Anne Elizabeth Dunn.
HUNT—MARTIN—June 5, by the Rev. G. Lane, John Barratt Hunt to Sophia Hertz Martin.
JOHNSON—M'ANALLY—May 24, by the Rev. William Hough, William James Johnson to Mary Jane M'Anally.
LIPMAN—MITCHELL—June 2, by the Rev. A. Boas, Henry Lipman to Eva Mitchell.
LONG—DENNIS—At St. John's, Darlinghurst, by the Rev. Thomas Kemmis, George Long to Mary Dennis.
MACQUEEN—MACALISTER—March 15, by the Rev. P. H. Cornford, Alick Macqueen to Mary Ann Macalister.
MATTHEWS—M'CUSKER—June 3, by the Rev. Father Leonard, Joseph Matthews to Mary Jane M'Cusker.
MAXWELL—OWENS—June 9, by the Rev. Joseph Barnier, William Maxwell to Sarah Alice Owens.
MUNRO—EATON—May 26, by the Rev. William Hough, William Munro to Ada Blanche Eaton.
O'BRIEN—SCHRODER—Feb. 28, by the Rev. Canon Allwood, Bryan O'Brien to Fredericka Schroder.
PHILLIPS—REID—May 19, by the Rev. J. Olley, John Phillips to Jeannie Sinclair Reid.
PHILLIPS—KEENE—May 26, by the Rev. G. H. Johnstone, Thomas Steel Phillips to Mary Ann Keene.
PHILLIPSON—LEVIEN—June 8, by the Rev. T. Kemmis, N. E. Phillipson to Zilah Levien.
READ—YATES—May 30, by the Rev. W. Rodgers, William Charles Reed to Rebecca Emma Yates.
REID—MORRIS—June 2, by the Rev. J. Hay, Alexander Reid to Frances Montgomery Morris.
RICHARDS—ERRIDGE—June 1, by the Rev. G. Preston, Tregarthen Davies Richards to Mary Jane Minnie Erridge.
SEABERG—CROWTHER—June 6, by the Rev. G. Preston, Alexander Seaberg to Rachel Crowther.
SHAW—SCOTT—June 8, by the Rev. Canon Selwyn, Bowyer E. Shaw to Mary Scott.
SPRAGG—POWELL—June 3, by the Rev. Canon Moreton, John Edward Spragg to Clara Powell.
WAKELY—ANTCLIFF—June 9, by the Rev. W. H. H. Yarrington, George Henry Wakely to Anne Antcliff.
WELCH—RIDING—May 27, by the Rev. T. Johnson, Henry Daniel Welch to Martha Riding.

DEATHS.

BANKS—June 13, Waterloo, Elizabeth Banks, 31.
BATMAN—June 13, Campbelltown, Elizabeth W. Batman, 50.
BETHEL—June 7, Ultimo, Mary Ann Bethel, 76.
BODY—June 9, Sydney, William Body, Sydney, 34.
BRISCOE—June 8, Sydney, Mary Ann Briscoe, 28.
BULLEN—April 1, France, Ellen Maria Bullen, 76.
CHAMPAIN—May 8, Fielding Gilbert Champain, 10 weeks.
CLARK—June 6, Botany Heads, Isabella Clark, 4.
CLIVE—June 13, George Clive, 75.
CROFT—June 5, Leichhardt, Ada Croft, 9 years 2 months.
DAVIDSON—June 6, Manna Field, Jane Davidson, 59.
DEANE—June 4, Burwood, Mary Elizabeth Constance Deane, 40.
ETHERIDGE—At Sydney, William Sydney Etheridge.
FENNELL—June 7, Sydney, Patrick Fennell, 85.
FLOWER—June 15, Sydney, Una May Flower, 3 years.
GRAHAM—June 5, Cobar, John Aitken Graham.
GRAY—June 9, Sydney, Captain W. D. Gray, 58.
HOUSTON—Feb. 22, Sydney, Agnes Holmes Houston, 70.
HOUSTON—May 2, Sydney, Gavin Houston, 70 years 8 months.
HUGHES—June 15, Pyrmont, Margaret Hughes.
HUNT—June 11, Cook's River, Charles Hunt, 61.
LAING—June 10, Isabella, wife of James Laing, 46.
LOSEBY—June 2, Sydney, George Loseby, 8 months.
LOWE—May 21, Goulburn, Mr. William Lowe, 50.
LOVETT—June 8, Botany Road, Mr. George Lovett, 65.
MAIDMENT—May 28, Pyrmont, Elizabeth Maidment, 28.
M'ATEER—June 12, Redfern, Michael M'Ateer, 21.
MILLS—May 14, Queensland, Gwendolyn Nelson Mills, 5 years.
M'MASTER—June 10, Sydney, Minnie M'Master, eight months.
NICHOLS—June 14, Sydney, William Nichols, 26.
OXFORD—June 11, Waverley, Emanuel Oxford, 36.
PAPPIN—June 13, Burwood, Josephine Louise Pappin, 80.
POWELL—June 9, Young, Mary Jane Powell, 26.
POWELL—June 12, Petersham, Mrs. A. Powell, 72.
PRIESTLY—June 4, Surry Hills, Reginald Priestly, 2 years 3 m.
PRINCE—May 22, Goulburn, Richard Prince, 66.
RHODES—June 14, Sydney, Mrs. Mary Rhodes, 68.
SEIDEL—June 14, Waverley, Lucy May Seidel, 17 months.
STAMMERS—June 13, Balmain, Mrs. G. Stammers, 29.
SLEATH—June 12, Cook's River, Jane Sleath, 23.
SMITH—March 31, England, Matthew Smith, 61.
SMITH—June 8, Surry Hills, Mr. John Smith, 66.
SQUIRE—June 7, Sydney, Thomas Squire.
SUTTON—April 27, Canada, Thomas Sutton, 79.
TARGETT—May 11, Sydney, Edward Fuller Targett, 20.
TRAVERS—June 8, Gosford, Alfred Benjamin Travers, 44.
UNICUME—June 4, George Unicume, native of Cambrook, 62.
WALFORD—June 8, Hay, Lionel Harry Walford, 5 months.
WALKER—March 21, Canada, Mr. John Walker, 81.
WEARNE—June 7, Liverpool, Mabel Wearne, 2 years.
WHEELER—June 8, South Colah, Ann Wheeler, 65.
WHITE—June 9, Sydney, Henrietta Francis Theresa White, 48.
WILKINSON—June 6, Balmain, Mary Charlotte Wilkinson, 77.

The consumption of cigars in the United States last year amounted to the enormous total of 2,082,356,362, or an average of fifty cigars for every head of the population. Computing the cost of cigars with that of wheat, it is stated to be equivalent to two-fifths of the value of the entire consumption of the latter. The cigar consumption has increased since 1874 at the rate of nearly 60,000,000 cigars per year.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—PRE-EMINENTLY THE COD LIVER OIL FOR USE IN INDIA, AND IN WARM CLIMATES.—Joseph J. Pope, Esq., late Staff-Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London, writes:—"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of Dr. De Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. Further, I have noticed the important fact that Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil, besides containing all the active constituents of the remedy, is easily assimilated, without the stomach derangement so frequently following the use of the ordinary oils. The value of 'hydrocarbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The oil of Dr. de Jongh places in every one's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised." Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists and druggists. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London. Agents at Sydney, Elliott, Brothers.—ADVT.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

The following is the report of the Senate of the University of Sydney for the year 1879:—

"1. The Senate of the University of Sydney, in pursuance of the Act of Incorporation, 14 Victoria No. 41, has the honour to transmit the account of its proceedings during the year 1879, for the information of his Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council.

"2. Fifty-eight students out of a total of 68 who presented themselves were admitted to matriculation after having passed the statutory examination. Of this number three were allowed exemption from attendance on lectures, it having been certified by the examiners that in their case the concession was warranted by their attainments, and that the attending circumstances justified it.

"3. The following is the list of honours obtained by undergraduates:—(a) 'Gilchrist' scholarship (tenable at the University of London)—Wilkinson, W. C. (b) Scholarships for general proficiency: 1st year—Rennie, G. E., Flint, C. A., Butler, F. G. 'Levey' Scholarship, for proficiency in natural science in the second year—Cribb, W. P. 'Lithgow' Scholarship, for proficiency in classics in the second year—Cribb, J. G. Cribb being the holder of two other scholarships, it was awarded to King, R.U. 'George Allen' Scholarship, for proficiency in mathematics in the second year—Cribb, J. G.; Cribb being the holder of two other scholarships, it was awarded to Macmanamey, J. W. 'Cooper' Scholarship, for proficiency in classics in the third year—Badham, L. B. L., and Owen, H. P. (prox. acct.). 'Barker' Scholarship, for proficiency in mathematics in the third year—Cullen, W. P. 'Deas-Thomson' Scholarship, for proficiency in chemistry and experimental physics in third year—Bowman, A. 'Renwick' Scholarship for proficiency in Natural Science in the third year—Cullen, W. P. (b) The 'Salting' Exhibition was, on the recommendation of the trustees of the Sydney Grammar School, awarded to Rennie, G. S. (c) Bursaries were awarded as under:—'Maurice Alexander'—Somerville, G. B.; 'W. C. Wentworth, No. 1'—Addison, G.; 'E. M. Fraser'—Leigh, F. B. (d) At the yearly examinations in Trinity Term, the following undergraduates obtained first classes in the several schools:—First year: Classics—Cribb and King. Second year: Badham, Owen (prox. acct.), Lindsley. First year: Mathematics—Cribb, J. G. Second year: Chemistry and Geology—Bowman, A.; Campbell, G., Cullen, W. P., æq. First Year: Experimental Physics—Cribb, J. G., Ralston, A. G., M'Lelland, H. Professor Smith's Prize for Chemistry and Experimental Physics: Cullen, W. P. (d.) The following degrees were conferred after examination: M.A.—Edmunds, W.; Mullins, J., Coghlan, C., M'Donald, J. M., Merewether, W. L., Smyth, F. L., Waugh, R., Steel, R. B.A.—Allen, R. C., Bohrsmann, C., Cohen, J. J., Edwards, R., Fletcher, F. E., Fletcher, J. A., Flynn, J. A., Fosbery, E., Fuller, G. W., Higgins, M. S., M'Donagh, J. M., M'Intyre, T. A., M'Leod, J., Quaife, W. F., Waldron, G. C. K., Williamson, M. A. (e). At the public examinations held in Sydney and in the following centres—Brisbane, Ipswich, Toowoomba, Grafton, Bathurst, East Maitland, Newcastle, Goulburn, Albury, Kiama, Terrara, Jamberoo, and Queanbeyan, of the candidates who presented themselves the following passed successfully, viz.:—Seniors, 64; juniors, 218. A complete analysis of the examinations will be found in the 'Manual of Public Examinations' hereto appended.

"4. It is with deep regret that the Senate has to report the deaths of the Hon. Sir Edward Deas-Thomson and Professor Pell, two members of their body; the former of whom was one of the original Fellows, and filled the offices of Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor for thirteen and three years severally; the latter, who was the first professor of mathematics in the University, and held that position for 25 years, and for two years after his retirement from the professorial chair sat as an elective Fellow. At convocations held for the election of their successors, the Hon. Frederick Matthew Darley, B.A., and Mr. Alexander Oliver, M.A., were chosen to fill the vacant seats.

"5. A by-law was passed by the Senate declaring the Professor of Geology and Mineralogy, Archibald Liversidge, Esq., to be a Fellow of the Senate under the Act of 1861.

"6. The rules and regulations for conducting the public examinations have been under consideration, and several changes, relating principally to the grouping of the subjects, have been made. The Board of Examiners has also been considerably enlarged.

"7. The Senate has much pleasure in announcing the following donations to the University during the year:—1. A sum of £1000 from Patrick A. Jennings, Esq., in aid of the fund for procuring an organ for the Great Hall. 2. A second sum of £1000 from Mrs. Maurice Alexander, for establishing in the University an endowment in memory of her late revered parents, Isaac and Dinah Levey, and of her late husband. The persons for whose benefit it was designed to be, young men who shall have gone through the regular University course, and shall have passed the statutory examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University and graduated with credit to themselves, and who shall then be desirous of entering a liberal profession, but be without sufficient means to bear the cost of the necessary preparation and superior instruction. 3. A sum of £125 from Mr. Arthur Renwick, for the purchase of a rare and valuable work by Professor Lepsius, entitled 'The Antiquities of Egypt and Æthiopia.' 4. A sum of £50 from Mr. Justice Faucett, to be awarded as a prize at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Laws. The donor has signified his intention to give this prize for three years.

"8. With a view to allow an undergraduate to devote the third year of his University course to the study of a special subject, it has been determined that a by-law shall be framed whereby candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, who have passed in first-class honours at the second year's examination in classics, mathematics, and natural science, shall be admitted to that degree, provided that they shall then also succeed in obtaining first-class honours in one of those subjects.

"9. A proposition for the foundation of a Scholarship for the sons of Freemasons has been made to the Senate, and the Chancellor is in communication with the District Grand Master of the order as to the terms of the deed of foundation.

"10. Appended is an account of the receipts and disbursements of the University during the year, certified by the auditor, the Hon. Geoffrey Eagar.

"HUGH KENNEDY, Registrar.

"University, 7th March, 1880."

BOROUGH COUNCILS.

ALEXANDRIA.—The usual fortnightly meeting of the Council was held on the 2nd June. Present—The Mayor, Mr. C. B. Henderson, with Aldermen Madden, Jesson, Wood, M'Namee, Osborne, and Hannon. Minutes of preceding meeting read and confirmed. A letter from Mr. E. Endicott, tendering his resignation as foreman of works, was read and received; letter from Mr. J. Thorn, calling the attention of the Council to the state of the footpath, corner of Raglan and Gerrard streets, was received, and the matter left in the hands of the Mayor; letter from Mr. S. Lofts, asking permission to cut a hole in the kerb to drain his premises in Wyndham-street, was received, and the request granted; a circular from the Municipal Council of Albury was read, soliciting the co-operation of this Council in procuring an amendment of the Municipalities Act. Moved by Alderman M'Namee,—"That the letter be received, and the Mayor appointed a delegate as requested." Carried. Letter from Mrs. M'Nish was read, calling the attention of this Council to the stench arising from the drain at the rear of her property; also offering to contribute the sum of £50 towards covering in same. Moved by Alderman M'Namee,—"That the letter be received, and the Council-clerk instructed to write to Mrs. M'Nish and ask if she is willing to pay half the cost in the event of the Council agreeing to do the work." Carried. Letter from Mr. L. Hiles, in which application was made to have the footpath in front of his property in Buckland-street asphalted; also agreeing to pay one-third the cost of doing same. Letter received, and the request complied with. The Chairman of the Finance Committee, Alderman Madden, then submitted a report, recommending the payment of sundry accounts amounting to £74 3s. 4d., which was adopted. The Mayor reported that great inconvenience was felt through the irregularity of the omnibuses plying from Waterloo, and suggested that immediate action should be taken, whereupon it was ultimately decided the Mayor invite the co-operation of the Mayor of Waterloo in the matter. Alderman M'Namee called the attention of the Council to the nuisance caused by the culvert at the corner of Raglan-street; as also the nuisance of night-carts being driven through the streets between the hours of 6 and 7 in the morning. The report of the inspector of nuisances for the past fortnight was read and received. The further consideration of plan and specification for new Council-chambers was proceeded with, and ultimately it was decided that the Mayor interview an architect, and procure plan and specification for a building at a cost not exceeding the sum of £1000.—JAMES JONES, Council-clerk.

WOOLLAHRA.—The monthly meeting of this Council was held on 4th June. Present—the Mayor (Mr. W. J. Trickett), Aldermen Mitchell, Sladen, Oatley, and Brodribb. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed. The report of the Finance Committee was read and adopted. The monthly reports of the Council-clerk, overseer and inspector Long, were read and passed. The monthly report of the inspector of nuisances being read, instructions were given for the removal of waterclosets stated therein to exist in Lancaster Villas and its vicinity; and that proceedings be commenced against the proprietors of the Adelaide Brewery for a nuisance caused by the discharge of liquid therefrom, reported on as injurious to health. A petition, signed by Mr. O. H. Lewis and others, for the making of that part of Ocean-street north lying between William-street and the Beach, Double Bay, was acceded to, and money voted therefor. Correspondence—Letters from the Councils of Paddington and Waverley, assenting to the proposal made by this Council, for a bill to be prepared enabling the several Councils to recover part cost of kerbing and guttering and asphalte pavement. Resolved—"That the Mayor, Aldermen Neild, and Sladen form a committee to confer with committees from the other Councils on the matter." A circular letter from the Council-clerk, Albury, requesting the co-operation of this Council in a proposed endeavour to obtain an Amended Municipal Act. Resolved, that the Mayor be the delegate from this Council to any conference meeting on the subject. A protest from Mr. F. J. Jackson against the existing kerb alignment of his frontage, Darling Point, was received. An application from Mr. W. Shepherd for the opening of Swamp-street, Double Bay, was referred to the Ward Committee. A letter from Mr. J. H. Maddocks, respecting the alignment of land about to be fenced in by him on Bellevue-hill was received, and instructions given to inform him that he must rely upon his deeds. A motion tabled by Alderman Neild was moved in his absence by Alderman Mitchell, seconded by Alderman Brodribb, and carried,—"That the sum of £25 be voted as a contribution to the funds of the Woollahra Volunteer Fire Brigade." A public lamp was ordered to be erected in Rush-street.—SAMUEL SYMONDS, Council-clerk.

Cardinal Newman has sustained a deep bereavement in the death of Monsignor Russell, the President of Maynooth College, which took place on February 26 in Dublin. Dr. Russell was one of the moderate school of ecclesiastics, who looked upon varied learning as the natural ally of theology. He was probably one of the most precocious students of Maynooth, which he entered in his fourteenth year, already learned enough to outshine some of the young gentlemen in minor orders; and successively he filled the highest scholastic places in the gift of the Irish Roman Catholic hierarchy.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The annual meeting of the members and associates of the Pharmaceutical Society of New South Wales was held, in the board-room of the institution, Phillip-street, yesterday afternoon. Mr. F. Senior, president of the society, occupied the chair. There was a good attendance of members.

Mr. W. T. PINNEY (the secretary) submitted the annual report, which was as follows:—

"Your Council in presenting this their fourth annual report have considerable gratification in being enabled to state that the past year has been one of prosperity, and that the money placed at their disposal has enabled them to form a reserve fund to meet emergencies, or to make purchases as opportunities offer advantageous to the interests of the society.

"Your Council are of opinion that the time has arrived when the chemists ought to possess the power of self-government; in other words, power to admit into their ranks only those who have acquired sufficient knowledge in the leading branches appertaining to and inseparable from the legitimate carrying out the practice of pharmacy with comfort to the chemist and security to the public.

"Your Council trust the ensuing year of the society's operations will form an era in the history of pharmacy, for the long required and ardently desired Pharmaceutical Bill will in all probability soon be laid before Parliament. Its object will be to raise the status of the chemist, and give assurance to the public that in future none but those qualified to deal in or dispense medicines will be permitted to do so. The Pharmaceutical Bill will have, inter alia, this beneficial effect; for it contains a clause bearing upon the necessity of those who may be desirous of commencing business undergoing an examination in chemistry, pharmacy, and materia medica, which, if carried out, will meet one of the grand objects the founders of this society had in view, and the education and qualification of the chemist will be clearly defined.

"The Medical Bill brought before Parliament for the second time, by Dr. Bowker, is for the present shelved; but your Council felt constrained to petition against the last clause of section three of that measure, because it had a tendency to interfere with the rights and privileges secured to the chemist and druggist under the Apothecaries Act of 1815.

"Your Council are of opinion that it would be well if an arrangement were entered into with the University for special lectures to be given there on chemistry, pharmacy, and toxicology. This subject will be brought up for discussion at an early date.

"Your Council have to acknowledge with gratitude the gifts of valuable books from Messrs. W. H. H. Lane, A. J. Watt, L. B. Bush, T. Humphreys, your secretary, and others; which have enabled your Council to invest a sum which would otherwise have been expended in adding to the collection of standard works now in your library.

"Your Council have instituted a minor examination for associates, and a major examination for members. Every candidate will be expected to be able to translate medical prescriptions, to be acquainted with a certain amount of practical pharmacy, as well as conversant with toxicology.

"The following have been selected as text-books for examination—'Proctor's or Redwood's Pharmacy,' 'Pereira's Selecta è Prescriptis,' 'British Pharmacopœia,' 'Squire's Companion to the British Pharmacopœia,' 'Attfield's or Bowman's Chemistry,' and 'Bentley's Botany.'

"Your Council would impress upon all chemists and druggists that the Pharmaceutical Society is for the protection of the chemist, and to study his interest; they therefore trust that by and through your continued support your society may be further benefitted, and its usefulness extended, involving as it does the welfare of the public, upon whose patronage and confidence all are dependent for success.

"During the year four vacancies in the Council have occurred, these were filled by the appointment of Messrs. William Larmer, William Pratt, Edward Row, and John C. Burrell, but their seats becoming vacant at the expiration of the year, notification to that effect was made by advertisement, and the following gentlemen have given the required notice to fill the vacancies, viz.,—Messrs. William Larmer, William Pratt, Edward Row, John W. Guise, and J. C. Burrell.

"The honorary treasurer will now lay before you the balance-sheet, duly audited, which your Council trust will be gratifying to all concerned."

The report was unanimously adopted.

The Treasurer's financial statement showed that the receipts for the past year amounted to £269 10s. 11d., which included a balance of £75 11s. 7d. brought forward from the previous year. The sum received during the past twelve months in subscriptions was £163 10s. The expenditure for the year reached £82 1s. 2d., leaving a credit balance of £187 9s. 9d.

Messrs. William Hume and J. Henry were elected auditors for the current year.

A vote of thanks was accorded to the Council for their services during the year. Messrs. W. Larmer, W. Pratt, Edward Row, and J. W. Guise were elected members of the Council, the first three being re-elected.

The CHAIRMAN returned thanks on behalf of the Council, and bore special testimony to the exertions of Mr. W. T. Pinney on behalf of the society. In alluding to the various matters touched upon in the annual report, the chairman said that he could not help thinking that some of their brethren who from various causes had withdrawn from the Council would be rather astonished to find the society at its fourth general meeting in such a prosperous state, considering the lukewarmness the society had met with until the last twelve months. In proof of this prosperity he drew attention to the following facts:—They would see by the audited account-sheet that the income from fees was doubled, and that the sum of the invested funds, though small, was increasing. They had purchased, and had now on order many of the latest works, both English, American, and foreign, on subjects pertaining to pharmacy. They had had several valuable gifts of books from kind well-wishers, and had now ordered from America a large quantity of specimen bottles, with which to commence the formation of a pharmaceutical museum. He thought they would allow these were all marks of progress in their young society. (Hear, hear.) And the time had now arrived to make another progressive step, as their confrères in other parts of the world had done. By the kind assistance of the Government they were taking measures for the introduction of a new Pharmacy Bill, which would no doubt raise their status, and benefit their fellow-colonists by educating a more scientific body of dispensing chemists; and already they have evidence of a better class of youths seeking admission into the society. As there seemed in the minds of some of their brethren, a doubt as to what effect on their business Dr. Bowker's bill would have, they thought proper to petition against it, and for the present that bill seemed to have dropped out, though he should hope before long, the Government would be induced to introduce one, when he trusted no undue interference would be made with their privileges. He would advise all those who had not yet joined the society to do so at once, as it must be evident to every intelligent pharmacist that each year would necessitate their examinations being of a more stringent character, and he felt sure that all those who really felt an interest in pharmacy would have no difficulty in going through the curriculum laid down, and to which they were determined to adhere. He could not conclude without taking the opportunity of thanking the older society of Victoria for the interest they took in the society by regularly sending to them their examination papers and periodicals, and he hoped this kindly sympathetic feeling would always exist. (Hear, hear.)

The meeting then closed.

FORESTRY.

On Tuesday evening last a very enjoyable reunion took place at the Lord Nelson Hotel, Crescent-street, Balmain, the occasion being the opening of a new court in the Sydney District Ancient Order of Foresters, in connection with the High Court in England. The whole of the district officers, and some forty leading members of the order, attended. At 8 o'clock, the preliminaries being arranged, Bro. E. Dadd, D.C.R., ordered the examination of visitors, and then opened the new court, which is called "Foresters' Home," on the dispensation of which bear, as founders, the names of Messrs. Jones, Wheeler, Fletcher, Slater, Hall, and Corrigan. The declaration of the D.C.R., that the Court was legally established was received with cheers. The D.C.R. then initiated the candidates to the number of twenty-one, which, however, comprised only a part, as many were unable to attend then, but will be initiated the next meeting night. The very impressive ceremony of initiation was ably performed by the D.C.R., assisted by P.D.C.R's. J. Slade, J. Corrigan and J. Hurst. The new members seem a superior and promising body of young men, and the new court may consider itself fortunate in having so good a sample to start with. After the election the officers were installed by the D.C.R. as follows:—C.R., Bro. E. Jones; S.C.R., Bro. F. Peace; Bro. T. T. Wheeler, secretary; Bro. W. A. Jones, treasurer; Woodwards, Bros. J. Parkes and M. Burns; Beadles, Bros. R. M'Grath and E. Holt. The C. R. then returned thanks to the district officers and visitors, and the court was duly closed. The members of the new court then invited the district officers and visitors to a collation, at which the chair was taken by Bro. E. Dadd, D.C.R.; and the vice by Bro. E. Jones. After the usual loyal toasts had been rightly honoured, Bro. Slade proposed the High Court of the A. O. F., which was responded to by Bro. E. Dadd in a very able and lucid manner, stating the Ancient Order of Foresters had, at the last published returns,531,176 members with a capital of £2,702,120, which he considered very satisfactory, and would bear a favourable comparison with any friendly society. The Vice then proposed "Our Visitors," which was responded to by Bro. J. Corrigan, P.D.C.R., Bro. J. Slade, P.D.C.R., Bro. Pearce, P.C.R., Bro. Dear, P.C.R., Bro. Hurst, P.D.C.R., and others, which brought a very pleasant meeting to a close, and one to be remembered in connection with the Ancient Order of Foresters.

CRUELTY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I have noticed three cases of cruelty in this city lately. Some days ago, in a yard near Alger's Wharf, a horse was being beaten with a whip, and was struggling violently; the lash fell steadily, and had been doing so for some time. No. 63 hansom cabman struck his horse severely with the lash over the head, eyes, and ears, and finished by several heavy cuts over the body. The horse was quiet, or an accident might have happened. The whip was quite new, and I should like to know why such heavy thongs are required for hansom cab horses? To-day, in William-street, one horse out of a team of six, drawing a heavy load, had its nose bleeding, either from work or from punishment.

WM. S. WALKER.

St. Albans, William-street, Tuesday evening.

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NEW CALEDONIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NOUMEA, JUNE 9.

His Excellency Governor Olry is expected on the 8th instant, from a three weeks' tour of inspection through the colony. This will probably be the last undertaking by him prior to his early departure for France. Of Governor Olry the colony will long retain a grateful remembrance. Rarely has one of its Governors taken so practical an interest in the requirements of the place—personally visiting all parts of the country, no matter at what inconvenience, such as frequently swimming through rivers and encountering difficulties such as are to be met with in a land only half reclaimed from a savage state. He has, by numerous long journeys on land and voyages by sea, become acquainted with the necessities of the place in such a manner as will enable him to give the most valuable advice respecting the colony on his return to France. The timely and generous aid given after the hurricanes; the visits he made throughout the country districts to see and judge for himself the extent of their ravages; many liberal and much-needed reforms instituted by him—one of the latest being the new land regulations—all carried out in the least demonstrative spirit, have won for him very general esteem, which is increased by the well-known fact that never in the history of the colony has any Governor had to contend with such an accumulation of adverse influences, natural or artificial. Scarcely had he taken the helm when the terrible native revolt burst out, commercial and mining depression were at their lowest stages; then trying seasons for the settler, capped by the late terrible hurricanes—all these influences have united to render his post one of unusual trial and difficulty. But he has kept the helm firmly and courageously, and steered the vessel in such a manner as must ever secure for him the highest approbation from all interested in New Caledonia, his departure from which will be deeply regretted by many, by all who value one in whom confidence can be placed.

Instructions have been received from France prohibiting the execution of any convict, for no matter what crime, until all documents in connection with his case have been sent to and reported upon by the home authorities.

With respect to the treatment of convicts, the French authorities are going—so far as the interests of New Caledonia are concerned—from bad to worse. As reported by me last year, the difficulties of dealing with the very worst and most dangerous class of prisoners here were tenfold increased by the prohibition of the employment of the lash—the only valuable means of appealing to the feelings of crime-stained natural scoundrels. They have only physical feelings. The local effect of this absurd regulation has been to increase the number of "evadees" (escaped prisoners) to such an extent that the country is beginning to swarm with them. The majority of these men are condemned to life imprisonment. For evasion they have five years added to their sentence. At this they only laughed of course—some have over 200 years sentences! —and also at their keepers when they choose to set them at defiance, their only punishment being confinement, and consequently rest from hard work in the scorching sun. With the abolition of capital punishment—for the new regulation will virtually amount to this, a French criminal rarely, if ever, being executed after the lapse of six months—this colony will receive one of the direst blows that could be inflicted upon it, and soon it will be necessary to go revolver in hand when beyond the limits of the town. Governor Olry stepped into a country just bursting into a terrible revolt. His successor will have a graver difficulty to encounter, unless wiser counsels prevail in France, and they give up the absurd idea of dealing there with questions of local interest, which can be so much more fittingly dealt with upon the spot by the responsible officers of the Government. The position of the directors of the New Caledonian Penal departments is becoming one of such difficulty that soon it will be hard to find capable men to undertake the responsibility.

Fortunately for the Australian colonies, the effect is not likely to prejudice them, so long as escaped convicts do not on reaching Australia meet with any but such a reception as they deserve, and may be taught to expect. But woe betide New Caledonia! Good shots and active temperaments may congratulate themselves.

Very heavy rains continue to fall at frequent intervals. So wet a season has not been known for many years, and sad results are expected by many cultivators.

By the very liberal new land regulations of Governor Olry, land can be now secured in New Caledonia from the Government as follows:—By direct purchase at 24 francs (19s. 2d.) per hectare (two acres and a half), payment in twelve years. Thus, 5d. (five pence) per hectare annually for the three first years; 1 franc (10d). for the following three years; 2·50 francs (2s. 1d.) the next three years; and four francs (3s. 4d.) for the remaining three years. All free immigrants, are to have the gratuitous concession of three hectares; families of four persons to have the right to five hectares; military and naval officers, soldiers and sailors, and other Government functionaries, to have the same right, if, on the termination of their engagements with the Government, they decide to fix their residence in the colony. Three hectares to be given to the orphans reared in the orphanages of the colony, on the majority of the boys or the marriage of the girls; the same to all legitimate children born in the colony, beyond the limits of the "Commune" of Noumea. Such a generous disposal of the lands of the colony should tend to develope a valuable class of settlers in a country well adapted for the production of tropical and semi-tropical produce. Coffee especially should become a valuable industry here. The splendid plantations at Canala, of Mr. Lawrie, a gentleman from South Australia, and others of less extent, but equally flourishing, already prove the suitability of this country for the valuable berry.

On the 8th June, at 9.30 a.m., the signal of a ship on the reef was run up at the semaphore. The senior naval officer of the station immediately made preparations to go to the vessel's relief, and applied for orders. After some hours, instructions not to move were sent him by the Acting-Governor, Colonel Outrey, Governor Olry being absent. Consequently the steamer remained at anchor. The Beanteuaps Beaupret, war steamer, was also ready for dispatch at a moment's notice, but no orders were issued. At 10 a.m. official intimation of the vessel being on the reef was sent to the British Consul, accompanied with the statement from the Acting-Governor, that he "took no active action in the matter in consequence of the 'insouisaance' [easy indifference] of the consignees of the vessel supposed to be English." The captain arrived in Noumea this afternoon, and states that had a vessel been sent to his help any time yesterday he could have got off the reef with the loss of a few sheets of copper only, an opinion shared by the pilot. This fine barque, almost new, is named the Australian Sovereign, owned by Edward King, of the Hunter River, with 5590 bags flour, insured for £3500 in Lloyds', and classed A1, value, £5000; cargo valued at £7500, and insured for full value in the South British Insurance Company: captain, Martin Berry. The vessel was sold by auction for £92, and cargo for £140, to Morgan and Gillies; four upper tiers of cargo undamaged up to afternoon of 9th. Vessel wrecked on the Soudnois patch, a large and dangerous reef, where the New Zealand ketch Pearl struck two months ago. Though there is very seldom any break on this patch, it is not marked by either buoy or beacon, and lies right in the entrance. Captain and chief mate (who holds a captain's certificate) were on the fore yard at the time and saw nothing until vessel struck. Pilots did not come to ship until an hour after she struck, though by harbour regulations the pilot cutter is bound to cruise outside the reef from sunrise to sunset. Captain avers he had been warned in Adelaide that Noumea pilots never did board a ship outside the reef, so he steered for the passage. Hoisted pilot flag at 7 a.m.; pilot came off at 10.30 a.m.

This deplorable event will be a cause of deep regret to Governor Olry on his arrival here to-morrow, as it is to the naval officers who were so desirous and ready to go to the vessel's rescue. Much indignation is expressed, and unmeasured astonishment, at the fact of the vessels in harbour prepared to go to the distressed ship's aid being prevented. The whole thing seems inexplicable. The Consul was not communicated with until the vessel was a hopeless wreck. Hitherto the most cordial and generous aid has always been extended to vessels in distress by this Government, and there is not the least doubt but—granted the captain's opinion being correct—that the vessel would now be safely in harbour had the Governor not been absent. Some of your readers may imagine that in such a case of urgency, and where no other means of aid exist, the captain of the Government vessel might have proceeded to the rescue without orders. The rules of the service are so severe that, desirous as was every one on board, from the commandant down, to go at hot speed to save the vessel, the responsibility was too grave a one to undertake without the order which was expected as a matter of course, when every one on board was held in readiness for instant service. The delay of over twenty-four hours in communicating with the consul is as inexplicable as the prevention of the steamer going to the rescue—a treaty of June, 1879, providing that in case of a vessel grounding on the shores of either France or England, or any of their territories, the speediest possible notice of the event is to be forwarded to the consul representing its nationality.

In one of your contemporaries was published, on the 4th instant, a statement that—"After a desperate outbreak of convicts at Boularpari, 150 made their escape," &c., &c." "50 native police and others in pursuit," and so on. Further, that one of our leading merchants "was shot at in his store, but the assassin escaped." This sensational paragraph is, by fact, reduced to the following:—In the beginning of May, a Government boat was stolen from Boularpari. On the 22nd of the same month a small coaster—the Julia—found the said boat in the possession of four convicts, who had been at large twenty-one days. They had nothing to eat but a few pumpkins, and a jar of water to drink. An old piece of sack tied by withes—"lianes"—to a stick, formed their only sail. Delivered to the authorities, their captors received the usual reward of £2 per head. No outbreak whatever took place at Boularpari amongst the few prisoners stationed there.

Mr. Carter, whilst seated in his office some weeks ago, was astonished by the entrance through the wooden walls of a pistol bullet. Whence it came no one has ever discovered. It may have been an accidental discharge from some incautiously-handled weapon.

The weather having continued calm, a large quantity of the flour on board the wreck of the Australian Sovereign has been saved in perfect condition. The ship's material will also be nearly all secured, if the present still weather lasts. Heavy rains have fallen at frequent intervals since my last, accompanied by little or no wind.

Respecting the wreck of the Australian Sovereign, the captain of the port states that the vessel was seen at 7 a.m. by the pilots, who immediately went out to meet her, contending against squally weather and head wind. The captain of the Australian Sovereign attempted the pass, and struck on the patch which is indicated on all the charts. Observing this, the pilot cutter entered by a nearer channel, and came up to the vessel as speedily as possible, rendering all aid in its power. The pilot states that had the captain stood off and on but a very short time he would have made up to him and taken him through the pass, which is really a fine entrance to any one acquainted with it. Captains unacquainted with the pass had better wait until they are sure the pilot is coming ere attempting it themselves. In this instance but little time could have been lost in waiting, as the vessel struck at half-past 9 a.m. At 7 a.m. it was first seen by the pilot, and estimated to be ten or twelve miles distant—close enough, too close, for a strange vessel to be at sunrise to a terribly dangerous reef.

The City of Melbourne (s.), which arrived with her usual punctuality, brings despatches from France which will detain Governor Olry here for three or four months, till his successor arrives. This will be to the manifest gain of the colony.

11TH.

The Australian Sovereign, lightened by the large quantity of flour recovered during the last day or two, and favoured by the almost unprecedented calms which have prevailed, floated this morning off the patch on which she struck, and preparations are being made to tow her if possible to Noumea.

WEST MAITLAND.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

WEST MAITLAND, TUESDAY.

The second lecture of the winter series arranged by the committee of the School of Arts was delivered in the hall of that institution on Thursday evening, and was numerously attended. The lecturer (Mr. Herbert V. Wigg) entertained his audience for about two hours on "A Night in the Speaker's Gallery of the British House of Commons." The lecture was entertaining and instructive, and the frequent applause that came from those present was an evidence of their appreciation that must have been highly satisfactory to Mr. Wigg. The next lecture will be given in a fortnight's time by the Rev. John Gibson, of Dungog; the subject being, "The Aborigines of New Zealand and Australia."

The members of St. Paul's choir and the bellringers, together with about sixty of their friends, were entertained at a picnic at Dagworth, on Thursday last, by the Rev. John Shaw and his good lady. The day proved a lovely one, and the drive out was a treat. A pleasant time was spent by those present amongst the delightful scenery that abounds in every part of the locality. Games of all kinds were provided for young and old, and all the good things imaginable were placed on the tables at dinner-time for the comfort of the guests and their friends.

A correspondence has cropped up in the *Mercury* through a letter that recently appeared in one of the Sydney dailies, in reference to the way things were managed by the committee of the Benevolent Society on the occasion of the presentation of an address and testimonial to a certain lady, and the public are beginning to feel interested in the affair. The writer of the letter and others aver that sufficient money to defray the cost of an address and testimonial to this lady was not subscribed; and, to make ends meet, some members of the committee proposed to take the balance out of the funds of the society. This proposition was strongly opposed by others, when, eventually, another expedient was said to be resorted to, viz., carrying the testimonial subscriptions to the ordinary income, in expectation of receiving pound for pound from Government. The secretary of the institution (Mr. Briggs) has denied that this was done, and says that a trifle over the cost of the testimonial was subscribed. He forgot, however, according to other writers, to mention anything about the address (a very costly affair), and also to give a definite statement about the Government subsidy, and he is now asked for a further explanation of the matter.

A cheap and apparently very efficacious plan for watering the streets of the borough, and which at the same time would always be handy in cases of fire, has been submitted to the Council by Mr. J. M. White, surveyor; and from the tone of the remarks of most of the aldermen, it is probable that the scheme will be carried out without much delay. There is one portion of Mr. White's scheme, however, with which I do not agree, and that is the site he proposes. There is just as much reason to erect waterworks at the bone-mill, or Smyth's, or half a dozen other places along the river bank, as at the brewery; and although Mr. White states that he has visited those places, and found none of them as suitable as the spot behind the brewery, I think better reasons than those yet put forward by that gentleman should be given to the Council before they commit themselves to any particular site.

The lad Warbrook, who received some dreadful injuries the other day through a dray loaded with stone passing over him, died yesterday from the effects of the injuries received.

THE REPORTED MASSACRES AT MANDALAY.—Some days ago (says the *Times of India* of April 24) we remonstrated with the Calcutta papers for publishing sensational telegrams from Burmah, which were most obviously untrue. They not only killed the King of Burmah, but they sacrificed 700 human beings, chiefly girls. But monarchs, even in Mandalay, do not die in this hole-and-corner fashion, and a telegram from a paper of the calibre of the Rangoon journals is scarcely high authority on a matter of this importance. Some native at Mandalay originated, we presume, the story of the King's death and the massacres, and as the story rolled it swelled into the "Terror at Mandalay," until the Calcutta papers were hoaxed into writing formal obituary notices of King Theebaw. We are now able to formally deny what we before pointed out as self-evidently false. Messrs. Wallace and Company favoured us yesterday with the following letter, which may be taken to settle the question:—"With reference to the rumours of disturbances at Mandalay that have been published recently in some Indian papers, we have received the following telegram from one of our firm at present in Mandalay:—'King of Burmah is in perfect health, has never been ill, is holding two audiences daily. Mandalay perfectly quiet. There have been no massacres.'" And yet the most ample details and ghastly have been supplied! The *Statesman's* correspondent at Rangoon throws additional light on the matter. He telegraphs under date 22nd April:—"There is no reliable Mandalay news except that it seems that Theebaw is alive. Human sacrifices are denied, but many people are said to be missing, and the panic is general at Mandalay. The Burmese Government ascribe it to four drunkards having seized some people and committed robbery. They were ordered to be publicly beaten round the city. It is thought here that such a panic could hardly be caused by four drunkards, and that the stoppage of trade would not have ensued without reasonable cause."

UNRESERVED Sale of superior household furniture, pictures, glass, plate, pianoforte, &c., this day, at 11 a.m., at Pembroke College, Randwick. 'Bus from the Exchange at 9.30 a.m., 10 a.m., 11 a.m. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, auctioneers.—ADV.

Calls on Shares.

KIAMA AND GERRINGONG MILK-CONDENSING, CHEESE, and BUTTER COMPANY (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of the Prospectus, a Call of five shillings per share, on allotment, is now made, and must be paid at the Company's office, 247, George-street, Sydney, on or before SATURDAY, the 10th of July next.
By order.
THOS. MOSER, Hon. Secretary.

Exhibition Notices.

SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
A MEETING of the COMMISSION for the above will be held at the Offices, at 3.30 p.m., on FRIDAY next, the 18th instant.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
Committee No. 16, on Judging and Awards, will MEET at the Office of the Commission, at 11 a.m., on FRIDAY, the 18th instant.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1880.
NEW SOUTH WALES COMMISSION.
Intending Exhibitors at the above Exhibition are urgently requested to forward, at their earliest convenience, their Applications for Space.
Printed forms, with all necessary particulars, can be obtained at the Office of the Commission, 153, Macquarie-street.
Exhibitors are reminded that all expenses connected with the forwarding to and from the Melbourne Exhibition of approved exhibits will be borne by the Commission.
CHARLES E. HOTHAM, Secretary to the Commission.

THE Executive Commissioner, Dr. RENWICK, will be in attendance at the Offices of the Commission, 153, Macquarie-street, every lawful day (SATURDAYS excepted), from 2 to 4 p.m., to confer with any person desirous of obtaining information in connection with the forthcoming MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
The Executive Commissioner requests that all correspondence connected with the Commission may be forwarded to the Office, 153, Macquarie-street.
CHARLES E. HOTHAM, Secretary to the Commission.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION COMMISSION.
NOTICE TO EXHIBITORS.
EXHIBITS may be delivered at the South End Basement of the GARDEN PALACE, to the care of Mr. H. G. KING.
CHARLES E. HOTHAM,
June 10, 1880. Secretary to the Commission.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION COMMISSION.
In order that definite allotment of space applied for by Exhibitors may be determined by the Executive Commissioner, intending Exhibitors are urgently requested to forward their applications without delay.
CHARLES E. HOTHAM, Secretary to the Commission.
June 10, 1880.

Musical Instruments.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
PIANOS, PIANOS, PIANOS.
A large assortment, ex recent arrivals, affording buyers a choice of instruments from the most renowned makers (guaranteed genuine), embracing instruments of the HIGHEST CLASS, unsurpassed for TONE, POWER, FINISH, and DURABILITY, and UNEQUALLED for VALUE.
Also,
AMERICAN ORGANS and HARMONIUMS.
All pianofortes sold at this establishment are carefully examined and properly tuned by a competent pianoforte mechanist before they leave the premises, and purchasers from the country may rely on obtaining a sound instrument that will give them every satisfaction.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers, Spring and O'Connell streets.
Principal entrance to Show Rooms from O'Connell-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
ELEGANT WALNUT PIANOFORTE, by CARL RONISCH, iron bound, trichord, full compass, brilliant in tone, only two months in use; price, only £45.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
WALNUT PIANOFORTE, by BORD, full compass, trichord, only £2[2]; good value for the money.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
SPLENDID RICH TONED WALNUT SEMI-GRAND PIANOFORTE, by Bord, suitable for concerts, full compass, trichord, embodying all the latest improvements; price, £50.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

FOR PRIVATE SALE,
A new shipment of HAGSPIEL and REUSCHPLER'S HANDSOME Walnut SEMI-GRAND PIANOFORTES.
These CELEBRATED instruments are noted for their BRILLIANCY of TONE and EXQUISITE FINISH.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, a Brilliant-toned Walnut PIANOFORTE, by Erard, trichord throughout, celeste pedal, and all the latest improvements, cost £90; guaranteed perfectly sound and in good order; price, £50. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Spring and O'Connell streets.

AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT. BEFORE PURCHASING, SEE THE ESTEY ORGANS, UNSURPASSED IN THE WORLD.
ALWAYS EXHIBITED, BUT NEVER FOR COMPETITION.
THE BUSINESS OF PURCHASING AWARDS LEFT TO OUTSIDERS.
ORGANS FOR PARLOURS.
ORGANS FOR CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, OR SHIPS.
FROM 13 to 150 GUINEAS.
THE ESTEY IS THE ONLY APPROACH TO THE PIPE ORGAN.
TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL LEADING MUSICIANS.
EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED, AND MAY BE HAD IN TIME PAYMENTS.
TURNER and CO., 358, GEORGE-STREET, SOLE AGENTS FOR THE ESTEY AMERICAN ORGANS.

"NEW ENGLAND ORGAN COMPANY'S" CABINET ORGANS.
FOR THE PARLOUR, SCHOOLROOM, CHAPEL, OR CHURCH.
Secured FIRST PRIZE Sydney International.
These ORGANS have received THREE GOLD MEDALS within the past eighteen months, and at BOSTON MECHANICS' FAIR, U. S. A., a FIRST GOLD MEDAL OVER ALL COMPETITORS, for smoothness, evenness, superior power, and volume of tone, and all important requisites which make this THE ORGAN that now leads the world.
Since AUCTION SALE we are opening FRESH STOCK, which, in order to CLOSE SHIPMENTS, we are prepared to offer TO THE PUBLIC at EXTREME DISCOUNTS for CASH.
At our SHOWROOMS we have the LARGEST and GRANDEST DISPLAY of AMERICAN GOODS in the AUSTRALIAN colonies. Critical examination is solicited. PRICE LISTS and CATALOGUES sent POST FREE on application to the SOLE AGENTS for Australian colonies,
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., York-street, Wynyard-square.

W. H. PALING, PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE, 352, George-street.
ERARD'S PARIS PIANOFORTES have gained the TWO FIRST PRIZES in THE FRENCH COURT.
Agent: W. H. PALING.
PLEYEL'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, non-competitive, but unsurpassed.
Agent: W. H. PALING.
W. BELL and CO.'S CANADIAN ORGANS have gained the FIRST and SPECIAL PRIZES over all others.
Sole Agent: W. H. PALING.
PALING and COMPANY'S RENOWNED PIANOFORTES have GAINED ANOTHER PRIZE at THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
W. H. PALING, 352, GEORGE-STREET.

PIANOFORTE for SALE, superb walnutwood Cottage, full trichord, 7 octaves, iron frame, brilliant tone; an astonishing bargain. 332, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

PIANOFORTES, &c., Repaired and Tuned, by H. W. Loveday. W. Bullard's music warehouse, 342, George-st.

FOR SALE, Cottage PIANOFORTE, first-class condition, cheap. Next Schoolhouse, Missenden Rd., Newtown.

SUPERIOR ERARD PIANO, cost £100, will take £50; must be sold. 197, Castlereagh-street.

BRINSMEAD, Erard, Collard, Broadwood, and other first-class PIANOS for Sale. M. Younger, 47, Castlereagh-st.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD AND SYDNEY MAIL.
ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED BY
Gordon and Gotch, 353, George-street, opposite Post
W. B. Lee, Hunter-street, near Castlereagh-street
George Wallace, 113, King-street
F. J. Barker, 85, Sussex-street
John E. Spragg, Oxford-street
W. Adams, 90, Central Oxford-street
Thomas Pierce, William, Yurong, and Stanley streets, Woolloomooloo
R. Lawrence, 68, Oxford-street
H. Richardson, Paddington and Woollahra
W. J. Small, Balmain
Wm. Nash, Haymarket, opposite Joint Stock Bank
W. Belbridge, Balmain
R. West and Co., Newtown and Cook's River
Mrs. Hinchcliffe, Waterloo
A. W. Mihell, Botany Road, Redfern
J. Collis, 205, George-street West
R. Iredale, 142, Oxford-street, next Commercial Bank
George Hill, 794, George-street
J. J. Cooper, opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Glebe Road and Railway Bridge, Parramatta-street
J. Walton, Bookstall, Redfern Station
Thomas E. S. Ellis, 477, George-street, near Bathurst-street
S. Fuller, Petersham
W. Johnson, Elizabeth-street South, Strawberry Hill.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail HERBALISTS, treat all diseases. 240, George-street N.

ALLEN, Silk, Wool, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer and Hot Presser. Gent.'s Clothes scoured daily. 324, Castlereagh-st.

A. COX, Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer, and Hotpresser, 61, William-street, Woolloomooloo; 855, Railway Bridge; and 50, Hunter-st. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed daily. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

A. TORNING, Decorative Artist, Banner, Transparency, and Panorama Painter, Sign-writer, Gilder and Engraver on Glass. Plain house painting, glazing, and paperhanging. N.B.—Figures, Landscapes, Flowers, &c., executed for the Trade.
26, O'Connell-street, Sydney.

A CARD.—The FIRST PRIZE and Highest Award for Mechanical Dentistry at the SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—The N. S. Wales Agricultural Exhibition Medals for 8 years successively, the London International Gold Medal and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth have been gained by Mr. John Spencer, against all competitors. Painless extraction by nitrous oxide gas.
Mr. JOHN SPENCER, 41, Wynyard-square North.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above made on the latest English principles should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, from London, who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by the Nitrous Oxide Gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultations free at Mr. Carter's residence, 32 (late 26), College-street, Hyde Park.

BOOKS POSTED or BALANCED, Accounts made out or collected, by an experienced bookkeeper; terms moderate; highest references. A. Tapsell, 12, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

CENTRAL HOUSE and LAND AGENCY.—F. B. HALES, 317 (late 309), George-street, over Millett's.

EYE, EAR, and THROAT SPECIALIST.—Dr. SPARK may be consulted at 26, College-street, Hyde Park.

ESTABLISHED 1812.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists. Diploma Dental, 1830. Artificial Teeth, first-class work; gold employed, 20-carat. Teeth plugged with gold. Teeth extracted painless. 174, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's.

FUNERALS.—WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Cedar Merchant, Sawmill, &c., Bathurst and Pitt streets.

FRANCIS ABIGAIL, Boot and Shoe Upper Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Leather and Grindery Store, 589 and 591, George-street, Sydney.

G. F. MASON, Importer, N. Z. Kauri Timber Merchant, Shipping and Commission Agent, Patent Slip Wharf.

HAROLD BREES, appointed by the Hon. MINISTER for LANDS a CONTRACT DRAFTSMAN, ESPECIALLY FOR THE PUBLIC, in connection with Surveyor-General's Office. 352, George-street, over Mountcastle's. Harold Brees.

HOTELS, BUSINESSES, &c.—OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street, invite persons wishing to secure businesses of any description to make application to them, when reliable information will be given, free of charge.

HORACE WOOLNOUGH AND COMPANY, 53, York-street, Wynyard-square, Sydney. WAREHOUSEMEN.
Importers of

Straw Hats	Felt Hats
Flowers and Feathers	Shirts and Shirting
Ribbons and Trimmings	Flannels and Manchester.

INEXPENSIVE MOURNING, as well as the richest qualities, can be supplied by E. WAY, 261, Pitt-street, in correct taste, and at a great saving in price. Dressmaking, Millinery, &c. E. WAY, Importer of Mourning Goods.

J. LAWLER, Importer and Manufacturer of brass and iron bedsteads and children's cots, palliasses, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, blankets, sheets, counterpanes, mosquito curtains, and valances. J. Lawler, 608, George-street.

LEE and ROSS, Steam Printers, Stationers, &c., 53, Market-street, Sydney.

MR. THOMAS EVANS, Surgeon, recently Clinical Assistant at the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, may be consulted on Diseases of the Eye, Daily, from 10 a.m. until 2 p.m., at 4, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street.

OSBORN.—Dining, Drawing, and Bedroom Furniture, covered and polished cheaply; mattresses remade. 50, Hunter-street.

PHOTOS., 5s. per dozen, 3s. 6d. half, at Yates's, 416, George-street. No. 2 B patent Lens (Dallmeyer) for Sale.

PHRENOLOGIST HUME, 120, Market-st., world-repute, reads character correctly. Parents bring children.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE, 139, Macquarie-street South. Cases of every description attended to; secrecy observed.

PRIVATE Detective Office, 228, Castlereagh-street.—All class of work undertaken; confidence and mod. charges.

R. BUTCHER and CO. have for SALE:—Bulk Brandies, dark and pale; Hennessy's single and treble star; largest Key Geneva; John Jameson's old mellow Whiskies; Pig Stout, &c., lowest market rates. 534, George-st., opp. Town Hall.

RATES PAID and Votes Registered for 1s., by G. F. Thurston, house agent, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

REPAIRS, Clothes Wringers, Mangles, Churns, Store Trucks. JOHN TORR, Steam Mill-street, off Bathurst-st.

SYDNEY CARPET-BEATING GROUNDS, Rushcutter Bay. Charles Artlett, upholsterer.

TRADESMEN'S BOOKS posted by competent bookkeeper, at mod. charge; strictly confidential. Clerical, Herald.

THE MORNING'S NEWS is to be had in THE ECHO. Price one penny. Published every afternoon at 3.30. Office, O'Connell-street and Hunter-street.

W. PRITCHARD, LAND SALE AUCTIONEER, and AGENT for TRUST ESTATES.
Agent, also, for the Letting of HOUSE PROPERTIES, FACTORIES, and every other description of Leasehold or Freehold.
The Sale of Businesses, Manufactories, and Hotels, negotiated with fairness in all details to both vendor and purchaser.
Land Sale Rooms, 289, George-street.

Stock, Shares and Money.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES, 220, Market and Castlereagh streets.
The operations of this Company embrace the following branches:—
1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchange discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies, bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also, on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates purchased, or advances made thereon as required.
All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.
D. BARNETT, General Manager.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. REAL AND PERSONAL ADVANCE COMPANY, 124, Oxford-street.
Office Hours, 9 to 5; and in the evening on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, from 7 to 9.
The Company advances upon ANY REASONABLE SECURITY offered, and repayments can be made at 6d in the £, if desired.

Persons borrowing £10	receive £3		
"	"	20	" 18
"	"	30	" 28 10s
"	"	40	" 38
"	"	50	" 48

And larger amounts at the same ratio, or other arrangements of repayment could be made in ANY WAY to suit the borrower.

METROPOLITAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION (Limited),
246, PITT-STREET, Sydney, nearly opposite School of Arts.
LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Freehold and Leasehold properties. Repayments 5s per week on each £100 borrowed. Interest on loans for building 8 per cent. per annum on the net amount due at commencement of each year.
No entrance or application fees. No premiums, discounts, or back payments. BORROWERS PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS.
ROBERT W. CONWAY, Manager.

TO SMALL FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD PROPRIETORS.
MONEY LENT on Mortgage of properties in sums from £5 to £500, upon the weekly, monthly, and quarterly repayment system.
Money lent on deposit of deeds, without the necessity of a mortgage, for short terms.
Apply to the Manager, UNION LOAN, MORTGAGE, and DISCOUNT COMPANY, 760, George-street, Haymarket.

MONEY advanced from £5 and upwards, on deeds (leasehold or freehold), cattle, farms, bills of sale without possession, machinery, stock, reversionary interests in the colonies or Europe, repayable by quarterly, monthly, or weekly instalments, or otherwise, to suit applicants.
All communications, either personal or by letter to the manager, strictly confidential.
UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY, 760, George-street (Haymarket), 3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons'.
NOTICE.
For convenience of borrowers, the Company's Offices are open IN THE EVENING twice every week, viz., MONDAY and SATURDAY, from 7 TO 9.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BENEFIT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—£40,000 to LEND on Freehold and Leasehold Securities.
Apply at the Society's Offices, 171, York-street.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK, 125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, next St. James's School.
First established in Sydney.
MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments.
BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession.
Advances made upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, merchandise, bonded certificates, trade bills, &c.
Forms may be had gratis.

SEVERAL Sums, from £100 to £1400, to Lend on Mortgage. ROBBERDS, 73, Castlereagh-street.

TO LEND, £5 to £500, personal security, repayable by instalments. J. G. READ, 492, George-street.

TO LEND, on Mortgage, freehold or leasehold, £30,000, in sums from £100 to £10,000, at current rates of interest. Apply to WILLIAM JARETT, 171, York-street.

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS to be advanced on approved security. Mr. Godfrey, solicitor, 53, Elizabeth-st.

FOR SALE, 10 SHARES in No. 4 Starr-Bowkett Society. Apply Starr, Herald Office.

REQUIRED, 100 JOINT STOCK BANK SHARES at 15½; 50 NEW SOUTH WALES at 50 6-8. Cash, Post-office, Paddington.

TO LEND £18,000 on mortgage, from £150, at current rates. FORBES, MILLS and CO., 89, King-street.

TO LEND, £15,000 in one or more sums, on mortgage. D. M'ALLISTER, Accountant, 89, Pitt-street.

Horticulture, Farming, &c.

BONE DUST.—Bone Dust, best quality, in any quantity, lowest price. W. Harris, Haymarket.

Tenders.

BRICKS, TENDERS for supply of first or second hand. Address Cash, Dalveen's Northern Hotel, George-street, Charlotte-place.

BOROUGH OF THE GLEBE.
TENDER FOR LOAN.
NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of the Municipal Council of this Borough, at the expiration of fourteen days from this date, to borrow FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS (£5000) by DEBENTURES of £100 each, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum. The interest to be payable half-yearly, at the Town Hall, Glebe, on the 1st day of July and January, in each year.
The above Loan to be applied to permanent improvements within the Borough.
The debentures to be made payable at the Town Hall, Glebe, as follows:—£1000 on the 1st of July in the years 1883, 4, 5, 6, and 7, in each year.
The said Loan to be secured on the Town Hall Buildings and Premises, Forest Lodge.
D. J. O'CONNOR, Council Clerk.
Town Hall, Glebe, 17th June, 1880.

TO PAINTERS AND CONTRACTORS
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until 3 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, for Painting the whole of the Iron Railings, Gates, &c., round the Wynyard-square Reserve, in accordance with the specifications to be seen at the City Architect's office, Waterloo-chambers.
CHAS. J. NEWALL, Secretary.
Assistant Town Clerk's Office, Town Hall, Sydney, 17th June, 1880.

TO ENGINEERS and BOILERMAKERS.
TENDERS are required for the Construction of a Marine Boiler for a steamer in New Caledonia. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned, who will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
MEYERFELD and CO., 16, Macquarie-place.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Purchase and Removal of the old Buildings on that extensive block of land bounded by Kent, Bathurst, and Sussex streets, by the undersigned, on or before the 19th instant. Full particulars can be obtained and plan of buildings inspected, at the Rooms, Pitt-street.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received until SATURDAY, 26th INSTANT, for the erection of a SHOP and DWELLING, at Petersham. Plans, specifications, and all particulars, may be obtained at the office of
FERDINAND H. REUSS, Jun., Architect and Surveyor, 141, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received until SATURDAY, 26th JUNE, for the erection of a BRICK HOUSE at REDFERN. Plans, specifications, and all particulars, may be obtained at the office of
FERDINAND H. REUSS, Jun., Architect and Surveyor, 141, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received up to 26th JUNE, for the erection of TWO WEATHERBOARD COTTAGES, at BALMAIN. Plans, specifications, &c., may be obtained at my office.
FERDINAND H. REUSS, Jun., Architect and Surveyor, 141, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received until SATURDAY, 26th June, for the Erection of a Weatherboard Cottage at Bondi. Plans and specifications, &c., at my office, 141, Pitt-street.
FERDINAND REUSS, jun., Architect, opposite City Bank.

TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS will be received up to THURSDAY, 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a Villa at Ashfield. Plans and specification at my office, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.
ALBERT BOND, Architect.

TENDERS.—Drain Pipes, at reduced prices, 3-inch, 4d; 4-inch, 4½d; 6-inch, 6d; 9-inch, 1s; 12-inch, 1s 6d; 16-inch, 3s; 18-inch, 4s. Chimney Pots, 4s. CONLON and COTTER'S Pottery, Broughton-street, Glebe.

TENDERS required for Building a BOAT, for steamship TASMAN. Particulars can be obtained on board the vessel, at the Grafton Wharf.
T. and W. WILLIS, 15, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS invited until MONDAY, 28th instant, for separate Trades of Two Houses, North Shore. Plans, &c., at my Office. JOHN E. BROWNE, Architect and Surveyor, Vaughan's-chambers, 142, King-street.

TO MASONS and BRICKLAYERS.—TENDERS for Brick Cottage and Foundation at North Shore. Plans and specification at 136, Campbell-street, near Riley-street.

TO MINERS.—TENDERS required for sinking a coal shaft, about 45 miles from Sydney. Apply 55, Elizabeth-st.

TENDERS for Plumbing and Gasfitting House at Marrickville. H. COURTNEY, near Petersham Railway Station.

TO STONEMASONS.—TENDERS wanted, for Foundation, labour only. J. C. Smith, Petersham Station.

TENDERS for Stone Work, also Carpenter's Work. Apply 56, Fitzroy-street.

TENDER.—General repairs wanted done, papering, painting, &c.; 2nd cottage Alma-lane, Stanmore Rd. Pearse.

WHOLE or Separate TENDERS are invited, till the 28th instant, for Erection and Completion of SHOP and two Dwellings, Rowntree and Bay streets, Balmain; labour and materials, or labour only. Plans, &c., with E. H. Buchanan, architect, Snail's Bay, Balmain.

BLACKFRIARS. BLACKFRIARS.
UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE, NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 p.m., ON THE GROUND.
BUILDERS, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and Others Obtain Lithographs, and Inspect Property.
LOTS RE-MARKED. BUILDINGS BEING ERECTED on different parts of the property.
NOTE THE TERMS—10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT, Balance at 6½ per cent. TORRENS' TITLE.
New Lithographs now ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

Horses and Vehicles.

AMERICAN BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.
TROTTING SULKIES.
Parties in search of a thoroughly genuine and good article would do well to inspect our stock of American Buggies, Carriages, or Express Waggons, before purchasing elsewhere.
Also,
LARGE ASSORTMENT BEST AMERICAN HARNESS.
SHOWROOMS, WYNYARD-SQUARE.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers only.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!! CARRIAGES!!!
FIRST and SECOND PRIZE MEDALS at the GARDEN PALACE EXHIBITION.
JOSEPH OFFORD, of LONDON, ONE of the BEST CARRIAGE MAKERS in ENGLAND, has been awarded ELEVEN MEDALS for EXCELLENCE of MANUFACTURE, and a FIRST and SECOND PRIZE at the GARDEN PALACE EXHIBITION, SYDNEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS for the COLONIES, and are PREPARED to take ORDERS.
ADVICES RECEIVED of the FOLLOWING to ARRIVE PER ANN DUTHIE, daily expected.
1 BLACK and GREEN LANDAULETTE
1 GREEN BLACK and GREEN CANOE LANDAU
1 DITTO CAB
SINGLE and DOUBLE HARNESS
PATENT INDIA RUBBER BREAK BLOCKS.
ALSO, per STEAMER NORFOLK, daily expected, 3 LANDAUS.
PATTERN CARDS may be HAD on APPLICATION.
PALMER and THOMPSON, 113, PITT-STREET.

H. SAMWELLS, Carriage Builder, Little Flinders-street, Melbourne, calls special attention to his PATENT TWO-WHEELED BROUGHAM, lately exhibited at the Showrooms of Messrs. Haining and Schimel, coachbuilders, Castlereagh-street, imported by the agents to the order of J. Harris, Esq., M.P., Sydney.
Orders for similar vehicles received by the agents,
DRYSDALE and ROBERTS, 387, George-street.

FOR SALE, a single-seated American BUGGY, Horse, and Harness, lately used by our town traveller. The buggy is light, elegant, and strong; and the horse well-bred, fast, high-stepping, a good hack, and quiet; will be sold either together or separately, cheap. Apply DRYSDALE and ROBERTS, 33, Pitt-street North.

FOR SALE, a light Bay HORSE, black points, 4 years old, perfect model, quiet, and sound; trial in harness, thorough good buggy horse. Apply Starkey's factory, Castlereagh-street, Redfern.

FOR SALE, a gentleman's HACK, quiet. Apply from 11 till 12, Wilkes' Hotel, Elizabeth-street.

WAGGONETTE.—Wanted to purchase, for immediate cash, a First-class Passenger Waggonette to carry 10, in good order and condition. Address V. B., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, excellent Buggy HORSE, a dead bargain, £8. Mona House, Wynyard-square.

ABBOTT (style) Tray BUGGIES, single and double. KEAREY, BROTHERS, Importers, 252, Pitt-street.

AMERICAN BUGGIES and Phaetons, a large assortment on hand. KEAREY, BROTHERS, 252, Pitt-street.

BUGGIES, Sociables, and Express Waggons, our own make, in stock. KEAREY, BROTHERS, 290, Pitt-street.

HORSES CLIPPED with speed and workmanship, or no charge. M'Carty and Co., 161, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE, a pair of splendid buggy PONIES, good match, 3 years old. W. D. Macquarie, 321, George-street.

WANTED to PURCHASE, a Butcher's CART. Miller, butcher, Paddington.

CHESTNUT good Van Horse, ton trial in sand, £15; bay quiet Buggy Horse, £10. KNIGHT.

NEW SPRING-VAN, stanch Horse, and Harness, £24; Spring-cart, Horse, and Harness, £15. KNIGHT.

NEW Double-seat Buggy, £32; single Buggy, £20; new Pagnel Cart, £20. KNIGHT, Castlereagh-street.

HOODED Waggonette, leather braces, £40; new Express Waggon, £30; Dogcart, £18; Spring-cart, £12. KNIGHT.

BROWN COB, first-class weight carrier, good jumper, £18; small Pony, used to children, £10. KNIGHT.

HORSE, SADDLE, and BRIDLE for SALE, a bargain. 171, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, country HORSES, suitable for buggy, cab, or spring-cart; good trials. 707, George-street.

FOR SALE, a useful HORSE, will suit a dealer. A. Small, Kent-street North.

SALE or EXCHANGE, new and second-hand CARTS and VANS, cheap. Coleman, Sussex-street North.

WANTED, to purchase, a Butcher's HORSE and CART. 140 Woolloomooloo-street.

Businesses for Sale.

JOSEPH and CO. have for SALE, Lease, License, Goodwill, and Furniture of LORD LOFTUS HOTEL, Liverpool and Riley streets; bargain, easy terms.

JOSEPH and CO. have for SALE, Lease, License, and Furniture of GAP HOTEL, Watson's Bay; low rental, easy terms.

FOR SALE, Confectionery and Fruit BUSINESS. 109, George-street West.

TO IRONMONGERS.—For SALE, STOCK-IN-TRADE and GOODWILL of Ironmongery Business, doing a good trade in a thriving town in South Australia. Apply to Joseph Anderson, Mount Gambier; or, to
FRANCIS CLARK and SONS, Grenfell-street, Adelaide.

BRISBANE, QUEENSLAND.—For SALE, a first-class, well-established, and paying BUSINESS; magnificent premises; rent nominal, price low; thoroughly satisfactory reasons for selling. R. Hutchins and Co., New Zealand Insurance Company's Buildings, Queen-street, Brisbane.

PRINTERS.—The GOODWILL and PLANT of the most complete Theatrical and General Jobbing Office in the Colonies, for SALE through the ill health of the proprietor. Address Charlwood and Son, Bourke-street, Melbourne.

TO PRINTERS and others.—For SALE, a country NEWSPAPER, with a fair circulation, advertisements, and jobbing business. Good reasons can be given for disposing of the same. To a steady pushing man with small capital this offers an excellent opening. For particulars apply to GORDON and GOTCH, 357, George-street.

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
For SALE by TENDER, the Stock-in-Trade, Fixtures, Book Debts, Lease of Premises, and Goodwill of the BUSINESS of WILLIAM FORD and CO., 67, Swanston-street, Melbourne.
TENDERS for the above are hereby invited to be sent in not later than 12 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 29th June instant, addressed to Felton, Grimwade, and Co.
The Stock has been lately taken and valued, with Fixtures, at £4650. Book Debts, as per list, say £1400.
This is one of the oldest established Family and Dispensing Chemist's businesses in Melbourne, having been started over thirty years ago by the late William Ford.
The premises are commanding, centrally situated, opposite the Town Hall, the very best stand in Melbourne for a first-class retail business. The lease has 3½ years to run, 6 months at £500 per annum, and 3 years at £550. A large portion of the premises are sublet for offices.
Terms, £2000 cash, the balance by approved bills extending over eighteen months, bearing interest at 8 per cent. per annum.
For stock lists, list of book debts, and form of tender, apply to
FELTON, GRIMWADE, and CO., 31, Flinders-lane West; or
J. K. BICKERTON, Attorney for Executor of the late William Ford, Queen-street, Melbourne.
Each tender must be accompanied by marked cheque to the amount of 10 per cent. of sum offered.

LAW BUSINESS for SALE, in the country, on the most liberal terms. Immediate possession can be given. All communications strictly private. Address Law, Herald Office.

TO RESTAURANT-KEEPERS and others.—I have for immediate SALE a BUSINESS in the above line, and in one of the best stands in the city. To be sold as per inventory; first-class premises. Apply E. RAMSAY, Business Agent.

TO BOARDING Establishment-keepers.—A very superior Business in the above line for Sale. Cards, Ramsay.

AT Macquarie-street North.—A Boarding ESTABLISHMENT for Sale cheap, first-class business. E. Ramsay.

A SMALL GROCERY BUSINESS and Goodwill for SALE; good stand. Apply Miller's Road, No. 5.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT, in a central position, near Wynyard-square, containing 15 rooms. As the house has been long established and has a very good connection, parties seeking a really first-class paying business should not lose this valuable chance. Terms if required. Oatley and Cahill, auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

FOR SALE, the GOODWILL and part Furniture of WENTWORTH HOUSE, Church Hill—that long-established first-class boarding house.

RACING CLUB HOTEL, Oxford-street.—LEASE, License, Goodwill, and Furniture will be SOLD by auction, on FRIDAY next, at 3 o'clock, unless sold privately.

BOARD and LODGING ESTABLISHMENT for SALE, cheap; centrally situated; averaging 24 in number each day; rent, 42s 6d; lease about 3 years; price £160. E. RAMSAY, Business Agent, George and King streets.

BUER and CO.—HOTELS from £60 to £2000; call early, and inspect the register. 71, Pitt-street.

BUER and CO., Hotel Brokers, offer HOTEL, £100; landlord ran over last night. Call at once.

SNUG Grocery BUSINESS for SALE. Apply Gowrie and Newman streets, off Erskineville Road, Newtown.

FOR SALE, an Aerated Water, Gingerbeer, and Cordial MANUFACTORY. Elliott Brothers, 112, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a snug little Butchering BUSINESS. Apply No. 60, Kensington-street. Everything complete.

FOR SALE, small grocery and drapery BUSINESS; good position in city, well-assorted stock; open for a fortnight. South, G. P. O.

FOR SALE, that well-established Tobacconist BUSINESS, 88, Oxford-street. Apply to the proprietor.

A WELL-ESTABLISHED Ladies' SCHOOL for SALE, a few miles from Sydney. Fides, Herald Office.

BOOT MANUFACTORY.—For Sale, complete Plant, consisting of Cutting Press, Rollers, Blocking and Punching Machines, Wax, Elastic, Howes' Machine, Lasts, Knives, and every requisite. Richard M'Coy, George-street.

Auction Sales.

FIRST-CLASS PASTORAL PROPERTY.
The well-known TILBUSTER STATION, situated in one of the best Wool-growing Districts in the Colony, only about five miles from Armidale, and without exception one of the MOST COMPACT PROPERTIES IN THE NORTHERN INTERIOR, with STOCK, &c.
By order of the Mortgagee.
FRIDAY, 2nd July, 1880.
BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Hall of Commerce, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of July, 1880,
The famous TILBUSTER STATION, well and substantially improved;
together with
5,000 sheep, of an excellent description
14 head of cattle
1,280 acres of freehold land
410 acres of con. purchased land
and about
10,000 acres of Crown lands.
Terms at sale.

T. COSGROVE has received instructions from J. Tate, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A grand nuggety dray horse, subject to trial.

3 COUNTRY HORSES.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions from D. Kelliher, Esq., of Shellharbour, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
3 upstanding horses, in top condition, amongst which is one blood bay gelding, 4 years old, with black points, broken to saddle and harness, a fast trotter, all over a gentleman's horse, worthy the attention of all lovers of horseflesh.

POWERFUL DRAUGHT HORSE.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions from D. Frazer, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A powerful draught horse, 4 years old, sand trial, or 12 bags of corn up King-street.

GRAND SOCIABLE or MATCH CARRIAGE MARE.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions from John Tate, Esq., of Jamberoo, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A chestnut mare, 5 years old, by Trump Card, thoroughly made to saddle, single and double harness.
This mare is invaluable for family work, being stanch, quiet, active, and very stylish looking.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.
Livery in this department, charges moderate, and best of forage.

Fresh Country Horses.
At Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 17th instant.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from J. V. Cooper, Esq., Willeroo, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday, the 17th instant, at 2 o'clock,
30 head of broken and unbroken horses, consisting of heavy draught colts and fillies, by Nelson (imp.), Conqueror (imp.), Dennington (imp.), Clinker, and King of the Ring; some of which are subject to trial. Light harness and saddle horses, by Scamp and King Victor; as well as several suitable for van or omnibus work.
The above lot will be found equal to any that Mr. C. has previously sold; and being so well known it is hardly necessary to invite intending purchasers to show their presence at the sale.

HANDSOME PAIR CARRIAGE HORSES.
GEORGE KISS has been favoured with instructions from Thomas Walker, Esq., Concord, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
A pair of bay geldings, thoroughly broken to harness, step and go well together; very quiet and staunch.
N.B.—These horses are being sold because the owner has two pairs and only requires one.

TWO HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from George Walton, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
Two heavy draught horses, thoroughly broken to harness, and subject to any trial.

DRAUGHT MARE.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from W. Johnston, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
A well-bred mare, 5 years, by Cleveland, broken to harness, and would suit for breeding purposes.

PAIR HARNESS HORSES.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 12 o'clock,
A fine upstanding pair of chestnut geldings, well matched, good goers, broken to saddle, single and double harness.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, on the Premises, 16, Surry-street, Darlinghurst.
R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant for rent (unless previously satisfied),
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and effects.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1428033

Auction Sales.

To Brewers, Quarrymen, or Heavy Carriers.

THREE POWERFUL DRAUGHT HORSES.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Three powerful draught horses, from Richmond, staunch in collar, and subject to trial.

☞ The above horses are now on view at the Bazaar.

Buggies, Sociables, Waggonettes, Pagnel Carts, &c.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Two new and second-hand sociables
Six new and second-hand buggies
Two waggonettes and harness
Two patent safetys, with license
Pagnel carts, new and second-hand.

Horse and Carriage Bazaar.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts (late Gibson's), and 185, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Horses, vehicles, &c.; and at Camperdown any afternoon.
☞ The forage of best description, charges moderate, and every attention paid to stock for sale.

MORT AND CO.'S ANNUAL SALE of PURE BRED STUD SHEEP will take place on THURSDAY, 15th JULY next.
Full particulars will shortly be published.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 17th June, at 11 o'clock,
72 prime fat bullocks, for George Sheppeard, Esq.
400 prime fat crossbreds, for A. Boothe, Esq.
And at Ellis and Co.'s, at 2.30,
100 prime fat lambs, for T. B. Gadon, Esq.
Prime fat sheep, for F. M'Farlane, Esq.

10,000 RIVERINA EWES.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have for Private Sale, travelling towards Dubbo,
The above, in the wool.
The ewes are a superior lot, from a first-class station, and will be delivered any reasonable distance.
Also,
500 superior Riverina rams
1000 ditto Warrah bred ditto

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from James York, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock.
200 prime fat bullocks, in lots, from Inveralochy, per rail, from Goulburn.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from M. Parker, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1800 prime fat wethers, in lots, from Tougby.

TRADE NOTICE.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, MINCHIN, and LAVENDER will sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, THIS DAY, 17th instant, at usual hours,
1000 prime fat wethers from the Murrumbidgee.

FAT SHEEP. FAT SHEEP.

JOHN BRIDGE has received instructions from Henry Melton, Esq., to dispose of by auction, at the Homebush Sale Yards, THIS DAY, at 11.30,
500 prime fat wethers.

Fat Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, and Calves, for THIS DAY.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, at 11 o'clock,
On account of John Arndell, Esq.,
125 head of prime fat bullocks.
On account of Alfred J. Doyle, Esq.,
193 head of prime fat cattle.
On account of George J. Morrice, Esq.,
100 prime wethers, trucked at Mossvale.

FAT SHEEP AND LAMBS, at ELLIS and CO.'S.

THIS DAY, at half-past 2.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at half-past 2,
On account of Thos. H. Browne, Esq.,
500 extraordinary prime and weighty wethers, from Pullaming, the heaviest sheep offered in the market this year, and grand quality.
Also,
40 grand lambs, for Mr. G. T. Loder, Wylie's Flat
100 ditto ditto, for Mr. Underwood, Liverpool Plains.

PURE-BRED IMPORTED PIGS.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY (Thursday), at his Stock Sale Yards, 827, George-street, at 2 o'clock,
6 young pure-bred imported pigs.

MILCH COWS. MILCH COWS. MILCH COWS.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction at his Stock Sale Yards, 827, George-street, THIS DAY (Thursday), at 11 o'clock,
80 splendid milch cows, with calves at foot, springers, and dry cattle.

THURSDAY'S WEEKLY STOCK SALE.

INGLIS'S STOCK SALE YARDS, 827, GEORGE-STREET.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Stock Sale Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday, at HALF-PAST 1 O'CLOCK SHARP,
30 very prime FAT CALVES, from Messrs. C. and H. Dunn, Picton
30 ditto ditto, from M. Butler, Esq., Woodland
30 ditto ditto, from Marulan
100 prime FAT LAMBS, from Bathurst
100 FAT PIGS, from Picton and Goulburn
50 STORE PIGS, per rail.
Also.
50 very prime FAT SHEEP, from Mrs. W. Moore, Raby.

Important Unreserved Sale of Milch Cows, Springers, Store and Fat Cattle, Horses, &c.

ELLIS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at Tottenham Park, St. Marys, South Creek, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd June, at 12 o'clock,
30 really first-class milch cows
40 springers
200 head mixed cattle, from 1 to 4 years old
20 ponies, all broken to saddle, single and double harness, Shetland and Timor breed
10 first-class draught horses
300 sheep and lambs; pigs, carts, drays, harness, plough, harrow, roller, and a lot of farming implements, &c.
For further particulars see future advertisement.

STOCK SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street South, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock sharp,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, &c.
30 prime fat calves, from T. Shanahan, Esq.
20 ditto ditto, per rail and steamer
20 prime corn-fed porkers, from C. Tildsley, Esq.
20 ditto ditto, from W. Robinson, Esq.
50 ditto ditto, from D. O. Reidewalt, Esq.
50 prime fat lambs, per rail.

ELLIS and CO. have received instructions from Thomas Shanahan, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
20 prime fat bullock, per rail.

To Dealers and Others.

JOSEPH J. ROBERTS has received instructions from the Commissioner for Railways to sell by auction, at the Railway Goods Shed, Redfern, on TUESDAY, July 6, at 10 o'clock sharp,
Lost property.

Fat Calves. Fat Lambs. Fat Sheep.

JOSEPH J. ROBERTS will sell by auction, at his Yards, 705, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock sharp,
50 prime fat lambs, 50 prime fat sheep
20 prime fat calves.

BEEF and MUTTON.

At Darling Harbour Meat Market,

THIS and EVERY DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS will sell, on account of the Orange Slaughtering Company,
3 trucks prime beef
1 truck mutton.

CATTLE. CATTLE. CATTLE.

SATURDAY next, at 11 o'clock.

SOUTH CREEK, at Mr. BYRNE'S YARDS.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS have received instructions from Thomas Ivory, Esq., to sell by auction,
70 head mixed cattle, in prime condition
40 bullocks, 3 to 4 years old
30 cows and heifers.
No reserve.

Hay. Hay. Hay.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS will sell by auction, on STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street, THIS DAY, 10 o'clock,
178 small bales prime oaten hay.
No reserve.

ONIONS. ONIONS. ONIONS.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS will sell by auction, on STRUTH'S WHARF, THIS DAY, 10 o'clock, 200 bags onions.
In lots.
No reserve.

Corn. Corn. Corn.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS will sell by auction, on STRUTH'S WHARF, THIS DAY, 10 o'clock, 119 bags corn.
In lots.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, wool.

BARLEY. BARLEY. BARLEY.

To Brewers, Maltsters, Shippers, &c.

MESSRS. HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by public auction, at their New Produce Stores, Macquarie-place, on FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
5000 bags of barley, consisting of malting, Cape, and seed barleys, in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms, cash.

NEW ZEALAND BARLEY.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, TO-MORROW, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
700 bags New Zealand barley.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, This Day, at Darling Harbour, 10 o'clock, Billet wood, posts, rails, &c.

WHEAT. WHEAT. WHEAT.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the Grafton Wharf, TO-MORROW, at noon, or on arrival of Ridge Park, 600 bags wheat.

FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock.

MESSRS. LUCAS have been instructed by Mr. Collins to sell by auction, at Macquarie-street, next to Hall's Gingerbeer Factory, Ultimo,
Household furniture and effects, Singers sewing machine, nearly new, &c., &c.

TO HORTICULTURISTS, AMATEUR GARDENERS, &c., &c.

FIFTH EXTENSIVE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE of
FRUIT TREES, ORNAMENTAL TREES, FLOWERING PLANTS, SHRUBS, BULBS, CLIMBERS, FERNS, &c., &c.
ORANGE, PEACH, ALMOND, APPLE, PEAR, GUAVA, and other descriptions of Fruit Trees
PINES, FIRS, BLUE GUMS, JUNIPERS, CHESTNUTS, MORETON BAY FIGS, and a great variety of Ornamental Trees
CAMELLIA, ROSE, SPIREA, AZALEA, GARDELIA, VIOLETS, HEATH, and a varied assortment of other Plants
TUBER ROSE, NARCISSUS, GLADIOLUS, HYACINTH, and other Bulbs
STRAWBERRY PLANTS, GARDEN SEEDS.

J. W. CAMPER and CO. have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 128, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 18th June, at 2.30 o'clock sharp,
The whole of the above valuable assortment of TREES, PLANTS, &c., &c.
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.

FAT STOCK FOR THURSDAY.

Homebush and Sydney.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 17th June, at 11 o'clock,
240 prime fat cattle, for Messrs. Yeomans Bros.
200 prime fat bullocks, for Messrs. Hillas and Pearse
100 prime fat cows, for C. E. Dransfield, Esq.
Sheep:
1200 prime fat wethers, for S. M. Swift, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, R. Binnie, Esq.
300 ditto ditto, Messrs. Gill and Paine, by rail and steamer
300 ditto ditto, F. R. Hume, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, Southern Agents
500 prime fat crossbred wethers, for Messrs. Bennison, Brothers
300 prime fat wethers, for A. W. Holt, Esq.
Also, at Ellis and Co.'s,
40 fat calves, from the south
40 prime fat calves, from Sutton Forest
100 prime wethers ditto
50 ditto lambs ditto.

WOOL.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 2 o'clock.
Sheepskins.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Bales of wool.
TERMS, CASH.

WOOL SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, THIS DAY, Thursday, at half-past 2 o'clock,
BALES WOOL.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and GOULD will sell by auction, at their New Central Auction Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. L. Levy, of Castlereagh-street, Clothing, boots, blankets, &c., at 11 o'clock; sundries and jewellery at 2 o'clock.

To Hotel Buyers and Others.

THIS DAY, Thursday, 17th June, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, JOHNSTONE HOTEL, corner of Newtown Road and Cleveland-street.

JOSEPH and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction,
The lease, license, good-will, furniture, and stock-in-trade of that well-known old-established Johnstone Hotel, Newtown Road and Cleveland-street.
For cards to view, apply Joseph and Co., 110, King-street.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 17th JUNE, at 11 a.m.,
at
PEMBROKE COLLEGE, RANDWICK,
adjoining the residence of Monsieur Dutruc, nearly opposite St. Jude's Church.

IMPERATIVE SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION
of the whole of the
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, comprising—
Cut and Engraved Glass, and Elegant China Ware
ELKINGTON'S Electroplate Tea and Coffee Service and Table Ware
Dining-room SIDEBOARD, Oval Dining Table
OAK BOOKCASE, with Secretary Drawer; Oak Chairs
ELEGANT WALNUT-WOOD DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, covered Rich Blue Satin
SWEET-TONED WALNUT PIANOFORTE
Shaped Walnut-wood Table, Occasional, and Card Table
UNIQUE, Beautifully-carved JAPANESE CABINET, with raised Devices, and Figures in Ivory
Rare and Valuable Japanese Vases, Benares and Indian Curiosities
Gilt Frame Chimney and Girandole Glasses
Pair of Beautiful French Statuettes, Hand-painted Vases
A few small Choice Water Colour Drawings of merit
Brussels Carpets, Oilcloth, Matting
ELEGANT-SHAPED WALNUT-WOOD TOILET TABLE, and Marble-top Washstand
SINGLE and DOUBLE IRON BEDSTEADS, with Palliasses Hair Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows.
Schoolroom Tables and Dining Tables, 48 strong Wood Seat Chairs
LARGE and VALUABLE TELESCOPE.
Kitchen Dresser, Tables, and other requisites.

TO FAMILIES FURNISHING, FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at Pembroke College, Randwick, THIS DAY, 17th June, at 11 a.m.,
THE WHOLE OF THE VERY SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.
☞ Catalogues obtainable at the Rooms.
NOW ON VIEW.
THE HOUSE TO BE LET. For particulars apply to the Auctioneers, or Monsieur Dutruc next door.
☞ 'Buses leave 9, 10, 11, and at intervals of about an hour.

LAST SALE OF EXHIBITION PIANOFORTES.

FRIDAY, 18th June, at half-past 2 p.m.,
at the
Australian Auction Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets,
VERY ATTRACTIVE
and
Most Important Sale,
under the hammer,
of
ELEGANT PRIZE WALNUT COTTAGE and SEMI-GRAND PIANOFORTES,
FROM THE FRENCH and GERMAN COURTS,
REMARKABLE
for their
CONSTRUCTION, EXQUISITE FINISH, and BRILLIANCY OF TONE.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN, PROFESSORS OF THE PIANO, and OTHERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 18th June, at half-past 2 p.m.,
MAGNIFICENT WALNUT COTTAGE and SEMI-GRAND PIANOFORTES, PRIZE EXHIBITS from the Garden Palace.
☞ Now open to public inspection.

On the Premises, INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, corner of KING and PITT STREETS.

TO HOTELKEEPERS, CAFE PROPRIETORS, PARTIES FURNISHING, DEALERS, and Others.

Important Sale of SUPERIOR and USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, nearly new.
COMPRISING
Massive SIDEBOARD, with Glass-plate Back
12 Dozen Austrian Chairs, Bedroom Chairs
SPLENDID PIER GLASSES
BRUSSELS CARPETS
SPLENDID PLATE-GLASS WARDROBE
MAGNIFICENT DUCHESS SUITE
Single and Double Bedsteads, Chest Drawers
Marble Washstands
Bedroom Furniture
FINE CUT GLASSWARE
MASSIVE ORNAMENTS, MARBLE CLOCKS
CHINA
CUTLERY, by best London Makers
PLATEDWARE, REVOLVING CRUETS, MUFFIN, BUTTER, and BISCUIT DISHES, TOAST RACKS
Tea, Dessert, Table, and Egg Spoons and Forks
RECHERCHE EGG-STAND, Gilt Edgings
DINING-ROOM FURNITURE
OILCLOTH
BRONZE MARBLE-TOP HALL and HAT STAND
COOKING RANGE, capable of cooking for 400 people; suitable for a Coffee Palace or Club
Kitchen Utensils, Dresser, Crockery, Bath, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from Mr. E. Trickett, on account of his departure for England, to sell by auction, on the above premises, THIS DAY, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock.
Terms, cash.

ON VIEW THIS MORNING, from 9 o'clock.

Insolvent Estate of N. Lonergan and George Byers.

Stock-in-Trade, GROCERIES, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Official Assignees to sell by auction, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 2 o'clock, at his Rooms, 152, King-street East,
Without reserve.

FRIDAY, 18th INSTANT, at 11 O'CLOCK.

On the Premises, Leinster-terrace.
No. 90, BOTANY-STREET, SURRY HILLS.

Superior and useful Household FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising
SPLENDID PIANOFORTE, nearly new
HORSEHAIR SUITE, Pier Glasses, Carpet (about 18 x 15), Pictures, Lustres
Walnut Table
Oilcloth (about 17 x 15) Austrian Chairs, Chiffonier, Glassware, Ornaments
Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Chests of Drawers, Bedroom Furniture
Oilcloth on stairs and passage
Kitchen Utensils and Sundries.
Also,
Quantity Books, comprising Waverley Novels complete, Wilson's Tales of the Border (3 vols.), Byron's Works, and others.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from Mr. William Simpson to sell by auction, on the above Premises,
The above, without reserve.

FRIDAY, 18th INSTANT, at 2 o'clock.

Intestate Estates of T. Pritchard, W. Chapman, and Squires.

QUANTITY OF CLOTHING
JEWELLERY, BOOKS, and BOXES, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Curator of Intestate Estates to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 152, King-street East,
The above, without reserve.

THE SALE of Furniture, &c., at the residence of Mr. PITARD, Margaret-street, Newtown, is POSTPONED until further notice.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO.

Fancy Goods, Clothing, Books, Jewellery, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,
The above

THIS DAY, Thursday, at 11.

☞ Upon the Premises, 638, George-street South, next door to the Honest Lawyer Hotel.

MEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING
MEN'S MERCERY, &c., &c.
And SHOP FIXTURES.

JAMES RODD is instructed by Mr. Joseph Warren, who is removing from George-street, to sell by auction, upon the premises as above,
Men's, boys', and youths' clothing
Pier glass, desk, and fixtures.
☞ Without reserve.
The stock is in good condition, well assorted, and is for bona-fide sale.

FRIDAY, June 18th, at 11.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, at 11, on FRIDAY, at the Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street.
Invoices of miscellaneous merchandise.

ORDER OF SALE.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 17th.	All-Wool Plaids, in pieces; Hosiery Men's and Boys' Clothing, Crimean Shirts Perfumery, Albums, Pocketbooks Household Furniture Craig's-terrace, Kent-street North.
FRIDAY, 18th.	Pianos, by Neumeyer Chandeliers, Reaping Machines Sewing-machines, Punching ditto Household Furniture, at 73, Lower Fort-street.

HARRIS and ACKMAN,
Auctioneers,
107, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 17th JUNE.

Unreserved Sale by Auction.

EXHIBITS from the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
consisting of
Perfumery
Pocket Books,
Albums
Music, Maps, &c.

To Perfumers, Stationers, Fancy Repositories, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the ABOVE EXHIBITS by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 17th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 17th JUNE.

UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION.

The STOCK-IN-TRADE of a CLOTHIER,
removed for convenience of sale,
consisting of
Men's and Boys' Tweed Suits
Overcoats, Pilot Jackets
Tweeds, Hosiery, Rugs
Waterproof Coats, Carpet Bags
Collars, Ties, Gloves, Hats
Crimean and White Shirts, Flannel Singlets
&c., &c., &c.

To Drapers, Clothiers, Storekeepers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the above STOCK (removed to the Rooms for convenience of sale) by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, on THIS DAY, 17th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 17th JUNE.

For Sale by Auction,
3 CASES MEN'S CLOTHING
2 CASES ALL-WOOL PLAIDS, pieces
1 CASE CASHMERE WRAPPERS

To Clothiers, Drapers, Job Warehousemen, Country Storekeepers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 17th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No Reserve.
Terms at Sale.

THIS DAY, 17th JUNE.

UNRESERVED SALE by AUCTION,
on the Premises,
75, CRAIG'S-TERRACE, KENT-STREET NORTH.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS
of a Private Boarding Establishment,
consisting of
GRAND PIANO, by "ERARD," in rosewood case
Dining-room Suite, Chiffoniers
Dining Tables, Mirror, Pictures, Ornaments
Bedsteads—Double and Single, and Bedding
Toilet Tables, Washstands, Towel Horses
Dressing Glasses and Toiletware
Curtains, Blinds, Carpets, and Oilcloth
Glassware, China Dinnerware
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Parties Furnishing, Brokers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the above, by AUCTION, on the premises, 75, CRAIG'S-TERRACE, KENT-STREET North, THIS DAY, 17th JUNE, at 11 o'clock,
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 18th JUNE.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE by AUCTION of
EXHIBITS from the
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
consisting of
Bright Bronze Chandeliers
Bronze Fountain
Sewing Machines
Punching Machines
2 Shearing Machines
2 Paint Mills
Store Trucks and Wheelbarrows
Horse Reaping Machine

To AGRICULTURALISTS, WHOLESALE IRONMONGERS, Machine Manufacturers, and Buyers generally.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the above EXHIBITS by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT STREET, on FRIDAY, 18th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No Reserve.
Terms at Sale.

FRIDAY, 18th JUNE.

On account of whom it may concern,
With all faults.

Ex Weatherfield, from London.

ES&Co. over S in diamond,
6096, 6128, 6162, 6230, 6097, 6129, 6174, 6237, 6120, 6146, 6223, 6238,
12 PIANOFORTES,
From the celebrated manufacturers,
NEUMEYER and CO., Berlin.

To Pianoforte Manufacturers, Musical Instrument Warehousemen, Private Buyers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the above PIANOFORTES by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, on FRIDAY, 18th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, 18th JUNE.

UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
On the Premises,
73, LOWER FORT-STREET.
HOUSEHOLD AND EFFECTS
of a Private Boarding Establishment,
consisting of
Dining-room Furniture, Chiffoniers
Tables, Safes, Sofas
Bedsteads and Bedding, Washstands
Cutlery, Glass, China
Fenders, Fireirons, Carpets
Kitchen Utensils, Crockery, &c.

To Parties Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, Brokers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been instructed to sell the above by AUCTION, on the premises, 73, LOWER FORT-STREET, on FRIDAY, 18th JUNE, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

GREAT FURNISHING SALE,
THIS DAY, Thursday, 17th, at 11 o'clock.

TAPESTRY and STAIR CARPETS
CROSSLEY'S Ditto Ditto, A and Star
Ditto BRUSSELL'S Ditto, 3 and 5 frame
VELVET RUGS, MATS, and SLIPS
FLOORCLOTHS, 4 yards wide
COIR MATTING, 4-4 and 8-4
STAIR DAMASKS, LINEN CHAIR WEB
PRINTED VENETIAN VELVET
6-4 TURKEY DAMASKS
6-4 WORSTED REPS, FLAX SEATING
VICTORIA CLOTHS, DAMASK CLOTHS
10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 BLANKETS
HORROCKS' LONGCLOTHS, A, M2, MT, BBB.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11,
37 packages of the above goods, by order of those concerned.
Terms at sale.

TO TAILORS, WOOLLEN DRAPERS, and OUTFITTERS.

Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins, Fancy Diagonal Coatings
Black Broads and Doeskins, Super Blue Broads
Bannockburns, Tweed Coatings, Ainsworth's Threads
Patent Bindings, Sewing-Machine Silks
Italian Cloths, Shirtings, Shirts, &c.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 11,
19 packages, as above.

Further particulars TO-MORROW.

FROM THE SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Waterproof Coats and Ulsters, Driving Aprons, Rugs
Waterproof Trousers and Leggings, Air Pillows
Elastic Stockings, Air Mattress, I. R. Door Mats
Inflatable Boat and Bath, I. R. Bands, Balls
Piping, Cricketing Shoes, I. R. Thread, &c., &c.
Also,
Model Waggon, with waterproof cover.
☞ The whole of B. Birnbaum's Exhibits, which obtained First Prize at the Exhibition.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed by Mr. B. Birnbaum to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 18th, at 11.30,
The whole of his comprehensive exhibit of indiarubber and waterproof goods.
Terms at sale.
N.B.—For Private SALE, the magnificent massive show-case in which the above goods were exhibited.

NAVY CANVAS.

On FRIDAY, 18th, at 12 sharp.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, at 12,
173-7 — 5 bales, each 20 bolts, best long flax, Nos. 1 to 8
149-53 — 5 ditto, each 18 bolts, best brown ditto, all No. 1
243-4 — 2 ditto, each 24 ditto, brown navy crown and anchor, No. 1
215-6 — 2 ditto, each 24 ditto, ditto ditto, No. 2
178 — 20 bundles best 3-ply seaming twine.
Terms at sale.

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects.

Lindum House, Castlereagh-street.

Under instructions from Mr. Jaffery.

STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at Lindum House, Castlereagh-street, near Hunter-street, THIS DAY, June 17, at 11 o'clock.
All the superior household furniture and effects, &c.
Particulars at sale.

KEROSENE CHANDELIERS.
From the Austrian Court, N. S. W. Exhibition.

STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on FRIDAY, June 18, at 11 o'clock,
The Austrian exhibits of kerosene lamps.
Particulars at sale.

WORKS OF ART,
from Japan.

By order of Mr. Sasaki.

STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on FRIDAY, June 18, at 11 o'clock,
A very fine collection of
JAPANESE WORKS OF ART.
Full particulars of which will be given at sale.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17.

At the CITY MART,
Ship SUSANNE GODEFFROY,
1154 Tons Register,
built in 1863, classed 3 | 3L2 Veritas,
well found in GROUND TACKLE, SAILS, and GEAR.

Now lying in Snail's Bay, where buyers are invited to inspect her.

On account of whom it may concern.

By Order of Messrs. RABONE, FEEZ, and CO.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, June 17, at 11 o'clock,
The ship Susanne Godeffroy, 1154 tons register, as she lies in Snail's Bay.
With all faults and defects, if any.
Buyers can inspect the vessel on application.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17.

The IRON CLIPPER BARQUE BRUNETTE,
373 tons register.

By order of the Mortgagees.

FRASER and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, 17th June, at 11 o'clock,
The iron clipper barque Brunette, 373 tons register.
This vessel has just landed a large cargo of hemp from Manila in first class order, is ready for sea, and buyers are invited to inspect her at Dibbs's Wharf.
The Brunette is in the market for positive sale to the highest bidder.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 17,
at 3 o'clock.

CLEARANCE SALE
of
IRON (Bar, Rod, and Scrap)
HOOP IRON and STEEL BRANDS
SHIPS' GEAR
RIGGING
Sundries,
at
MARSDEN and SONS' STORES,
Circular Quay.

FRASER and CO. are instructed by Messrs. Marsden and Sons to sell by auction, at the Stores, THIS DAY, 17th June, at 3 o'clock,
A large quantity of iron bars, rod and scrap, hoop iron, chains, and sundries.
Terms, cash.
All goods must be cleared away before Monday next.

To the Trade, Country Storekeepers, &c.

FRIDAY, JUNE 18.

EARTHENWARE, GLASS, and CHINA.

310 Original PACKAGES.

Under Instructions from Messrs. MASON BROTHERS.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 10.30 sharp,
100 original packages earthenware.
70 ditto ditto glass.
40 ditto ditto china.
Terms liberal at sale

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

BATT and RODD will offer for sale by public auction, on an early date.
The following properties:—

DARLINGHURST, LIVERPOOL-ST.	House and Land, situate corner of Liverpool and Thomas streets, and being corner of GOVERNMENT RESERVE.
LANE COVE RIVER.	Gentleman's Residence, and 4 acres of land, and now occupied by Mr. Claison.
NEWTOWN.	ALLOTMENT in Wells-street.
NORTH SHORE.	ALLOTMENT, Blue's Point Road.
PETERSHAM, PARRAMATTA ROAD.	ALLOTMENT, at bottom Tavener's Hill.
LEICHHARDT.	All that Property situate in White-street, and now occupied by Mr. HENNINGS.
PARRAMATTA RIVER, Cabaraba Point.	BLOCK of LAND, containing about 4 ACRES and 11 PERCHES.
ULLADULLA, and ST. PETER, near CAMPBELLTOWN.	9 BLOCKS, containing from 32 to 42 ACRES each.

For full and all particulars SEE FUTURE ADVERTISEMENT.
Plans, &c., apply to the auctioneers, BATT and RODD.

SATURDAY NEXT.

ON THE GROUND,
ULTIMO,
HARRIS-STREET,
CLOSE TO PARRAMATTA-STREET.

SPLENDID BUSINESS SITES.
Superb Sites for Terraces.

97 Years' Lease.

Easy Conditions.

MILLS and PILE have been favoured with instructions to let by public auction,
ON THE GROUND,
On SATURDAY NEXT, THE 19th instant,
55 CHOICE BUILDING SITES right in the centre of the city
FRONTING ONE of its MAIN STREETS,
HARRIS-STREET,
Close to PARRAMATTA-STREET
Close to the RAILWAY STATION,
almost along the RAILWAY LINE.
THE CONDITIONS for these superb allotments are simple.
THE TERMS ARE EASY.
The proprietor will not ask any but easy conditions.
LITHOGRAPHS now ready.
THIS IS ONE OF THE best chances for SECURING A BLOCK of land in a CENTRAL situation.
ATTEND,
ATTEND.
MILLS and PILE, Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT SALE.

In Lots to suit Buyers, of a Varied and Choice Selection of
PAPERHANGINGS,
of the latest Designs comprising STAMPED GOLD, SATIN, COMMON GOLD, and COMMON PATTERNS. Also,
A LARGE QUANTITY of COPAL VARNISH,
and a
VARIETY of DRY and GROUND COLOURS,
together with
A LARGE ASSORTMENT of WINDOW GLASS.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at Mr. JOHN SOLOMON'S new Warehouse, opposite the Post Office Hotel, York-street,
On WEDNESDAY, June 23, at 11 o'clock,
The following—
6000 rolls of paperhangings
78 boxes of window-glass, consisting of the following sizes, —10 x 8, 14 x 12, 16 x 12, 18 x 16, 20 x 14, 22 x 16, 22 x 18, 24 x 16, 24 x 18, 24 x 20
Dry colours, consisting of Victoria lake Vandyke brown, about ½-ton of No. 1
Dry red colour sugar of lead
220 gallons of copal varnish
100 kegs of ground green in oil colours
3 kegs of English ground umber
21 kegs of dry white lead
9 kegs of patent dryers
6 casks of green verditer
Also a quantity of gasfittings, consisting of lamps, sunlights, chandelier, and a lot of odd gasfittings, pipes, &c.
☞ The whole of this stock will be sold without the slightest reserve, in lots to suit buyers.
Terms, cash.

☞ BALMAIN.
BALMAIN.

LAND SALE on the GROUND,
PORTION of the HORNSBY ESTATE.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the ground, NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, June 19, at 3 o'clock,
Those allotments of land, Nos. 18 and 19, of the HORNSEY ESTATE, Balmain.
Lot 18 has a frontage of 30 feet to ABATTOIR ROAD, by a depth of 145 feet.
Lot 19 has 32 feet frontage to the Abattoir Road, by 138 feet deep.
☞ The above are for positive
Unreserved sale.
TITTLE—FREEHOLD. TERMS, CASH.
Day of Sale—FRIDAY, 25th June, at 11 o'clock.

CITY PROPERTY. CITY PROPERTY.

To Capitalists, Merchants, Speculators, and Others.

DUNN and GOULD have received instructions from the legatees under the will of the late Mrs. Ellen Sewell, to offer for unreserved competition, on FRIDAY, 25th June, at 11 o'clock,
That valuable block of city property, situated in one of the best positions in
PITT-STREET,
with a frontage of 38 feet 11 inches, and the magnificent depth of 134 feet, being Nos. 317 and 319, Pitt-street, now occupied by Messrs. Fox, Brothers, plumbers, and Mr. E. Scott, tinsmith, and forming a portion of the Coachbuilding Establishment of the late Mr. William Halley, and adjoining the property of John Macintosh, Esq., M.L.A.
For particulars of title, &c., apply to Messrs. LEARY and M'CARTHY, Solicitors, Stephen-court, Elizabeth-street.

MAGNIFICENT CATTLE STATION PROPERTIES.

BROAD SOUND, QUEENSLAND.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE W. B. CHRISTIAN, Esq.

MESSRS. PITT, SON, and BADGERY have been instructed by the Executors of the above estate to sell by public auction, at the Exchange Room, Sydney, on the 28th day of July next,
Those magnificent cattle station properties and well-bred cattle, now running upon—
1. "Willangie," with about 7500 head of well-bred cattle
2. "Clairview," with about 4500 ditto ditto
3. "Porphyry," with about 5000 ditto ditto
4. "Kelvin Grove," with about 4500 ditto ditto
Together with the horses, &c., &c., belonging to the stations.
The executors are compelled to sell to close the affairs of the estate, as directed by the will of the late Mr. W. B. Christian.
Fuller particulars will appear in future advertisements.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, MINCHIN, and LAVENDER, Sydney (in conjunction with Ryan and Hammond), have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at Scott's Hotel, Melbourne, THIS DAY, 17th day of JUNE at 3 o'clock p.m.,
The BOLYGAMY (GULMAN) STATION,
in the
LACHLAN DISTRICT
of
NEW SOUTH WALES,
situate about 100 miles from Wagga Wagga, and 90 miles from Forbes, consisting of about
34,000 ACRES
of first-class grazing and woolgrowing country, permanently watered and fenced, and subdivided into three sheep, as well as horse and cultivation, paddocks. There is a good homestead, woolshed, patent woolpress, and all necessary appliances for working the station.
With the station will be sold about 7000 well-woolled sheep, bred from Coree by Tasmanian rams, of the following sexes and ages:—

Ewes	1400 2-tooth	now lambing
	1000 4, 6, and 8 tooth	now lambing
	300 full-mouthed	now lambing
Wethers	1300 2-tooth	
	200 4, 6, and 8 tooth	
Mixed Hoggets	2800	
	7000	

a few dairy cattle, horses, working plant, &c. There are 160 acres of purchased land, upon which the homestead is erected.
The agents beg to call marked attention to this property, which is considerably understocked, and for absolute sale.
For terms and other particulars, apply to
WILKINSON, GRAVES, MINCHIN, and LAVENDER, Sydney;
or to
Ryan and Hammond, Melbourne.

WILLIAM-STREET PROPERTY.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE,
by order of
The EXECUTORS of the late Mr. JOHN SMEDLEY.

LOT 1. That old-established business house,
OUR BOYS HOTEL,
in William-street, next to the corner of Boomerang Road.

LOT 2. VALUABLE CORNER BUSINESS SITE, BOOMERANG ROAD and WILLIAM-STREET.

LOTS 3 and 4. TWO CHOICE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, WILLIAM-STREET.
On the East Side of Lot 1.

AUCTION SALE,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 prompt.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO LAND SPECULATORS.

22-ACRE BLOCK,
having extensive frontages to the WOOLLI CREEK ROAD, and a reserve road, seven chains south of FOREST ROAD,
WEST BOTANY,
about 1¼ mile from Cook's River Dam, and near Tramway Route, for
AUCTION SALE,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

NEW SHARES.

AUSTRALIAN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

DAY OF SALE,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 18th JUNE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the DIRECTORS of above company to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 18th June, at 11 o'clock,
127 NEW SHARES AUSTRALIAN GAS LIGHT COMPANY, £6 each, now remaining undisposed of.
£1 per share call has been made.
Dividend will accrue from day of payment.
Terms, cash.

MACLEAY ESTATE.

ELIZABETH BAY.

A NEWLY ERECTED AND MOST FAITHFULLY-BUILT FAMILY VILLA RESIDENCE, Elizabeth Bay Road, next to the gate entrance of the Mansion and Grounds belonging to GEORGE MACLEAY, ESQ.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from H. S. S. BOND, ESQ., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 18th JUNE,
At 11 o'clock,
The above, full particulars of which appeared in yesterday's Herald.
Keys at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

BY ORDER of the TRUSTEES of THE UNDERWOOD ESTATE.

IMPORTANT and EXTENSIVE SALE
of
CENTRALLY SITUATED
CITY PROPERTIES,
fronting
GEORGE-STREET,
a few yards north of
BRIDGE-STREET.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the TRUSTEES of the UNDERWOOD ESTATE to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 25th JUNE,
at 11 o'clock,
the following
STERLING CITY INVESTMENTS
in
GEORGE-STREET NORTH.

LOT 1.—All that extensive block of land, having frontages of
64½ FEET to GEORGE-STREET,
37 FEET 8 INCHES to UNDERWOOD-STREET,
with a depth through of 149 feet on one side and 141 feet on the other, together with the following premises thereon, built of brick on stone foundations:—
No. 210.—The ROYAL ALBERT HOTEL, occupied by John Brady, containing bar, 4 rooms, kitchen, and cellar.
Nos. 212, 214, and 216.—Three SHOPS and DWELLINGS. Two contain each, shop, 3 rooms, and cellar; and one contains shop, 5 rooms, and cellar.
The whole have good yards with back entrances from Underwood-street.

LOT 2.—Valuable vacant block of Building land, adjoining lot 1, and having the following large frontages,
63 FEET 2 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET,
54 FEET to UNDERWOOD-STREET,
with a depth through on one side of about 140 feet.
⁂ A most eligible site upon which to erect 4 good shops and dwellings, which would readily let at high rentals.

LOT 3.—All that large block of land, having the following frontages,
51 FEET 1 INCH to GEORGE-STREET,
with a depth through to UNDERWOOD-STREET, to which it has a frontage, upon which are erected the following business premises of brick on stone foundations:—
No. 200, occupied by Messrs. Robinson and Sons, containing shop, 4 rooms, and kitchen, with three large workrooms, each 60 feet in length at the rear.
No. 196, Shop, occupied by Mr. James Codd, grocer.

☞ Really good investments, in the MAIN BUSINESS THOROUGHFARE of the city, and a locality that is rapidly advancing to the front, handy to the CIRCULAR QUAY, the NEW WHARF, belonging to the AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, and the shipping.
BUSINESS PREMISES in this part of George-street are now in great demand, in fact it is only under extraordinary circumstances that investments in this position come to the hammer, vendors preferring to hold in the present rising market.
These properties must be disposed of, to the highest bidder, on the date mentioned.

TITLES—TORRENS' ACT.

TERMS: 25 per cent. cash deposit, residue in 1 and 2 years at 6 per cent. per annum.

Messrs. NORTON and SMITH, Spring-street, Solicitors for the Estate.

ORDER OF SALE.

SHARES,
CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,
to be sold by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

GAS SHARES.	127 New Shares Australian Gaslight Company, £6 each; call of £1 per share has been made.
WILLIAM-STREET.	That old-established business house, Our Boys Hotel, in William-street, next to the corner of Boomerang Road. Corner business Site, Boomerang Road and William-street. Two building Allotments, William-street, on the east side of the hotel.
SURRY HILLS.	That magnificent and extensive corner block of land, having frontages to Crown, Albion, and Riley streets, together with the Family Residence, No. 355, Crown-street, and Cottage, No. 141, Albion-street, thereon.
ELIZABETH BAY.	A newly-erected and most faithfully built Family Villa Residence, Elizabeth Bay Road, next the gate entrance to the mansion of G. Macleay, Esq. Keys at the Rooms.
SURRY HILLS.	Three Houses, Nos. 3, 5, and 7, Pawley-street, off Bourke-street, south of Arthur-street.
SURRY HILLS.	Two Cottages, Chelsea-street, a few feet east of Bourke-street, south of Cleveland street, and two Cottages in side lane.
WATERLOO.	Alexander House and Spence Cottage, George-street, a few feet north of Raglan-street. Leasehold.
BALMAIN.	Two Cottages, in Pashley-street, off Palmer-street, between Beattie and Reynolds streets.
STANMORE.	Willoughby Villa, on the Stanmore Road, opposite the highly improved Wesleyan College Grounds.
PETERSHAM.	Portreath Villa, a recently-erected neatly finished and commodious family residence, Toothill-street, at the junction of Victoria-street, between the Lewisham Estate and the Railway Line.
FOREST ROAD, West Botany.	22-acre block, having extensive frontages to Woolli Creek Road, and a reserved road, 7 chains south of Forest Road, and close to Mr. Davis' property. Two blocks of land, each 2 acres, on Forest Road, about three-quarters of a mile from the corner of Rocky Point Road, and adjoining the villa and grounds belonging to Mr. Joseph Davis.
LANE COVE.	Homestead, orchard, and orangery, known as Thornleigh, on the main Lane Cove Road, 2 miles beyond the omnibus stand, and near Porter's Hotel. 64-acre block, near the above, and adjoining Vaceville Estate.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SURRY HILLS PROPERTY.

All that MAGNIFICENT and EXTENSIVE CORNER BLOCK of CITY LAND, having frontages of
125¼ feet to CROWN-STREET
232½ feet to ALBION-STREET
20 feet to RILEY-STREET,
together with the following premises thereon:—
No. 355, CROWN-STREET, a COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE, built of brick on stone foundations, with verandahs and balcony, and containing hall, 8 rooms, kitchen, storeroom, servant's room, washhouse, and bathroom.
No. 141, ALBION-STREET, a Cottage, containing 4 rooms,
is for
AUCTION SALE,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock.
NOTE THE LIBERAL TERMS:
25 per cent. cash deposit, and the residue in 3 or 5 years, interest at SIX per cent. per annum.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

BLACKFRIARS. BLACKFRIARS.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE, NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
at 3 p.m.,
ON THE GROUND.

☞ BUILDERS, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and Others Obtain Lithographs, and Inspect Property.

LOTS RE-MARKED. BUILDINGS BEING ERECTED on different parts of the property.

☞ NOTE THE TERMS—10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT,
Balance at 6½ per cent.
TORRENS' TITLE.
New Lithographs now ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
Auctioneers.

DIXON-STREET EAST, just off GOULBURN-STREET,
near to
KIDMAN'S FLOUR MILLS.

For Positive Sale.

FOUR COTTAGES, all tenanted, producing in rentals £88 8s yearly. The land is 30 feet by about 80 feet.

FREEHOLD TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 23rd JUNE,
All that piece of land having 32 feet frontage to DIXON-STREET EAST, by depth of about 80 feet, upon which are erected FOUR COTTAGES, two of which front DIXON-STREET EAST, each 3 rooms, built of brick, shingled roof, each let at 10s weekly; and two front the lane, each 2 rooms, let at 7s weekly each—or for the whole, £88 8s yearly.
⁂ This property is situate in a populous locality, just off George-street, and should command ready sale on
WEDNESDAY, 23rd JUNE.

NORTH SHORE LANDS.

LOT 1. BLOCK of LAND, fronting WALKER, HARNETT, and M'LAREN STREETS, 167 x 118 feet.
⁂ A good building site, opposite the properties of Charles Palmer and W. Tunks, Esqs.

LOT 2. MIDDLE HARBOUR. Block of Land, about 9 acres. Adjoins Mr. Hipwood's and near Mr. Twemlow's.

LOT 3. Section 2, Lot 3, TYLER'S GRANT SUBDIVISION, GORE'S-HILL, NORTH SHORE.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 23rd June,
The above described blocks of land at NORTH SHORE.

SURRY HILLS, BALMAIN, and BONDI.

LOT 1.—SURRY HILLS, corner of FOVEAUX and CORBEN STREETS, off RILEY-STREET.—The PERSEVERANCE HOTEL and FOUR HOUSES adjoining, together with COTTAGE at rear of the HOTEL. This Property is connected with the sewer, and has the advantage of Patent Closets.
☞ The houses are built of brick on stone, slated roof, and produce a rental equal to over £300 YEARLY.
The land has a frontage of 70 FEET to FOVEAUX-STREET and 57 FEET to CORBEN-STREET, with a lane at the rear 20 feet wide.

RILEY ESTATE TITLE.

LOT 2.—BALMAIN, near to CALLEN PARK.—A good Block of LAND, having 100 feet frontage to PARK and OXFORD STREETS and 94 feet to MOODIE-STREET.
TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

LOT 3.—BONDI, Four Allotments, purchased in the original BONDI ESTATE SUBDIVISION. TORRENS' TITLE.

Preliminary Intimation.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mr. WINKLE to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 23rd JUNE.
The above described properties, about which full details will be published.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

Nos. 55 and 57, GOULBURN-STREET.

FOR UNRESERVED SALE,
THE BUILDING MATERIALS IN THE ABOVENAMED PROPERTIES.

TERMS, CASH.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell, WITHOUT RESERVE, at their ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 23rd JUNE.
The above.

BARNCLEUTH ESTATE, DARLINGHURST,
THE PROPERTY AND RESIDENCE OF HON. HENRY MOORE, M.L.C.

FOR POSITIVE AUCTION SALE.
One of the most important and original intact properties, situate in this—THE PREMIER PART OF THE CITY.

☞ THE ESTATE is being CAREFULLY LAID OUT by Mr. SURVEYOR REUSS, JUN., into GOOD VILLA and BUSINESS SITES, commanding large frontages to ELIZABETH BAY ROAD and OTHER ROADS.

THE WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE,
known as
BARNCLEUTH HOUSE,
for so many years the residence of HON. HENRY MOORE, M.L.C., will be sold with a LARGE BLOCK of LAND, having THREE frontages.

This well known property adjoins the
ROSLYN HALL ESTATE,
and the MACLEAY ESTATE,
and is situate nearly opposite to MACLEAY-STREET, at its junction with the DARLINGHURST ROAD.

⁂ Access to this property is first rate and regular, either by omnibus or cab, whilst the views of THE HARBOUR and DARLING POINT are charming, and the surroundings good.

THIS ESTATE is being laid out so as to give back entrances to nearly all the lots, and every attention is being given to THE VIEWS, and also to the PROSPECTIVE ADVANTAGES which must follow the making of the PUBLIC RESERVE at RUSHCUTTER BAY.

PRELIMINARY INTIMATION.

PLANS and LITHOGRAPHS will issue in due course.

TITLE FREEHOLD.

Particulars from the VENDOR'S SOLICITORS,
Messrs. BRADLEY and SON,
MARGARET-STREET.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from HON. HENRY MOORE, M.L.C., in consequence of his intended removal to "CARRARA," ROSE BAY, to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, Pitt-street,
ON AN EARLY DATE
(of which due notice will be given),
THE BARNCLEUTH ESTATE, DARLINGHURST.

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Government Notices.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
31st May, 1880.

ANNUAL CONTRACTS.

CONTRACTS FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon of FRIDAY, the 18th June, for the supply of
1. BOOK-BINDING MATERIALS
2. PRINTING MATERIALS
3. PHOTO-LITHO. MATERIALS,

for the Public Service, during the year 1881.

Printed forms of tender (upon a schedule of prices and for fixed quantities), and any information respecting the contract may be obtained at the Treasury. Samples can be seen at the Government Stores, Circular Quay.

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by a certificate from two responsible persons, stating that they are willing to become bound as sureties in the sum specified in the conditions of the contract, for the due fulfilment thereof.

In the case of the accepted tender, the contractor and his sureties must severally call at the Treasury to execute and deliver the bond within fourteen days after date of acceptance, failing which the contract may either be advertised anew or another tender accepted.

Tenders to be addressed to the Under-Secretary for Finance and Trade, and endorsed "Tender for ——, 1881," as the case may require.

JAMES WATSON.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
31st May, 1880.

ANNUAL CONTRACTS.

CONTRACTS FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of Friday, the 18th June, for the supply of
1. BOOTS and SHOES
2. SADDLERY, HARNESS, &c.
3. GRINDERY, &c.
4. POST OFFICE MAIL BAGS, &c.,

for the Public Service during the year 1881.

Printed forms of tender (upon a schedule of prices) and any information respecting the contract may be obtained at the Treasury. Samples can be seen at the Government Stores, Circular Quay.

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by a certificate from two responsible persons, stating that they are willing to become bound as sureties in the sum specified in the conditions of the contract for the due fulfilment thereof.

In the case of the accepted tender, the contractor and his sureties must severally call at the Treasury to execute and deliver the bond within fourteen days after date of acceptance, failing which the contract may either be advertised anew or another tender accepted.

Tenders to be addressed to the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, and endorsed "Tender for ——, 1881," as the case may require.

JAMES WATSON.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
31st May, 1880.

ANNUAL CONTRACTS.

CONTRACTS FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this office, until noon of FRIDAY, the 18th June, for the supply of

LINEN DRAPERY,

for the Public Service, during the year 1881.

Printed forms of tender (upon a schedule of prices, and in special lines for fixed quantities), and any information respecting the contract, may be obtained at the Treasury. Samples can be seen at the Government Stores, Circular Quay.

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by a certificate from two responsible persons, stating that they are willing to become bound as sureties in the sum specified in the conditions of the contract, for the due fulfilment thereof.

In the case of the accepted tender, the contractor and his sureties must severally call at the Treasury to execute and deliver the bond within fourteen days after date of acceptance, failing which the contract may either be advertised anew, or another tender accepted.

Tenders to be addressed to the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, and endorsed "Tender for Linen Drapery, 1881."

JAMES WATSON.

Department of Works, Roads Branch, Sydney,
June 10, 1880.

TENDERS.

ATTENTION is directed to Gazette Notice, inviting Tenders for undermentioned work, viz.:—

	Time for Receipt of Tenders.
Conveyance of Bridgework from Tamworth to Bridge Site at Bundarra.	22nd June.

JOHN LACKEY.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 21st May, 1880.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 27th July, from persons willing to contract for the construction of the Works on the Extension of the South-western Railway, from Narrandera to Hay, a distance of about 106 miles.

Plans, specification, and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief for Railways on and after the 21st June.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Extension from Narrandera to Hay."

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works,
Railway Branch,
Sydney, 5th June, 1880.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND OTHERS.

TENDERS will be received at this office until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 29th June, from persons willing to contract for supplying and fixing six cast-iron water tanks on the extension from Wagga to Albury and from Junee to Narrandera.

Plan, specification, and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the office of the Engineer in Chief for Railways, Department of Public Works, Sydney.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Cast-iron Water Tanks."

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

CONSTRUCTION OF TRAMWAY MOTORS.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, at 11 o'clock a.m., on TUESDAY, the 27th July, 1880, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Twenty-five Tramway Motors, to be constructed in this country.

The Pattern Motor will be one of those now running, with certain modifications thereof, plans and specifications of which may be seen, and further particulars obtained, on and after the 13th July, at the office of the Engineer for Tramways.

Tenders must be endorsed, "Tender for the Manufacture of Motors for the Government Tramways."

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, the 7th July, 1880.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

ALL SORTS,

AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF HOSIERY at HORDERN'S.

Winter HOSIERY, at HORDERN'S, in PITT-STREET.
Hosiery for LADIES. Hosiery for BABIES
Hosiery for CHILDREN. Hosiery for BOYS
Hosiery for Everybody, at my usual reasonable prices.
Hosiery at Hordern's. Hosiery at Hordern's
Hosiery at Hordern's. Hosiery at Hordern's
Hosiery at Hordern's. Hosiery at Hordern's

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of the late BENJAMIN FULLER, of Stanmore, are respectfully informed that his Funeral will move from his late residence, Merton-street, at 2.30 p.m. on THURSDAY, 17th instant, and proceed by train to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Undertakers.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. BENJAMIN FULLER are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Merton-street, Stanmore, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1 o'clock, to proceed to All Saints' Church, Peterham, thence by train to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY HOLMES, Sen., are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON-IN-LAW, Mr. Benjamin Fuller; to move from his late residence, Mereton-street, Stanmore, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1 o'clock, to proceed to All Saints' Church, Petersham, thence by train to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY HOLMES, Jun., are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. Benjamin Fuller; to move from his late residence, Merton-street, Stanmore, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1 o'clock, to proceed to All Saints' Church, Petersham, thence by train to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-street, near Crown-street; and George-street, opposite Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS CRESFORD are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Lydia Ann; to move from his residence, Smith-street, Summer Hill, TO-MORROW (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE M'ANALLEY, Baker, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased WIFE, Sarah; to move from his residence, No. 1, Comber-street, Paddington, THIS DAY, Thursday, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE M'ANALLEY are invited to attend to the Funeral of his beloved WIFE; to move from his residence, Holder's-terrace, Comber-street, Paddington, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

PARRAMATTA.—The FRIENDS of MICHAEL WHITE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Mary; from St. Patrick's Church, THIS AFTERNOON, 4.15. THOS. WILLIAMS, Undertaker.

PARRAMATTA.—The FRIENDS of MARTIN WHITE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SISTER; from St. Patrick's Church, THIS AFTERNOON, 4.15. THOS. WILLIAMS, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of the late of Mr. CHARLES STACEY, Builder, are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Albert-street, Paddington, TO-MORROW (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 3 o'clock, to Waverley Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street, and George-street South.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. W. F. WATERS, Butcher, of Gipps-street, Surry Hills, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late deceased BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. Charles Stacey; to move from his late residence, Albert-street, Paddington, TO-MORROW (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 3 o'clock, to Waverley Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street, and George-street South.

Books, Publications, &c.

THE ACTS AND ORDINANCES OF THE GOVERNMENT OF FIJI.

560 PAGES ROYAL 8vo.; PRICE, £2 2s., HALF CALF.

The above work will be issued in a few days. A few copies will be reserved for purchasers in the Australian Colonies.
THOS. RICHARDS, Government Printer.
Government Printing Office, Sydney, 25th May, 1880.

THE FREEMASON. JUST ISSUED, JUNE NUMBER. The best Masonic paper in Australia. Single copies, 6d. COLE and MADDOCK, Stationers, George-street.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE IMPORTERS FROM ENGLAND.—All engaged in trade with Great Britain and Ireland will do well to subscribe to THE BRITISH TRADE JOURNAL AND EXPORT PRICES CURRENT, as it gives the most complete and exact information of every branch of Trade, and so renders it unnecessary to read each departmental publication. It is a comprehensive Monthly Resume of all items of interest to Traders resident out of England; the Shipping, as well as the Markets and other commercial news, being written and compiled expressly for the merchant, planter, and exporter and importer abroad.

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ENCOURAGEMENT TO COLONIAL NATIVE INDUSTRIES.—The CUMBERLAND MERCURY is the New South Wales advocate for the above. Free Traders will find "nuts to crack" in each issue of the Mercury, which are worthy the attention of all intelligent Statesmen. They are carefully selected and of too weighty a nature for "stump orators" to trouble their heads about. Published Saturdays, at Parramatta. C. E. FULLER, Proprietor, 385 and 387, George-street, Sydney.

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GOLD PENS, GOLD and SILVER PEN and PENCIL CASES
Ivory and Gold mounted Toothpicks
Desk Penholders, in gold, silver, and celluloid.
TURNER and HENDERSON have just opened ex R. S. S. Australia, the grandest assortment of novelties in the above goods ever yet seen in Australia, and they specially invite the inspection of those about to make Gifts, Presentations, or Testimonials, as, for exquisiteness of design and finish, nothing has hitherto approached them in value. The following are a few of the new patterns in sterling gold and silver:—Gold etruscan magic, gold and painted enamel, oxydised silver and bronze engraved flowers, gold engraved japanesque, gold barleycorn, gold and pearl inlaid, antique gold and silver engraved, ivory carved gold mountings, gold and silver fancy striped, oxydised silver nille figure, gold and silver antique magic, oxydised magic charm pencils, hour glass, fish, acorn, key, black celluloid and gold magic charm pencils for mourning; pencils in nickel, many new sorts; plated aluminium pencil-cases, new sorts, in best make; also, a complete new stock of gold pens, in all the grades of long and short nibs, fine, medium, and broad points.
All goods sold as Gold or Silver warranted.
TURNER and HENDERSON, Importers, 16 and 18, Hunter-street.

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LOLLIES
Lollies For the Million
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VAL. WILDMAN'S New Sensation, Fifteen and Thirty-four Puzzle, in Biddell, Brothers', pure and unadulterated Confectionery.
Retailed by all confectioners, 6d; wholesale at Biddell, Brothers', 505 and 507, George-street.
Registered by Val. Wildman, June 4, 1880.

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MARBLE Monuments and Headstones, Granite or Stone ditto; Marble Mantelpieces, &c. Patten, Pitt-street.

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Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE, Household Effects, &c., SALE THIS DAY, at 11. STUBBS and CO.

FANCY GOODS, Japanese Vases, &c., SALE, FRIDAY, at 11. STUBBS and CO.

NEW Shipment of small Japanese Porcelain Ornaments, now on view, at 52, Wynyard-square.

STAYS and CORSETS, 2s 11d to 8s 9d, extra value. E. WAY, Importer of Stays, 213 to 219, Pitt-street.

PERAMBULATORS and Invalids' Chairs (all kinds). R. Anderson, manufacturer, Parramatta-street, Glebe.

FOR SALE, first-class double-barrelled BREECH-LOADER, Hollis, nearly new. R. S., Box 498, G. P. O.

BAKERY BUSINESS.—Wanted to buy; one doing small trade preferred. M. P. M'Lachlan, Park-st. P. Office.

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WATHAM Presentation Gold WATCH, from Exhibition, first quality, adjusted balance; £30. 85, King-st.

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WANTED, FLAG-POLE, 30 feet. 92, Market-street.

WANTED to purchase small Grocery BUSINESS, suburbs or country. H. Edwards, Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, to Rent, ground floor PREMISES, suitable for large Workshop; situated between Pitt, King, George, and Hunter streets. M. L., Herald Office.

WANTED to purchase, for cash, from 5 to 10 acres LAND, water frontage or water view, suitable for villa residence. Send full particulars of situation, title, and price to W. C. D., Herald Office.

Professions Trades &c.

A GOOD CARPENTER wanted. Apply 8 o'clock, J. Purcell, builder, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING REPORTER WANTED, for the Herald Office—a smart, well educated youth. Apply by letter only.

A RESPECTABLE LAD wanted, for the tobacconist business; good references required. Apply J. Noake, tobacconist, George-street, after 9 o'clock.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, good GENERAL WORKMAN. Apply J. Radley, 128, John-street, Pyrmont.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted good MACHINISTS. Tebbatt's factory, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

DRAPERY.—Junior SALESWOMAN required. Mrs. Hinchcliffe, 121 and 123, Oxford-street.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, an experienced JUNIOR. M. Downey, 256, George-street.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, a Junior ASSISTANT, competent at machine. Address, with reference and salary, Business, Oxford-street Post-office.

DRILL INSTRUCTOR required, at Randwick Asylum; must be competent to instruct fife and drum band. Apply Friday, 9 a.m. till 4 p.m., to D. A. Thomas, superintendent.

FIRST-CLASS COMPOSITORS wanted. John Sands, 374, George-street.

GREAT BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.
WANTED, an honest active Gentleman to join a world-renowned Artist—in fact, the best in his line—in a tour round the world, and to take charge of the outside management.
£1000–£2000 required. Best references given and required. Speculators may also communicate with the advertiser for a fixed engagement.
Address letters, stating when and where an interview can be had, Fortune, Herald Office.

JOINERS.—Wanted, two good HANDS. W. Coleman, Wesleyan College, Stanmore.

LEGAL.—Wanted, a competent Engrossing CLERK, who understands the general practice of a solicitor's office, in Sydney. Address, with references, Solicitor, care of Mr. Yeo, Pitt-street.

PAINTERS.—Good General HANDS wanted. Mote, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

PARTNER wanted, in a profitable business. W. Douglass, 126, Pitt-street.

REQUIRED resident GOVERNESS; country; English, Music, Drawing, French, &c. K., Woollhara, P. O.

SADDLERY.—Wanted Improvers; also respectable boys as apprentices. Tebbatt's factory, Riley-st., Wooll'mloo.

TO MASONS.—Wanted, SCABBLER. Apply early, 55, Brisbane-street, off Oxford-street.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, 2 good Brush HANDS. S. Holmes, Marian-street, Redfern.

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—Wanted, Junior ASSISTANT. Mr. Boake, 357, George-street.

TO SADDLERS.—Gent.'s and Ladies' Saddle HAND wanted for Queensland. Blackburn and Co., 125, York-st.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a Job HAND. M. Goulston, 58, Market-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—A good general HAND wanted. Apply 626, George-street; back entrance.

TO WATCHMAKERS.—Wanted, a good WATCHMAKER. Apply at once, 276, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

TWO PLASTERERS wanted. Apply Building, Newtown Road.

TUTOR wanted, for the country, to instruct four boys on a station; none need apply who cannot give satisfactory references. Apply by letter only to H. F., Herald Office.

WANTED, 2 working OVERSEERS and about 8 first-class Miners. Edwards, Water Works, Appin.

WANTED, Classical TUTOR, for University yearly examination. Pax, General Post Office.

WANTED, a young MAN, to collect orders and drive a cart. J. Gould, butcher, Petersham.

WANTED, PLUMBER and GASFITTER. A. Jamieson, Clifford-street, Parramatta.

WANTED, Body MAKER, one who can turn his hand to wheels. E. Williams and Co., 69, York-street.

WANTED, a good General BLACKSMITH, who can shoe horses. 321, George-street.

WANTED, a good General MASON. J. P. Walker, Glebe Point Road.

WANTED, a BAKER. W. Carmichael, Erskine-street, Sydney, 10 a.m.

WANTED, Circular SAWYER, must be able to sharpen well. John Nelson, Raglan-street East, Waterloo.

WANTED, a first-class CAP MAKER. Farmer and Co.

WANTED, good PLASTERERS. Apply W. Land, Wilson-street, Newtown.

WANTED, two APPRENTICES, for the wire work. W. Lane, Bathurst-street, Sydney.

WANTED, COACH-WHEELER. Apply early, Belmore Coach Factory, Foveaux-street, Albion Estate.

WANTED, a good BRUSH HAND. 7 o'clock sharp, 74, Foveaux-street.

WANTED, first-class circular SAWYER. J. H. Seamer, Sawmills, Bathurst-street West.

WANTED, BOYS, accustomed to type-setting; piece-work. Moss and Burford, Newtown; apply early.

WANTED, a BOY, as Apprentice to the Brass Finishing. Watson's Steam Brass Works, 334, Pitt-street.

WANTED, two SHOPMEN; wages, £2 2s 6d, with board. P. M'Carroll, butcher, 217, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a smart STONEMASON. Mr. Reynolds, Engehurst, Glenmore Road, Paddington.

WANTED, PLASTERERS, Dawes Point. Apply early.

WANTED, a competent BOOKKEEPER; references required. R. B. C., G. P. O.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. 53, King-street.

WANTED, a QUARRYMAN, for small job. F. Arnold, Regent-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, CARPENTER, to fix galvanized iron. Liddesdale Soap Works, Leichhardt.

WANTED, a SALESMAN, for a first-class boot and shoe shop; one who thoroughly understands the business; references required. M. Cooke, 248, George-street.

WANTED, an energetic CANVASSER, with experience and undoubted references, to sell in the country a first-class household requisite. Good wages may be earned. Expenses paid. Tact, Herald Office.

WANTED, a SALESWOMAN, for Millinery and Underclothing Department. Apply by letter, stating salary required. Enclose copy of references, and address E. Webb and Co., Bathurst.

WANTED, a good ENGINEER, to fire and drive a small engine, and do repairs, man with family preferred; constant work. Apply stating terms. Cooerwull Woollen Mills, Bowenfels.

WANTED, COACHTRIMMER; also, handy MAN, one used to washing buggies, &c., preferred; must not be afraid of work. Apply Robertson's coachfactory, 417, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, two CHIEF ENGINEERS and two SECOND ENGINEERS, for the Company's steamers. Apply by letter, stating salary required.
John White, secretary.
C. and B. R. S. N. Co., 16th June, 1880.

WANTED, BOY, Apprentice to the Upholstery. Apply Ellis' Furniture Shop, 139, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a well-established firm with good country connection to take up the agency in New South Wales for the SALE of the INDIA and CHINA TEA COMPANY'S STANDARD PACKET and BLENDED TEAS.
A liberal arrangement will be made with suitable firm. For particulars apply to Joseph Webster and Co., 31, Market-street, Melbourne.

Situations Wanted.

AN excellent female Cook requires a SITUATION; good references. N. N. O., Herald Office.

A LADY, experienced in teaching, wishes RE-ENGAGEMENT as Resident or Visiting Governess. Acquirements—English, French, music, singing, drawing, and dancing; highest references. Address Governante, Post-office, William-st.

ANXIOUS for SITUATIONS, young Man, groom, milk, garden, &c., &c.; also, young Woman from the country, 2 years' references; H. and P. Maid, other W. useful, other engagements daily. Miss Hall, registry, 171, Castl'gh-street.

BY EXPERIENCED Nurse, SITUATION, wait on invalid; first-class references. E. W., 215, Castlereagh-st.

BY good General Servant (young), references, Protestant, North Shore preferred. Mrs. Killick, 217, Castlereagh-street.

BY respectable person, as Wetnurse, milk five weeks old. Protestant Registry, 204, Castlereagh-street.

BY MARRIED COUPLE; on station preferred; man general useful; wife, good needlewoman, with machine; just from home. W. B., 13, Little Riley-street, Surry Hills.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, Situation, or by week; is good Cutter, understands machines. Ida, Postoo., Oxford-st.

EXPERIENCED Nurse will give her services in exchange for passage to England; used to sea; highest references. M. F., 15, Mary-street, off Campbell-street.

GERMAN Domestics, 2 smart Girls, waiting; also, other good Servants. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

GLUE'S LABOUR AGENCY, 156, Pitt-street.—Labour of every description daily for engagement.

HAIRDRESSERS.—A first-class Hand waiting ENGAGEMENT; town or country. P. M., c. o. Union Hotel, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

REQUIRED, by a young Lady, a SITUATION, as Resident Governess to young children; references. Address A. Q., Post-office, Balmain, Sydney.

SITUATION wanted, by a young Man, as Groom and Coachman; good references. Address Groom, Herald Office.

SITUATION wanted (country), as Waitress; able to assist in bar; references. T. D., P. O., Paddington.

THREE good General Servants want SITUATIONS; good references. National Agency, 228, Castlereagh-street.

TO MERCHANTS and Others.—COMMISSION wanted, city and suburbs. Address Felix, Herald Office.

TO LADIES.—Experienced NURSE. Apply personally or by letter, Mrs. Wilson, No. 19, Hutchinson-street, near Moore Park. Terms moderate.

TO MILLERS.—A young Man wants SITUATION as Assistant; 7 years' experience; good references. Address F. C., care of N. Gertsman, butcher, Wyndham-street, Waterloo.

TO MINING COMPANIES, &c.—C. MAYES, C.E., 84, King-street, having just laid out the proposed Mount Kembla Railway, near Wollongong, is now open to a similar engagement elsewhere.

WANTED, by a respectable young person, just from England, Situation as BARMAID, M. N., Herald Office.

WANTED by a respectable widow, a Situation as Working HOUSEKEEPER. 126, Prince-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as General Servant or HOUSEMAID, in small family. E. M., 138, Devonshire-st.

WANTED to PLACE a young Girl, 14 years of age, in a gentleman's family, to attend to light duties. A. N., Park-street Post-office.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, a SITUATION, as Working Housekeeper, to one or two gentlemen. Open three days. No. 4, Marian-street, Pyrmont.

Servants Wanted.

A CHINAMAN COOK, must speak English; also, Kitchenmaid (country). Simmonds' Reg'try, 222, C'r'gh-st.

BOY wanted. W. W. Cater, 193, Pitt-street.

GENERAL SERVANTS wanted, excellent places, good wages; C. and L. Cragg's Protestant Reg., 204, Cstl'gh-st.

OPPORTUNITY for young Man, not afraid of work. Apply Marion Cottage, Gladstone Park, Petersham.

PLOUGHMAN wanted, professional Gardener, Man to milk, and deliver. Protestant Registry, 204, Castlereagh-st.

REQUIRED for a gentleman's family a respectable Protestant Woman as HOUSEMAID. Must understand her duties well and have good references. A parlour maid kept. Apply at 12 o'clock (not before), at Mrs. Cooke's boot and shoe depot, 248, George-street.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, a BOY, just left school, that can read and write. Apply 304, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a respectable BOY. W. Westbrook, boot and shoe mart, 108, Queen-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, 15, to assist little housework; English preferred. Apply 168, King-street.

WANTED, a good KITCHENMAID. Metropolitan, King-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 98, Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo. References indispensable.

WANTED, a useful BOY. 152, Woolloomooloo-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, 12 or 13. Apply Mrs. Day, St. John's Road, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, smart YOUTH, able to drive, with some knowledge of grocery. W. James, Botany Road, Redfern.

WANTED, a respectable young Girl, as HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Mrs. Barlow, Airmount, Waverley.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind 3 children; good wages. R. de Lissa, Royal Hotel, Croydon.

WANTED, a strong MAN; one used to working in a tanyard. Apply Enfield Tannery, off the Liverpool Road.

WANTED, General SERVANT, and LAUNDRESS. 114, Bourke-street.

WANTED, active GIRL, for Newtown, housework, assist with children. 10 o'clock, Bank, 168, Pitt-street.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as NURSEMAID, and make herself useful. John Wetherill, 158, Pitt-street.

WANTED, young Woman, as General SERVANT; must understand cooking, another kept. 38, Cl'reagh-st. N.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. 153 (late 185), Macquarie-street North.

WANTED, a respectable young Girl as NURSE. Punch's Albion Hotel, Market-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, and a Nursegirl. Mrs. T. York, Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to make herself useful. Mrs. Simpson, 34, Argyle-street, Miller's Point.

WANTED, a LAD, to deliver the Herald and make himself generally useful. Lee, agent, 51, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a smart BOY, about 14, for office. Apply in applicant's own handwriting, Box 379, G. P. O.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; references required. 2, Clarendon-terrace, Stewart-st., Paddington.

WANTED, two KITCHENMEN. 212, Clarence-street (late 240).

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 92, Oxford-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT, good cook, small family, no children. 391, Dowling-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, an Office BOY, for solicitor's office. Apply Law, Herald Office.

WANTED, young Girl as General SERVANT. Mrs. Sewell, Ross-street, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; good references. Mrs. J. J. Pattison, grocer, Newtown.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Reynolds, Foveaux and Belmore streets, Albion Estate, Surry Hills.

WANTED, useful young MAN. H. C. Rice, butcher, Elizabeth-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a strong active GIRL. Mrs. Roarty, 3, Elizabeth-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, nurse and be useful. Apply 11, Corfu-street, off Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, boy employed; small wash. After 10, 166, Forbes-street, Little's-terrace.

WANTED, a WAITER; also, an Assistant Waiter. 152, Pitt-street.

WANTED, GIRL, 15, assist housework and mind baby. St. Barnabas School, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, about 14, one that can read and write well; good wages. 5, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Ship Inn, Gloucester-street.

WANTED, a couple BOYS. Apply to Kendall and Sons, George-street North.

WANTED, a thorough SERVANT; refs. required. M'Namee's Hotel, Crown and Campbell streets, Surry Hills.

WANTED, young GIRL, 18, to be useful. Welcome In Hotel, 174, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a competent COOK and LAUNDRESS. References. Apply Parsonage, Dowling-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, respectable single young MAN, to drive town van. G. Fletcher and Son, Oxford-street.

WANTED, 2 HOUSEMAIDS, and assist in bar. Sydney and Melbourne Hotel.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Cricketers' Arms, Fitzroy and Hutchinson sts., S. Hills.

WANTED, good KITCHENMAN and smart Youth, used to waiting. Apply Restaurant, 20, Market-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT; also, Housemaid, to assist in bar. Apply Australian Hotel, George-st. West.

WANTED, a smart respectable BOY, for a boot shop. R. H. Barry, 627, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Apply Friday morning, between 10 and 1. Miss Savage, 92, Victoria-st., N.

WANTED, an honest BOY. Apply 276, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; small family; Protestant. 630, Harris-street.

WANTED, respectable BOY, with good character. Apply 88, Oxford-street.

WANTED, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls to Sell Goods on Commission. Berlin Exhibition Court, 103, L'pool-st. E.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS, no heavy washing, must be good plain cook, and have references. Westgate Cottage, Waverley Road.

WANTED, a MAN, to drive a brick cart, one accustomed to the work, references as to character required. R. Playford, brickyard, Petersham.

WANTED, a respectable Woman, as HOUSEMAID, and to assist with children. Mrs. J. B. Jones, Glebe Point, near Hospital.

WANTED, a MAN, accustomed to horses, as generally useful; a single man preferred. Apply at Gladstone Hall, Terrace Road, off New Canterbury Road, Marrickville.

WANTED, a CHARWOMAN, to do a day's work. Apply 382, late 400, George-street.

WANTED, a first-class WAITRESS, for a large hotel out of Sydney; good references indispensable. Apply between 9 and 11, 30, Elizabeth-place, top of William-street.

WANTED, a respectable woman, as HOUSEKEEPER to a widower, without children, must be competent to do plain cooking and washing for five, reference required; good wages to a competent person. Apply by letter, Box 18, Post Office, King-street.

Apartments, Board, and Residence.

A BALCONY ROOM and APARTMENTS vacant, married couples, single men, 18s to £1. 211, Elizabeth-st.

AFTER departure of s. s. Australia, vacancies at Merlin House, Premier-terrace, William-street.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM vacant. 10, Bridge-street, near George-street.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM, to LET; rent, 7s. 347, Bourke-street, Darlinghurst.

APARTMENTS vacant, for families and gentlemen, at Mrs. L. Hayes', 215, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. 223, Macquarie-street North. Double and single bedrooms. Terms moderate.

APARTMENTS and SUITES vacant. Mrs. Waugh, 129, Macquarie-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant for two gentlemen, without board; private family. 348, Bourke-st., S. H. Terms mod.

APARTMENTS vacant for gentlemen at Mrs. Morrisey's, 36, Wynyard-square. Terms moderate.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Hinton, 62, Macleay-street, Darlinghurst.

APARTMENTS vacant, furnished or unfurnished, bath, gas, &c. 66, Darlinghurst Road.

APARTMENTS vacant. Wotonga House, King-street, opposite St. James' Church. Terms moderate.

APARTMENTS vacant, for families and gentlemen, at 221, Macquarie-street North.

APARTMENT vacant for single gentleman, in a private family. 155, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

A ROOM to LET, unfurnished. 30, Taylor-street, off Botany and Oxford streets.

A ROOM, furnished, for two single men, 5s per week each. 505, Kent-street, near Bathurst-street.

ARNOTT HOUSE.—Private Boarding Establishment, Wynyard-sq., Family and single rooms vacant.

A SUITE and APARTMENTS vacant at 151 (late 183), Macquarie-street North, opposite Exhibition.

A VACANCY for one or two Gentlemen; baths. York House, 34, Wynyard-square. Terms moderate.

ACCOMMODATION for two gentlemen, board optional. Bath, piano, &c.; terms moderate. 9, Stanley-street.

ACCOMMODATION for only two or three gentlemen, in a private family, residing close to town; every convenience. Address Hyde Park, Herald Office.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for a respectable man, in a private family, no other lodgers or children. 144, Victoria-street North, opposite Butler's Stairs.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, 18s weekly, at Harrington's 620, George-street (near Liverpool-street).

BOARD and RESIDENCE at 125, Woolloomooloo-street; no children.

BOARD and RESIDENCE; a good table and excellent accommodation; mod. Nephalist, Temp. Hotel, 80, King-st.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for lady and gentlemen, no other boarders. 294, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at 205, Oxford-street, opposite Courthouse.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, private family; terms, 21s. 96, Botany-street, Moore Park.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for single gentleman; front balcony room, gas, bath, and good attendance. Angus, Pitt-street, Redfern, two doors from Turner-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, in a private family. Vacancies. Balcony rooms, splendid harbour view, good table, home comforts; moderate terms. Mrs. Stobo, Illawarra House, 40, Cumberland-street, Dawes Point.

BRIGHTON HOUSE, 5, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill. Select Board and Residence, Families and Gentlemen. Terms liberal. Mrs. Phillips.

CHANGE OF AIR.—ELMCOURT, Moss Vale. Apply to Mrs. Bray, Elmcourt; or Mr. Lawson, 209, George-st.

COHEN'S MELBOURNE CLUB, 632, George-street. Board and Lodging, £1 per week. Meals, beds, 1s.

COMFORTABLE HOME for lady and gentleman, or gentlemen. 208, Albion-street, Surry-hills.

COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS for single gentlemen; bath and gas; 6s weekly. 342, Pitt-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME, private family, lady and gentlemen, or two gentlemen; large front balcony room. 156, Woolloomooloo-street; terms, £1 1s each; bath, gas, piano.

COOGEE BAY GRAND HOTEL and SANITARIUM overlooking Esplanade, sea wall and Pacific, sheltered from south and west winds. As a health resort superior to Nice or Mentone. Address the manager, or Dr. Read, Coogee.

DOMAIN, Parramatta.—Old Government House, centre of Park. Private BOARD and RESIDENCE.

ELLERSLIE HOUSE, 20, Wynyard-square.—Apartments vacant, piano, bath. Terms, 21s.

FRONT verandah ROOM, use of kitchen, firing found; rent 6s. 657, George-street, Haymarket.

FURNISHED Front ROOM to LET, single gentleman or married couple. 217, Crown-street.

FURNISHED ROOMS to LET, with or without board. 93, Elizabeth-street North. Board, 20s.

LARGE ROOM to LET, unfurnished, suit mechanic, 3s weekly. Alpha, Post-office, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

LARGE furnished ROOM to LET, suit one or two gentlemen. 102, Crown-street, near William-street.

LARGE furnished ROOM to LET, suitable for two young men. 85, Macquarie-street South.

LARGE comfortable front ROOM, furnished or unfurnished, ground floor; no children. 95, Glebe Point Road.

LARGE PARLOUR to LET, with use of kitchen. 336, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

LARGE balcony ROOM, suit two friends, with board. 43, Albion-street, near tram; terms moderate.

MOUNTAIN AIR.—Delightful Climate.—Vacancies for Families, Invalids, &c.; terms moderate. Proprietor, Wascoe House, Wascoe, Western Line.

NORTH SHORE.—BEDROOM, furnished, waterside frontage, bath. Ivanhoe, next Davis's, Blue's Pt., close ferry.

NORTH SHORE.—Furnished APARTMENTS, suit two ladies occupied during the day. Next Mr. Gellies' wood yard, Milson's Point.

NORTH SHORE.—A comfortable HOME for Gentlemen; also, for Married Couple; splendid harbour view. 3, Eureka Villa, Union-street, six minutes from ferry.

NO. 62, UPPER FORT-STREET. A nice Balcony ROOM, with Board, suit lady and gentleman, or two young ladies; terms moderate.

PRIVATE BOARD and Residence, balcony room vacant. 2, Olivia-terrace, Bourke-street, Surry-hill.

PRIVATE BOARD and Residence, 175, Macquarie-st., nr. Domain entrance. Vacancies for 2 gentlemen; terms, mod.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE; bath, piano. 250, Upper Forbes-street, Darlinghurst.

PRIVATE Family can accommodate two gentlemen or married couple. 338, Crown-st., Surry Hills. Mod. terms.

ROOMS—2 Rooms, unfurnished, with kitchen. 35, Erskine-street.

SUPERIOR BOARD and RESIDENCE; baths, piano, and every comfort; terms, £1 1s. 22, Lower Fort-street.

TASMAN HOUSE, No. 1, Gosvenor-ter., Church-hill. Vacancies for families and gentlemen. Mrs. H. Rodd Smith.

TO LET, 1 or 2 ROOMS, with use of kitchen. 17, Little Gloucester-street, near Argyle Bond.

TO LET, ROOM, furnished as bed, sitting, private family. 44, George-street, near Redfern-street, Redfern.

TO LET, unfurnished ROOM, with use of kitchen. No. 6, Australia-street, Newtown, Tufts-terrace.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOMS, suitable for married or single persons. 101, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, 3 furnished ROOMS, for single or married couple. 127, Ada-terrace, Devonshire-street.

TO LET, Drawing and Bed ROOMS, with board, in gentleman's family. Batt and Rodd, 88, Pitt-street.

TWO persons can share ROOM, 3s each, men preferred. 3, Belgrave-terrace, Forbes-street, Darlinghurst.

VACANCY in private family for two ladies or two gentlemen. Apply 161, Botany-street.

VACANCIES for single Gentlemen, every comfort. No. 98, Elizabeth-street North.

VACANCIES for gentlemen boarders; bath, gas, piano, late dinner. 282, Victoria-street, top of William-street.

VACANCIES for gentlemen Boarders. Mrs. Henry Sharpe, 96, Victoria-street North, Darlinghurst.

VACANCIES for two ladies, or gentlemen; terms moderate. 173, Kent-street.

WELL furnished Balcony ROOM; also, Bedroom, suit gentleman. 232, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.

WOOLLAHRA.—Front ROOM, furnished, to LET, with or without prtl. board. Devonshire Cottage, Ocean-st.

BOARD and Residence required, by single gentleman; private family pref. Apply, stating terms. M. M., Herald.

OFFICE WANTED.—Wanted, an OFFICE; terms, moderate. State situation and rent, 388, Box G. P. O.

WANTED, Board and Residence, by young gentleman, in quiet private family; terms mod. H., Herald Office.

WANTED, a small Furnished COTTAGE, garden attached, suburban. State lowest rent. G. B., G. P. O.

WANTED, an unfurnished ROOM, in good locality. Apply early, Craig-terrace, 75, Kent-street North.

WANTED, by a Gentleman, unfurnished ROOM, with board; Darlinghurst preferred. J. W. B., Herald.

WANTED, by Monday, nice HOUSE, near town; rent, 15s per week. H. R., Post-office, William-street.

WANTED, by two gentlemen, Sitting ROOM and two BEDROOMS; terms moderate. Address S. M. E., Herald Office.

WANTED, by single lady, BOARD and RESIDENCE; northern part of the city preferred. State terms, Bona-fide, Wallace, news agent, King-street.

WANTED, on an omnibus road, within walking distance of the Post Office, a COTTAGE, of six or seven rooms, bath, gas, water. Send particulars to H. C. Mitchell, Hunter-street.

Houses and Land for Sale.

SUBDIVISION BLOCK. That elevated block of Land, in area 22 ACRES, fronting WOOLLI CREEK ROAD, a few yards south of Forest Road, adjoining Mrs. Henderson's land, near Mr. Davis's property, and within 1½ mile from Cook's River dam, is for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 18th June, at 11 o'clock. Plan on view.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

BLACKFRIARS. BLACKFRIARS.
UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE, NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 p.m., ON THE GROUND.
☞ BUILDERS, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and Others Obtain Lithographs and Inspect Property.
LOTS RE-MARKED. BUILDINGS BEING ERECTED on different parts of the property.
☞ NOTE THE TERMS—10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT, Balance at 6½ per cent. TORRENS' TITLE.
New Lithographs now ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

UNDERWOOD ESTATE.—Lot 49, sec. 15, 50 feet x 200, fronting Cecil-street, three minutes from Ashfield station, £2 10s foot. £50 cash; terms for remainder, if required. T. L. CLARKE, care of Lassetter and Co.

TARA ESTATE, WOOLLAHRA.
The remaining Building ALLOTMENTS, with frontages to OCEAN and DENISON STREETS, may now be LEASED privately. Plans and particulars can be obtained from HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE or to LET, the PROPERTY of the Albion Iron Rolling Mill Company, Moray-street. Apply Briscoe and Co., Melbourne.

FOR SALE, close to Gunning Railway Station, 1280 Acres of LAND, selected 42 years ago; splendidly situated as depôt for stock or for subdivision into farms. M. W. BEST, 102, Hunter-street.

W. MARSHALL, House and Land Agent, 308, George-street, has for SALE—Land, at Summer Hill, Ashfield, Croydon, Enfield, Homebush, &c., most desirable situations and easy terms.

ASHFIELD.—Desirable Villa RESIDENCE for SALE; every convenience, healthy situation, cheap. This is a property very seldom met with. W. MARSHALL, House and Land Agent, 308, George-street.

PALMER-STREET.—2 freehold HOUSES will be SOLD cheap. Blizzard and Co., 492, George-street.

ROOKWOOD.—The few remaining BLOCKS in the EAST BRIXTON ESTATE for SALE privately, areas from 1 to 6 acres; price, £30 to £40 per acre, good land; Torrens' title; ten minutes from station. MILLS and PILE; or T. F. JACKSON, 141, Pitt-street.

HOUSES and Land for SALE. Call for a PRINTED LIST. BURFITT, 359, George-street.

TERRACES FOR PRIVATE SALE:—
City—18 Brick Houses, £6500.
City—5 Brick Houses, £1800.
City—3 Brick Houses, £1025.
Glebe—8 Brick Houses, £7000.
Glebe—4 Brick Houses, £3000.
Paddington—5 Brick Houses, £3700.
Paddington—5 small Brick Houses, £1250
Chippendale—3 Brick Houses, £900.
Surry Hills—4 Brick Houses, £1500.
Strawberry Hills—4 Brick Houses, £1100.
Full particulars on application to FORBES, MILLS, and CO., 89, King-street.

F. B. HALES, 517 (late 309), George-street, over Millett's.—A number of Suburban RESIDENCES for SALE; really desirable properties. An early inspection of lists invited.

FOREST LODGE.—For SALE, a Family RESIDENCE, brick on stone foundation, gas, water, and every convenience, block of ground at side suitable for building purposes. Torrens' title. On view after 10 a.m. S. BARTON, Pyrmont Bridge Road, two doors from Forest Lodge 'bus stand.

AUBURN.—4 acres LAND, cheap. Apply by letter, D. J. M'Lean, Forest Lodge.

MANLY.—For SALE, a HOUSE, facing Pier; a bargain. Blizzard and Co., 492, George-street.

FOR SALE, a nicely-finished Weatherboard HOUSE of 5 rooms, stable, &c., cedar fittings, situated at the corner of Queen-street and Newtown Road, Newtown; a bargain. Apply on the premises.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-st., have Terrace new HOUSES (small), Surry Hills, £2650, 12 per cent. return.

OATLEY and CAHILL have Terrace new HOUSES (small), Surry Hills, £2475; rent £305 and always let.

OATLEY and CAHILL have Terrace well-built Houses, near Belmore Park, £3300, rents £390.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-st., have Terrace new HOUSES, near Moore Park, £2775, rents £336.

OATLEY and CAHILL have Terrace well-built Houses in different places, well worthy of investment.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a nice well-built RESIDENCE, Woollahra, in good position, 5 rooms, hall, washhouse, &c., all in good repair, with a nice corner piece of ground attached; easy terms can be arranged.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, have small HOUSES at Macdonald Town, from £185 to £300.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a pretty COTTAGE, Enmore, within 5 minutes' walk of Newtown station, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, stables, &c., land 45 x 180, price £825—£250 cash, balance easy instalments.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, have a compact little RESIDENCE, three minutes' walk from Parramatta Junction, 4 rooms, kitchen, verandahs back and front, land 100 x 110, planted with orange trees; £450; very cheap.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a nice RESIDENCE, at Petersham, about three minutes' walk from station, nice elevated position, and commands grand view, contains 7 rooms, kitchen, large yard, pretty flower garden, &c.; £1300; terms.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, have a well-built Cottage, Balmain, 6 rooms, &c., Darling-st. Wf.; £400.

OATLEY and CAHILL have some small HOUSES, near Mort's Dry Dock, from £180 to £500, on terms.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a well-built HOUSE, Darlinghurst, every convenience, nice view; £1200, terms.

OATLEY and CAHILL have HOUSES, city, from £450 to £750, easy terms if required.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, have a fine large family RESIDENCE, near town, 8 rooms, kitchen, &c., &c., gas and water laid on, and every convenience; land nearly 2 acres planted with trees; £2000; terms, if required.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, can arrange easy terms for any Properties purchased through them.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a nice Block of 4 ACRES, near Auburn Platform, £225, very cheap.

OATLEY and CAHILL have ALLOTMENTS and BLOCKS of LAND in various places. Inspect list.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, invite persons wishing to secure Properties, by paying a quarter cash and balance by easy instalments, to visit them, and view long list of properties for SALE.

OATLEY and CAHILL have a pretty new Brick COTTAGE, 5 rooms, &c., close to Newtown Station; £400, terms.

OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-street, would thank persons to send them particulars of any Properties they might require, and every effort will be made to try and suit them, without charge; easy terms arranged.

FOR SALE, 6-roomed HOUSE, Liverpool-street, 16 x 90. Apply 74, Riley-street.

GO SEE AND BUY, the greatest bargain ever offered—Orchard, 8 acres, 6 acres planted, various fruit trees, £300. Also, 8 acres, cheap, £125. JAS. PRINGLE, Estate Agent, 63, Castlereagh-street.

HOUSE Properties for SALE, in city and suburbs; also Orchards, from £150 to £10,000. Pringle, 63, Castlereagh-st.

ASHFIELD. ASHFIELD.—CHOICE ALLOTMENTS, five minutes' walk of STATION, and close to PUBLIC SCHOOL. £6 CASH DEPOSIT, and 48 MONTHLY INSTALMENTS of 35s each.
NO INTEREST, NO MORTGAGE, or other FEES.
W. L. DAVIS, Toothill-street, Petersham.

FOR SALE, privately, a FARM, containing 30 acres of rich agricultural Land, and well timbered; situated four miles from Canterbury. Apply 344, Elizabeth-street South.

ALLOTMENTS for SALE, near Railway, on which Cottages will be built to suit the taste of purchasers. Terms very easy. GEO. B. WALKER, Auctioneer, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

To Let.

A COTTAGE to LET, Artlett-street, near Rushcutter Bay Hotel; 9s. Apply J. Mahony.

A HOUSE, of six rooms, kitchen, water, good yard, &c.; rent, 17s 6d. E. Ramsay, house agent.

A HOUSE to LET, No. 45, Howard-street, off Parramatta-street, rent 10s. Key at No. 47.

A HOUSE to LET, Grose-street, Camperdown. Apply next door.

A HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, 15s.; one just done up, 16s. Apply 17, Botany-street, near Oxford-street.

A HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms, corner Morrell and Denison streets, Woollahra; 10s per week.

ALBERT VILLA, Munn-street, Miller's Point, 8 rooms, fine view; 30s. Guinery, grocer, near Dibbs' Wharf.

ASHFIELD.—ROSAVILLE, Albert Parade, 8 rooms, new, commodious, healthy, and comfortable. Furniture may be bought whole or part, on liberal terms. Apply as above.

ALBION-STREET.—To LET, two newly-erected HOUSES, bath, gas, &c.; also, two new SHOPS; moderate rents to respectable tenants. Apply to Thurston, agent, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

AT FIVEDOCK I have to LET or for SALE a very comfortable Cottage RESIDENCE, of eight rooms, &c., standing on a good area, and only a few minutes from ferry; rent low to good tenant. Cards from E. Ramsay.

BALMAIN.—HOUSE, of six rooms, kitchen, gas, &c., at a very low rent. E. Ramsay, house agent.

BURWOOD.—COTTAGE, 4 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, pantry, ½ acre ground. Apply Mr. Hawkins, grocer.

BURWOOD.—To be LET, furnished, about 23rd instant, VIEW BANK, Burwood; 11 rooms and every convenience. A rare opportunity. Good paddock. Apply to HARDIE and GORMAN.

CORRA LINN, Norwood Hill, Petersham, to LET, contains drawing, dining, and sitting rooms, four bedrooms, bathroom, front and back verandahs, pantry, storeroom, kitchen, servant's room, washhouse, &c.; an abundant supply of pure water; ornamental grounds, garden, shrubbery, &c., with a most extensive view. Mackenzie and Cape, 85, Pitt-street.

DARLINGTON.—HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, pantry, &c. W. Douglass, 126, Pitt-street.

FURNISHED or unfurnished, HOUSE, to LET, 56, Yurong-street. F. Petersen, 35, Sussex-street.

HYDE PARK.—I have a very first-class and convenient Family RESIDENCE that will be shortly vacant, and will now be LET at a LOWER RENTAL, having hot and cold water baths, gas throughout, stabling, &c., and in every way suitable for a professional gentleman. Cards to view from E. RAMSAY, House Agent.

MOORE PARK.—To LET, newly-erected HOUSE, seven rooms, kitchen, laundry, pantry; gas and water; every modern convenience. W. Leggo, Regent-street, first house from Moore Park Road.

NEW HOUSES to LET, four rooms, kitchen, Irving-street, off Abercrombie-street. Apply shop opposite.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, Wilson-st., HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, copper, bathroom, gas, and water; 25s.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, HOUSE, six good rooms, kitchen, store, bath, gas, water. Apply W. Jolly, Easington.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, first-class HOUSE, 18s; 2 Cottages, 7s and 5s per week. Middlemo, Camden-street.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, opposite Reserve, COTTAGE, 4 rooms, kitchen, servant's. Davies, 436, George-st.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, several 4-roomed HOUSES, all convenient to ferry. Geo. L. Coleman.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, two HOUSES, each 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, gas, 20s. Mr. Chapman, Newtown Road, two doors south of Templemore Hotel.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, furnished, near ferry, detached COTTAGE, 6 rooms, kitchen, pantry; good water. Apply Miss Wilmington, Union-street, North Shore.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, stone and brick COTTAGE, 4 rooms and kitchen. Apply R. Thomson, North Shore Hotel, Berry-street.

NEW TOWN.—To LET, near Camdenville Road, HOUSE, 4 rooms, 2 kitchens, large yard; water laid on; back entrance. Apply Mr. Mulholland, Hay and Corn Dealer, next door.

ON 'BUS ROUTE.—To LET, a comfortable VILLA, only 22s 6d. E. Ramsay, house agent.

OFFICE to LET. W. Douglass, 126, Pitt-street.

OFFICE to LET, large ground floor. 69, York-street.

OFFICE vacant, at Corn Exchange-chambers, Haymarket; 7s 6d. Apply Thurston, No 5.

OFFICE to LET (large), first floor, over E. Millett's, 317, George-street.

OFFICES and SAMPLE ROOMS, fine central position; rent low. C. Bate, 113, Pitt-street.

OFFICES to LET; a commodious room on the first floor, 24, O'Connell-street. Inspection invited.

OFFICES to LET, two large lofty rooms, in Exchange Buildings. Apply George Hamilton, manager Bulli Coal Company.

PETERSHAM, COTTAGE, six rooms and kitchen, hall, and paddock. Apply at Mr. Gould's, butcher, Petersh'm.

PETERSHAM.—HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, laundry; 'bus passes door, 3 min. station. 2, Exeter-ter., Crystal-st.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, EMMAVILLE, Croydon-street, Family Residence; gas, bath, &c., &c., every convenience; three minutes from Station or 'bus. Apply at the house.

SHOP, 20s; HOUSES, 13s, 15s, 18s, 23s. Apply at No. 41, Mary-street, Albion-street.

SHOP, or OFFICES, to LET. 10, Bridge-street.

SHOP to LET, with fixtures, 11, George-street West; suit tobacconist, hairdresser, &c.; rent low.

SIX-ROOMED HOUSE to LET, No. 343, Waverley-terrace, Riley-street, Surry Hills. Apply 345, in terrace.

STORE and OFFICE to LET, near Exchange and Circular Quay. Cowlishaw, Brothers, 32, Pitt-street.

STORE or Warehouse to LET, best position in city. Apply 400, George-street.

ST. PETERS.—To LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms and shop; inquire on premises. J. Squires.

SURRY HILLS.—To LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c. Apply 417, Crown-street.

SOUTH KINGSTON.—To LET, a superior 6-roomed HOUSE, kitchen, &c., &c., gas and water, in excellent repair, 3 minutes' from Newtown station; 22s 6d a week. Robert W. Conway, 246, Pitt-street.

SPARNON-TERRACE, Enmore Road.—One of these comfortable HOUSES to LET, 6 rooms, kitchen, balcony, verandah, water, gas, &c. Apply to Arthur Cubitt, 157, Pitt-street; or at No. 4, next door.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSE, 8, Victoria-terrace, Hereford-street, Forest Lodge. William Hardy.

TO LET, HOUSES, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, &c. Inquire at Moon's Madeira Inn, Devonshire-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, in Terry-street, 4 rooms; 13s. P. Guerin, 292, Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, large WORKSHOP, with ample steam power. Street's Wharf, Sussex-street.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSE, Woolloomooloo; rent, 15s. W. S. White, house agent, 65, Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, No. 60, Surry-st., Darlinghurst, containing 4 rooms; good yard. Rent, 12s a-week.

TO LET, No. 1, Lorne-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern. Key with Mr. Allen, butcher, same street.

TO LET, COTTAGES; 4 rooms, 11s; 3 rooms, 10s. Buckland-street, near Redfern 'bus stand. W. Evans.

TO LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen. 97, Woolloomooloo-street, near Domain. H. Castle, 14, Queen's-place.

TO LET, 4-roomed COTTAGE, comfortable; rent low. Mrs. Cluer, Pitt and Raglan streets, Redfern.

TO LET, 2 HOUSES, Jones-street, off Quarry-street, Ultimo, one with stable. 308, George-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, Darling Harbour; 11s a week. Apply J. W. Camper and Co., 128, Pitt-street.

TO LET, first-class RESIDENCE, 100, Victoria-street, every convenience. P. Rech, 5, Spring-street.

TO LET, 4-roomed COTTAGE; rent, 11s. E. Shaw, Kellick-street, near Pitt-street, Redfern 'bus stand.

TO LET, HOUSE, in Liverpool-street, near George-street. Apply J. W. Camper and Co., 128, Pitt-street.

TO LET, VIOLET COTTAGE, Glebe Road, 5 rooms, kitchen; rent, 20s. J. W. Camper and Co., 128, Pitt-street.

TO LET, large SHOP and Dwelling, Darling-street, opposite Harper's, butcher. Apply Balmain Hotel.

TO LET, a four-roomed COTTAGE; rent, 10s. T. Tuft, grocer, Newtown.

TO LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms; rent, 28s. 31, Francis-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen, copper, Brougham-street; rent moderate. Pierce, Stanley-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, Brougham-st., 5 rooms and kitchen, bathroom, water and gas. Apply Clark's Stables.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 6 rooms, hall, harbour view. Apply 65, Dowling-street, Moore Park.

TO LET, No. 6, Little Belmore-street, off Mary-street; 13s. Key at No. 4.

TO LET, COTTAGE; bath, gas. 94, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, First and Second FLOORS, 623, George-street, suitable for offices or workrooms.

TO LET, central Business PREMISES, Nos. 33 and 35, Market-street. Key at Messrs. Jewell, Davis, and Co.'s.

TO LET, a small SHOP, suitable for a tobacconist. 260, Pitt-street.

TO LET, 3-roomed COTTAGE, Gordon-st., Paddington. H. Fischer, opposite Orielton, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

TO LET, 5-roomed HOUSE, with good yard, back St. James's Church, Glebe.

TO LET, Araluen COTTAGE, 3 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, copper. Alma-street, Darlington; rent, 15s.

TO LET, six-roomed HOUSE; 18s. 27, Hutchinson-street, Surry Hills, Moore Park.

TO LET, HOUSE, six rooms, kitchen, bath, gas. 94, Macquarie-street South.

TO LET, at Watson's Bay, close to wharf, partly furnished HOUSE; use of kitchen. Apply on board the Swansea.

TO LET, SHOP, good business position; also, furnished ROOMS for gentlemen, in respectable house. Apply 136, Liverpool-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 7 rooms, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Forest Lodge. J. W. Camper and Co., Auctioneers, 128, Pitt-street.

TO LET, at Ebley-street, HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, &c., large yard. 'Bus passes every ten minutes 20s per week. Apply Waverley Post-office.

TO LET, MIMOSA HOUSE, 302, Moore Park, nine rooms, kitchen, washhouse, pantry, gas, and water. Apply on premises, from 11 till 4 o'clock.

TO LET, No. 116, Victoria-street North, 7 rooms, kitchen, and laundry, coachhouse and stable, bath, gas; with large garden in front. Apply Mrs. E. Farrell's office, 70, King-street.

TO LET, Craig's-terrace, first-class Family RESIDENCE, containing 8 rooms, kitchen, verandah and balcony back and front; gas and water. Apply Craig Brothers, Erskine street.

TO LET, at 66, Queen-street, a well-furnished HOUSE, gas, and every convenience; lately occupied by Dr. Oakes. Apartments vacant for ladies or gentlemen. Apply 84, Queen-street, Woollahra.

TO LET, DERWENT VILLA, Derwent-street, Glebe, 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse copper; plunge and shower bath; gas throughout; garden back and front. Apply Sans Souci Cottage, Derwent-street; or 124, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO CONFECTIONERS, FRUITERERS, and Others.
To LET, the entrance VESTIBULE of the Victoria Theatre with shop window, fronting Pitt-street. Such an opportunity seldom offers.
Full particulars at W. PRITCHARD'S, Estate, House, and Business Agency. Land Sale Rooms, 283, George-street.

TO LET. THOSE EXTENSIVE PREMISES lately occupied as a Furniture Mart by Messrs. HARDY, BROTHERS.
TO UPHOLSTERERS, FURNITURE DEALERS, and SHOPKEEPERS, requiring roomy premises,
TO BE LET AS A WHOLE, OR SUBDIVIDED.
For full particulars, terms, &c., apply to THOMAS B. WALKER, Estate Agent, Exchange corner, Bridge-street.

VILLA RESIDENCE, 6 rooms, gas, large garden, &c., Bligh-street, Newtown, near University grounds and Victoria Park, occupied by G. B. Kelly, Esq., to LET. Apply on premises.

VICTORIA-ST. North.—No. 87, TO LET, a compact 6-roomed HOUSE, beautiful view. Key next door.

VICTORIA-STREET.—Family RESIDENCE to LET. W. Douglass, 126, Pitt-street.

BLACKFRIARS. BLACKFRIARS.
UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 p.m., ON THE GROUND.
☞ BUILDERS, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and others, Obtain Lithograph and inspect Property.
LOTS REMARKED. BUILDINGS BEING ERECTED, on different parts of the property.
NOTE THE TERMS, 10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT. Balance at 6½ per cent. TORRENS' TITLE.
New Lithographs now ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

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